INDICATIONS.

FAIR; COOLER TONIGHT AND THURSDAY.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

The lot of many a girl—es cially of many a girl with a ri father—is a tragedy of aimle ness.—W. C. Gannett.

ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1901. PRICE TWO CENT

AWAIT THE OPENING OF BATTLE

President Shaffer's Order for a General Strike Has Gone Forth---The Combine Already Begins Aggressive Measures.

PRESIDENT SCHAFFER'S GENERAL STRIKE ORDER.

The officals of the United States Steel trust have refused to recognize our union men—those who are now striking for the right to organize.

The executive board has authorized me to issue a call upon all Amalgamated and other union men, in name and heart, to join in the movement to fight for labor's right. We must fight or give up forever our personal liberty.

You will be told that you have signed contracts. You never agreed to surrender these contracts to the United States Steel corporation. Its officers think you were sold to them, just as the mills were, contracts and all.

Remember, before you agreed to this contract you took an obligation to the Amalgamated association. It now calls you to help in this hour of need.

Unless the trouble is settled on or before Saturday, Aug. 10, 1901, the mills will close when the last turn is made on that day.

Brethren, this is the call to preserve our organization. We trust you and need you. Come and help us, and may the right come to the just cause. Fraternally yours,

T. J. Shaffer, President.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—With the issue of the general strike order of President Shaffer, it is not any longer a theory that confronts the public, but an actual condition. The result is that the tension which kept everybody in suspense last week as to what would be the outcome of the dilly-dallying conferences and meetings, has now been lifted, the suspense is over, and, although while the immediate effect is deplorable, those directly interested are not so much affeted as the graveness of their position would warrant.

THE STRUGGLE IS ON.

It is now generally accepted as a fact, that the struggle is on "for good"—as it were—and will not be terminated until either the one or the other of the contending parties is defeated.

Who this will be is yet a subject of speculation. Still there are some, endowed with more hopefulness than most people, who express the opinion that the order of President Shaffer will not go into effect and that a compromise will be made before the week is out.

As far as Pittsburg is concerned, although it is the headquarters of the Amalgamated association, few men are immediately involved in the strike in comparison with other sections, the total number throughout the country being almost 100,000 men.

There is no question that the various companies of the United States Steel corporation will make efforts to start up some of the idle plants immedintely, and thus prevent the strike, if possible, before its inception.

The Amalgamated officers were late in reaching the headsuarters this morning, having been busy until long after midnight last night.

PRESIDENT SHAFFER TALKS

In reply to the question as to whether he thought the men employed by the Federal Steel company would come out, President Shaffer said:

"That we leave to the men. They have no scale that can hold them from their obligations to the Amalgamated association. They have no scale that can be transferred to another company. Our people signed scales with certain companies. These companies have transferred their stock to the United States Steel corporation. This they have a right to do. All contracts that are made with our people are made with a full knowledge on the part of others. Such contracts are dependent upon

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

NO CLUE TO THE BULLION THIEVES

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Practically no clew has been obtained to the perpetrators of the $280,000 gold robbery at the Selby smelting works. Strong efforts are being made to learn the movement of a recently paroled convict. The police believe that the plot was hatched in the state prison at San Quentin, and call attention to the fact that another ex-convict was seen in the neighborhood of the smelting works immediately after his release from San Quentin. The paroled convict whom the detectives suspect was in prison when the other convict was released.

Upon his being paroled he also appeared in Crockett, remained several days and then disappeared.

It is said the paroled suspect was employed years ago at the Selby works. Afterwards he kept a saloon and lodging house at Crockett, which was frequented by Selby's employes. For engaging in two shooting scrapes he received twenty-five years in the penitentiary. No vessel except the schooner Occidental, bound for Eureka, is known to have passed out of the golden gate on Monday night and she sailed from Suacelito, on the north side of the bay.

At first it was considered a certainty that the gold was removed by boat, but this is now doubted, as the thieves left a suspicious trail to the water's edge. A place where a lookout might have been stationed has been found on a hill above the works. Here several empty cartridge boxes were found.

Officials of the smelting company declared today that none of the employes is suspected of complicity in the crime.

President Ralston, of the Selby smelting works, stated this afternoon that a reward of $5,000 has been offered for the capture of the robbers.

ELABORATE MOURNING ORDERED

Emperor William Decrees the Manner in Which Grief for Late Empress Shall be Shown ---Order is Much Criticized.

Berlin, Aug. 7.—It has been definitely decided that the funeral of the Dowager Empress Frederick will take place Tuesday next, Aug. 13. The remains will be deposited in the Freidens Kirche mausoleum, near Pottsdam.

Emperor William has issued a decree ordering the army to go into mourning for six weeks and giving minute details as to how the mourning emblems are to be worn. There will be no military music for eight days.

Court circles have been notified as to how the ladies and gentlemen of the court must dress till November 5. The ladies are to wear full mourning until August 26; medium mourning until September 23, and minor mourning until November 5.

Some of the papers take exception to the mourning orders. One paper, referring to the prohibition of public entertainments and musical and theatrical performances until after the funeral, says it believes this will hinder, to a certain degree, the purpose for which it was designed. It contrasts with the order of Emperor Frederick's order upon the death of Emperor William I., in which he declined to make any mourning regulations, leaving the people to show their sympathy in their own way.

The Hamburger Nachrichten (Prince Bismarck's old organ) draws upon its editors reminiscently by saying Prince Bismarck repeatedly asserted in private conversation that it was quite untrue that the Empress Frederick caused him great obstacles during Emperor Frederick's reign, adding that on the contrary there was no time in his entire career in which he was freer from friction than during the "ninety-nine days."

The Berliner Neuste Nachrichten, an influential conservative organ, which also cherishes Bismarckian traditions, has repeatedly denied that Empress Frederick took part in the intrigues which caused Prince Bismarck's downfall, saying, "She was much too shrewd a woman to do so."

RAILWAY STRIKE OFF.

Reading, Pa., Aug. 7.—The strike of the Reading railway shop hands, it is believed, is practically over. Superintendent of Motive Power Prince said to a committee of Reading business men who called upon him in reference to the strike that the company will have no further conference with the men on strike, and it remains with those who wish to work to apply as individuals at the company's office. The company regards all the strikers as no longer in its employ. Many new men have been put to work and many of the strikers have gone back to the shops. Superintendent Prince says that in some departments, notably the freight depots, the company has no place for any more hands.

CREDITORS ASK A RECEIVER

NEW TURN IN AFFAIRS OF BANKER H. W. LEACH.

Judge Baker is Petitioned to Place a Man in Charge of the Avilla Man's Assets.

Attorney A. E. Thomas, of the law firm of Colerick & Thomas, who, together with P. A. Randall, represent three of the principal creditors of H. W. Leach, the missing Avilla banker, stated this afternoon that he would ask for the appointment of a receiver for the wrecked institution.

The petition will be signed by S. K. Randall, J. L. Henry and W. H. Meyer, and follows close upon the petition of the same gentlemen asking that Leach be declared a bankrupt. The new petition will be forwarded to Judge Baker, of the federal court, this evening.

The bank at Avilla remains locked up, and creditors have been scrambling to place liens upon some of the visible property of the banker. One depositor yesterday replevined from the express company $200 which he had shipped to the bank to be deposited after the doors had been closed. Until the receiver or some other authorized person has an opportunity to examine all the books and papers of the missing banker no one can have an accurate idea of the amount that will be realized by the deluded depositors. Under the bankruptcy proceedings the creditors will later elect a trustee, and the receiver is asked for to serve until a trustee can be elected, under the conditions of the federal statute.

MACHINISTS MAY SECEDE

MOVE IN BUFFALO TO START NEW ORGANIZATION.

President O'Connell Admits That Such Efforts Are Afoot—No Other Secessions.

Washington, Aug. 7.—That a movement has been inaugurated by some of the machinists in Buffalo to start a new machinists' organization was admitted today by President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists. Vice President Mulberry, of the association, is now in Buffalo looking out for the interests of the machinists' association. Mr. O'Connell said he had little knowledge of the secession movement and denied that any special agents had been sent from this city to disband the lodges. According to Mr. O'Connell lodge 330 of Buffalo is working in harmony with the international association, but a portion of the members of lodge 245 of that city is seeking to set in motion a movement for a new organization.

"If lodge 245 is in a movement for secession," said Mr. O'Connell, "it is in contravention of our laws. Every vice president has been instructed to see that the interests of our association are not lost sight of. There have been no threats of secession from other points."

Mrs. Sarah Ziegler, of 220 East Washington street, has returned from a two months' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Katie Scott, of Chicago.

TAGGART IS OUT

REFUSES TO BE A CANDIDATE FOR FOURTH TERM.

NO STRING TO IT THIS TIME

A LETTER THAT ADMITS OF NO MISUNDERSTANDING.

HIS NAME TO BE WITHDRAWN

PRIVATE BUSINESS AND FAMILY CALL HIM.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 7.—Mayor Taggart positively declines to be a candidate for renomination.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon between a sub-committee from the city committee with Chairman Fanning and Secretary Sahm and the five men who requested that his name be placed on the ticket at the primary his letter in which he states that he can under no circumstances accept renomination was made public.

The declination was accepted as final and the men drew up a petition

HON. THOMAS TAGGART,

Three Times Mayor of Indianapolis, Refuses to Run Again.

asking that Mr. Taggart's name be withdrawn.

The letter, which was given out yesterday, was sent to the city committee last week, but upon the earnest solicitaion of the committee appointed to confer with the mayor he consented to withhold it a few days. His determination not to be a candidate has never weakened, however, and finding that he did not change his mind it was decided to accept the declination.

MAYOR TAGGART'S LETTER.

Mayor Taggart's letter is as follows:

"Executive Department, Indianapolis, Ind., July 1.—Hon. Joseph T. Fanning, Chairman Democratic City Committee: Dear Sir—Being informed that there would be a meeting of the democratic city committee tonight to discuss the question of the time of holding primaries for the nomination of city officers, I take this opportunity to call your attention to my attitude in regard to the question of the nomination for mayor.

"Several months ago, through the columns of the Indianapolis Sentinel, I expressed fully, and as I thought clearly, my position in regard to being a condidate, in which I stated that I was not and would not be a candidate and that I did not desire the nomination. Not from the fact that I do not fully appreciate the confidence and the honor shown me by the democracy, but I felt that after serving three consecutive terms that for personal and business reasons of my own I should not again be a candidate.

"With my friends with whom I have discussed this mater from time to time, both democrats and republicans, I have insisted that I meant what I said in my former declaration and hoped that my friends would so accept it.

"It seems, however, notwithstanding the fact that I have repeatedly through other papers again expressed myself as not being a candidate, that friends still insist that I will be nominated and that I must accept. It is true that I have received many honors from the citizens of Marion county and the city of Indianapolis, and I fully appreciate them all. But I feel now that it is my duty to myself, as well as to many other democrats, who are entitled and worthy of preferment, to declare fully and clearly, so that I may not be misunderstood, that I am not, will not be a candidate, neither can I accept the nomination if tendered me. I do this at this time to give the party ample opportunity to make such selections of candidates as it sees fit.

"Thanking the democratic party and my many republican friends for past favors, I remain, yours respectfully, T. Taggart."

COULD NOT ACCEPT.

At the meeting yesterday Mayor Taggart stated clearly to Messrs. Kiefer, Reveal, Spaan, Steffen and Christian that he cannot be a candidate and requested them to withdraw his name. This they were at first unwilling to do, but finally agreed and drew up a petition for the removal of his name from the primary ticket which was filed with Chairman Fanning.

A MYSTERY PUNCTURED.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 7.—The report that Miss Anda Gatlin, of this city, is missing and that relatives are in New York searching for her is an error. Miss Gatlin is spending the summer with Mrs. Packard, at her college in Southampton, L. I., and her brother-in-law, who has just returned from New York, says that he visited Miss Gatlin at Southampton last Friday. Nothing has been heard from the young lady since that time, but her relatives discredit and deny the story that she is missing.

CONVENTION OPENED TODAY

THE GATHERING OF LUTHERAN DELEGATES IS LARGE.

Opening Sermon Preached by Rev. P. Brand, of Pittsburg, in St. Paul's Church.

Four hundred and thirty-six delegates, ministers, teachers and laymen were present at the opening meeting of the thirty-seventh annual convention of the middle district of the German Lutheran synod, at St. Paul's Lutheran church this morning. The opening service was of a purely religious nature, and a most interesting sermon was preached by Rev. P. Brand, of Pittsburg, Pa., vice president of the general synod of America.

The service was attended by a large number of the members of the various Lutheran churches of the city, and the audience numbered nearly 800. A special musical program was rendered, consisting of a number of the old Lutheran hymns, in which the assembled delegates joined with a vigor that made the big edifice ring.

A large number of the delegates arrived yesterday afternoon, and quite a number came in this morning from various towns and cities of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, the states comprising the middle district. All the large cities in the three states are well represented, and some of the ablest divines in the country are in attendance. The delegates consist of ministers, teachers and laymen, and of the total number one-half are laymen. The visiting delegates are being entertained at the homes of members of the several Lutheran churches of the city.

This afternoon's session was of a business nature, and consisted of the appointment of committeees to report on the constitutions of various churches applying for admission. The credentials of delegates were received and a full list of the names of those in attendance was read. The feature of the afternoon session was the annual report of Rev. J. Niemann, of Pittsburg, Pa., president of this district. Rev. Niemann's address was partly of a statistical nature, showing the progress made in the year just closed.

Among the prominent pastors present are Rev. J. Niemann, of Pittsburg, president of the district; Rev. P. Brand, of Pittsburg, vice president, and representing Rev. F. Pieper, president of the general synod; Rev. R. D. Biedermann, of Kendallville, secretary; Rev. E. C. Kuehn, of Dudleytown, Ind., assistant secretary; Rev. G. Schumm, of Lafayette; Rev. H. W. Lothmann, Akron, Ohio; Rev. A. F. VonSchlichten, of Cincinnati; Rev. Philip Schmidt, of Seymour, Ind.

Rev. J. A. Bohn, of this city, is a district officer, and C. A. Kampe, also of this city, is treasurer of the district.

INJURED IN EXPLOSION.

New York, Aug. 7.—William F. Certon, the manufacturer of the Coston marine night signals, was seriously injured today in an explosion which occurred at his works on Staten Island. One building was destroyed. The money loss was small.

Mrs. E. M. Wilson and children are at Wabash visiting Mrs. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McCrea.

FIRST STEPS FOR NEW FACTOR

Business Men Meet This Afternoon to Form Co pany that Will Secure Site and Buildings for Duncan Electrical Company.

This afternoon, at the rooms of the Fort Wayne Commercial club, a meeting of business men is being held to take the initial steps toward securing a site and buildings for the new factory of the Duncan Electrical Manufacturing company. Mr. Duncan, who arrived from Chicago last evening, announces the acceptance of the terms proposed by this city and states that he is here prepared to open offices and employ architects to begin work immediately upon plans for the buildings.

When the subject of securing the new factory for Fort Wayne was first broached some weeks ago, it was stated that a number of cities were after the plant and it would be necessary for Fort Wayne to make some concessions if the big concern was to be added to the industrial interests of the city. From this came an offer upon the part of the city to provide two and one-half acres of land and raise $10,000 for the erection of buildings. This was to remain the property of the subscribers for a term of five years, and if at the end of that time the Duncan company had maintained and operated a factory in Fort Wayne, employing an average of one hundred workmen, the property was to be turned over to the electric company. Additional land was asked for and this has been met by the proposition to secure for the Duncan company an option upon an additional acre and a half adjoining the site.

FORM THE COMPANY.

The meeting this afternoon is for the purpose of action by the citizens upon the proposition, and it is expected that before adjournment a stock company will have been formed to raise money for the buildings and acquire the land needed by the new factory. Articles of incorporation were drawn up this morning and it is probable the association will be known as the Manufacturers' Advancement Company of Fort Wayne, though the matter of a name has not yet been definitely decided.

The site selected by Mr. Duncan and his attorney, Mr. Brown, o previous visit to the city is a po of the Swinney estate, located the tracks of the Lake Erie Western railway and adjoining line of the new Southwestern i urban electric line. It is underst this can be secured upon advanta ous terms and the fund for the e tion of the buildings necessar something like $10,000—will have be raised by subscription. Busin men are taking hold of the propos tion with enthusiasm and say the is little doubt but that the fund ca be raised.

ABOUT $6,000 IN SIGHT.

P. A. Randall stated this mornin thnt nearly $6,000 of this sum ha already been promised, and as soo as the organization is definitely e fected the canvass for the balan will begin. The plan is to issue every subscriber stock in the vancement association to the amount of his donation, and th who may subscribe will be as fu members of the promoting compa as are those gentlemen present the meeting today. After the Dun can company has complied with th terms of the transaction in the oper ation of its factory in Fort Way for five years, with an average one hundred employes, the site an buildings will be turned over to

Mr. Duncan stated this morni that he was well pleased with th interest shown in the matter by th people of Fort Wayne and that hi company expected to do far bette than called for by the terms of th agreement. Two buildings, eac 40x200 feet, one story in height, w be needed at the outset and the com pany will devote its attention first to the manufacture of electr meters.

"We expect to soon have a big con cern in Fort Wayne," said Mr. Dun can, "for associated with us are number of expert electrical engine who will later take up the manufa ture of other electrical apparatus addition to our meter business."

THE WATER CRISIS HAS BEEN PASSE

After several weeks of uncertainty, suspense and impending danger, the waterworks trustees are now ready to announce that they believe the crisis has passed, or at least that they have passed the critical point. The Fort Wayne Gas company's compressor was put into actual service this morning and is now putting water into the mains. The three additional wells to be operated under air pressure were connected about 9 o'clock this morning and within an hour the pumping apparatus was working to its capacity. Chief Engineer Baxter was not prepared at noon today to say how much water is being pumped from the three additional wells, because there has not yet been time to arrange for an accurate or even an approximate measurement, but it is safe to say, he says, that at least 600,000 gallons per day is being added to the supply today. The on question with the trustees now is to whether the supply in the we will hold out, but it is believed t it will. The next twenty-four h will solve the question to a lar tent, but the trustees feel reasona safe. The Downie pump has not ye been placed in position, owing to th fact that the entire department forc has been engaged with the placin of the air-lift plant and the Down pump was temporarily neglecte Work of preparing for its installati has been commenced, however, and will be in operation in a day or tw While the trustees announce t they feel confident that they ha safely passed the danger line for t year, they do not wish their nouncement to be construed as an vitation for the profligate use water. There is plenty for all legit mate uses, but none to waste.

RICH GOLD STRIKE IN GEORGIA.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 7.—Samples of ore and gold, accompanied by regularly attested affidavits, have been received in Atlanta, showing a remarkably rich strike of gold in Wilkes county, near Washington, Ga. T affidavits show that out of 1,4 pounds of ore, 1,785 pennyweight gold was taken by amalgamation State Geologist Yeates will make official report on the mine in a f days.

A GUNBOAT ORDERED TO COLO

The Machias Will Proceed to the Isthmian Cl to Look After American Interests---A War Vessel Deemed Necessary.

Washington, Aug. 7.—An order was issued by the acting secretary of the navy today for the gunboat Machias, now at the Boston navy yard, to proceed without delay to Hampton Roads and there to prepare for departure to Colon, near the eastern terminus of the Panama railroad.

At the navy department it is explained that this movement has been ordered with a view of having the Machias take observations in the vicinity of the isthmus. In announcing the action of the department, it was officially stated that "it is deemed needful that a United States war vessel be in that vicinity at this time." The order to the Machias followed a conference held at the navy department between Acting Secretar of State Adee and Acting Secretar of the Navy Hackett. Mr. Adee ha the dispatch received from Cons Gudger last night, stating that revolutionists had held up a train an hour at Marachin, on the line the railroad across the isthmus, only about fifteen miles from Pan ma City. While this was not regar ed as threatening an interruption traffic or giving any ground for tervention by the United States, it was deemed advisable by the ficials that one of our ships shoul in the neighborhood in order t suitable observations could be m and steps taken to meet any sor emergency that might arise.

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The Fort Wayne Weekly Sentinel

ESTABLISHED 1833. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1901. VOLUME LXIX.—NUMBER

THE STRAIN IS NOW RELIEVED

Feeling of Relief in Pittsburg Over the Steel Strike---General Strike Order Will Not be Issued for Some Days.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 4.—Now that the suspense induced by the uncertainty of the outcome in the strike negotiations is over there is less excitement here than there was last week and the people are looking matters squarely in the face.

Everybody is watching President Shaffer, as it is recognized that from him will emanate the next move in this great struggle.

Speculation is now rife when he will issue the order for a general strike of all the Amalgamated men employed in the mills of the United States steel corporation's plants.

WILL ISSUE A CIRCULAR.

Although President Shaffer did not say so today, he explained not long ago that before an order for a strike was issued a circular letter would be sent out from the general offices to all lodges of the organization explaining the situation, giving a complete report of all that had occurred between the members of the executive board and the officials of the trust; of the earnest attempts made by the association to bring about an honorable settlement and their failure.

This circular will be read in lodge meetings in order that the men in the mills can have a clear and comprehensive insight of the entire matter and act intelligently. With this information in their hands, the men will be able to see that the officers have acted carefully and with an earnest desire to avoid an open rupture. The strike order will then follow and will be taken up without the least misunderstanding on the part of the members.

STRIKE WILL NOT SPREAD.

Doubt is expressed in some quarters that the strike will spread further. It is suggested that the employes of the Federal Steel company, National Steel company and National Tube company are at the present time the strikers' main source of revenue, and to call them out would weaken the association in its fight by depriving it of the funds necessary to carry on the struggle.

Another reason given was that the Amalgamated association, having signed contracts with all these companies for one year, beginning with July 1, 1901, would, by violating these contracts, give Mr. Morgan and his associates trump cards they would not hesitate to use to the best effects.

ONE CHANCE TO END STRIKE.

An intimation has been made that there is still one hope of ending the strike soon, and that is by the return to work of the men at the Painter, Lindsay & McCutcheon and Clark mills. These mills were non-union last year. The men went out when the strike was ordered and they are now members of the Amalgamated association. In the efforts to secure an adjustment of the strike, however, their status has been an embarrassing factor. It is said that if the men in these mills desire to go to work there will be no objection by the association. The immediate effect will be to eliminate them from consideration of any basis of settlement.

Such a course would leave the Amalgamated officials in a position to accept Mr. Morgan's terms with honor.

EFFECT IS FELT.

The steel strike, though but begun, is already being felt in Pittsburg. Many leading business houses have found business dropping off so as to make the removal of clerks imperative. One department store last Saturday laid off twenty-five girls and at the same time gave notice that if the strike was not settled by next Saturday it would likely be necessary to lay off more.

Finances also suffered. On two days last week the clearing house reports showed a decrease compared with last year. These were the only two days of the year whose clearings did not exceed the figures of the corresponding days last year.

SOME SECRECY OBSERVED.

At the general headquarters of the Amalgamated association in this city the same precautions to prevent the public from obtaining information were taken today as was in force during the conference last week.

A guard was stationed at the door and no one not connected with the organization was permitted in the building. Secretaries Williams and Tighe and a number of vice presidents were present, but nothing could be learned. It was stated that President Shaffer would give out everything intended for publication and he could not be seen.

When Secretary John Williams was asked why the secrecy that surrounded the movements of the members of the general executive board last week was to be continued, he explained that the officers were all behind in their work and did not care to be interrupted.

Mr. Williams would not say when the general strike order would be issued, saying that the matter was in the hands of President Shaffer.

He also declined to say where he and Shaffer had been since they left New York. He did not deny that they were in Washington in consultation with officers of the American Federation of Labor.

SITUATION IN PITTSBURG.

The situation at the local mills involved in the fight is without new features. Clark's mill, Thirty-fifth street, is in the same condition today as it was two weeks ago. The strikers are keeping away from the place and everything is orderly. This morning about 100 men applied at this mill and the Upper and Lower Union mills for employment. Among them were many from this section, but the majority were from out of town. There were all classes of mechanics, from common laborers to skilled men. The management of the Clark mill anticipates no trouble and nothing will be done until the extensive repairs being made are completed. This will be in about ten days.

The strikers were seen this morning, but they knew nothing new. Some of them said they did not expect anything to turn up for at least a week.

The general opinion in Lawrenceville is that the men in the Upper and Lower Union mills will not join the strikers. It is said by the merchants that the men are satisfied and will not throw up their positions, as they are making too much money.

At the Lindsay & McCutcheon mill, Allegheny, everything is quiet. Not a wheel is turning in the plant and all the work that is going on is some repairs. Almost every man who left the mill at the opening of the strike has gone to work in independent mills.

SHAFFER TALKS.

President Shaffer arrived at the Amalgamated association headquarters at 11:45 a. m., and fifteen minutes later called the newspaper man to his private office. When asked if a settlement could have been reached in New York Saturday had they waived their rights at the Painter, Lindsay & McCutcheons and the Wellsville plants, he said:

"The Amalgamated association could have settled in New York if they had given up these mills, but we could not do that. Just as long as we can fight we are going to fight for them. They are as much of us now as any of the other lodges. Their fight is ours and our fight is theirs."

"When will you issue the call for a general strike?" was the next question put the president, and his answer was:

"Within a week."

"Can you say how many men will be affected?"

"I don't know," said he, "how many men the strike order will affect."

OTHER SIDE MUST SEEK PEACE.

"Will the board be called for any more conference?"

"No, the board has been dismissed and will not be called unless the other side wants peace. They have declared war."

President Shaffer said the statement in the papers of his stop off at Washington was true, but that he did not see President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, as he was not in town.

Secretary Morrison was seen, however, and he assured Mr. Shaffer that the Federation of Labor would give its financial support.

"I have requested President Gompers to come to Pittsburg this week for a conference," said President Shaffer, "and I expect him here."

It is thought that most of the vice presidents have left for their homes, as only four or five of them visited the association rooms during the morning.

WILL OPEN NON-UNION.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—A Leechburg, Pa., dispatch says:

At 4 o'clock today the plant of the American Sheet Steel company, Hyde Park, will open as a non-union mill unless the strikers now gathering should prevent. At 8 o'clock this morning Robert Locke, for years assistant manager at the non-union mill at Leechburg, assumed control of the Hyde Park mill, he having been appointed superintendent of the plant, which will be started non-union.

Superintendent Locke in the mill office gave out the following statement: "Our mill starts non-union at 4 o'clock this afternoon. I will bring crews from Apollo, Vandergrift and Leechburg as many of the tonnage men who worked here before say they will not return. We will hold the positions open for them for some time."

It is announced that the Westinghouse company, of Pittsburg, has forced the Hyde Park plant to open to fill a contract for certain steel.

The Westinghouse people had contracted to take the mill's entire output until July 1, 1901. About 250 men can find employment at this plant.

Trouble is expected when the train bearing non-union workmen arrives at Hyde Park this afternoon.

STRENGTHENING THE UNION.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—A McKeesport dispatch says:

The Amalgamated organizers are working like beavers strengthening their lines for the coming struggle. Meetings were held here yesterday at both union and national lodges, which are composed of the men in the National Rolling mill and the Boston Iron and Steel mill, both rolling plants of the National Tube company. The result was that 279 new members were added and the control of the rolling mills is settled. Only two men in the Boston mill are now outside the fold and a large majority of the men in the National mill are now in the association.

Preparations are being made for the organization of the men at the National galvanizing plant and the seamless tube plant, as they have asked for admission either to the Amalgamated or the Federation of Labor.

The workmen are all apparently anxious to go out and the great mills of the tube company will be closed tightly when the order comes.

SITUATION AT WELLSVILLE.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—A Wellsville, Ohio, dispatch says the wholesale arrest of the participants in the riot at the home of Harry Phillips on Saturday has dampened the ardor of the strikers and if the potters and other labor organizations would keep their hands off it is felt that the troubles so far as the Wellsville mill is concerned, would soon be a thing of the past.

Seven more members of the association deserted this morning and returned to work. There are now about eighty men at the mill, and it is emphatically stated that five of the six mills will be in full operation this afternoon. Engineer Harry Thompson, of Pittsburg, who is in the employ of the mill company, but who has been here for the past three weeks, is expected back this afternoon with a reinforcement of men.

The few remaining members of the malgamated association promise to give Thompson and his men a warm reception, but in view of the fact that ill success has attended all previous efforts in this respect, it is not thought that the men will be seriously interfered with.

Mayor Dennis has sworn in an extra lot of policemen and declares emphatically that all men who come to town for the purpose of going to work shall be protected. Says he:

"We are perfectly able to preserve peace and we mean to do so."

About twenty members of the Amalgamated association left town last night for other places in hopes of securing work. Unless a general strike of all labor organizations is ordered it is safe to predict that all will be peace and quietness in Wellsville before the end of the week and the mill will be running full turn night and day.

DISPLEASED WITH MORGAN.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5—The Chronicle telegarph says this afternoon:

"One of the officials of the affiliated lodge, Lawrenceville, of the Amalgamated association this morning announced that he has been notified that there would be no general strike order. He is authority also for the statement that the directors of the steel corporation are dissatisfied with J. P. Morgan's attitude and are making every effort to open negotiations with the strikers. The official is one of the leading steel workers of the city, and the inference is that he has received an inside tip from the higher officials of the association."

Nellie A. Taylor, of Gilboa, Ohio, an excursionist, left her pocketbook containing $5 in money, a check and some receipts on a window at the postoffice on Saturday, and when she returned for it a minute or two later it was gone. She reported her loss to the police.

WHILE SHE SLEPT

THE ANGEL OF DEATH CAME TO EMPRESS FREDERICK.

HER PASSING WAS PAINLESS

OLD SERVANTS TAKE LAST LOOK AT REMAINS.

SIX WEEKS OF MOURNING

THE PRESIDENT SENDS CONDOLENCES TO KAISER.

Cronberg, Aug. 6.—The body of the dowager empress still lies in the bedchamber overlooking the valley of the Maine. She died in a soft sleep, painlessly, and her features bear the most serene and peaceful expression.

The gardeners and other outdoor dependents were admitted this morning to take a last look at the remains.

Emperor William will arrive here at noon, when orders will be issued for the various funeral arrangements, concerning which nothing definite is yet known.

No strangers have yet been admitted to the castle. Wreaths continue arriving. Among the earliest was one brought by a deputation from the village of Cronberg, headed by the burgomaster. Another wreath was brought by the pastor of the village.

MOURN FOR DEAD EMPRESS.

Berlin, Aug. 6.—A special edition of the Reichzanzeiger published this morning contains an imperial cabinet order giving notice of the death of Empress Frederick and ordering six weeks national mourning, beginning today. The order also directs that all public amusements, including concerts and theatrical performances, be suspended until after the funeral.

According to dispatches from Cronberg the death agony of the dowager empress was brief, lasting hardly a quarter of an hour. When Professor Renvers informed Emperor William that his mother's heart had ceased to beat the chaplain made a brief prayer and his majesty placed white lillies in his mother's hands.

Telegrams are pouring in from all quarters. The heads of all foreign states and the sovereigns of the German states have sent messages of condolence couched in the warmest terms.

NEWSPAPER COMMENT.

The papers comment on the political side of the dowager empress' character with reserve. The Post considers it easily comprehensible that a woman of her abilities should seek to influence the political views of her husband; but, the paper refrains from criticism since she avoided all political activity after Emperor Frederick's death.

The Cruzietung wholly ignores her politics. The Neuste Nachrichten says she brought from England political views which were suitable in a highly developed, solidly foundationed country like England, but which were out of place in a country like Prussia, struggling for existence.

The Deutsche Tages Zietung says: "It would be unseemly and repugnant to our sentiments to recall the struggles in which she was drawn."

The liberal papers describe the hopes Germany indulged in through her indoctrinating Emperor Frederick with English constitutional views. Many papers refer to her relations with the late Prince Bismarck and his opposition to her "Englanderie."

The flag on the United States embassy was half-masted today.

LIFE OF LATE EMPRESS.

Victoria Adelaide May Louise, eldest daughter of Queen Victoria, was born at Buckingham palace in 1840. For a year she was heiress to the crown of England, and then Alfred Edward was born. The wit of the royal child amazed and rather frightened the kindly mother queen. The prince consort delighted in it, for he believed that when it was matured and softened it would be a powerful factor in her career. She minded not what she said or to whom she said it. She had her first love affair when she was thirteen years old, and it was with the boy whom she married five years later—the crown prince of Prussia. This royal match was quite as much a love affair as that of the queen of England and the prince consort. When she was married her wonderful mind was already making itself felt throughout the country. She knew statesmanship and political economy like a man. She talked ably and wisely with the great men attached to the court of St. James. She was an artist of ability. She was outspoken, independent, fearless in the Anglo-Saxon way. She was her father's closest companion and he superintended all her studies and reading and was her companion from the time she could talk. The crown prince also found that she had a head which thought out for itself and was not governed by the rules that are laid down for court life. She was so strong, moreover, that she was not always tactful, and this antagonized the members of the court at Berlin. It did not make matters any easier at court when the crown prince began to defer to his wife's judgment over and above everybody. "I will ask my wife" was his common saying. After the present emperor married and was completely in control of the government, the Empress Frederick turned the great abilities to the advancement of the German women. The splendid nursing by women on the field in 1866 and 1870 was accomplished by her. She established the splendid modern hospital at Hamburg during the Franco-Prussian war. The greatest result of her intellectual work is that wonderful Victoria house for the care of the sick.

She had four sons and four daughters—Wilhelm, born in 1859; Charlotte, born in 1860; Henry, born in 1862; Sigismund, born in 1864 and died in 1866; Victoria, born in 1866; Waldemar, born in 1868 and died in 1879; Sophia Dorothea, born in 1870; Margaret, born in 1872.

EDWARD GOES TO CRONBERG.

Cowes, Aug. 6.—The time of King Edward's departure for Germany is still undetermined. He goes to London this afternoon. The royal yacht Victoria and Albert awaits his arrival at Port Victoria to convey his majesty to Flushing. Although the king decided that the Cowes yachting program should proceed, the owners of the vessels entered for the king's cup, which was to have been raced for today, have resolved, out of respect for the dowager empress, not to start.

PRESIDENT'S CONDOLENCES.

Washington, Aug. 6.—President McKinley has sent the following message to Emperor William, of Germany, on the death of his mother, the Dowager Empress Frederick:

"State Department, Washington, D. C., Aug. 6.—His Imperial and Royal Majesty Wilhelm II., German Emperor, Berlin: I learn with deep sorrow of the death of your majesty's beloved mother, the Dowager Empress and Queen Frederick. Her noble qualities have endeared her memories to the American people, in whose name and in my own I tender to your majesty heartfelt condolence. (Signed.) "William McKinley."

GAME BIRDS ARE RELEASED

ENGLISH PHEASANTS FOR ALLEN COUNTY.

C. F. Knothe Places Several Pairs Near Everett Lake and Hopes to See Them Multiply.

C. F. Knothe, well known as a bird fancier, has been engaged for some time in raising English pheasants, a beautiful game bird, which he hopes to introduce into Allen county. Two years ago a pair of the birds were sent to Mr. Knothe by the game warden, and he has carefully protected them until their numbers have been considerably multiplied.

Now Mr. Knothe proposes to install the pheasants as a game bird in this section, and in order to make the test he has just released several pairs of the pheasants near Everett Lake, that region being the only section he could find where all the farmers have prohibited hunting. If the birds are undisturbed for a few years they will multiply so rapidly as to become permanent among the local game birds. To aid in their culture the game law is very strict, there being a penalty of $50 for each bird killed until the fall of 1905.

CIVIL RULE FOR MANILA.

Manila, Aug. 6.—The military government of Manila ceases tomorrow and municipal affairs will be taken over by three commissioners, similar to the government in the District of Columbia. The president is a Filipino, Colonel Herrera; the others are Messrs. Baldwin and Tutherly. The chief of police is George Curry, a former officer of the Eleventh cavalry. Mr. Housemann is the city attorney.

ANDREWS BANKER IS IN TROUBLE

James M. Key Arrested for Alleged Forgery and Bank is In Receiver's Hands---Avilla Man's Creditors After Him.

[Special to The Sentinel.]

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 5.—The Commercial bank of Andrews, this county, is closed. The proprietor, James M. Key, is locked up in the Huntington jail, with a charge of forgery in two counts standing against him, and upon the application of creditors, who allege fraud, Judge Branyan this morning appointed A. C. Wilkerson, of this city, as receiver for the Andrews bank.

This was the series of startling incidents that has shaken the little town of Andrews from center to circumference this morning, and the wildest excitement prevails there. Key was a partner in business with H. W. Leach, whose bank at Avilla went to the wall a few days ago. Together they owned the bank at Cromwell, Noble county, which suspended close upon the crash of the Avilla concern, and altogether there seems to be a very complicated lot of trouble brewing.

CAME FROM ST. LOUIS.

Key came from St. Louis about two years ago and has done an extensive business at Andrews, in connection with grain buying and manufacturing enterprises in the town. He and Leach, the Avilla man, were close friends and frequently exchanged visits. Little more than a year ago they formed a partnership, establishing the state bank at Cromwell.

The trouble started for Mr. Key when the latter institution closed last week, for the Indianapolis banking firms with which he banks had transacted business promptly made demands upon Key for payment of the paper which had been returned unpaid by the Cromwell concern. Among the creditors was O. M. Packard, vice president of the Capitol National bank at Indianapolis, and Mr. Packard came to Andrews to see how the land lay.

The partnership relations of Mr. Key and Mr. Leach became noised about, and when the Avilla and Cromwell banks closed it caused some apprehension for the Andrews bank, and on Saturday morning this took the form of a run on the institution. Mr. Key sat complacently behind the counters until noon, however, and paid all claims which were presented. Then he locked up the bank with the announcement that the institution was perfectly safe and that by this morning he would have $10,000 in the vaults with which to meet the demands of all depositors. His assurance failed to assure, however, and the town was in a tremble over Sunday.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

Despite the rumors, however, the people were not prepared for the announcement today that Keys had been arrested for forgery. The arrest was made by Sheriff Crandall and his deputy, who went to Key's home before breakfast this morning and took him into custody.

The complaint upon which he was arrested was filed by O. M. Packard, of Indianapolis, who charges Key with forging the name of John Leedy, of Andrews, to a note for $1,100. Leedy is the owner of the building in which Key's bank was located. The prisoner was taken to Huntington and arraigned before Mayor Dungan, and when the original charge upon which the arrest was made was presented, another turned up beside it. This was to the effect that Key had also forged the name of Noah Fsher, of Andrews, to another note for $1,850. Fifteen or twenty citizens of Andrews were in the court room at the time and the interest was at a very high tension.

WAIVED EXAMINATION.

Key had secured attorneys, but he waived preliminary examination and Mayor Dungan held him to examination by the grand jury, fixing his bond at $3,000 in each case, or a total of $6,000. The banker could not furnish the bond and was remanded to jail.

Immediately after Mayor Duncan's decision E. B. Cubberley, of Andrews, went before Judge Branyan, in the circuit court, and petitioned for a receiver for Key's bank at Andrews, alleging fraud. Judge Branyan at once appointed A. C. Wilkerson, of Huntington, as receiver for the institution. Key is not inclined to be communicative and will give no estimate of the assets or liabilities of the bank.

HE TRIED SUICIDE.

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 5.—The private bank at Andrews, this county, was closed today, and the proprietor is under arrest, charged with forgery to the amount of $12,000. The alleged forged names were used on security paper furnished the Capital National bank, of Indianapolis. When arrested the banker attempted to commit suicide.

SAY LEACH HAS FLED.

In the federal court in Fort Wayne on Monday three of the creditors of the defunct bank at Avilla instituted proceedings in involuntary bankruptcy against Henry W. Leach, proprietor of the bank, in which they allege that he had fled to parts unknown.

The petitioners are William H. Meyer, John L. Henry and Sumner K. Randall. The petition recites that Henry W. Leach has resided in and carried on business as a private banker at Avilla, and that he owes debts in excess of $1,000. The claim of Mr. Meyer is placed at $1,000; that of John L. Henry at $500, in addition to $1,250 paid as surety for Leach, and that of Mr. Randall a like sum.

The petitioners further represent that "the said Leach is insolvent and that within four months preceding the date of the petition the said Leach committed an act of bankruptcy in that he did transfer while insolvent to Robert B. Clear, one of his creditors, the sum of $130, with intent to prefer said Clear over his other creditors; and heretofore, to-wit, on the 2d day of August, 1901, the said Leach left the vicinity of his former residence and fled to parts unknown to the petitioners, removing a considerable portion of his personal property, the exact amount of which is unknown to your petitioners, with intent to hinder, delay and defraud his creditors."

OTHER CREDITORS ACT.

L. S. Hersh, treasurer of the town of Avilla, spent Sunday in the city with his son, F. H. Hersh, on South Harrison street. Mr. Hersh stated to The Sentinel that morning that the missing banker was believed to have taken the train at Kendallville Saturday morning for the east. Mr. Hersh also stated that a large number of the bank's creditors held a meeting at Avilla a day or two ago and placed their cases in the hands of Hon. T. R. Marshall, of Columbia City.

VETERANS GIVEN QUARTERS

FORT WAYNE GRAND ARMY MEN AT CLEVELAND.

Assignments for Two Posts Were Made Today by Adjutant General Smock at Indianapolis.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 5.—Two of the Fort Wayne posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, who are expected to attend the national encampment at Cleveland in force, were assigned free sleeping quarters there by Adjutant General Smock today.

Sion S. Bass post No. 40 will be quartered in the Rockwell school house, and General Lawton post No. 590 will have headquarters at Lozier's hall.

AFTER GREEN GOODS MEN.

New York, Aug. 5.—Warrants were issued in Jersey City today for the arrest of C. P. Adams, superintendent of telegraph offices along the line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, and Alfred Kaiser, the telegraph operator at Claremont, a portion of Jersey City, on a charge of aiding and abetting green goods swindling. The warrants were the result of a complaint made by Rufus H. Minot, of Northfield, Mass. According to Chief Murphy, a gang of New York green goods men has been operating by the use of telegraph stations on the Central road from the Claremont station to that at Easton, Pa. Chief Murphy declared that he was unable to run down the swindlers because the telegraph company withheld from him information as to the disposition of green goods telegrams.

TEXAS BANK IN TROUBLE.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The comptroller of the currency today appointed Special Examiner William L. Yerkes receiver of the First National bank of Austin, Texas. The bank was closed upon the report of National Bank Examiner J. M. Logan, who reported it insolvent.

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RE'S FOR PLUNGE!

w many women feel equal to a below the watery deep? How of them have the nerve for it? r few.

most every woman suffers from 'eakened condition of the mu- membrane that lines her body hiss aps her vitality and energy. is filled with nervous terrors lest not find life worth living. is told she has dyspepsia or ale weakness" when in reality ing ails her but catarrh or in- nation of the delicate lining of rgans.

e needs Pe ru-na and nothing It is the only medicine nec- ry to restore her strength. sn't the use of dragging through half alive when Pe ru-na will y back all its pleasure? This cine is a tonic for the whole , and there i no doubt at all th you need it, for it is the eal cure for all troubles.

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WE HAVE IT.

10. $15. $25. $75

any amount you may want on our piano, household goods, horses and wagons and other like security; fact we loan on all kinds of personal property. Everything is left in your possession and you have to use of both money and goods. All our dealings are confidential, upright and courteous. Persons momentarily embarrassed who wish above everything else to avoid publicity are the ones we desire especially to serve. You can have on one month to one year to pay in and our payments are so small nat any one can meet them. You ill save money by dealing with us as our rates are the lowest and rms easiest. It will cost you noth- g to get our rates.

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EDISON PHONOGRAPH

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Vocal and Instrumental.

ACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,

120 CALHOUN STREET.

COME IN AND HEAR.

The Sentinel Want column.

ANNIVERSARY DATE CHANGED

ORPHANS' HOME CELEBRATION ON SEPTEMBER 5.

Anniversary is Fixed by Board of Tuesday—Annual Meeting is Held.

The anniversary celebration of the Fort Wayne Orphans' home of the Reformed church will be held Thursday, September 5, instead of September 19, as had been previously announced. The change in the date was made by the board of trustees of the institution at the annual meeting held at the home on Tuesday.

The members of the board are Rev. Dr. J. H. Machman, New Knoxville, president; Rev. J. F. Winter, Terre Haute, Ind., secretary; Rev. J. H. Bosch, Fort Wayne, treasurer; Rev. H. B. Robrock, Sandusky, Ohio; Rev. V. Rettig, Ebenezer, N. Y.; Rev. C. Borchers, Zelienople, Pa.; P. W. Siebert, Pittsburg, Pa.; C. Beesel, New Bremen, Ohio, and A. Grotholtman, Fort Wayne.

The superintendent, B. Ruf, reported that there are now about seventy children in the home, and that the conduct of the children during the past year has been very good. The report of the treasurer showed that the income of the home during the past year from various sources has been $7,019.03; the expenditures $6,839.09, leaving a balance in the treasury of $179.99.

The board hopes that the citizens of Fort Wayne will remember the home on the date of the anniversary—September 5. A good program has been prepared for that date, and the ladies' societies of the various Reformed churches will serve dinner, supper and other refreshments.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

An affidavit has been filed in Huser's court charging William Moellering (probably referring to Charles Moellering) druggist, corner of Lewis and Lafayette streets, with selling liquor in less quantities than a quart, without having the required license. Mr. Moellering showed fight, and immediately there were three other affidavits filed, charging Sabbath desecration and other things prohibited by the statutes. Without entering for the defense of Mr. Moellernig, it is just to say that he is a respectable citizen, doing a legitimate business, is reputed to be law-abiding in a general sense and is a substantial business man. Unfortunately he has money and if convicted on the technicalities usually brought forward in this class of cases he will be good for three or four fees. The prosecutor will doubtless make an honest effort to convict Mr. Moellering of having sold four ounces of brandy in a bottle, duly labeled, not then and there having a physician's prescription. The purchaser did not drink the brandy on the premises, but took it down to the justice's office to be used as evidence. Perhaps Mr. Moellering will be convicted and fined and if that result obtains he will pay. He will then have an opportunity of reflecting on how much a smaller man he is than William Henze, who for nearly a year has run one of the toughest joints in the city, and that, too, without any license and without any molestation by the prosecutor. Mr. Moellering, after paying his tax, might also enter into a calculation to determine the value of a "pull" as a cash asset. It was stated that there are a dozen or more affidavits pending, charging grocers and druggists with violation of the license law, but they have not yet been filed. A justice of the peace said that he knew that the affidavits had been drawn, but that he did not know of any of them being filed. He said he thought the agitation of the Henze matter had deterred the prosecutor from presenting them. Another theory is that they were settled out of court, which is much easier and usually more profitable.

The hearing of the charge against Freedrick Buhr, the East Wayne street grocer, for selling liquor without a license, will be had at Justice Rayhouser's emporium this afternoon.

Joseph Horstman, of this city, is under arrest and is held to answer a paternity charge preferred by Miss Mary Stewart, also of Fort Wayne. The hearing will be in Huser's court. Mr. Horstman was the defendant in a like suit brought in France's court several months ago by another plaintiff.

In the surety of the peace proceedings instituted against Mrs. Freda Wise yesterday by Mrs. Merriman, Justice France today entered a dismissal. R. B. Dreibelbiss appeared for the defendant.

The Williamsport assault and battery cases are on trial in France's court this afternoon. Most of the residents of the south part of Allen county and not a few from Adams county are in attendance on the trial.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

There was no police court this morning and nothing was reported during the night to require police attention.

The Henze saloon is said to be closed to the general public and a police officer who went there yesterday to examine the licenses in the place was kept out by a tightly locked front door. The officers say that they do not believe that liquor selling has been abandoned, however, but that the artful William is simply playing marked cards on them. Meantime, the prosecutor has taken no steps to punish Mr. Henze for his long and pronounced contempt of the law. With a view of aiding the prosecutor in making a case and a fee, The Sentinel volunteers the information that Michael Kennelly would make a good witness in case the state is shy on evidence.

P. K. Greene has been granted a permit to erect a frame dwelling house on Boone street, at a cost of $1,000.

DEATH OF JOHN H. BASS, JR.

PASSED AWAY AT BROOKSIDE THIS MORNING.

Young Man Had Long Been in Poor Health—Other Mortuary Matters of the Day.

The death of John H. Bass, jr., occurred at 3:30 o'clock this morning at Brookside, the beautiful suburban home of his father, J. H. Bass, the well-known president of the Bass Foundry and Machine works. The end came after a protracted illness.

The young man's age was twenty-one years, five months and ten days. For nearly two years past he had been in feeble health, suffering from stomach trouble with complications of kidney and heart affection. Despite the efforts of skilled physicians and attendants the young man continued to grow weaker, and several weeks ago was compelled to take to his bed. The decline has been general, and death was due to exhaustion resulting from the stomach trouble.

Mr. Bass was born and reared in Fort Wayne, and was very widely known. He was finely educated, attending the public schools in boyhood and later enjoying the advantages of an efficient private tutor for many years, receiving instruction in this manner in preference to leaving home to attend one of the larger educational institutions. In the department of history he was especially proficient, was extensive reader and kept himself thoroughly informed upon the current topics of the day.

He was devoted to life upon the country estate of the family, and took much pride in the handsome thoroughbred stock for which Brookside farm has become famous. Personally he was affable and pleasant, and his friendships were enduring ones. He has been for many years a member of the First Presbyterian church, and an active member of the Caledonian society. The surviving members of the family are the parents and one sister, Miss Grace Bass.

Funeral services will be held from Brookside at a time to be announced later.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Petgen.—Funeral services of George H. Petgen will be held Friday morning from the Cathedral.

OFFICERS WERE ELECTED.

The Tri-State Woman's Christian Temperance union held their annual meeting at the W. C. T. U. cottage at Rome City and elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Mary E. Balch, of Indianapolis; vice presidents, Mrs. J. Berry, of Dayton, Ohio, and Mrs. Kintz, of Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miss Bailey, secretary, and Mrs. Ridenour, of this city, treasurer. The advisability of purchasing a cottage for the permanent home was discussed, and instructions were given with regard to the program of the next session.

TOTAL ABSTAINERS MEET.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 7.—Three hundred delegates representing many states east of the Mississippi attended the opening session today of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America. They met first at Footguard hall and proceeded thence to St. Joseph's cathedral, where mass was celebrated. At the afternoon business session, Rev. W. B. McCuddily, of Worcester, Mass., president of the union, occupied the chair.

Fred Berghoff, son of Mayor Berghoff, who underwent an operation at St. Joseph's hospital for appendicitis a few weeks ago, has recovered sufficiently to permit his removal home, and this was done this afternoon.

Rud Lehmann, manager of the Berne bank, is in the city.

Attend the Band Concert and Rathbone Sisters' Social at Market Square tonight.

Everybody gets a present at the Broadway Delicatessen tomorrow, 140 Broadway.

WOOD WAS NOT CHIVALROUS

STAKED HIS CLAIM TO BAR OUT MISS BEALS.

Occupies Whole Front of the Lawton Town Site—How the Young Lady Was Overshadowed.

Lawton, Ok., Aug. 7.—When Miss Mattie Beals, who drew No. 2 in the great Indian land lottery, stepped up to the booth where the government officials were ready to record her choice of land, she met with the bitterest disappointment of her life.

In front of her stood James R. Wood, the luckiest of all the homeseekers, the who had drawn No. 1, and who had first choice. It was early in the morning and great crowds thronged about the booth, ready to choose when their names were called. Miss Beals had relied with the utmost confidence upon Wood's choosing one of the two quarter sections adjoining the town site of Lawton. All about Lawton, with the exception of the two quarter sections, are government reservations, made for various purposes, leaving the two quarters the only land adjoining the town site upon which settlers are permitted to file.

It was generally understood that Wood would take his choice of these two quarters, leaving the second one for Miss Beals, but there was a shock in store for the girl.

WOOD TAKES BOTH QUARTERS.

Wood, who was accompanied by his attorney, claimed 160 acres of land running the entire length of the town site. His lawyer asserted that under the Homestead law it made no difference what form the land chosen was in, just as long as the forty-acre tracts were contiguous. He could choose eighty acres adjacent to the town site, or he could choose forty acres, with the rest of the land back of it.

When Wood announced his intention there was a storm of protest from those near enough to know what was going on. Miss Beals hurridly sent for her lawyer, who, when he arrived, raised an objection to granting the land in the form demanded by Wood.

The lawyers then consulted, and Miss Beals' lawyer said there was no doubt that Wood could draw as he wished under the law.

PROTESTS ARE IN VAIN.

All protest were in vain, and, after squabbling over the matter for half an hour, while a hundred or more men and women waited in line for their turn, the commissioner awarded to Wood the 160 acres as he wanted them. This effectually shut Miss Beals out from the town site, and she was forced to choose the land immediately back of Wood's land and running like his, the entire width of town site on the south side of town.

The auction sale of Lawton town lots began early in the day. There was much more interest taken in this sale than in the land drawing, which was conducted in another part of the town site. From the start the bidding was brisk. The first lot sold went to John W. Brazelton of Weatherford, and it brought $530. It is in the business district that the first lots will be sold.

NOTHING FROM ROCKHILL.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The state department has heard nothing from Mr. Rockhill for several days as to the situation of affairs at Pekin and is at a loss to understand the reasons for the reported refusal of the English minister to sign the protocol. It is expected, however, that Mr. Rockhill will be heard from very fully on the subject in case the delay bodes any serious issue over the conclusion of the negotiations. There is an earnest desire throughout official quarters to have done with the long-drawn out controversy, and as all parties seem agreed on this it is not apprehended that the present delay will affect any of the vital features of the agreement.

GENERAL NEGLEY DEAD.

New York, Aug. 7.—Maj. Gen. James S. Negley died suddenly at Plainfield, N. J., today. General Negley was a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars and was prominent in military circles. General Negley was born in Pittsburg in 1826. He was made a major general of volunteers for gallantry at Stone River in 1862. He was a member of congress from Pittsburg from 1869 to 1875 and from 1885 to 1887. For some years past he had practiced law in New York city.

DANGER IS PAST.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 7.—The storm and flood situation in the state is relieved and indications are that danger and damage are past. Evidences of the downpour yesterday are plentiful, but the water has all passed away. The wind has changed and normal conditions are expected to continue.

IOWA REPUBLICANS MEET.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Aug. 7.—Chairman Weever, of the state central committee, called the republican state convention to order at 11:15 o'clock this morning. Rev. S. B. McCormick, of Cedar Rapids, offered prayer, at the conclusion of which Chairman Weever introduced as temporary presiding officer J. C. Davis, of Keokuk. Mr. Davis, in accepting the chair, delivered an address, which was frequently interrupted by applause. The roll of congressional districts was called to secure the names of the members of the various committees, and at its conclusion a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

DRUGGISTS TO FIGHT THEM

CHARGES OF ILLEGAL SALE OF LIQUOR.

Retail Association Takes Up the Matter at a Meeting This Afternoon—Call it Persecution.

The filing of charges of illegal sales of liquor against druggists in the city has aroused the Retail Druggists' association, and the matter was the subject of discussion at a special meeting of the organization this afternoon.

The druggists assert that no dealer desires to violate the law, and that if occasionally a small quantity of liquor has been sold it has been in response to an urgent call where a patient was reported to be suffering intensely and the stimulant was issued only as medicine, and in a spirit of humane accommodation without a thought of profit from the business.

They further assert that the prosecutions smack of persecution, and say they have reason to believe preparations are being made to file numerous additional cases if the prosecution is successful in those already on the docket. For this reason the association will probably secure attorneys and make a vigorous fight.

FEARFUL CRIME CHARGED.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 7.—John Cline and Clayton Rogers were arrested here today, on the charge of having murdered May Yost, a 17-year-old girl. The warrant was sworn out by her father, who charges that the prisoners forcibly abducted the girl, assaulted and murdered her and threw the body into the Ohio river. The girl was taken Sunday night from the company of her sweetheart, Walter Hammond, at the point of a revolver. Her body has not been found.

LOCAL NEWS.

Dr. J. C. Wallace and sister, Miss Lulu, have returned from visits in Atlantic City and Philadelphia.

Miss Addie Hettler entertained her Sunday school class at a delightful luncheon at Robison park yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Bert Baughman, of 193 West Superior street, will entertain the Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. of L. E. Thursday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock.

The marriage of Fred D. C. Wahrenburg and Miss Bertha Gerberding will be solemnized this evening at the home of the bride's parents, corner of Jefferson and Barr streets.

Miss Edith Menefee delightfully entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening. Music and games were the amusements of the evening, and dainty refreshments were served.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the fire department was called to Pontiac street, between Lafayette and Hanna, where a residence was afire. It is not believed the damage will be extensive.

A large party of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thompson gathered at the Thompson home last evening to witness the blossoming of a night blooming cereus. The flower was an unusually beautiful one, measuring eight inches across.

Louis Griebel, of 58 East Jefferson street, is celebrating his eighty-fifth birthday anniversary today and receiving the congratulations of friends. Mr. Griebel is one of the oldest and most respected residents of Fort Wayne.

The most costly kitchen belongs to the Spanish court, the cooking utensils alone having a value of nearly $75,000, and are of a great age. The kitchen of the shah of Persia is, however, the most valuable in the world. Even the cooking pots are lined with gold and the plates and dishes used at the royal table are of solid gold, encrusted with precious stones. It it were possible for the contents of the shah's kitchen to be put up at auction they would realize over $5,000,000.

The twelve railway companies of England and Wales employ between them 312,000 men. The Scotch and Irish companies employ 40,000 men between them.

HE COWED THE LION.

THE DARKY BELTED ALL THE FIGHT OUT OF MONARCH.

Laughable Manner in Which the Big and Ugly Circus Animal Was Returned to the Showman After a Railroad Smash Up.

"It's queer how animals will act in a railroad wreck," said the boss canvasman. "Now there was th' Saberlee wreck. Six cars was in th' ditch an half o' th' show's dens was under 'em. There was one cage o' monkeys mashed flat that we knowed of, an a lot o' th' other animals had took t' th' woods, little animals, zebras an wolves an deer an such like. Nothin t' do any harm exceptin th' big lion, Monarch. He's den was bottom up in a little puddle o' ditch water, with a hole stove in it big enough t' let out a cow, an Monarch himself was gone with the little animals.

"Well, it was all off with makin th' stand that day, so we put up th' runs, got th' cookhouse outfit down on th' ground, had breakfast an started in t' dig th' stuff out o' th' ditch. Th' railroad company's wreckin crew come along t' help us, an we'd got purty well under way when a tall, black buck darky come out o' th' woods an stood round rubberin.

"Nobody paid any attention t' him for awhile, but by'n'by Mack, th' chandelier man, spoke t' him, kind o' liddied him about bein han'some, or some such guff. It was Missouri, an he was a real black buck. Didn't have anything t' say back—didn't say anything at all, in fact, for awhile. Jes' shuffled round in his cowhide boots from one foot t' th' other an grinned bashfullike. By'n'by when he saw we didn't roast him hard he kind o' took courage.

"'Did any o' you gemmen losed a giraffe?' he says.

"'Giraffe?' Mack says. 'No; we never owned no such thing with this track. Why?'

"'Well, boss, Ah done foun' somethin up in mah 'tato patch this mawnin, an Ah 'lowed as maybe hit 'longed t' you all.'

"Mack got interested. 'Wot does it look like?'

"'Lawdy, boss, hit's mos' moustrous. Nevah did see no sech ole thing befob, sah. Big cat rahmint, with yaller eyes, an bit done come a-snahlin an a-spittin at me soon as Ah got out o' baid.'

"'Where is it?' says Mack.

"'Oh, Ah cawt hit all rightly. Done put a rope roun' hits neck an tied hit t' mah cabin.'

"'Go an git it an fetch it down here,' says Mack. Then th' wreckin crew got a tackle roun' another den, an we forgot all about th' darky.

"Maybe it was 20 minutes, an maybe it was half an hour when we heard a noise over on th' road amongst th' trees—a noise kinder like a nigger drivin a mule or like somethin bein driven. It come nearer an louder an louder an nearer. Everybody stopped work an listened, an th' ole man himself come out o' his car with his napkin hangin roun' his neck.

"'What is that?' he pipes up in his snappy way. 'Who is that out there? Go an see what that racket is, some o' you boys. Hurry up, now!'

"Nobody paid any attention t' him, an th' noise got nearer an nearer. In a couple o' minutes a cloud o' dust sailed out from behind th' trees. When it got within a hundred yards o' th' track, it cleared up a bit, an there was that big, black nigger with a rope in one mit an a piece o' fence rail in th' other. On th' other end o' th' rope was Monarch.

"Of all th' mean, sneakin, underbanded cat animals that ever traveled with a circus Monarch was th' worst an a powerful fighter when he had any sort o' show. Sometimes we'd put our hands on th' canvas cover o' his cage when he had t' run over th' train, an there never was a time, day or night, that he hadn't a slap ready fer you.

"Well, that darky was a-lammin him with his chunk o' fence an talkin mule talk t' him wuss than anything you ever saw in th' south.

"'C'm on 'long heah, you yaller eyed devil,' he was sayin. 'Ah don' know what you is, but you ain' goin gnahl ner spit at me, nohow. C'm on 'long theh, you big sassy rahmint,' an with that he'd lam him with his piece o' fence an let drive with his cowhide boots.

"An you kin bet your life Monarch was a-comin. I never saw a critter so cowed as he was. Why, when that nigger brought him right in amongst us there was nobody that took th' trouble t' open up a gangway, an I reckon any young one could 'a' took him by th' scruff o' th' neck an turned him over on his back. He was jest a great, overgrown pet tomcat, with all th' fight an meanness walloped out o' him.

"We'd yanked his den up on to th' road bed with th' hole in th' end butted against a wagon. Th' door was open, an when Monarch saw his happy little home waitin there for him he jerked th' rope out o' th' darky's hand an' bolted inside it. He couldn't get fur enough inside, either—went away up in th' far corner an tried t' hide. Saberlee shut th' door an spoke to him, but Monarch was th' worst whipped cat animal you ever saw."—New York Sun.

Suppressing Cruelty.

Many a man who would be ashamed to strike a brute beast with a bludgeon has no shame in making a bludgeon of his tongue to strike human beings in the tender places of their being—their social sensibilities and their self esteem. Cruelty in its gross and outward forms we have in good measure suppressed, but the refined cruelty of the bitter word, the unloving censure, the abusive harangue, is not yet extinct. Let us be as careful of men's inner skin as of their outer.—Exchange.

Miss Hazel S. Cowdrey has returned from Rome City, where she assisted in the program at the W. C. T. U. assembly.

HANDLING BIG SERPENTS.

Poisonous Snakes In Demand by Doctors For Experimenting.

"In handling a big snake you must always touch him with a soft, smooth, gliding motion of the hand, making it feel to him as much as possible like the touch of another snake, and, besides, you must be careful to keep his tail out straight. Keep the tail straight, and he can't coil on you. His bite is nothing, for he has not poison, but his coil around your leg or arm or body will crush the bones.

"The poisonous snakes—the water moccasins, rattlesnakes and copperheads—are bought for zoos. Now and then a doctor buys them heavily for awhile. He wants to experiment with their poison. After he has been bitten two or three times he stops buying.

"There are a number of people who buy snakes for pets. These people always, without an exception, make pets also of rats, mice and turtles. Any one fond of snakes is sure to be fond of those other things too. They keep their snakes and turtles and rats as near as possible to them. Often they keep them in their bedrooms. There was a young man who used to come here last year after pine snakes—a university student. That young man would sit with his hand in among the coils of a cageful of snakes for hours. He would take one's head in his hands and lift its face close up to his own and gaze for a long time in its eyes. Then he would hold it off and stroke it and study its changing colors in a kind of trance. I don't know what pleasure or satisfaction he got out of the snakes. He bought over a dozen from me during the year and kept them in his bedroom in a boarding house. They all escaped one night through a ratbole and got among the neighbors and raised general ballyhoo."—Philadelphia Record.

LOVE AMONG SAVAGES.

Ability to Stand Torture a Test of Masculine Devotion.

Among the Arabs of upper Egypt the youth who proposes to a girl must submit to a whipping at the hands of all her male relatives, and, says a dry narrator, "if he wishes to be considered worth having he must receive the chastisement, which is sometimes exceedingly severe, with an expression of enjoyment."

Not infrequently it is the maiden herself who imposes the test. The Sakalava girls of Madagascar make their lovers stand at a short distance from a clever spear thrower and catch between the arm and side every weapon flung at them. If the youth "displays fear or fails to catch the spear, he is ignominiously rejected, but if there be no flinching and the spears are caught he is at once proclaimed an accepted lover."

Worse than this is the trial enforced upon their suitors by the Dongolowee girls. When in doubt as to the respective merits of two rivals, the young lady fastens a sharply pointed knife to each elbow; then, seating herself between her lovers, she drives the blades slowly into their thighs, and the hero who takes the greatest length of steel without a murmur wins the bride.

Major Mitchell in his "Expeditions into the Interior of Eastern Australia" says of the natives on the river Darling that all their ideas of fighting are associated with the possession of gins or wives and that after a battle the wives "do not always follow their fugitive husbands from the field, but frequently go over, as a matter of course, to the victors." "None but the brave deserve the fair" is a maxim well understood of most barbaric races.—Chambers' Journal.

Composition on Love.

Love is a thing that makes people think each other pretty when nobody else does.

It causes two persons to be awful quiet when you're round and also quiet when you're not round—only in a different way.

It also causes people to sit together on one end of a bench when there's heaps of room on the other end.

Nurses has it and sometimes policemen. That's when they don't know where you are, and you have lots of fun playing on the grass.

Husbands and wives has it, but most generally only lovers.

Old people don't have much, 'cause it has to be about dimples and red cheeks and fluffy curls and lots of things which old people don't ever have.

When I grow up, I'll have to go and love some one, I suppose. Only she'll have to let me say what to do.

I've written all I know about it till I do grow up.—Eddy in New York Sun.

Nothing Like Accuracy.

First Clubman—Wuggles, I want you to decide a bet. Higgisuide says the quotation, "Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned," is from the book of Psalms, and I say it's from Job. We've put up $5 on it and agreed to leave it to you.

Second Clubman—I think you're both wrong. I know it's in the Bible, but my impression is that you'll find it in the proverbs of Solomon.—Chicago Tribune.

Pin Money.

Spoiled Wife—Why are you dividing your month's salary in two heaps, Henry?

Indulgent Husband—I thought I ought to put this five in the bank this month, love. The other $95 is your pin money.—Ohio State Journal.

The weight of all the air on the globe would be eleven and two-thirds trillion pounds if no deduction had to be made for space filled by mountains and land above sea level.

A "wide awake" was originally a hat with no nap on its material.

The K. of P. band and the Rathbone Sisters will give a band concert and social at Market square this evening.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

ANSWERS DEATH'S SUMMONS

MRS. CHRISTIAN TRESSELT IS NO MORE.

Well Known Lady Passed Away After a Brief Illness—Other Mortuary Matters.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tressels, wife of Christian Tresselt, and for nearly fifty years an esteemed resident of this city, died on Saturday morning at her home, 55 East Jefferson street. Mrs. Tresselt, though in feeble health for some time, did not become seriously ill until a week ago. The recent extremely warm weather affected her excessively, and on Friday of last week came the attack which terminated in her death this morning. Death was due to a complication of diseases.

Mrs. Tresselt's age was seventy-one years, eleven months and twenty-one days. She was born August 12, 1831, in Ziesar, Brandenburg, Prussia, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Siemon, and came to America in 1853 with her brother-in-law and her sister, Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Schwegman, the latter of whom died about one year ago. In 1854 she was united in marriage in this city to Christian Tresselt, who has for many years been interested in the City mills. The family has long been a prominent one, and Mrs. Tresselt was universally esteemed. Since 1855 they have resided at the home where Mrs. Tresselt passed away this morning.

In addition to the husband the surviving relatives include three sons—Oscar, Hermann and Frederick Tresselt, all of this city. Another child, a daughter, died in infancy. She also leaves brothers and sisters as follows: Mrs. Clara Loock, Miss Wilhelmina Siemon, Otto Siemon and Oscar Siemon, all in Germany, and Rudolph Siemon and Mrs. Charles Tresselt, of this city. Carl Siemon, another brother, died four months ago. Mrs. Tresselt has been for many years a member of St. Paul's Lutheran church.

STOUDER.

Mrs. Ada Stouder, wife of Wallace Stouder, died late Wednesday afternoon, at the residence of F. J. Kanaga, 86 West Williams street, from paralysis, at the age of 46 years. The remains will be removed to the family residence, on the Illinois road, west of the city.

Mrs. Stouder was a devout member of the West Jefferson street Church of Christ and was also a member of Queen Esther lodge, No. 324, Daughters of Rebekah. Surviving are the husband and two daughters, May and Hazel.

HIRST.

Frederick Hirst, proprietor of the East Yards hotel, at Walton avenue and the Pennsylvania railroad, died at 7 o'clock last Wednesday after a protracted illness from dropsy.

Mr. Hirst was 45 years of age, and the surviving relatives include the widow and two daughters—Grace and Virginia.

PARMELEE.

Mrs. Parmelee, the aged mother of Robert Parmelee, of the firm of Pixley & Co., died Saturday afternoon at the home of her son-in-law, Prof. Wilbur F. Heath, at Danville, Ill. Mrs. Parmelee has been in feeble health for some years.

The remains reached Fort Wayne at noon Monday and funeral services were held at Plymouth Congregational church, conducted by Rev. D. T. Williams. The interment occurred that afternoon at Lindenwood.

HOPPE.

Arthur Hoppe, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hoppe, of 199 Force street, died on Monday morning at the age of one year and fifteen days.

SCHNEIDER.

George Schneider, a pioneer farmer of Aboit township and widely known in Allen county, died Friday afternoon at his home, near the Illinois road, and on the line between Aboit and Lake townships.

Mr. Schneider was nearly 75 years of age and has resided in the county many years.

BASH.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Bash died Thursday morning from cholera infantum at the summer home of the family at Rome City at the age of 5 months. The little one had been ill for several weeks, but until Thursday appeared to be improving. Undertaker J. C. Peltier brought the remains to this city today.

LITTLE.

Eva Little, 43 years of age, died Thursday evening from consumption at the county infirmary. She had been an inmate of the institution for twenty years.

COLLETT.

The youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Collett, of Edgerton, died Tuesday afternoon, after a brief illness, at the age of 1 year, 2 months and 3 days.

Funeral services were held Thursday morning from the Edgerton M. E. church, Rev. E. A. Bunner officiating. The interment was at Camden, Ind.

PETGEN.

George Henry Petgen, a Pennsylvania railroad brakeman, died at 8 o'clock this morning at the home of his father, Frank Petgen, 95 Baker street, after a protracted illness.

Mr. Petgen was twenty years of age and unmarried. He was an estimable young man and a great favorite among his fellow employes, holding membership in the Fort Wayne lodge, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

REHLING.

Bernard Rehling, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Rehling, of 38 John street, died at 7:15 o'clock this morning from spasms resulting from whooping cough. The little one was two years old.

Funeral services will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence and at 2 o'clock from St. Peter's Catholic church.

The itinerant picture fakers continue to give the police trouble. On Saturday Richard Druhot, of 125 Franklin avenue, reported that one of the birds of prey had swooped down on him to the tune of $1.50. He had given the man an order for a picture, which was to cost 98 cents, and when the delivery was made he gave the agent a $5 bill. The agent said the bill was $3.48, and throwing down the change got away before Mr. Druhot recovered from his surprise. The public has been repeatedly warned against these picture peddlers.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. A. D. Craig, son and daughter, leave tomorrow for their new home in Bicknell, Ind.

Mort Broughton, of Kendallville, was in the city Saturday, the guest of Miss May Eickhoff.

Charles Beuret, of the registry department of the postoffice, is absent on his annual vacation.

William McBennett, of South Lafayette street, is confined to his home with an attack of tonsilitis.

Colonel Joly, the United States pension examiner, left Monday for a trip through DeKalb county.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Ehrman, of Chicago, are visiting Mr. Ehrman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Ehrman.

Rev. R. C. Jones, of Huntertown, will occupy the pulpit at the Wayne street M. E. church next Sunday morning.

George Weibel, who is spending his vacation with relatives at St. Thomas, Ont., will visit the Pan-American before his return.

M. E. Hale, connected with the firm of Koehlinger & Bauer, and Miss Ada Cope, of North street, are visiting friends at Fostoria, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Fisher and son Theo., have gone to Clear lake for a week's outing. Mr. Fisher has designs upon most of the larger fish in the lake.

Ernest Soest, the farmer who was injured in a runaway on Spy Run avenue several days ago, is improving nicely and was able to drive to the city this morning.

Otto A. Schirmeyer, who recently resigned as bookkeeper at Root & Co.'s store, this morning made his first trip out in the capacity of traveling salesman for the National Biscuit company.

Miss Pearl Foster has been elected treasurer of the Foster Furniture company, and will assume her duties September 1st. Miss Foster will become a buyer for the firm after acquiring sufficient experience in the business.

Louis F. Buckhoff, who has been employed as a cutter in the Maurer tailoring establishment, has gone to Louisville, Ky., to take a position as agent for the National Cash Register company, with which he was connected for a number of years.

Miss Bessie Cherry, stenographer for W. H. Braun, has gone to Lock haven, Pa., to spend a few weeks, and attend the wedding of her friend, Miss O'Connor. Miss Myrtle Long will occpy Miss Cherry's position during the latter's vacation.

A meeting of the Caledonian society will be held this evening in the hall, 76 Calhoun street, and further arrangements for the annual games at Robison park will be made. A prize list comprising some excellent premiums will be made up.

George Gebhart, employed at the Ryan blacksmith shop on Barr street, is not the George Gebhart who has attained bad notoriety in connection with the Dierkes blackmailing case. The young man bears a good reputation, and it is an injustice that he should be confounded with the man in the Dierkes case.

The wedding of Miss Bertha Gerberding, daughter of Prof. and Mrs. Gerberding, and Fred Wahrenburg, of the Rurode dry goods store, will take place Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents. Miss Mary Wahrenburg, of this city: Miss Sophia Lohman, of Kendallville, and Miss Ada Steinel, of South Bend, will be bridesmaids.

Miss Polly Schilling, who was hurt by a fall in front of St. Paul's church on Saturday evening, may bring a suit against the city for damages, as it is claimed that the fall was occasioned by a defect in the covering of a sewer hole. Attorney Shambaugh is investigating the matter today. If the city was really at fault a compromise will probably be effected.

James Mitchell, formerly owner and editor of the Fort Wayne Dispatch, has gone to Buffalo for a few days.

The contract for a $3,500 Methodist church at Poe, Ind., has been awarded to Levi Griffith & Son, of this city.

Tanton Swaim, father of Tanton Swaim, jr., of this city, died Sunday night at Bluffton at the age of nearly 80 years.

Mrs. Rensberger and two daughters have gone to Delray, Mich., for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. John Myers, formerly of this city.

An ice cream festival will be given at Oak Grove school house on Thursday evening for the benefit of the church services held there by the Methodist people.

Rev. Fathers Oechtering, Kroll, Biedermann and Hottenroth were at Avilla yesterday attending the celebration of the thirty-fifth anniversary of the ordination of Rev. Father Duehmig to the priesthood.

Hugo, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Byerline, of No. 2 Osage street, stepped on a rusty nail on Calhoun street, near the Nickel Plate tracks, yesterday, and received a most painful wound. Dr. Hammond cauterized the injury.

Rev. Maurice Samson, formerly pastor of Heidelberg Reformed church, was the guest yesterday of Rev. John Bosch, of St. John's Reformed church. Rev. Samson is now pastor of a large congregation at Mulberry, near Lafayette.

The German Fire Insurance company elected the following officers at a meeting in the Scheumann undertaking parlors last evening: President, William Doehrman; vice president, Charles Brandt; treasurer, Henry Hilbrecht; appraiser, William Snyder.

Two affidavits have been filed in France's court against Hanna Wise, of Barr street. One charges assault and battery on Effie Merriman and the other is for a peace bond. The warrants are in the hands of a constable and will be served as soon as the party can be found.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Wood have received a letter from their son, Harry, who is with the Ninth regiment in Manila, stating that the young man is enjoying good health. Private Wood has seen considerable service in the orient, having been present during the boxer troubles in China last year.

In April, 1900, a Fort Wayne party purchased a piano from the Kimball agency in this city, agreeing to pay $300 therefor. A credit of $15 was given as a discount and $20 in cash was paid afterwards. Then the piano disappeared. A week ago the matter was placed in the hands of Detective Streifling, and this morning he located the piano at 62 Madison street. It is probable that the matter will be adjudicated out of court.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gill, of Washington township, entertained a large party of friends one evening recently in honor of the seventh anof different kinds were the amusements and refreshments were served. Mr. and Mrs. Gill were overwhelmed with congratulations on the happy occasion and they received several presents, among them a handsome center table, the gift of relatives, as follows: John N. Gill, Samuel E. Gill, George N. Gill, Rebecca J. Griswold, Sarah A. Cotton, Allen Ervin, Ora Ervin, Pearl Ervin, Perry Ervin, John Ervin, Walter Ervin, Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Ervin, Mr. and Mrs. William Houser, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Rondot, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Moore, Mrs. Rebecca Ervin.

INDIANA DROUGHT IN 1764

LONG BEFORE AX AND TILE CAME TO HELP MAKE ONE.

Historian Parkman Records a Season When the Maumee River Was Almost Dried Up.

(Indianapolis News.)

"It is well known," said William C. Thompson, "that in its early settlement Indiana was subject to extremes of heat and cold, though possibly not to the same extent as now, and that droughts of considerable severity sometimes occurred, though not with the frequency of recent years. There is an authentic reference to a drought of great severity which affected part of the region surrounding the great lakes, and a part of the Ohio alley, long before the advent of the white settler It occurred in the summer and autumn of 1764, just after the close of the French and Indian war, and while the war with the Indian tribes, under the leadership of the chief Pontiac, was in progress. The drought affected especially the Maumee and Sandusky rivers flowing into Lake Erie, and the head waters of the Scioto. Great Miami and Wabash.

"Francis Parkman, the historian, relates that when a messenger was sent by the British commander at Detroit, then recently wrested from the French, to communicate with Pontiac, encamped on the Maumee, a short distance below where Fort Wayne is now situated, the waters of the Maumee river were so low by reason of extreme drought that the British messenger and his attendants were compelled to drag their canoes over rocks and sandbars a good part of the distance from the mouth of the Maumee, near the present site of Toledo, to the headwaters of the stream, near Fort Wayne. He also states that the same autumn a detachment of British soldiers could not ascend the Sandusky river in canoes, by reason of great drought and low water, when they contemplated subduing the hostile Shawnees in the Scioto valley. Here is a record of a widespread drought, while the forest and prairie were yet primeval, and before the coming of the white settler with those modern drought-makers, the ax and the drain tile."

COLLINGWOOD.

The Misses Surfus entertained a number of guests in honor of the Misses Evelyn Mommer and Margery Monahan, of Fort Wayne, with a conundrum party. Those present were: Misses Emma Barrett, Dora Garman, Hattie Flanigan, Opha Carnahan, Lizzie Rowley, Maud Howey and Messrs. Charles Surfus, Carl Rowley, Orange Barrett and Harry Surfus. The evening was pleasantly spent in games and music. Miss Anna Surfus and Miss Margery Monahan gave a cake walk, accompanied by the pianist, Miss Evelyn Mommer. First prize in the conundrum contest was awarded to Miss Maud Howey, of Leo, and the consolation prize was awarded to Miss Opha Carnahan, of Collingwood. Cake and ice cream were served.

BIG FIRE AT MARION.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 6.—Fire today destroyed the entire plant of the Indiana Pulp and Paper company, with the exception of the finishing department. Loss, $175,000; insurance, $60,000.

NUMBER OF DEAD IS UNKNOWN

Seven Bodies Taken From Ruins Wrought by the Explosion in Philadelphia and Many More Are Believed to Be Dead.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 6.—Seven persons, all colored, are known to be dead as a result of the terrible gasoline explosion last night which tore to atoms six buildings on Locust street between Tenth and Eleventh streets and wrecked over a score of others.

As to the number that yet remain in the ruins of the wrecked buildings all is mere speculation.

But one of the seven that perished has been identified. This is Annie Harris, a child 4 years old, who lived at 1013 Locust street, on the opposite side of the street from the building in which the explosion occurred.

The unidentified dead are: A child about 2 years of age; two women and a man at the Pennsylvania hospital, and a man at the Jefferson hospital.

It was 7 o'clock this morning before firemen, after working hard all night, had the smouldering ruins sufficiently cooled off to enable them to begin a search for the bodies which are supposed to be beneath the wrecked buildings.

THE BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

Their attention was first directed to 1018 Locust street, the building occupied by Albert D. Mountain, grocer. In this building at the time of the explosion there were Robert and Dalton Mountain and Lizzie Mountain, children of the proprietor of the store. None of them has been accounted for. No. 1016 Locust street was occupied by Patrick Quigley as a grocery, Quigley, his wife, three children and an uncle were in the building when the explosion occurred. The only ones in this family thus far accounted for is Quigley and his uncle. At 1014 Locust street George McClenny also conducted a small grocery. It is here that the explosion is thought to have occurred. The building was occupied by McClenny, his wife, a clerk and a servant. At the time of the disaster Mrs. McClenny was visiting in West Philadelphia and the others are thought to have been in the building.

Where the greatest number probably perished is at 1012 Locust street. Here William Jones, colored, conducted a boarding house. He had a score of boarders, but the number in the building at the time cannot be learned positively. The police officials say, however, that it is probable that half a dozen bodies will be taken from the debris of this building alone.

At 1010 Locust street M. Rosenthal, wife and five children lived. They escaped with broken limbs and contusions, but the building was completely wrecked.

BLOWN FORTY FEET.

In the Rosenthal home was a boarder named Frank Schmidt. He was seated at a third-story window reading when the explosion occurred. Schmidt was blown through the window and landed upon the top of a stable forty feet from the wrecked buildings. He escaped with a few bruises.

Forty-eight perons all told were taken to the two hospitals close at hand. Of this number six are probably fatally injured, twenty-eight are suffering from fractured limbs and burns, while the injuries of the others consist of slight cuts from flying debris. The block where the explosion occurred is in a section populated largely by colored persons.

The building where the explosion is supposed to have occurred is in the center of the group of houses situated between Alder and Warneck streets, small thoroughfares running parallel with Tenth street. In this space on the south side of Locust street the demolition is complete, while on the opposite side of the street not a pane of glass nor a door remained intact.

EXPLOSION TERRIFIC.

The force of the explosion was terrific. Huge plate glass windows in the building occupied by the Western Saving Fund, which is located more than a block from where the disaster occurred, were broken into thousands of pieces, while scarcely a house or store within a radius of a block escaped broken windows or shattered doors.

The scene at the wreck and at the hospitals this morning is sickening. Persons who had relatives and friends living in the wrecked structures are standing about weeping and almost distracted, hoping that their loved ones may have escaped a terrible death, but fearful of the worst.

The work of searching in the ruins is necessarily slow. There is a steady downpour of rain, which which makes the debris hard to handle.

The property loss will amount to about $75,000, on which there is small insurance.

BOILERMAKER HURT.

Walter Heine, of the Bass shop, a son of the well known boilermaker, J. C. Heine, of the Bass works, was severely injured at the Gleuting & Bauer farm, a mile west of New Haven, at 7 o'clock last Sunday. The young man was riding his wheel on the New Haven pike, when a man driving a gray horse ran him down. Heine was thrown to the ground and the horse jumped over him, pulling the buggy over him also. A big hole was cut in the right side of the abdomen of the young man and he was cut and bruised otherwise. The driver of the horse which ran over young Heine never stopped to see how badly he was hurt, but whipped the animal and went down the road at a break-neck speed, outrunning the wheelmen who were after him with a view of getting his name and filing affidavits against him. The driver was evidently intoxicated. Mr. Heine will be unable to work for some days, on account of his severe injuries.

Rev. Father M. Louen, of Huntington, is in the city today the guest of Rev. Father Oechtering Within a few weeks Rev. Father Louen will succeed Rev. Father Lafontaine as pastor at St. Vincent's north of the city.

NEW, ATTRACTIVE GOODS OF ALL KINDS FOR

U. S. Stamps.

Which are given by the most reliable and leading merchants in the city.

Any premium in the store for one book of U. S. STAMPS.

228 Calhoun Street.

WE ARE CROWDED FOR ROOM!

Our buyers have been searching the Eastern markets for bargains, and the goods have commenced to arrive.

In order to find room for them, we will continue to sell for a short time at Our Re-Organization Sale Prices. Here they are:

Clothing Department.

Knee Suits, $1.25 value.....48c
Men's Cheviot Suits, $5.00 value $1.98
Men's Pants, 75c value.....39c

Shoe Department.

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, $1.00 to $1.50 value.....25c
Misses' Shoes, worth $1.25.....45c
Infant's Shoes and Oxfords, 50c..10c
Ladies' fine Patent Leather $3.00 Shoes $1.69
Men's fine Dress Shoes, $1.50 to $2.00 ..... 98c
Boys' fine Dress Shoes, $1.25 to $1.50 ..... 69c

Men's Furnishings.

Neckwear, 25c value.....9c
Neckwear, 50c value.....19c
Suspenders, 20c value.....9c
Suspenders, 50c value.....23c
Handkerchiefs, 20c value.....8c
Handkerchiefs, 10c value.....4c
Fancy Half Hose, 10c value.....3c
Fancy Half Hose, dotted, 25c value 9c

Skirts.

Mercerized Silk Skirts.....59c
Mercerized Silk Skirts, pleated..88c
Walking Skirts.....95c

Men's Underwear.

Balbriggan, 50c value.....10c

Ladies' Underwear and Hosiery.

Ladies' and Misses' Vests, 10c value 4c
Ladies' seamless Hose, white feet 8c
Ladies' Seamless Fancy Hose, 20c value..... 10c
Girls' Ribbed Hose, 10c.....4c

Hat & Cap Department.

1,500 Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps, the sample line of Sweet, Dempster & Co., Chicago; values up to $3.50 .....9c, 19c, 25c, 48c, 69c, 98c

Ladies' Handkerchiefs.

100 dozen Ladies' Plain and Colored Border, Hem Stitched Handkerchiefs; many worth 3c to 5c; only 1c
Ladies' fine Hand Embroidered All-Linen Handkerchiefs, values up to 35c; only 15c

Ribbons.

VALUES THAT FAR EXCEED ANY YET OFFERED.

Big assortments All-Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, bright colors, silk novelties, etc.; will be sold as long as lot lasts; worth 25c; only 5c

Laces.

Big lot of Laces just on sale. Special price for this week only.
Torchon, large variety, 15c values 4c

Linens.

22 by 38 inch heavy Unbleached Towels, 8 and 10c sort.....5c
Big lot Bleached, Fringed Towels, half regular price.....3c
Full size all white Bed Spreads, soft finish, $1.25 kind.....59c
54 inch full Bleached Table Damask, worth 40c yard 19c
Red Table Cloths, worth 25c..12½c

Men's Shirts.

Extra well made Shirts, reinforced backs, 50c kind 23c
Negligee Shirts, Percale and Madras, worth $1.00, only 39c
Fine Laundried Shirts, great assortment, all styles, $1.00 kind 39c

Wash Fabrics.

Lower prices.

Best quality Calico, yard 3¾c
Best Ginghams .....4½c yard
32 inch fine Lawn, 10c value, yard 4c

Fashionable Millinery.

Ladies' Rough Straw Sailors....15c
Rough Straw Sailors, $1.00 values 48c
Hand-made Chiffon covered Hats, wire frames, the $2.00 sort....98c
Short back Sailors; others get $1.00; this week 39c
All our ready-trimmed $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 Hats, this week $1.98

The exceptionally low prices we quote here will crowd our store all week. We advise that you come in the mornings. Extra salespeople.

THE FAIR, 4 and 6 HARRISON STREET.

Skin-Tortured Babies

And Worn-out Worried Mothers Find Comfort in Cuticura.

INSTANT RELIEF AND REFRESHING SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES and rest for tired mothers, in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusted, and blotchy humours of the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children.

Millions Use Cuticura SOAP assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby itchings, rashes, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment of Every Humour,

Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Mergentheim's Millinery Store. OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Buy An.... Eastman

THE BEST MADE.

M. L. Jones, 12 W. WAYNE ST.

Money to Loan.
—AT—
FIVE PER CENT.
ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.
C. B. FITCH,
65 CLINTON ST.

Business - Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

No. 39 West Main Street.

Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans,

No. 24 West Wayne Street,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $250,000.

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.

President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—Jobon Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,

Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

SURPLUS, $75,000.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.

ABSTRACTER OF TITLE.

INSURANCE.

COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.

James E. Graham,

Room 16, Bank Block,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Stenographer and Notary Public in office. 'Phone 615 Main.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

A Sunday school picnic will be held at Five Points on Saturday, August 17th, and a day of much pleasure is being looked forward to by the young people of that vicinity. Ice cream and other refreshments will be served.

FARMERS' DAY AT WINONA.

Saturday, Aug. 10th, will be Farmers' day at Winona Lake, Ind. Rev. Sam Jones will give an address in the Auditorium at 2:30 p. m.; subject, "Shams and the Genuine." The Winona band will give a concert at 4:30 and 8 p. m. Farmers' meeting will be held in the Auditorium at 1:30 p. m. J. M. Studebaker and others will give addresses. A large attendance is expected.

LAUNDRY WORKERS MEET.

An entertainment will probably be given within a short time for the benefit of the Laundry Workers' union, and the matter was discussed at an enthusiastic meeting held by the union at the city hall Tuesday evening. The union will receive its charter within a short time and it is expected that practically all the 150 laundry workers in the city will soon be enrolled as members.

MONEY IS RETURNED.

Dr. Sierra Blanca, of South Bend, was in the city yesterday and secured from the Fort Wayne postoffice the return of a registered package containing $1,500 mailed by him last week to a South Bend lady. The postal authorities there declined to deliver the package to the person addressed on the grounds that identification was not complete. The cash was returned to Fort Wayne and Dr. Blanca secured his money.

Horace Randall, of Indianapolis, is in the city today on a business mission.

CELERY KING NATURE'S CURE

A Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celery King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation, and Nervy Stomach, Liver and Kidney Diseases.

BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family." WILHELMINA NAGEL, 1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 315

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Noble Olds left today for Bear Lake.

Walter Freese has gone to Buffalo to spend a week.

O. P. Franks, of Albion, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Miss Florence Wise, of Chicago, is visiting Miss Mary Shoaff.

Miss Ethel Hanna has returned from a visit in Rome City.

Mrs. H. W. Kohrman has returned from a visit in Alexandria.

Mrs. Louis Amen and daughter are visiting relatives in Detroit.

D. M. Hatfield, of Ossian, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. W. M. Enslen has gone to Elida, Ohio, to visit relatives.

Mrs. William Haenel has returned from a visit in Bellevue, Ohio.

Miss Charlotte Geisman, of Toledo, is visiting Miss Leora Kanaga.

Emil Kettler and mother have left on an extended tour of the lakes.

Miss Margaret Smith, of Toledo, is visiting Miss Marguerite Huestis.

J. W. Welch and family have gone to Cleveland and Buffalo for visits.

Messrs. Herbert Erickson and Burton Halderman have gone to Buffalo.

Miss Bertha Heustis has returned from a trip through northern Michigan.

An ice cream social will be given this evening in the Oak Grove school house.

Mrs. Charles Weimar is entertaining Mrs. David Livingood and son, of Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Chalmer Schafer, of Decatur, are the guests of friends in the city.

Mrs. William Hess is at Kendallville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Merkling.

T. J. Bresnahan and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Julian Stier are visiting at Columbia City.

Mrs. E. A. Barnes and daughter, Georgiana, have returned from a visit in Grand Haven, Mich.

Miss Blanche Kelley, of Tipton, who has been visiting Miss Myrtle Kane, has returned home.

Miss Ida Biddle, of Canton, Ohio, who has been visiting Miss Anna Biddle, has returned home.

Miss Mary Randall has returned home to Avilla, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. A. E. Thomas.

The Misses Lillian Schmenk and Louisa Blust have returned from a visit at St. Clair Flats, Mich.

Mrs. Henrietta Nestel, residing at 243 West Creighton avenue, fell and broke her left arm yesterday.

The Misses Margaret and Agnes Cunningham have gone to South Bend and Chicago for visits.

Secretary J. W. Burns, of the Railroad Y. M. C. A., has returned from a vacation visit with relatives in Ohio.

J. Y. Shonff is quite ill, the result of a severe sprain from lifting a heavy article of furniture in his store.

A party of about twelve young people picnicked at Robison park last evening, chaperoned by Dr. and Mrs. M. F. Porter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Bilderback, of Leonidas, Mich., are expected in the city in a few days to visit Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bilderback.

Miss Norma Allen has returned from a visit at Colorado Springs and will occupy her cottage at Rome City for the balance of the season.

Miss Bessie Maxwell, of Buchanan street, has returned home after spending three months with her sister, Mrs. Edwin Brown, of Muncie.

Mrs. William Satterthwaite, who has been a patient at Hope hospital, returned to her home at Huntington last evening, greatly improved in health.

William Bradford Dickson will be in charge of the "experience meeting" of the members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Harmony hall, this evening.

Tomorrow evening Wayne tent, No. 54, K. O. T. M., will initiate a class of fifteen. At a recent meeting a class of eighty was taken in and the membership is now nearly 600.

The Misses Lillie Close and Lottie Bitner and Ernest Close, Harry Metzner and Robert Niedhammer spent Sunday in the country, the guests of Miss Sarah Brewer, near Maples.

Huntington Democrat: "'Pete' Collins, one of Fort Wayne's jolly policemen, who, with his wife, has been visiting friends in Huntington, returned to the Summit City today."

The Misses Jessie and Mae Fitch and brother, Roderick, left today for a trip by buggy to Morenci and Hudson, Mich. They will visit several northern Indiana lake resorts on their way home.

Bluffton News: "E. E. Tanner, organizer for the Teamsters' union, is here. About twenty members have signed, but the organization will not take place until Tanner has done some other work in the gas belt."

Among the contests at the excursion of the Knights of Columbus at Rome City on August 22, will be a fishing contest for ladies only. The lady catching the largest string of fish will be given a handsome prize.

Huntington Democrat: "Miss Margaret Michaels, trimmer at Mrs. Haller's millinery store, returned to her home in Fort Wayne Monday evening. It is probable she will not return to the city next season, as she thinks of taking a year's rest from work, having trimmed several seasons in succession."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Compiled by John C. Heller, abstracter, 32 East Berry street.)

—City.—

Joseph T. Aschey to the Haberkorn and Haley Manufacturing company, lot 136 Fletcher's addition, for $250.

Julia H. and R. M. Kingsley to the Haberkorn and Haley Manufacturing company, lots 139 and 140 Fletcher's addition, for $450.

Susan E. and Elias Hire to Allen County Loan and Savings association, lot 6 Snider's addition, for $1,200.

Millard F. and Annie Gay to Allen County Loan and Savings association, lot 20 S. W. Stoop's addition, for $1,500.

Mary Edsall to Mary Owens, lot 4 Trenmel's sub-division, for $1,200.

Robert L. and Bertha Remy to Haberkorn and Haley Manufacturing company, lots 132 and 135 Fletcher's addition, for $300.

—Country.—

George A. and Matilda C. Higgins to H. B. Roller, trustee, Springfield township, lot 6 in Maysville, for $600.

Adaline Orno et al. to Louise Orno, west half of north half of south half of northeast quarter, section 14, Springfield township, for $800.

Mary Zimmerman et al. to Adaline Orno, east half of west half of west half of southeast quarter, section 14, Springfield township, for $2,000.

Eliza H. and Fred J. Hayden to Mary Coe Ninde, part lot 2 plat "C," Washington township, for $350.

NEGRO IS SOLD FOR VAGRANCY.

Taylorsville, Ky., Aug. 7.—There was a curious scene yesterday, and one that reminded the older citizens of slave days, when Auctioneer Crabb stood upon the court house steps and sold Sy Lewis, colored, to the highest bidder. A large crowd was present, but no one seemed anxious to bid, probably because it was uncertain whether one could get any real benefit from the negro if he purchased him. He was finally knocked down to Arch Hays, a young farmer, for $2. Lewis was sold into servitude for a period of nine months upon being convicted at the last term of the circuit court of vagrancy.

PRISONER OFFERS BIG BOND.

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—Ben De Lamos, a federal prisoner in the penitentiary, has never missed a G. A. R. encampment and does not want to do so this year. He asks the United States authorities to release him during the meeting at Cleveland, and offers to give a bond of $100,000 to insure his safe return. De Lamos is the man who slept in the speaker's chair in the Alabama house of representatives as a tramp and within two years was elected a member and afterward filled the same chair as speaker. He is serving a sentence for a technical violation of the pension laws.

DR. SHRYOCK HONORED.

Dr. William W. Shryock, of this city, has been honored by the American Dental association, now in annual session in Milwaukee, being requested to read a paper on "Orthodonthia." The paper was submitted to the officials some time ago, and was selected from among articles by a number of the leading dentists of the country. The paper was read at the session this morning.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Mikesell have returned from a trip to New York, Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Can Keep Cool

If You Know How to FEED YOURSELF.

(Reasons below.)

Try Grape-Nuts.

HOT WEATHER FOOD.

The selection of food for hot weather is an important question. We should avoid an excess of fats, cut down the butter ration and indulge more freely in fruits and food easy of digestion. One meat meal per day is sufficient during hot weather.

An ideal breakfast is Grape-Nuts, treated with a little cream (which, by the way, supplies the necessary fat in a very digestible form) a cup of Postum Cereal Food Coffee, hot, or if cold, it should have a little lemon juice squeezed in; then some fruit, either cooked or raw; also perhaps two slices of entire wheat bread with a very thin spread of butter. A breakfast of this sort is so perfectly adapted to the wants of the system that one goes through the heat of the day in comfort as compared with the sweaty, disagreeable condition of one improperly fed. Once put in practice, the plan will never be abandoned during the hot days, for the difference in one's personal comfort is too great to be easily forgotten.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 24 W. Berry St. Jy9-1m

FOR RENT—Nine room house on South Calhoun St. by E. Gilmartin, lumber yard. 6tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, first floor. Inquire 77 E. Berry street. 7-30-tf

FOR RENT—Flat, second story, No. 50 Harrison street. Inquire at the Old National bank. 6-29-tf

FOR RENT—After October 1st, residence of Mrs. A. J. Laubach, 127 E. Washington street. 6-5t

FOR RENT—Room, with or without board, including bath. Day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 W. Wayne. 2-15-tf

FOR RENT—Two central houses; $15 to $18 per month; also business rooms. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room with bath and all conveniences to gentlemen or man and wife. 126 E. Wayne St. 6-6t

FOR RENT—Fine furnished room, also two rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and Home 'phone 1316. Apply, 22 W. Main St. 8-3-1m

FOR RENT — Pleasant furnished rooms, with board, on first and second floors; bath and all conveniences. 27 and 29 E. Washington St. 7-25-1mo

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, with access to bath room, on Montgomery street, two squares from Calhoun. Apply to Mrs. Knight, 78 Montgomery St. 6t2

FOR RENT—Eight-room dwelling house, with bath-room, furnace and electric lights, five squares from post office; $22 per month. T. J. Logan, office over Fruit House. 7-2t

FOR RENT—Plans are being drawn for the Flick building, 41-43 W. Berry. Parties wishing to lease the second or third floors for a period of 5 or 10 years can have rooms arranged for offices or lodge rooms as desired. Inquire at 33 W. Berry St. 7-17-tf

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10tf

FOR RENT—Two new flats, seven rooms each, hot and cold water and porcelain bath, closet and washstand; separate entrances to each flat; for rent August 1st; location, South Calhoun, near Masterson. Inquire of H. N. Ward, 233 West Berry street. Telephone 772. 7-15-1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Nearly new 8-room house on Wall St.; $1,600; a special bargain. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Belgian Hares—Select stock young Belgian hares for sale, $1 and upward. Apply after 4 o'clock, 322½ W. Washington street. 5-3t

FOR SALE—Two cottage houses on Hanna, near DeWald; nice for investment or home; will sell either or both, $1,400 each. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A bargain easy payments—new five-room cottage, electric wiring, gas; two squares from street car. For particulars, call on or address, C. K. Fairfield, 7 Belle avenue. 3-tf

FOR SALE—Oak and marble top stand, pictures, banquet lamp and Wilkie Collins, Dickens, Carlyle, Victor Hugo and other books at remarkably low prices at room 3, Arcade, second floor. 7-8-1m

FOR SALE—Or may exchange for good city property, three good 80-acre farms, with good frame houses and bank barns on each. For further particulars, call on S. Freistoffer, room 25, bank block. 27-wed&sat-1m

FOR SALE—That handsome block of ground fronting on Broadway, Savilla avenue and Home avenue (the apple orchard); price, $4,000, small payment, long time. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne St., opp. High school, or to any real estate agent. 7-6-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 4½ and 5 per cent., with privilege of partial payments; also money loaned on personal security; property for sale. P. A. & F. P. Randall, Bass block, Fort Wayne. d-wtf

Robert Spice,

PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER...

48 WEST MAIN STREET.

Office 'phone 261—Residence 1047

Mrs. Charles Sovine, of 22 Wells street, underwent an operation at St. Joseph hospital yesterday morning. Dr. H. L. Deming was the operating surgeon.

WANTED.

WANTED—Second cook. Apply, Rich hotel. 5tf

WANTED—Everybody to call up Consumers' Ice Co.; both phones 594. m18-tf

WANTED—To buy 5 to 25 acres of land near town. Address, W., care Sentinel. 6t2

WANTED—Experienced overall makers; steady employment. Apply at Hoosier Mfg. Co. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Piano pupils; the latest system taught. Emma Frappier, 76 Murray street. 7-6t

WANTED—Small residence property; give location and price. Address Property, care Sentinel Office. 7-2t

WANTED—One $10 house; also one $12 house; must be east of Calhoun street. Address "House," Sentinel office. 31-tf

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18tf

WANTED—First-class salesladies at Mergentheim's millinery store; only those having had experience need apply.

WANTED—To trade a vacant lot, size 50x150, for a good horse and buggy. Address, J. M. G., letter carrier No. 15. 1-9t

WANTED—By a competent seamstress, sewing by the day; understands first-class cutting and fitting. M. S. A., general delivery, city. 6-2t

WANTED—To buy a small property of about five rooms, with improvements; northern part of city preferable. Call or address, 20 Wagner street, City. 6-2t

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to start in a money making business with my new patent in every county and state. Call on Mrs. Long, 64 Barr St. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to engage in respectable money-making business as canvassers for publishing house. Address E. A., care Fort Wayne Sentinel. 7-2t

WANTED—Ideas: The demand for quinine is large and the supply small; a substitute would pay. W. G. Burns, Patent Attorney, 80 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

WANTED—Ladies, consult Mme. Place, M. B. C., in regard to your facial blemishes, 38 W. Wayne St. Electric bath, beauty culture, manicure and hair dressing parlors, for ladies only. 2-28-tf

WANTED—Men that would like to be barbers. We will teach the work in two months, give outfit of tools and pay $12 weekly when competent. Make application by mail. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 3-6t

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's Employment Office, 39 West Washington street, wants 10 cooks and 10 second girls for private families; several dining-room girls in and out of city; general house girls; no charge to girls. 16-tf

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizen's Trust Company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000. Interest paid on deposits. 8tf

WANTED—Cancers, tumors, birthmarks and all morbid growths removed without the use of surgeon's ghastly knife. One application does the work. Cure guaranteed. Dr. Zimmerman, Sanitarium, 38 West Wayne street, corner Harrison, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-28-tf

WANTED—A lady of refinement wishes a position with a nice family as lady's or young girl's companion or children's nurse; is conversant in German language, proficient in modern lace making, possesses musical talent and some knowledge about nursing. Address M. Reese, Kneipp Sanitarium, Rome City, Ind. 6-2t

LOST.

LOST—Gold locket, containing two pictures; monogram "L. F." Finder please return to Frankel Tailoring Co.

LOST—On East Washington street, near end of car line, a tan chatelaine pocketbook. Finder leave at this office and receive reward. 5tG

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERRY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St. Specialty:—Disease of Women Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m to 3:30 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Drs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs.

'Phone 1176. 98 Calhoun St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Why not buy in the Vesey addition, on Broadway and double your money? E. Doud Agent.

FOR SALE—Nos. 94 and 96 Wi owner non-resident; will mak gain price on application. Doud, agent.

FOR SALE—Light leather Brewster buggy and a light made harness. Apply at 192 Wayne street.

FOR SALE—I will sell nice lots in Vesey's addition at $1 month at same price as cash E. Doud, Agent. 7

FOR SALE OR RENT—S houses in different parts of t monthly payments. J. F. 52 Bank block. 8-

FOR SALE—If you want mon personal security see "ad" o ond page, first column. Ro Arcade, upstairs. 1

FOR SALE—A grocery and s doing a good business; reason selling, other business. A Box 14, care Sentinel. 6

FOR SALE—A very desirable 8- residence on W. Superior St.; central; only $1,800. W. E. Do over Old National bank.

FOR SALE—Nearly new residen fine location, 39 Fox St.; own going to Oklahoma; a bargain sold now. W. E. Doud, Agt.

FOR SALE—A fine home, with water, bath and lights, near R voir lake; price for a few days $2,700. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7

FOR SALE—New 7-room hous central west end; with bath plete. Price, $2,650. W Doud, over Old National bank.

FOR SALE—Eight-room house; stairs; lot 32x150; water, sewer; price $1,400. Val Ro 23 Court St. Telephone 49 5-1

FOR SALE—The best lots in the beautiful addition; for parti ask about the Vesey addition. E. Doud, Agent, over Old Na bank. 7-

FOR SALE—A full corner lot good residence, 7 rooms, on W ferson St.; price cut to $3,500 location. W. E. Doud, over National bank. 7-

FOR SALE—Any kind of reas terms granted on choice lo Vesey's addition, on Broa first choice to buyers now. W Doud, Agent. 7

FOR SALE—Vesey addition lots Broadway; will soon be on car present prices will then adva certainly an easy proposition. E. Doud, Agent. 7

FOR SALE—One of the choice Col bia Ave. homes at the greates gain price ever offered in Lakes For particulars call on W. E. D over Old National bank.

FOR SALE—Choice building lo the new central addition at Jel son and Fulton Sts.; select your at once; prices very reasonabl E. Doud, over Old National.

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—Four acre tracts; 25 acres, 7 miles city; 10 acres, 3 miles from 10 acres, 7 miles out; 13 acre miles out; 10 acres, 6 miles 7 acres, 2 miles out; one 5 house, No. 7 Summit St., $1 Inquire of R. C. Niswonger & 18 Harrison St. 4m26d

FOR SALE—A brick store on St., $3,300; will rent $25 a mi A 5-room house on Hugh St., A 5-room house on Boone St., 050. A 7-room house on E. liams St., $2,100. A 7-room l on Esmond St., a bargain. room house on Erie St. Tw two acres two miles from city lts, a bargain. A 6-room ho on Cass St., $1,650. John T. ner, Real Estate and Loans Court St. 1-1

FOR SALE—Lot, 198 feet from 350 feet deep; on Maple Ave. of the finest locations surrounc Fort Wayne; good buildings, trees and shrubery; natural Anyone wishing a suburban could have no better location. on Clinton St., between Wayne Washington Sts.; 75 feet fro 110 deep; good dwelling th Two-story frame dwelling, 7 ro stable, natural gas, full lot, for 500; located on E. Leith, Schrader & Wilson, first flo Court St.

FOR SALE—Lots 23, 24, 25, 2 Huffman street, north side, e high lots overlooking town to south; street car extension exp this season or next, and is propc to change name Huffman stree Huffman avenue; price of $700 each; small payments, time; also for sale, farther w 18 lots platted as "Huffr Heights Addition" (the grove) ner Huffman and Andrew sts price, $4,000, for entire plat, payment, long time to suit; a bargain. Apply to Henry M. liams, East Wayne St., opp. school, or to any real estate

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

ORDER FOR THE BATTLE ISSUED

President Shaffer's Mandate to the Army of the Amalgamated Association Said to Have Gone Forth---Notice to Combine.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 6.—The Leader says President Shaffer announced this afternoon that the general order calling out all the Amalgamated men in all of the steel combine mills to strike would go out this afternoon. He declined to give out a copy of the order in advance of its receipt by the lodges. He said it would go to them first before it would be made public.

A New Castle, Pa., special says:

"The employes of the National Steel company in this city have been ordered out by President Shaffer. The mill will close down at midnight tonight. Vice President Chappelle will address a meeting of the men tomorrow morning."

NOTICE TO THE COMBINE.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 6.—President Shaffer called a meeting of the national officers for a secret session at 2 o'clock this afternoon to submit the proclamation and notice to the manufacturers of the intended general strike.

The circular prepared by President Shaffer notified the manufacturers that he proposed to order out the men in the plants of the United States Steel corporation now operating with men belonging to the Amalgamated association if they do not make overtures for peace.

The circular was approved by the board and will be printed and sent out this evening.

STRIKE ORDER NOT ISSUED.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 6.—The general strike order was not issued by President Shaffer this morning and it may be delayed beyond the time limit made by him yesterday. He says there are sufficient reasons for the delay, but the only apparent cause is said to be the hope entertained that the officers of the big steel corporation may soon realize the serious results that will follow a general closing of the union plants and make overtures for peace.

The Amalgamated association, it is explained, does not want to take hasty action and proposes to rest quietly for awhile. From the meager reports from the officials of the steel combines, they are not worrying over the delay, and seem to be confident as ever that they will win.

ENCOURAGED BY DELAY.

They are encouraged over the delay in issuing the strike order and believe it is due to the fact that the officers of the workers' organization are not certain of their ability to bring out the union men desired. One thing appears certain and that is that President Shaffer will not call out the men before the latter part of the week. President Shaffer was at his office at 9 o'clock this morning and at once went to work. It is said that he is preparing the notices to the different companies, which will state that he intends to call the men out.

These notices will probably be got out today. No attempt has been made to start any of the mills in this city, now tied up by the Amalgamated association, but a rumor is current in the west end today that an effort will be made to start the Painter mill non-union this week. A number of fires in the mill have been lighted and while the management refuses to talk, there is every indication that something in that direction is being planned.

This morning it was reported that the management had secured three rollers, one of them a striker, who have agreed to go back. It is also said that they will get enough helpers today to start the trio on one set of rolls. A number of the strikers were seen and they say that they have heard the report and believe it to be true.

At Clark's mill and the plant of Lindsay & McCutcheon conditions are unchanged.

SITUATION ELSEWHERE.

Leechburg, Pa.—Two mills of the Hyde Park plant, which started up yesterday, worked through the night and are still in operation. No trouble has occurred, but a clash between the strikers and non-union men at midnight was narrowly averted. There is a noticeable increase of strikers' friends about the town today, while only a few new men came from Apollo and Vandergrit to work in the mill.

McKeesport, Pa.—The strikers and mill officials are inactive. The Amalgamated association is engaged in strengthening its organization in the two rolling mills of the National Tube company and it is now announced that every man in the Boston plant will come out and that 95 per cent. of the men in the National mill are members of the association. The Amalgamated officials also claim that in spite of the vigilance of the mill officials lodges have been formed in the Carnegie mills at Homestead and Duquesne.

Wellsville, Ohio.—The plant is working stronger today than at any time since the strike began. Five of the six mills were running and Manager Brookman says it will only be a question of a day or so until the plant will be running in full capacity. The strikers are orderly and are no longer interfering with the non-union men.

THE SAN FRANCISCO STRIKE.

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Negotiations for a settlement of the labor troubles having resulted in failure, the indications now are that the strike will not be ended until after a bitter and protracted struggle. Mayor Phelan's closing statement of his services as mediator presents both sides of the controversy.

Governor Gage is now in the city and has been for two days, watching the progress of events in the labor troubles. He has been gathering information at first hand and has interviewed the labor leaders. He came to San Francisco expressly to be on the ground in the event of any emergency arising requiring his presence, and has declared his intention to act as a mediator between the employers and the employes should his services be desired.

TENDERS HIS RESIGNATION

A. D. CRAIG BIDS SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS GOOD-BYE.

Retiring Superintendent of County Association Has a Kindly Word in Leaving.

The following letter is self-explanatory:

Bicknell, Ind., Aug. 5, 1901.—E. A. K. Hackett, President Allen County Sunday School Association, Fort Wayne, Ind.: Dear Brother:—Having purchased the News at Bicknell, Ind., I am compelled to tender to you my resignation as superintendent of the Allen County Sunday School association. Be it assured that in severing my connection with the Sunday school work in Allen county it is with the keenest feeling of regret that I must say good-bye. Words fail me to express my thanks to you, S. F. Bowser, Levi Binkley, J. C. F. McMaken, E. C. Carrington, J. D. Gloyd, F. C. Hubler and a host of others who have been so loyal in helping me along with the work in the county. I feel to make mention of the ministry throughout the entire county and thank them for the earnest and hearty co-operation in the Sunday school work. To my many friends in each township (which I number by the hundred) I thank you all for the kindness received at your hands. As I am still a resident of your state I will ever keep an eye on Allen county, trusting that you will all do your best to keep old Allen in the front rank in Sunday school work, and may the blessing of Him "who doeth all things well" ever rest upon you all.

Your obedient servant,

A. D. Craig.

There was a lively fight at Williamsport, this county, last Saturday night, in which William Schultz, a big farmer, got decidedly the worst of it. The participants were all partially intoxicated and had had trouble before the big fight was pulled off. Schultz is a very big fellow and none of his assailants cared to tackle him single handed, so they waited until he started through an alley to get his horse when they landed on him and used him up pretty badly. Yesterday he came to town and in France's court filed affidavits against Bob Rhoades (colored), "Cash" Lotz and Peter Ludwig. Deputies Daseler and Reichelderfer went out last evening to make the arrests. Ludwig got away, but the other two were brought to town and locked up. They were taken before Justice France this morning who set the time for the hearing for tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Being unable to furnish bail the defendants went to jail.

SIXTY WELLS DRILLED.

(Bluffton Banner.)

C. Max Huffman, of Fort Wayne, was in the city today superintending some repair work at the gas pumping station. Mr. Huffman stated that the Gas company is ready for winter with a good supply of gas. Sixty wells have been drilled in Blackford and Grant counties for the benefit of Fort Wayne and Bluffton. Mr. Huffman is now posing as a philanthropist, and the people of Fort Wayne certainly owe him that title. Last week Fort Wayne was suffering from a water famine, but Mr. Huffman came to their relief by loaning the two compressors at the Bluffton pumping station. The order was sent here at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning and at 6 o'clock on Thursday morning Fos Harbaugh and Bob Johnson delivered the compressors in Fort Wayne. They were loaned to the city, rent free, and take the place of compressors on which the city was paying a rental of $600 a month.

GARDEN TRUCK HIGH.

The market this morning was unusually light and prices of country produce ranged unusually high. New potatoes sold at 30 cents a peck, corn at 15 cents a dozen and other stuff correspondingly high. The market gardeners say that the dry weather has made their crop very light and they predict still greater scarcity and higher prices.

FIRST CASE OF ITS KIND.

(Portland Commercial.)

Saturday morning, Judge Smith heard the case relative to May Garrett for whom admission is sought to the feeble minded school at Fort Wayne. After the testimony was given he gave a decision to the effect that she is a proper person to go there. The case is the first of its kind to be tried in Jay county, and is under a law enacted by the last legislature, which gives permission that a certain number of adult females can be admitted to the institution mentioned.

The thirty-seventh annual gathering of the Central district of the Missouri synod of the German Lutheran church will open tomorrow morning at St. Paul's Lutheran church on Barr street, and delegates to the number of about 350 are expected to be in attendance. The delegates, ministers, professors, teachers and laymen began to arrive in the city this morning and it is believed that the full quota will be here for the opening session tomorrow morning.

Eugene M. Fitch, who was one of the fortunate ones on the drawing of the new Oklahoma lands, will remain in the west and prove up his claim, though Mr. Fitch has no idea of engaging in agricultural pursuits permanently. Instead of this, he will embark in the real estate, loan and insurance business, probably at Anadarko. M. T. Stokes, who went to Oklahoma with Mr. Fitch and also secured a quarter section of land, will return home soon to prepare for removal there.

LOVE AFFAIR THE CAUSE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 6.—A young man who attempted suicide in a hardware store here yesterday by shooting himself in the mouth was identified today as O. H. Almorth, of Boston. A brother, Gustave, is said to reside at Cambridge. The hospital physicians say Almorth may recover. A love affair is supposed to have caused the shooting.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Wheat was quiet today. September opened ⅛c to ⅛c lower at 70¾c to 70⅞c in sympathy with corn and because the Liverpool advance was disappointing when compared to the bulge here yesterday. After touching 70⅜c September declined to 70¼c, but immediately rallied to 70⅝@70⅝c. Local receipts were 543 cars, 161 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported a total of 137 cars against 109 last week and 210 a year ago.

September later broke to 69⅝c, but rallied to 70¾c on damage claims from the northwest. Lack of export support and the corn weakness caused further weakness, however, and the market declined to 70c and closed weak, ½@⅝c lower, at 70@70½c.

Trade in corn also was quiet. The weather was reported favorable over most of the belt. September opened ⅛c to ¼c down at 57½c to 57⅝c and eased to 57c. Receipts were 253 cars.

The close was weak, 1c down, at 56⅜c.

Oats ruled ¼c easier on liberal receipts and in sympathy with corn. September opened unchanged at 35c and sold off to 34½c. Receipts were 173 cars.

Provisions were dull and easier because of lower prices in hogs. September pork opened 2½c to 5c lower at $14.12½@14.15; September lard and September ribs opened 5c depressed, the former at $8.70 and the latter at $7.87½.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follow:

Wheat—Aug., 69⅛c; Sept., 70@70½c; Oct., 70⅜c; Dec., 72½@72⅝c.

Corn—Aug., 55½c; Sept., 56⅜c; Oct., 57¼c; Dec., 57⅛c; May, 59⅜c.

Oats—Aug., 34⅝c; Sept., 34⅝c; Oct., 34⅞c; May, 37⅛c.

Pork — Aug., $13.87½; Sept., $13.87½; Oct., $14.05; Jan., $14.90.

Lard—Aug., $8.60; Sept., $8.62½; Oct., $8.67½; Nov., $8.72½; Dec., $8.65; Jan., $8.65.

Ribs—Aug., $7.72½; Sept., $7.80@7.82½; Oct., $7.87½; Jan., $7.72½@7.75.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.65; western, $1.63; Sept., $1.69; Oct., $1.63.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 24,000, including 1,100 Texans; market steady. Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.30; poor to medium, $4.40@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.00; cows, $2.75@4.50; heifers, $2.25@4.90; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4.30; calves, $3.00@4.50; Texas steers, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts today, 21,000; tomorrow, 28,000; left over, 3,854. Market 5c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.70@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.95@6.20; rough heavy, $5.50@5.80; light, $5.70@5.90; bulk of sales, $5.80@6.00.

BUTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Butter—Market firm; creameries, 14½@20c; dairies, 13½@16½c.

Cheese—Market steady; twins, 9¾@10c; young Americas, 10¼@10½c; daisies, 10½@10¾c.

Eggs—Market steady, 14@14½c.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 6.—Flour—Receipts, 19,695 bbls; sales, 3,950 pkgs; state and western market was slow and steadily held on the top grades; winter straights, $3.30@3.50.

Wheat—Receipts, 283,700 bush; sales, 2,355,000 bush; market opened firm on covering and foreign buying, but declined abruptly with western weakness and unloading. Sept., 75¼@76 3-16c; Oct., 76⅛@76⅝c; Dec., 77⅜@77⅝ c. i. f.

Rye—Market steady; state, 55@56 c. i. g. New York car lots; No. 2, western, 60c f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 151,000 bush; sales, 135,000 bush; market developed weakness under realizing, the drop in wheat and improved crop news. Sept., 60⅝@61¼c; Dec., 61⅛@61¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 46,700 bush; market was inactive and easier with corn; track white, state, 40@49c; track white, western, 40@49c.

Beef—Market steady.

Pork—Market dull.

Lard—Market easy; prime western, steamed, $9.00.

Butter—Receipts, 13,454 pkgs; market steady; state dairy, 14@19c; creamery, 16@20c; western, June factory, 15@15½c; imitation creamery, 14@17½c.

Cheese—Receipts, 2,036 pkgs; market weak; fancy large colored, 9c; fancy large white, 9¾c; fancy small colored, 9¾c; fancy small white, 9½@9¾c.

Eggs—Receipts, 11,310 pkgs; market steady; state and Pennsylvania, 16@18c; western, candled, 12@16½c; western, uncandled, 8@14c.

Sugar—Raw, quiet; fair refining, 3 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-32c; molasses sugar, 3 5-16c; refined, quiet; crushed, $5.85; powdered, $5.45; granulated, $5.35.

Coffee—Market steady; No. 7 Ric, 5⅞c.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 7.—Flour—Spring wheat, $3.75@4.00; winter, per bbl., $3.50@3.75; Graham, $1.75 per cwt.; buckwheat, $2.60 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.10@1.25 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.00 per cwt.

Chop Feed—$1.00 per cwt.

Wheat—Old, 68c.

Wheat—New, 64c.

Corn—Yellow, 47c; mixed, 45c.

Oats—Old, 30c; new, 30c.

Rye—New, 50c.

Rye—Old, 50c.

Timothy Seed—$1.80 bu.

Cloverseed—$5.50@6.00.

Barley—35@45c.

Oil Meal—$1.40 per cwt.

Flax Seed—$1.25.

Hides—Green, 6½c; salted, 8c.

Calf Hides—Green, 9c.

Calf Hides—Salted, 10c.

Beeswax—25@26c.

Wool—Unwashed, 17c.

Wool—Washed, 25c.

Bran—Ton, $16.00.

Shorts—$16.00.

Middlings—Ton, $16.00.

Pork—On foot, $5.40@5.50.

Pork—Dressed, $6.25.

Cattle—$3.75@4.50.

Sheep—3¾c lb.

Lambs—4¾c lb.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—Old, $8.00@9.00; new, $5.00@6.00.

Clover—$5.00@6.00.

Mixed—$7.00@9.00.

Wheat Straw—$5.00@6.00.

Oat Straw—$5.00@6.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter Country, 15@16c.

Butter—Creamery, 22c.

Eggs—10c.

Lard—8c lb.

Chickens—Old, 7@8c.

Chickens—Dressed, 9@10c.

Spring Broilers—10@12c.

New Potatoes—$1.00@1.05 bu.

Honey—14@15c.

Apples—60@75c bu.

Onions—35@40c bu.

A YOUTHFUL FORGER.

Charles Cunningham, a young man only 17, yet old enough to have an unsavory reputation in police circles, was arrested last evening by Superintendent Gorseline and Detective Coling for forgery. The circumstances were about as follows: Yesterday afternoon Cunningham went to the Jacobs shoe store and offered to discount a due bill on T. J. Peter for $30 for $28.50. Occasionally Mr. Peter issues time bills to employes which they have cashed between pay days at various stores down town. The due bills or time orders are invariably redeemed by Mr. Peter on regular pay days. The order presented to Mr. Lehman at the shoe store read as follows:

"Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 5, 1901.—Due Chas. Cunningham the sum of thirty ($30) dollars.

"T. J. Peter.
"Mc."

Mr. Lehman was suspicious of the order when it was presented, but told the young man that he did not have the money right then but if he would come in in an hour or so he would be pleased to cash it for him at the discount offered. The young man said he would be back and Mr. Lehman telephoned Superintendent Gorsline. Communication was immediately had with Mr. Peter, from whom it was learned that no such a bill as the one presented had been issued. The superintendent and Detective Coling went to the store and kept in the background awaiting the arrival of Cunningham, who promptly put in an appearance and was pleasantly greeted by Mr. Lehman, who handed him out $28.50 for his due bill. Then the officers took a hand and in few minutes Cunningham was landed back of the bars. This morning he pleaded guilty to uttering the forged paper, but denied having written it. He said a friend of his wrote the bill and gave it to him to have cashed. This statement is born out by the fact that the chirography of Cunningham's signature on the back of the bill does not correspond with that of the face of the paper. After hearing the evidence Judge Bittenger bound the young man over to the circuit court in the sum of $500, in default of which bond Cunningham was remanded to jail.

FACTORY WANTS TO COME.

Secretary Monning, of the Commercial club, is in communication with a firm of chair manufacturers who are seeking a location for their factory, and have expressed a willingness to come to Fort Wayne. The matter will be placed in the hands of the club's committee on manufactures.

CONTINUED!

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE COULD NOT BE WAITED UPON So Great Was the Rush for Bargains.

To accommodate the many who went away unwaited on and to give others also a chance to get the benefit of our unparalelled cutt price sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Furnishings - - - - - - - -

We Will Continue this unprecedented anniversary sale until every dollar of our spring and summer stock is sold out. REMEMBER that we put sacrifice prices---cut and cut again---on all goods in order to move them out quick and make room for the colossal fall stock which is pouring in upon us---this is a saving of many dollars to the buyers.

DON'T MISS IT.

WOLFF BROS., - Universal Outfitters, 58 Calhoun Street.

isting Prices for ul Buyers.

ING OUT ALL SUMMER REGARDLESS OF COST.

d Linen Skirts, nicely ed with braid..... 98c
leavy Duck Skirts..... 93c
Covert Cloth Skirts.....98c
Black Mercerized Petti- $1.00
Wool Walking Skirts, in , Blue and Oxford Gray, worth $2.50, only.....$1.98
's Bazaar paper patterns—tern 10c.

LKER & NABLO,

ashington St. 118 Calhoun St.

Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

EDNESDAY, AUG. 7, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Carriers—No. 10 meets at 41 st Main street, second floor.
Masons—No. 2 meets at 54 Main street, third floor.
s—No. 40 meets at Pearl and ison streets, second floor.
Verein—Meets in hall, Main Harrison streets.
an Science—Services of First ch in Harmony hall, West street; Second church in h tabernacle, Harrison street.
s—Fort Wayne council No. 4, & S. M.; Fort Wayne chapter 19, R. A. M.; Mechecaunnoch-tribe No. 107, I. O. R. M.; ordia No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Fort ne No. 1547; Wayne council 35, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Fort Wayne 19, A. O. U. W.; Liberty council 22, K. & L. of C.; Columbia rt of Honor No. 242; St. Julian 89, C. B. L.; Allen No. 29, ree of Honor.
n Park Theater—Vaudeville.

a great trouble out in the recent-ened public domain is that there ty to do and too many to do it.

Bill Henze's saloon is tem-ily closed doesn't dispose of the that he violated the law 271 cutive days by doing business out a license.

x Hanna will soon have his ial status defined. A Terre man has begun provoke pro-igs against two fellow work-who called him Mark Hanna. makes out his provoke case he follow it up with a damage

homas Lipton's challenger is roaching our shores and it is et settled which of the three an candidates for the honor ending the cup ought to oppose amrock II. The Constitution. olumbia and the Independence ood, each probably better than allenger, but it is the best must be chosen.

watchman in the smelting at Vallejo, Cal., thought the made by robbers who were ng away more than a quarter llion dollars in gold were made sts, and so did not attempt to t the thieves. The moral of that a man who believes in without caring to communi-with them when at hand does ke a good watchman.

time-honored stocking-foot apot methods of banking at ave some advantages over the banks that got the confidence zens of Avilla and Andrews. he losers in those flimsy and ent institutions calmly reflect , they will realize that prob-they would not have trusted their neighbors with their had he gone into the banking s with as little to offer as r as Leach and Key were able w. It is the plausible stranger nakes the best thimble-rigger.

w method of dealing with ndustrial troubles has been and experimented with by of Tampa, Fla., where a long stressing strike conducted by anization called the Resisten-been in progress. Citizens ad become tired of the situa-the injury it was working banded together as vigilantes anged to kidnap the strike leaders, which was done. The leaders were placed aboard a boat in the bay and taken no one seems to know where. At all events the alert and vigilant gentlemen at the head of the citizens' committee say Tampa will not be bothered by the reappearance of the obnoxious strike leaders. As all of the deported agitators are Spaniards and Cubans they have little chance of redress. Neither this government nor the Spanish government is like to give heed to a case of this peculiar status. The men were doubtless taken to Havana and warned not return on pain of more severe punishment. Kidnaping has been made an expedient in emergencies of many sorts, but it is probable that this is the first time it has ever been employed to end a labor disturbance.

The net result of the tuberculosis congress, as far as reported, is a furore in London against the use of loving cups and a campaign against two or more workmen drinking beer from common pewter mug. It may be doubted that tuberculosis has ever been disseminated by means of various persons drinking from the same vessel, but the agitation will do no harm. It is in line of encouraging cleanliness. The use of drinking vessels in common is a habit born of poverty in ancient times which has no excuse for survival. It is dangerous to a degree, as it may carry much more active contagion than tuberculosis. But there were lessons taught at the great scientific congress of more value than this one and they may yet be taken to heart by the multitude, chief among them being the wholesomeness of cleanliness in all things. Bacteria are not much to be feared by the man whose "house is in order" in every sense.

A NEW FEATURE.

The unusual feature about the insurrectionary movements in Colombia and Venezuela is that each government charges the other with fomenting rebellion across the border. Both movements are formidable, that in Venezuela resulting in a battle of twenty-eight hours' duration, according to reports, and the loss of more than 1,000 men. Colombia has its trouble apparently better in hand for the moment, but the scene may change at any time.

It is not improbable that both governments are justly accused, for intrigue is as natural to the politicians of South and Central America as the manners of a dictator to the man who is temporarily on top. The source of trouble is greed; the medium through which it is brought about is popular ignorance. There can be no such thing as genuine representative government in a country where a vast majority of citizens is illiterate, and there can be no security for despots in small states with turbulent neighbors.

It may be a good thing for both of the republics involved if the fighting should lead to the annexation of the one to the other. The remaining country could possibly maintain a more stable government, less subject to the intrigues of ambitious native statesmen or the plots of foreign commercial concessionaires.

ELECTRIC MOTOR RECORD.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—One hundred and eighty-seven and a half miles on one battery charge is the latest performance of an electric automobile—the regular Stanhope for two people—setting a new mark for these vehicles. The machine is the joint output of two Cleveland companies and a Chicago company. The performance of the new machine is due to the advanced improvements in three patents of the machine, battery, motor and running gear, which enable it to cover more than twice as many miles on one charge as has heretofore been done by electric vehicles. The test was made on the Chicago boulevards between 3 p. m. Monday and 2:30 this morning.

MEN WITH A PULL.

Arrangements have been completed for an interesting tug-of-war between picked teams from the Caledonian society and Electric Light works at the Caledonian field day at Robison park on Saturday, August 24. The men on the two teams will average about 200 pounds and a warm contest will be pulled off. The Electric Lights will be captained by M. S. Willson and they are confident of success. The Caledonians are equally confident and as they were defeated last year they will put forth extra efforts to win this time.

WIFE IS IN JAIL

BECAUSE SHE RAISED HER HUSBAND'S CHECKS.

A SENSATION AT MARION

A RICH FARMER'S PRETTY WIFE ARRESTED.

BRUTE TERRIBLY WHIPPED

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 7.—About three weeks ago Joseph Bradford, a wealthy farmer, married Mrs. Mary Houck, a young widow. Before the marriage a contract was drawn up between the parties by a prominent attorney. Bradford agreed to deed the bride eighty acres of his 400 acres of land, give her $1,000, two diamonds and a gold watch. The contract was carried out to the letter and Mrs. Houck became Mrs. Bradford. Mrs. Houck had built a beautiful home in this city and after her marriage she spent very little time with her husband. It is claimed that Mrs. Bradford would get the signature of Mr. Bradford to a check and then fill in the amount to suit her fancy. She purchased bills of goods of the different merchants, amounting to thousands of dollars and would pay for them with her husband's checks.

Monday Mrs. Bradford cashed a check at the First National bank for $1,500. She went to the same bank yesterday and presented another check for $700. The cashier refused to honor it until Bradford was notified. When Bradford learned of the amounts his wife had been drawing he showed great anger and ordered the police to arrest Mrs. Bradford. She is now held by the police for raising checks.

WHITE CAPS FLOG HUSBAND.

Kokomo, Ind., Aug. 7.—William Gore, of Young America, fifteen miles west of here, accused of habitually beating his wife and child, was taken to the woods recently by sixteen of his neighbors, tied to a tree and given a flogging. Three buggy whips and a blacksnake were worn out on his bare back. The white cappers were masked with muslin over their faces. Faint and covered with blood Gore dragged himself to the office of Dr. Lybrook, who dressed the wounds. Gore will leave the country as soon as his wounds heal. Gore came to Young America three years ago from Walton and married Mrs. Chandler, a widow, who owns a farm near the village. He was a widower with a five-year-old son. As an instance of the cruelty Gore inflicted on the son and his stepmother it is related that to save the boy from punishment Mrs. Gore climbed on the house roof to get a hat the child had thrown there. She fell from the roof and alighted on an inverted harrow, the teeth of which ran through her feet, inflicting frightful injuries, followed by lockjaw. While lying helpless it is alleged that Gore came home drunk and kicked her. The same night an organization was formed to white cap the wife beater and the work was carried out.

FOOLED WITH WRONG MAN.

Shelbyville, Ind., Aug. 7.—A gang of wheat thrashers arrived last evening at the home of Tilson Wheeler, near this city, and several of them came here and secured a keg of beer, with which they returned and began drinking. Mr. Wheeler is a prohibitionist, and he took offense, believing that it was done to have it said that he permitted the use of intoxicants on his farm. Getting his shotgun and his wife an ax, the men were driven off the farm and were not permitted to return.

SAGE BLOCK CRUMBLED.

Hartford City, Ind., Aug. 7.—The walls of the Sage block fell out yesterday and the store was wrecked. The accident was caused by excavating for the new Elk block. Workmen had narrow escapes.

KICKED TO DEATH BY A HORSE.

Kentland, Ind., Aug. 7.—Chester Roberts, son of James Robers, is dead from a kick of a horse. The boy, who was twelve years old, was on a load of oats. He dropped one of the lines and tried to pick it up from near the horse's feet, when the animal kicked him, fracturing his skull.

THE SWITCHING CURE.

Bloomington, Ind., Aug. 7—Another case of whitecapping is reported from the little town of Dolan, a few miles north of here. The victim is Matthew McKinney, and he, with his family, came to town last evening, stating that they were hunting another home. McKinney is said to be shiftless and, according to his story, he was taken from his bed after midnight, compelled to go some distance, and then switched over the back. He says about twenty-five masked men were in the mob. He was not injured.

HEAD CRUSHED TO PULP.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 7.—Charles Laage, workman in a stove foundry, made a playful leap through a window yesterday afternoon into the molding room. He slipped and fell, his head being caught under a heavy cogwheel and mashed to a pulp. The sickening spectacle was witnessed by half a hundred other workmen.

WRECK AT UNION CITY.

Union City, Ind., Aug. 7.—The Pittsburg and Union railroad had the most disastrous wreck in the history of the road last evening, when passenger train No. 35 ran into an open switch in the yards at this city and collided with southbound train No. 8. The injured:

Mr. Huckett, New York, badly bruised and injured internally; will probably die.

Baggagemaster White, slightly bruised.

Conductor Wolf, hurt about the head.

Conductor Allen, slightly bruised.

No. 35 was running at the rate of forty miles an hour when the crash occurred, and both engines are reduced to scrap iron. The engineer and fireman of No. 18 were not at their posts when the accident occurred, and the men on the other engine jumped to safety. Conductor Allen, of No. 35, was slightly hurt, as was also Baggage White. Conductor Wolf was hurt about the head. A traveling man named Huckett, of New York, was seriously injured, and is not expected to live. A number of passengers were badly hurt.

B. & O. FLYER LEAVES TRACK.

Milford Junction, Ind., Aug. 7.—The spreading of rails three miles east of Nappanee, on the Baltimore and Ohio, caused passenger train No. 6, the flyer to the east, to be derailed at 7:15 last night. Six cars left the tracks while the train was going at the speed of sixty miles an hour, but the eighty passengers escaped with only a bad shaking. Only one person was injured, and that Baggageman Robert Gilaway, who was hurt by falling trunks. Conductor Hearst, Engineer Hobe Bright and Fireman Garsky were in charge of the train, and all held their places, and to this act the saving of many lives is attributed. It was several hours before the wreck was cleared.

GOLD MEDAL CONTEST.

A gold medal contest, conducted by Mrs. Lizzie Drake, of this city, state superintendent of the A. C. L., was held Monday afternoon in Rome City. There were two contestants from Fort Wayne and two from Rome City. The race was close and honors were finally won by Miss Alice Connolly, of this city, whose subject, "Infirm of Purpose, Give Me the Daggers," was handled most skillfully. The gold medal was presented by Mrs. Haughton, state evangelist. Numbers by Miss Hazel Cowdrey were greatly enjoyed. Among those who attended from this city were Mrs. L. Drake Mrs. Ridenour, Misses Ella Williard, Hazel Cowdrey, Ruth Ridenour, Zelma Jennings, Carl Jennings and Williard Ridenour. Miss Ethel Wickwire, of Angola, was with the party.

NEW CASHIER HERE.

H. E. Davison, of Danville, Ill., has arrived in the city to take the position of cashier and bookkeeper for the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company. Mr. Nelson, the general superintendent of the company, will return tomorrow from a western trip.

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

DETROIT AND PUT-IN-BAY every Sunday, $1.60 round trip, via Toledo and steamer. Special train leaves 6:10 a. m.

TOLEDO and return, every Sunday, $1.00. Train leaves 7:30 a. m.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION (Buffalo). Coach excursions every Tuesday $7.45 round trip; ten days limit, $10.85 round trip: fifteen days' limit, $13.15 round trip: tourist, good to return until October 31st, $16.00 round trip. On the three latter rates passengers have option of rail or steamer from Toledo.

MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN, $12.30 via D. & C. steamers. Four trips each week from Toledo, viz.: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Return limit October 31st. State rooms reserved in advance.

HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS to points west and southwest. Tickets on sale each first and third Tuesday during months of July, August and September. Return limit twenty-one days. Very low rates.

R. G. THOMPSON,
6-25tf P. & T. A. Wabash R. R.

TENDERS HIS RESIGNATION

A. D. CRAIG BIDS SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS GOOD-BYE.

Retiring Superintendent of County Association Has a Kindly Word in Leaving.

The following letter is self-explanatory:

Bicknell, Ind., Aug. 5, 1901.—E. A. K. Hackett, President Allen County Sunday School Association, Fort Wayne, Ind.: Dear Brother:—Having purchased the News at Bicknell, Ind., I am compelled to tender to you my resignation as superintendent of the Allen County Sunday School association. Be it assured that in severing my connection with the Sunday school work in Allen county it is with the keenest feeling of regret that I must say good-bye. Words fail me to express my thanks to you, S. F. Bowser, Levi Binkley, J. C. F. McMaken, E. C. Carrington, J. D. Gloyd, F. C. Hubler and a host of others who have been so loyal in helping me along with the work in the county. I feel to make mention of the ministry throughout the entire county and thank them for the earnest and hearty co-operation in the Sunday school work. To my many friends in each township (which I number by the hundred) I thank you all for the kindness received at your hands. As I am still a resident of your state I will ever keep an eye on Allen county, trusting that you will all do your best to keep old Allen in the front rank in Sunday school work, and may the blessing of Him "who doeth all things well" ever rest upon you all.

Your obedient servant,
A. D. Craig.

WILL FEED FORT WAYNE LINE

ANOTHER ELECTRIC ROAD IS PROJECTED.

Senator Heller Gets Franchise in Huntington County—Other Interurban Matters.

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 7.—The commissioners of this county have granted to Senator F. J. Heller, of Columbia City, a franchise for an electric railway north and south through the entire width of the county and Mr. Heller states that it is his plan to construct the line from Huntington to Lagrange, by way of Columbia City and other towns. Franchises for the Noble county part of the road have already been secured by Mr. Heller and J. S. Conlogue, of Kendallville. Mr. Heller says the road will be built beyond a doubt and that it will act as a feeder for a line to be constructed between Fort Wayne and Goshen.

ANOTHER AT GOSHEN.

Goshen, Ind., Aug. 7.—W. L. Stonex, attorney for a number of wealthy St. Louis residents, has applied for a franchise for an electric line between Goshen and Lake Wawasee, and Mr. Stonex announced to the commissioners that he had every reason to believe the line would eventually be built through to Fort Wayne.

CITIENS VOTE SUBSIDIES.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 7.—Exciting subsidy elections were held yesterday in four townships in aid of the Wabash and Rochester line. In this township the sum of $50,000 was voted by a majority of 460, a $10,000 subsidy was voted in Pawpaw township by thirteen majority, $10,000 in Perry township, Miami county, by eighty-three majority, and $2,500 in Rochester township, Fulton county, by 800 majority. The line is thirty-five miles long and work on it will begin in the fall.

WILL ESTABLISH A BANK.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 7.—The establishment of a bank at Hampton, Va., and the adoption of an additional plan of life insurance will be considered by the delegtes to the forty-fifth annual session of the National Grand Tabernacle of Galilean Fishermen, a colored beneficial organization now in convention here. It is stated that the bank has been chartered. Plans for its establishment and government will be formulated during the session. The bank will not only be a depository for the funds of the fishermen, but will also be a savings bank for colored people. The order is said to have upwards of 30,000 members scattered over the United States and the West Indies.

When you ask your druggist for Dromo-Pepsin be sure you get it. Note the word Pepsin. All druggists. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle.

A SHORT STORY

LOVE'S GEOGRAPHY.

Wise men delight in globes and maps. They trace
Each kindly wrinkle in the old earth's face,
Pharisaic on mountain peaks and thrust
States, towns, made as mere external dust,

But I, an humbler student, when I con
Such maps, with little freckled towns thereon,
Love takes my hand and, pointing, whispers clear,
"Here lives a friend—and here—and here—and here!"

So small the dots, so cheap and pink the chart,
I close my eyes. The world is in my heart!
But Love still points, "O World, so strangely dear,
Here lives a friend who loves me—here—and here!"

—Youth's Companion.

A Ghost And a Hanging

BY M. QUAD.

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The firm of Swan & Arkell, Liverpool, were extensive traders and shipowners, and each and every one of their ships was launched on the 13th of the month. Each one started out on her first voyage on Friday, and when it came to the fifth ship she was launched on a Friday, the 13th, named Friday and began her voyage on a Friday. Though the other ships had all been lucky, there were people and newspapers that thought the firm were carrying things a little too far with the last ship. This did not prevent her from getting a cargo and crew for Valparaiso, however, and I had the good fortune to secure the berth of mate. We had a willing crew, a smart ship and favoring winds, and not a Jack Tar aboard had a word to say about ill luck or ghosts until we were half way across the Atlantic. Then happened such a curious thing that I am going to give you the full details.

Of a quiet moonlight night in the middle watch, when I had charge of

A QUIET MOONLIGHT NIGHT IN THE MIDDLE WATCH.

the ship, two of the seven men on deck came hurrying aft and informed me that a strange man was skulking about forward. The men were not overexcited, and on my part I took it that we had a stowaway on board. I told them to secure him and bring him aft, and my watch had almost expired when it was reported that the stranger could not be found. When I came on duty again, I reported the matter to the captain, and he had the fore hatch cover removed and sent a man down to investigate. We were almost full up with cargo, and it did not take long to ascertain that no one was hiding in the two or three open spaces. Had a stowaway been secreted below decks it would have been impossible for him to come up, but the hatch was removed to convince the sailors that they had been deceived by a shadow.

The next night at the same hour the stranger reappeared. The second mate had the watch, and as soon as the affair was reported to him he had me called. The incident had been talked over during the day, of course, but these new men had not seen the spook. Indeed they had poked and guyed the other watch for a lot of old women. One man at the wheel and another on lookout and the other five were standing about waiting for a call when the stranger suddenly appeared among them. He was in his shirt sleeves and had an apron and a paper cap. In the apron were a lot of nails, which jingled as he walked. This man came on aft and walked forward on the port side, and, though two or three men shouted after him, he did not pause. The sailors did not take it for a ghost, but yet were unwilling to follow. However, when the carpenter reappeared after about five minutes and was passing aft one of the men stepped out to seize him and said:

"Look here, matey, stop a minute and let us know how you came aboard of this hooker and whose watch you are in."

The sailor's hand clutched the air instead of flesh and blood, and the thing continued aft and disappeared. When I was called, I went down on the main deck among the excited men and heard their yarn, and then we took lanterns and made a thorough search of the decks. I also sent men aloft to the tops. We made no discovery. It was useless to say to a dozen men that their eyes had deceived them. They were sailors above the average in intelligence, and the captain was sensible enough to take a sensible view of the matter. We talked it over at breakfast, and shortly afterward all hands were called aft. They were told that it must be some trickery and were asked to give their assistance in solving the mystery. The ship was searched from stem to stern, but no stowaway was found. Then the captain did that which no other captain would have done. When night and the middle watch came around again, he took the second mate and went forward among the men. He scattered them about and gave them instructions, and promptly, to the minute the carpenter appeared. This time he showed up forward and walked aft, and at a word from the captain all rushed upon him. They found no substance. As they knocked together and some of them fell to the deck the thing disappeared aft, as if going down into the cabin.

Now, here was a situation. That there was a ghost aboard even the captain could not doubt. He owned right up to the men that it was a ghost, but at the same time kept the creeps away by stating that the spook showed no desire to harm any one.

There was no scare among the men. There was never a night of the rest of the voyage that the ghost did not show up, and by the time we reached port it had come to be looked upon as almost one of the crew. Here was a chance for the superstitious to talk about Friday and No. 13 and all that, but there was no such talk among us. I believe that a crowd of lawyers, doctors or merchants would have exhibited more nervousness than did our crew of sailors. It got so that they finally threw their caps at the specter and asked for a light for their pipes.

The solution of the mystery was not less curious. We had not yet discharged all our cargo when a fearful odor became plain, and when the last barrel and box went out we traced the source and ripped off some of the flooring. Between two of the ribs we found the decaying corpse of a ship carpenter, whose skull had been smashed in by a blow from a hammer. The ghastly thing was taken ashore and an inquest held. There were initials on the clothing, and a true description was taken, and no one doubted that a murder had been committed. On the run back to Liverpool there was no ghost. The finding of the body had laid it. The case was placed in the hands of the police, and you may remember what happened. The name of the murdered man was John Walpole, and a fellow workman named Charles Saunders was arrested for the crime. He confessed at once. As the two had knocked off for luncheon they fell into a dispute about a woman, and, driven to desperation by taunts of the other, Saunders seized his hammer and gave him a fatal blow. As the two were alone in the bows of the ship, then about ready for launching, he shoved the body over against a rib and nailed on flooring enough to cover it. Walpole was missed by the foreman, but was supposed to have gone off on a spree. That was the confession, and it brought about Saunders' death on the gallows, and no ghost was ever seen aboard of the Friday afterward. You won't believe that we saw a ghost, but as the discovery of the remains of the murdered man and the hanging of Saunders were matters of public record you can't very well get around them.

Tame Crow's Pranks.

He was a fat, helpless baby crow. We named him Tom, and he grew like the proverbial weed. His prankish propensities came more and more into evidence as the summer wore by. Some bright objects, such as teaspoons, thimbles and the scalloped tins called patty pans, had to be jealously guarded. But despite the noisy protests of the cook the patty pans continued to disappear.

At last I found the new use to which Master Tom had put these coveted articles. I had been awakened several mornings at an untimely hour by a slight tinkling, jingling noise, proceeding apparently from the tin covered veranda roof just outside my window.

On one occasion I fancied I heard Tom's peculiar low chuckle of amusement. Stealing noiselessly to the window, I peeped out. Sure enough, there were Tom and the patty pans. Seizing one in his beak, he would fly up about five or six feet, then drop it. The glitter of the tin as it fell through the bright sunshine and its clatter as it struck the roof seemed to afford him the most exquisite amusement, for he repeated the performance a dozen times or more, ending, as he heard the housemaid open the front door, by neatly packing his shining toys into an angle of the roof, where they had heretofore escaped notice.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Reading Character by the Nose.

"You can almost tell a person's character from the nose alone," remarked a scientist. "All great men have great noses. The Greek nose, which has no protuberance, but is straight, argues great sense of aesthetics, of beauty, but no character and no power of contention.

"Large nostrils show courage. People of fearless disposition breathe fully and freely. All the fiercer animals have dilated nostrils. The drooping nostril shows histrionic talent. If the nose also droops, it denotes a tragic power, and if only the nostril capacity is marked for the interpretation of comedy.

"Where the nose is thin at the bridge it shows generosity, while a nose that is thick at the bridge argues acquisitiveness. When it is tiptilted, like the petal of a flower, the person is inquisitive. A projecting nose argues a disposition to investigate. It is ahead of the person, as it were, and wants to scent out things."

The Theater.

Sir Squire Bancroft, in a lecture on the stage in London, said that when he was a boy he scraped up many a shilling to go into the pit to see Phelps act at Sadler's Wells theater and Charles Kean at the Princess, with both of whom he subsequently played as a young country actor. These stolen visits he regarded as not the least part of his education, and therefore his advice to all was, "Go and see Shakespeare acted whenever you get the chance."

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WEDNESDAY, AUG. 7, 1901.

Corn King Phillips says the cause of his difficulties was an over-production of business.

Under the circumstances the willingness of Spanish naval officers to fight the battle of Santiago over again is a bit surprising.

The unique spectacle is afforded by Venezuela and Columbia of two nations with revolutions on hand at home preparing to go to war with each other.

It has been discovered that John D. Rockefeller is worth a round billion. It is probable that he is. But what of it, and whose ice does that cut? Mr. Rockefeller is neither Mr. Carnegie nor like him.

The dedication of the Indiana soldiers' monument has been postponed until next May. It is refreshing, however, to witness definiteness even in postponements of anything that has to do with the monument.

From the number of emphatic declinations coming from the candidates nominated by the "Progressive Democratic Party" of Ohio it looks much as though the bedchamber convention at Columbus took great unwarranted liberty with the names of Ohio citizens.

The Chinese boxers who are fomenting a new anti-foreign uprising evidently did not stay to see what happened last year after the game got past the first few innings. If China has more indemnities to settle the Chinese will become tenants of the powers.

Reports that Kitchener will be succeeded by either General Lyttleton or Sir Bindon Blood raise an inquiry what has become of General French, who was one of the leading figures of the campaign months ago. Was that story of his having been captured by the Boers and paroled founded on fact?

The North China Mail claims to have reliable information to the effect that there is no intention to move the court back to Pekin, and that the empress dowager purposes staying at Singan-Fu, where she is out of reach of the foreign devils and able to do as she pleases. The Mail declares the return to Pekin talk to be a transparent blind.

The death rate in Norway is the smallest of any nation in the world, less than 14 to 1,000 of the population last year, which is owing to the atmosphere and the temperate lives of the people. There used to be a great deal of drunkenness. In 1833 the consumption of raw spirits was twenty-eight quarts per capita of the entire population; but the enactment of restrictive laws this has been reduced until the Norwegians are now one of the most temperate peoples in Europe, and poverty, crime and disease are greatly diminished.

A German statistician has figured that the Christian era will soon be 1,000,000,000 minutes old. Soon, that is, comparatively speaking. It will seem to most people, perhaps, that since the Christian era the clock ought to have been round more than 17,000,000 times, but, as a matter of fact, we shall have to wait nearly two and a half years before the first milliard of minutes is completed. When the twentieth century dawned on the world the number of minutes which had elapsed since the beginning of the year 1 A. D. was 998,640,000, and we shall celebrate the thousand millionth minute at the end of April, 1902.

One estimate of the corn crop loss places the total for the year at 900,000,000 bushels less than last year's production. Another estimate from an authority equally good reduces the figures to 575,000,000 bushels. This is a big margin of difference, but no estimate of a grain crop in a country as large as this can be more than a rough guess. Even the government, which has the best of facilities for obtaining information, frequently makes big mistakes in its estimates. All that can be definitely said at this time is that the loss to farmers with whom corn is the chief crop will probably be quite as heavy as in any previous year of crop failure.

This is a bad age for kings and Corn King Phillips is willing to admit that it is.

More and more it looks as though Colonel Taggart is willing to be forced to run for mayor of Indianapolis once more.

Meanwhile the wonder grows that a man like Bill Henze can run a saloon nearly a year without license. Who permits it?

All things come to him who waits. Charlie Hernly, late republican state chairman, has been waiting a long time and the first thing to come to him is his successor.

The three expeditions now searching for the north pole may not do more than escape the weather we are having down in this zone, but even that is probably worth the trip.

The doom of the Jersey mosquito is sealed. The Standard Oil company will make war on the pest, and the Standard Oil company has something of a reputation as an exterminator.

If the "Progressive Democracy" of Ohio cannot find men to vote for on a ticket of its own a short cut to the principal end in view may be taken by voting outright for the republican ticket.

The progressive democratic party is the name of the new political organization brought into being at Columbus, Ohio, last week by a handful of men who insist that 16 to 1 came like the ten commandments from heaven.

It is cited as a notable fact that a Chicago man whose cancer-eaten stomach was removed by surgeons, is in good health and growing fat. This merely further proves that a Chicago man can get along without everything but his nerve.

Kipling mounts a badly spavined Pegasus to tell Britons what they must be about if Great Britain is to remain among the first of the world's empires. Meanwhile, the government would doubtless be satisfied with a solution, rhymed or otherwise, of the South African muddle.

It is pertinent to inquire why a dive like the Henze place is permitted to do business three-quarters of a year without license. It is also pertinent to inquire why it is permitted to do business at all. Prosecutor, police and all other proper authorities should consider themselves qualified to answer.

One hundred and fifty thousand persons who went out to Oklahoma to get quarter sections of the Kiowa-Comanche reservation will get nothing. A large part of them are poor and many of them after weeks of waiting are destitute. Oklahoma will have a problem of embarrassing kind on hand in a few weeks when this army of idle men and women begins to roam.

It is to be hoped the investigation by the state board of charities of the alleged "insanity trust" at Indianapolis will result in measures to bring about reform of the laws relating to insanity inquests. It has been disclosed a Indianapolis that it is a very easy matter to deprive a person of liberty through the agency of a lunacy commission. The forms of abuse that might grow from such possibility are numberless.

If the attendance at the convention of democrats and others who made up the convention of the progressive democratic party at Columbus is a safe criterion of the interest the movement is likely to arouse, its vote will be tabulated in the "scattering" column of the election returns this fall. That no real democrats and few others are in sympathy either with the sentiments or the purposes of this new "party" seems pretty well proved. General Kilbourne, the regular democratic nominee, is a strong candidate, a most admirable man, a superb democrat and altogether a proper man to elect to the Ohio governorship. Those who bolt his candidacy will be too few to be counted. That Mr. Bryan foresaw the insignificance of the defection from Kilbourne was well demonstrated by his early disavowal of any sympathy with the movement of the malcontents who arranged the convention held at Columbus yesterday.

THE HENZE "PULL."

That Bill Henze is permitted to run a saloon nearly a year without a license is not so interesting from the fact that it is Bill Henze who has the "pull"—though that itself has peculiar interest—as with whom he is permitted to enjoy a "pull."

By whose special dispensation has he been conducting an unlawful business since last November? At the auditor's office it is learned that he not only has no license, but has not even made application for license. With whom does Henze stand in so well that he may engage unlawfully in the saloon business without pretense of procuring a license?

He has not been prosecuted nor even molested for that offense. Of the police it is learned the prosecutor's attention has been called to Henze's delinquency, but it has been steadily overlooked.

Where does Henze get his "pull" and why does he have it?

The public would like to know and honest saloonkeepers who pay their license as the law requires doubtless would like to know. It is time that somebody explained the nature of the Henze "pull."

Admiral Schley's request for an amendment of the precept of his coming trial has been refused. The navy department insists on retaining the word "disobedience" relating to Schley's movement from Santiago for coal. The matter is not highly important, as the department agrees to submit the admiral's letter and its own reply to the court of inquiry without prejudice. Admiral Schley has gained his point by filing the letter of protest calling attention to the difference between disobedience of orders and a polite notification that he was unable to obey orders. No doubt the court of inquiry will note the difference and after hearing the evidence will be able to decide whether Admiral Schley willfully disobeyed or simply faced a situation that rendered compliance impossible.

PROFITS AND PUBLIC SAFETY.

A disclosure which can hardly be regarded in another light than that of an official and public disgrace seems to be fully established by the final decision of a libel case in the Louisiana courts. The assertion is that the New Orleans health board had suppressed and misrepresented the truth with regard to an epidemic of yellow fever in that city in 1898, doing so in obedience to the demands of merchants in order that trade might not be injured.

A publication to that effect having beeing made the basis for the libel suit the lower court found the allegations to be true, and on appeal to the supreme cour it has confirmed the judgment for the defendant. It is cogent that at the time the New Orleans authorities were declaring the city free from yellow fever the French consul there refused clean bills of lading to vessels bound for French ports. An effort was made to secure his removal for "injuring trade" in that way. But upon investigation the French government approved his action and officially thanked him for the stand he had taken.

The doctrine of certain merchants that dangerous epidemics must be allowed to spread, lest knowledge of the truth should cut off a few dollars of trade profits is one of the most sordid phases of life. Yet while New Orleans has given more than one exhibition of that idea it is not confined to that city. There are strong allegations that there has been a similar concealment of the facts concerning the bubonic plague at San Francisco.

Commercial morality which demands suppression of the truth in matters affecting the public safety in order that profits shall not be interrupted has certainly reached a low stage. It would seem difficult to imagine a lower, but the public officials who yield to that demand in violation of their legal duty have succeeded in finding it.

It has been reported and truthfully, no doubt, that President McKinley has been interested in the outcome of the negotiations for settlement of the steel strike, and much distressed by the prospect of a long and bitter labor war. Why not let the president arbitrate the issue? He is fair-minded, far removed from sordid interest one way or the other, and most surely has the confidence of both parties to the contention. To spare the country the evils of such a tremendous conflict of labor and capital of the efforts of the president of the United States.

George Phillips may be corn king, but his realm appears to be a kind of limited monarchy.

Former Governor William J. Stone, of Missouri, is an avowed candidate for the democratic presidential nomination in 1904. William J. is wise. He will run better now than he will nearer convention time.

Cuba's first president is evidently not to be elected unanimously. An element has appeared opposed to any one of those mentioned—Gomez, Palma and Masso. Sanguily, who leads the malcontents, evidently favors himself.

The state of Indiana has more than nominal interests at stake in the big steel strike. If a general strike order is issued several thousand steel workers at Muncie, Anderson, Elwood, Alexandria and other gas belt cities will be made idle.

Common sense should be able to point out to the hostile parties in the steel strike many scores of reasons for re-opening peace negotiations. Not the least of these are the vital interests of the public that are bound to suffer tremendously from such an industrial conflict as seems now about to begin.

The story is revived in Europe that "Oom Paul" Kruger expects to visit the United States in September, and, this time, it is added that negotiations for his reception by President McKinley have been or are about to be initiated. The latter's advisers will have rather a difficult question on their hands in deciding what degree of official recognition shall be given the old gentleman. The annexation of the Transvaal to the British empire has been proclaimed in the United Kingdom and South Africa, but not formally announced to the powers. Technically, therefore, Mr. Kruger could be received as the chief magistrate of a republic. But suppose that, before his advent, Great Britain should serve notice of the annexation on us. Then he could not be without grave offence to that country.

Bradstreet's reports that the breaking the drought in the west has induced a more cheerful tone in New York business circles, and in fact throughout the country generally. No doubt that is so, for the close connection between crop conditions and the country's business interests at large is well understood. The first reports had a very depressing effect. Moreso, in fact, than the real condition called for, because speculators took advantage of the situation and intensified the feeling of distrust. Reports of improved conditions will therefore create a reactionary feeling, and this, in turn, will be seized upon by the speculative element and carried further than the improvement justifies. Speculation is a great factor in modern business. Still the fact remains that the crops have been seriously damaged, and the effect upon general business is bound to be unfavorable, whether the speculators win or lose.

STILL DOING BUSINESS.

The Henze saloon is still doing business not only without license but without possibility of being licensed for several weeks. Why is it not closed, as it should have been months since? What does the prosecuting attorney fancy his present business on earth to be? A part of his duty is to deal with just such cases as the Henze saloon presents. He knows that after nine months of liquor selling without license the Henze saloon is at the same old place doing the same old business in the same old way, without legal right and without interference.

Does Henze's term of special indulgence run a full year or indefinitely? How does he secure the complaisance of the prosecuting attorney? Is it a gratuitous favor or an exchange of favors? It is plain to see what it profits Henze. It would be interesting to know who else it profits. Certain it is that there is the utter absence or any sort of profit to the public.

The Henze place is an eyesore and disgrace to the city, an annoyance to the police and the resort of tough young women and men. Such a joint should not be licensed at any price. Yet we find this place not only openly doing business in defiance of decency and order, but without license in defiance of the laws of the state and with the knowledge and therefore consent of the prosecuting attorney whose sworn duty it is to initiate measures for closing the house and punishing its keeper.

Why is the Henze place permitted to run? Is the prosecutor helpless, and if so, how and why?

A CHANCE FOR PEACE.

The evident reluctance of President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, to issue orders for a general strike in all of the mills of the steel trust rather indicates that he has not entirely abandoned belief in the possibility of a peaceful settlement of the trouble. It is to be hoped it is the flash of a real ray of promise and not the glimmer of an ignis fatuus that he sees.

There has been a rumor that J. P. Morgan's conduct of the negotiations on the part of the steel combine with the Amalgamated board has not been entirely satisfactory to his associates. This is not at all improbable, and it may be that such dissatisfaction will lead to another conference. At all events, the country generally will wish there may be another effort to bring about peace. The strike now imminent gives full promise of becoming not only the most gigantic but the most bitterly contested war between capital and labor this country has ever seen. And it comes at a time when it can least be afforded either by capital or labor.

While a question of abstract principle is a most difficult issue to submit to arbitration, it might avert a calamitous labor war if both parties to the dispute would agree upon some impartial man of distinguished public relations to help bring about an honorable peace.

A rather grotesque story comes from New York to the effect that the steel strike will in reality be a war to the knife between John D. Rockefeller and J. Pierpont Morgan. It is pointed out that the rivalry between these two great money kings has grown bitter and that in this strike Rockefeller has a chance to land hard on the Morgan solar plexus. In other and plainer terms, it is said that Rockefeller will furnish the Amalgamated association with plenty of money to carry on its fight with the gigantic Morgan steel syndicate. No doubt the steel strikers would welcome a few millions of Rockefeller's reputed billion, but the amount they are likely to receive won't be a heap of bother to the treasurer of the Amalgamated association.

"Banker" Leach, of Avilla, and "Banker" Key, of Andrews, had undoubtedly heard of the Napoleonic financial career of one Zimri Dwiggins in a number of northern Indiana towns. Zimri cut a somewhat wider swath, but he did not cut down to any shorter stubble. The town sites of Avilla and Andrews were not removed.

The Bill Henze "pull" continues to be the best thing of the kind ever established in this city. Meanwhile, the mystery grows: How does he get it and how much does it cost? As an experiment, information may be lodged with the prosecuting attorney.

Russell Sage has just passed into his eighty-sixth year, but against the time when he will be old and infirm he is working as usual to add to the little hoard that is to keep the wolf from his door.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss.:

Minnie V. Dailey vs. Frank Dailey.

In the Superior Court, April Term, 1901.

It appearing to the satisfaction of said court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the following named defendant, Frank Dailey, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, and that a cause of action exists against said defendant in favor of said plaintiff for divorce.

Notice is therefore by order of said Court hereby given said non-resident defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he appears before the judge of said court on the 30th day of September, 1901, and answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

FRANK J. BELOT,
Attest: Clerk. (Seal).
M. T. STOKES,
Attorney for Plaintiff. 7-14-21

....RURODE'S....

After . . . Inventory

There will be a general cleaning up in all departments to make room for the new goods that are coming in. We must sell all goods that pertain to the summer season, and there will be rare money saving opportunities.

Every Department

Will have money saving values to offer in new and desirable merchandise. You cannot afford to miss this great economical opportunity.

Quick Selling Prices

Have been put upon our entire stock of TAILOR-MADE SUITS, WASH DRESSES, SHIRT WAISTS, WRAPPERS, SKIRTS and DRESSING SACQUES. You'll buy them now much less than the cost of the material to say nothing of the making.

New Arrivals in Wash Goods.

Bought at much less than early season's prices have just been placed on our counters. See the values we are showing at 6c, 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c.

A trip through the store will show you bargains in all departments.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

If it's a good thing SLAVLY'S have it.

A BIG BORE

Is what you want for deep boring. Our bores will bore anything. Our Saws saw everything, and it is Plane as plane can be that our Hammers will hit the Nail on the head every time if you aim right. And we have the nails, too. Just think, 2c per pound. Vises, 15c each. Cross-cut saws at half price, and these are not the only startlers; we might call your attention to Harness Snaps, 10c a dozen; Horse Brushes, 10c each; a 5-tine Potato Hook, 20c; Fruit Cans, best quality, 50c a dozen; all Steel Knives and Forks, six of each, for 38c. Bread or drip pans, all sizes, 10c each.

These are mid-summer prices that should set you thinking about what you paid at the other store the last time. We mean just what we say. Goods are sold just as advertised. Come in; we will prove it to you.

BOTH PHONES 149 SLAVLY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 19 AND 21 W. MAIN ST.

EXPENDITURES AND TAX LEVIES FOR THE YEAR 1902.

The trustee of Jefferson township, Allen county, proposes for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the advisory board at its annual meeting, to be held at the trustee's office, the following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures, $1,400, and township tax, 11 cents on the hundred dollars.
2. Local tuition expenditures, $710, and tax, 6 cents on the hundred dollars.
3. Special school tax expenditures, $2,600, and tax, 20 cents on the hundred dollars.
4. Road tax expenditures, $3,000, and tax, 25 cents on the hundred dollars.
5. Additional road tax expenditures, $1,300, and tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.
6. Poor expenditures for preceding year, $263, and tax, 2 cents on the hundred dollars.

Total expenditures, $9,273, and total tax, 74 cents on the hundred dollars.

Signed, N. C. WEBSTER, Trustee.

Dated Aug. 1, 1901.

At least the mosquito war does not impose onerous burdens on humanity and the mosquitoes do not appear to mind it a great deal.

EXPENDITURES AND TAX LEVIES FOR THE YEAR 1901.

The Trustee of Springfield township, Allen county, proposes for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the Advisory Board at its annual meeting, to be held at the school house of School District No. 5, the following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures, $1,150, and township tax, 15 cents on the hundred dollars.
2. Local tuition expenditures, $1,925, and tax, 25 cents on the hundred dollars.
3. Special school tax expenditures, $1,600, and tax, 21 cents on the hundred dollars.
4. Road tax expenditures, $1,512, and tax, 20 cents on the hundred dollars.
5. Additional road tax expenditures, $600, and tax, 8 cents on the hundred dollars.
7. Poor expenditures for preceding year, $150, and tax, 2 cents on the hundred dollars.

Total expenditures, $1,937, and total tax, 91 cents on the hundred dollars.

(Signed) H. B. ROLLER, Trustee.

August 3, 1901.
Meets at 9 o'clock a. m.

Andrew Carnegie has extended his benevolence to Porto Rico, which is a good place for it.

PALE, WEAK WOMEN.

ZOA PHORA, TRUE TONIC FOR WORN-OUT BROKEN-DOWN WOMEN OR SHOP GIRLS WHO ARE ON THEIR FEET ALL DAY—TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

GIVES NEW STRENGTH, TINGLES THE NERVES, QUICKENS THE BLOOD, BRIGHTENS THE MIND, PUTS THE BLOOM OF PERFECT HEALTH ON THE CHEEKS AND CURES ALL WEAKNESSES OF WOMEN.

Zoa Phora is the only true tonic for women. It revives them, revitalizes their nerves, tones up their stomachs, brightens their eyes, and gives to their body the elasticity and bouyancy of youth. If you suffer from female weakness, leucorrhea, suppressed or painful menses, falling of the womb, displacements, flooding, ulceration, laceration, weak or lame back, disordered liver or stomach,

MRS. FRANK P. SCOTT, Redman, Mo.

sick kidneys, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous headache, or highly nervous condition of the body or mind, if your face is pale or your skin rough, your hair falling out you should take the great tonic Zoa Phora at once. Whether it be caused by disease, neglect, change of life, preparation to become a mother, or the period of budding maidenhood, Zoa Phora is the one great tonic remedy that will always cure, strengthen and revivify. "With heartfelt thanks I send my testimonial for Zoa Phora as the greatest strengthening tonic ever known for women, and I hope that my words of praise will reach every suffering woman, and convince her that it is the tonic that she needs, for it is indeed rightly named 'Woman's Friend.' I was troubled for eight years with nervous headache and worn out feeling. Several doctors treated me but all failed to help me. Zoa Phora did me more good than all the doctors and their medicines, for it cured me completely of all my female weaknesses and nervous troubles. I will gladly answer all inquiries, for I believe that every woman should know of the wonderful woman tonic Zoa Phora.—Mrs. Frank P. Scott, Redman, Mo."

Get a dollar bottle of Zoa Phora at the nearest drug store, or the Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., will send it to you prepaid on receipt of price. It is no experiment, as hundreds of grateful women testify daily. Our lady physician is always glad to answer questions. Do not hesitate to write for information.

We will be glad to send you a trial bottle free upon receipt of 10c to cover cost of postage and packing. Address Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

PLUMBING.
STEAM AND GAS FITTING.
ELECTRIC WIRING.
GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

No. 101 Calhoun Street.

Phone 207.

Of fifty-six glaciers observed in 1897 thirty-nine were found to be decreasing, while five were stationary and twelve were increasing.

AWAIT THE OPENING OF BATTLE

(Continued from First Page.)

the fundamental law of the organization."

"Will Mr. Gompers be here today?"

"That you will have to get from him," he said.

"Will there be any surprises today?" was the next question put to him, but this he refused to answer.

Mr. Shaffer gave out today notice that there will be a monster mass meeting held at New Castle, Pa., on Saturday afternoon and said he would be there if nothing prevented him.

PREDICTS SURPRISES.

Secretary John Williams was seen after his arrival at the headquarters, but said that there was nothing new and nothing to give out.

He predicted that there would be surprises in store for the people before a week had gone by.

B. I. Davis, editor of the Amalgamated Journal, and one of the association's national officers, speaking on the same subject, observed:

"If this strike gets started right it is likely to expand to proportions not now suspected. You need not be surprised, in such event, to hear of trouble in the Carnegie mills."

Secretary Williams, of the Amalgamated association, said he could not say whether President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, would be here today or not. If he came it would only be as an advisory, as the association had everything in their own hands. He also stated that there would be a meeting of the Clark's mill men tomorrow night, at which President Shaffer would address the strikers. When the latter left for lunch at noon, he said there was nothing new.

STEAL MARCH ON STRIKERS.

Already such a move was made at Clark's plant in this city this morning and consternation reigned among the strikers in the Lawrenceville district this morning when they learned that Capt. Louis T. Brown, general superintendent of the mill, had stolen a march on them and started up the ten and twelve-inch mills. A few of the strikers were around the plant early and when they saw the two mills in operation they were speechless with surprise and hurried away to inform their companions.

Soon many of them were seen flocking to the works to witness the sight for themselves, as they could hardly believe their fellows. It was true, nevertheless. The mills started at the regular hour this morning with about 100 men and boys, and Captain Brown says the entire plant will be running before the end of the week.

NO TROUBLE TO GET MEN.

When interviewed this morning Captain Brown said:

"We had no trouble whatever in securing men. Of those that went to work this morning, some are old men and some are new men. We have many applications on hand and will send out word today to those to whom we can give employment just when to report for duty. The twenty-inch mill has been running steadily since the strike began, the men operating this one refusing to go out with the strikers. Everything is running along smoothly and we expect no trouble whatever."

About the entrance many men were found who said they were seeking work.

THE CARNEGIE MILLS.

In regard to the upper and lower Union mills of the Carnegie company, located at Thirty-third and Twenty-ninth streets, Captain Brown, who has these mills also under his supervision, said they were running along quietly and he does not expect the men to go out on Saturday, when President Shaffer's order goes into effect. He said the lower mill was not organized by the Amalgamated, and at neither of the mills has there been any indication that the men would strike.

Everything is very quiet around all the mills. The strikers around Clark's mill are very orderly and say they will make no attempt to get the men out that went to work this morning, nor will they molest them in any way.

RUMOR OF DETECTIVES.

A report was circulating in Lawrenceville this morning that two detectives were watching for any trouble about the Clark mill, but it could not be verified.

At Painter's mill, on the south side, and the Lindsay & McCutcheon mill, in Allegheny, everything was very quiet. Only a few strikers were around to watch for any attempt to start the works.

At the Pennsylvania Tube works, Second avenue, which, it is said, will be affected by the strike order, everything was running along smoothly and the management said there was not the least indication that the men would strike. They have heard no talk among the men and expect no trouble.

AT M'KEESPORT.

A McKeesport dspatch says:

"The strike order was received with quiet satisfaction by a majority of the skilled men at the tube work, and as the Amalgamated and Federation of Labor control almost all of the skilld workmen, the plant will close on Saturday night.

"Great excitement was caused here this morning by the discovery by the strikers that yesterday evening after dusk six car loads of pig iron had been run into the W. Dewees Wood mill. The movement escaped the observation of the pickets, who were expecting nothing of the kind. The introduction of the iron is a sinister indication and the men fear that Manager Samuel M. Cooper is about to carry out his threat of last week and start the mill non-union.

"The pickets and patrols are being doubled again and agents in nearby towns, especially Vandergrift, warned to look out for the departure of men for this plant.

"It is feared that an attempt to start the mill will surely result in trouble, as the strikers have always threatened it, and the traditions of this town of many strikes are such that strike-breakers do not receive much consideration."

NOT VIEWED WITH ALARM.

The steel manufacturers generally do not view the strike with alarm. The combine officials preserve the same reticence shown from the beginning of the trouble, but privately commented upon it, refusing to be quoted.

One prominent manufacturer said that he was very sorry that President Shaffer had taken the step. He said that he felt sorry for the men, but that he believed the strike would speedily end and that at its conclusion there will be no Amalgamated association to worry the manufacturers in the future. He said that there was no tension in the mills on the part of the company. Another said it would be a fight to the finish and he did not think the negotiations will be reopened.

"In the National Steel company," he said, "I do not expect them to close any mills except the bessemer plant and rolling mills at New Castle and Mingo Junction. At New Castle the strike will make 2,000 men idle and at Mingo Junction about 1,500. They can probably throw into idleness between 15,000 and 16,000 men in Chicago, Joliet and Milwaukee. I do not think they can get out more than 20 per cent. of the 30,000 men in the National Tube company."

FEARS SYMPATHY STRIKES.

One other manufacturer said that his only fear was the customary sympathy of working men for working men. He said that in a strike of such proportions and for such a cause no one can tell the outcome until the strike order is actually effective. He feared the strike would be more extensive than any are now willing to admit.

W. F. Corey, president of the Carnegie Steel company, the National Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company, refused to make any comment on the threatened extension of the strike. This has always been the policy of Andrew Carnegie and Mr. Corey was one of Mr. Carnegie's young partners.

CARNEGIE MILLS VITAL.

The effect of President Shaffer's order on the employes of the Carnegie Steel company is being watched with interest. It is generally understood that the mills of the Carnegie company are depended upon by the United States Steel corporation to keep the strike from closing down its business. The plants are so extensive, the men so thoroughly non-union, the products so varied and of such a nature that they can be but little affected by the refusal of union men in other trades to handle them, that the situation seems to be pretty well in the hands of the United States Steel corporation so long as they are kept running.

In recognition of this the Amalgamated association is making desperate attempts to break down the bulwarks of non-unionism in these mills.

Organizers are at work at Homestead, Duquesne, Braddock and the upper and lower mills in this city and the Amalgamated people claim to have made many converts in these non-union strongholds.

FAILED TO ORGANIZE MEN.

Since the great strike of 1892 three unsuccessful attempts have been made to organize the Homestead workers. A mass meeting of the workmen of the upper and lower mills will be held tomorrow night, when President Shaffer will address the men and endeavor to induce them to join the association. The union men who are arranging the meeting say they will close the mills when the strike assumes its new proportions Saturday night.

The action of President Shaffer in giving the men until Saturday night to work before entering on a strike has given the corporation officials an opportunity of canvassing the situation. It is stated that every foreman will be instructed to ascertain the sentiments of every man under his charge. This will be tabulated by mills and districts, so that before next Saturday night the president of the corporation will know how each man in the employ of the corporation stands.

A rumor was current today that an effort will be made to keep some of the workmen from striking by offering them an advnce in wages. It is doubtful whether this will be done so late in the day.

GO TO WELLSVILLE.

A Scottsdale, Pa., dispatch says:

"This morning fifteen skilled mill workers left here for Wellsville to go to work in the mill at that place. As inducements to go as strike-breakers roughers have been promised positions as rollers, catchers are to be given positions as roughers, and pair heaters advanced to sheet heaters. The places of those leaving are being filled by persons living here and work is going on uninterrupted. Organizers are here trying to induce the Old Meadow men to join the strike."

EXCITEMENT AT LEECHBURG.

A Leechburg, Pa., dispatch says:

"There was great excitement in the Kiskiminetas valley this morning when it became known that President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, had sent out the call for a general strike to begin Saturday night. Early morning trains to Hyde Park, now the storm center of the strike in the Kiskiminetas valley, brought many men from non-union plants up and down the valley. They did not come to work, but to look over the situation. Many conferred with strike leaders and Organizer James, of the Amalgamated association here, says one thousand men in the valley will quit work Saturday night.

"Conditions at the Hyde Park plant, which was opened Monday, were about the same as at the start. Many union men rode in on this morning's trains with the non-union workmen and talked the matter over with them. It is claimed by strike leaders that quite a few of the men who started to work today were turned back. Burgess Rich, of Hyde Park, a famous roller and strike leader, with 'Squire William Fiscus, another roller and strike leader, as well as the two town constables, also strikers, are taking turns patrolling the town, but they find no disorder."

QUIET AT WELLSVILLE.

A Wellsville, Ohio, dispatch says:

"Wellsville is very quiet today and there is no semblance of trouble of any kind. The plant is now working six mills. The news of President Shaffer's strike order was received last night. It will not affect Wellsville in the least, unless it is enlarged so as to take in the allied trades. Eighteen men are expected here from Scottsdale, Pa., this afternoon. Their arrival will put every mill in the plant to working on full turn."

IN PARTIAL OPERATION.

When word was received at the Amalgamated headquarters that Clark's mill was in partial operation. Vice President Gibson Hurried to the scene. When he returned he said only one striker had gone back to work and the rest were negroes. Where they came from he could not say, but supposed that they were brought into the city last night. He denied Captain Brown's statement that two mills were in operation and said only one was running. He said the starting of the mill would have no effect upon the strikers. They were not discouraged and no effort would be made to get the men out that were now working. Concerning the upper and lower Carnegie mills, he asserted that when the order went into effect on Saturday it would be found that both mills would be tied up, regardless of what the owners say.

SCHWAB WAS SURPRISED.

New York, Aug. 7.—The World says:

Charles M. Schwab expressed surprise when a reporter told him about midnight that President Shaffer's strike order named August 10 as the date for extending the great steel battle.

President Schwab was seen on his return to his apartments in the Lorraine. He had spent the evening in conference with J. Pierpont Morgan.

"I am sorry to hear it," Mr. Schwab said when given the details of President Shaffer's strike order. He seemed greatly surprised at the date of the order, but said he was not at liberty to discuss the matter.

NEW PEACE INFLUENCES.

New York, Aug. 7.—The Commercial Advertiser says:

"As far as can be learned no communication has been received by J. P. Morgan & Co., or by any of the steel companies here from the labor leaders since the conference of Saturday last. Peace, however, may not be far away after all. It is learned that independent influences are at work, which may surprise everybody within the next few days. Mr. Morgan will not say a word, but it is believed in some quarters that he has received important communications from persons strong enough and independent enough to bring about a settlement before Shaffer's order to strike takes effect. Those who know Mr. Morgan say that he will welcome any move that will hasten the end of the controversy, providing the fundamental objections he urged on Saturday last are respected. That something is being done in the direction of amity is apparent from the manner of the steel men here and the course of the steel stocks on the exchange."

AT CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 7.—The general strike order issued by President Shaffer was received here early today by Vice President Ward, of the Amalgamated association advisory board.

Immediately upon the receipt of the order Mr. Ward sent out a call for a meeting of all members of the organization in Cleveland for 10 o'clock this mroning. At this meeting, which was largely attended, the strike order was read and plans discussed for carrying out the instructions of President Shaffer.

No further attempt was made today to resume operations at the plant of the American Tin Plate company. The officials of the company declared however, that the plant would be running within a very short time. It is reported that the company will endeavor to secure non-union men.

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Massillon, Ohio, Aug. 7.—President Jenkins, of the local branch of the Amalgamated association, says the men of the local mill will not strike. "We have signed a contract for a year," said he, "and we cannot possibly cease wor—." The local mill is owned by the Republic Iron and Steel company.

NOT ASKED TO MEDIATE.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Governor Gage has not yet been requested to act as mediator in the great strike now on in this city. The city federation has extended the strike so as to include the ports of Benicia and Redwood City. The San Francisco cycle board of trade has undertaken the task of enlisting all the retail dealers' associations of the city in a united effort to bring about a compromise. The labor leaders, however, state that the struggle is not likely to be ended for some time. A mass meeting to consider the situation has been called for tomorrow night.

The Broadway Delicatessen, 140 Broadway, will have its first grand souvenir day Thursday, Aug. 8.

Within a few weeks the Germans of Mexico City collected $30,000 for a German schoolhouse, to be built there.

DR. R. P. WHITE,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK
Rooms 3 and 4.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12—1:30 to 4. (Other hours by appointment.) Home phone, office 676, residence 676.

THERE MAY BE TWENTY CASES

NEW CHARGES OF FORGERY AGAINST JAMES M. KEY.

Developments Make Andrews Banker's Plight Still More Serious

—But $32 in the Bank.

Andrews, Ind., Aug. 7.—In the light of recent developments it now seems probable that President James M. Key, of the defunct Commercial bank of Andrews, who was arrested Monday morning, will have to face an aggregate of twenty charges of forgery.

In making these, it is alleged, he used the names of many of the most prominent business men and farmers in Huntington and other counties. The notes, which are claimed to be forgeries, range in amount from $100 to $2,000, and the aggregate to date is something like $15,000, with many other notes to be examined, and the surities investigated. The transactions cover a period of more than two years. It appears that Key aspired to run a chain of banks after the manner of Zimri Dwiggins some years ago, and was interested in the banking business in Andrews, Cromwell, Avilla, Bunker Hill and Denver. From each of these he put out paper on which he borrowed right and left. The people in these several places seem to have had the utmost confidence in him, and there was no hesitancy in depositing in his numerous banks.

Among the persons and firms said to have been victimized are the American Savings and Trust company, of Chicago, for $1,700; the Indianapolis Capital National bank, for $2,300 ;the Paddock Hodge Grain company, of Toledo, for $1,500, and numerous other but smaller amounts. On the alleged forged paper are the names of H. W. Leach, W. E. Nichols, Ladd & Taylor, T. L. Mills, S. L. Woodbeck, Milton Woodbeck, C. O. Fisher, Noah Fisher, John Leedy and numerous other business men and farmers.

Receiver A. C. Wilkerson, who was appointed by the court to take charge of the wrecked bank, found a total of but $82 in cash on hand, and no entries on the books to show where thousands of dollars in cash had gone.

MIDDLETOWN BREEZES.

Merl Williams, formerly of this place but now of Winimac, Ind., has been visitng here for the past week.

The base ball nine of the primary school played the Hoagland junior nine Saturday. They retrieved the loss of the high school players, who were defeated by Hoagland last fall. They deserve praise for their splendid victory over the Hoagland champions.

Mrs. Nannie Whitner, of Okarche, Okla.; Mrs. Mary Hartzell, of New Haven, and Mr. and Mrs. McMaken, of Sand Point, visited the Hartzell family Sunday.

James Buhl will return from Angola next Saturday. All the boys and girls will be glad to see our "Boden" again.

Rev. I. J. Bicknell, of Monroeville, took dinner with Simon Somers and family Sunday.

Miss Carrie Van Horn is employed at the residence of Elias Hartzell

Charles Busse, of Milan township, is doing general farm work for Charles Mailand this summer.

Many of our young people attended the social at Poe Saturday evening. Among those that attended were Misses Estella Neireiter, Clyde Van Horn and Amanda and Sophia Kaiser, also many boys, but too numerous to mention.

August Grodrian and wife spent two days last week at their daughter's residence, Mrs. Brewer. Brewer & Grodrian carry off the plum with the largest crop of wheat in this vicinity. They had over 800 bushels.

Threshing is holding full sway among the farmers. Henry Mailand, Ernst Kaiser, Simeon Vaughn, John Dennis and M. Bauner have threshed since last publication of items.

Mrs. Brown and son, Ralph, of Fort Wayne, are guests of Frank Hubler and family.

Mr. Archa Bauner, of Summit City, spent Sunday in the country.

Gravel hauling has begun from the Wyss gravel pit.

Master Marlot Somers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Somers, of Fort Wayne, came very near drowning at the residence of John Dennis Monday afternoon. A poor covering over a cistern was the cause of the accident. Had it not been for the bravery of John Gibson, a thresher, who was near and who instantly plunged into the cistern, the little one's life might not have been saved.

Messrs. Lee Hartzell, Melville Neireiter and Harley Somers attended church at Antioch Sunday evening.

As Elsworth Buhl was going to church Sunday evening a rear wheel of his buggy broke down, leaving him slide into the ditch by the roadside. Luckily he sustained no injuries.

A TRUE FISH STORY.

The Peculiar Adventure of a Wedding Ring.

"About the queerest fish story I know of," said a highly truthful looking man—indeed, he was a clergyman—"happened to me at a little lake in Wisconsin, where I used to summer with my family. One day my wife was out in our boat with a party of friends. She was letting her hand trail in the water, without thinking about its shrinking effect, and when she finally took her hand in her wedding ring was gone. The lake was deep at that point, and although we made considerable effort to recover the ring it was not found.

"Naturally it worried her a good deal, and the next year she would not go back to the same place, nor did we go the following year, but the third year we went there again, and one day I was in the woods about a mile from the lake with my boy, trying to get a shot at some denizen of the forest or other. As we went peering around among the trees to get a squirrel we had seen I noticed something shining on a twig of a tree about 25 feet from the ground. I sent my boy up after it, and when he came back I was more than astonished to find that the shining thing was my wife's wedding ring.

"How it ever got there was a mystery at first, but I was not a believer in fairies and that sort of thing, so I began to investigate for material causes. The top of the tree had deadened, and with a suspicion in my mind I sent my boy up to see what signs might be above the green boughs. He called down to me presently that there were remains of a fishhawk's nest in the forks of the tree, and, putting this and that together, I came to the conclusion that the hawk had caught the fish that had gobbled up my wife's ring in the lake and had taken it to the nest for the young hawks. They didn't care for jewelry and had left that part of the fish in the nest, from which, as the nest was blown to pieces by the wind and beaten by the storms, the ring had dropped out and by chance had caught on the twig where I found it. In any event, if that was not the way it got there, how did it? For it surely was there, and my wife is wearing it today."—Exchange.

FLOWER AND TREE.

A single leaf of the orange tree, carefully planted, will often take root and grow.

Seven-year-old tea plants yield four ounces of leaves apiece, or 700 pounds of tea to the acre.

New Zealand has in its edelweiss a plant differing but slightly from the famous Swiss variety.

An oak tree at 100 years averages 41 inches in diameter, a larch 40 inches, an elm 50 inches and a yew 9 inches.

A white pine tree 20 years old ought to be about 25 feet high, and at 30 or 40 years of age it ought to measure about 60 feet.

The pest of British Columbia forests is a plant called the devil's club. It has spikes which, when they enter the flesh, break off and produce poisoned wounds, which fester.

Wore His Old Hat Home.

They were talking about getting bald. "Men wear their hats too much," the doctor was saying. "I have noticed that a great many business men wear them in their offices. The head should be kept bare as much as possible." "My partner always wear an old straw hat around the store," replied a Market street merchant. "He wears this in winter as well as in summer, or at least he did until last winter, when he had an experience that cured him of it.

"One very cold afternoon he left the office early, and as he walked briskly through the street he noticed in a rather absentminded way that he was attracting considerable attention. People turned and looked after him and laughed. It was not until he had walked five or six blocks that he realized what it all meant. He met a lady of his acquaintance, and when he went to raise his hat he found that he was still wearing the old straw one, having forgotten to change it when he left the office. Fortunately there was a hat store near by, and he went in and bought one more suitable to the season."—Philadelphia Record.

The London (England) County council has voted to send a tramway manager and electrical engineer to investigate street railways, especially the "shallow underground lines" of the Boston system, which it is proposed to construct in London.

Peruna, 75c; Castoria 25c.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, 75c.
Swamp Root, 38 and 75c.
Mennen's Talcum Powder, 19c.
Cuticura Soap, 20c; Salve, 38c.
Doan's Pills or Salve, 38c.
Fellow's Hypophosp, $1.12.
Harlem Oil, 5c.
Hostetter's Bitters, 75c.
Mellen's Food, 38 and 60c.

Rhoads—== 25 Per Cent. Saved on all Drugs. 97 Broadway. Home 'Phone 1528. ==—Rhoads

Here are examples of my prices—everything kept in a first-class drug store at the same discount. I am saving hundreds of people 25c on the dollar and if you will give me a trial, you will trade with me always. I buy direct from manufacturers', so my goods are always fresh, pure and genuine. I fill prescriptions at about one-half the price charged by the trust drug stores, guarantee quality of material and filled by competent pharmacists. Goods delivered to all parts of the city, and mail orders given prompt attention. Ask for free sample Rhoad's Nerve and Liver Tonic.

Greene's Nervura, 75c.
Mile's Anti-Pain Pills, 19c.
Omega Oil, 38c; Sozodent, 57c.
Paine's Celery Compound, 75c.
Stuart's Tablets, 19c, 38c and 75c.
Graves Tooth Powder, 15c.
Sulphur and Salts, pound, 5c.
Lincoln, Garfield and Lane's Tea, 19c.
Cascarets, 8c, 19c and 38c.
Alcocks Porous Plasters, 2 for 25c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

SHOT AT THIEVES; KILLED SISTER

A Strange Tragedy at Pleasureville, Pa., in Which a Woman Did Not Know She Was Mortally Hurt Until She Fell.

York, Pa., Aug. 3.—Mrs. Sarah Knaub, of this city, aged about fifty-three years, was shot and killed by her sister, Mrs. Henry Reilly, at Pleasureville, a suburb of York, at an early hour this morning.

Mrs. Knaub, who was visiting her sister, was aroused by chicken thieves. She awoke her sister and the two discovered two men prowling about the premises. Mrs. Knaub pointed out the thieves to Mrs. Reilly and commanded her to shoot.

Raising her revolver Mrs. Reilly fired. The shot took effect in Mrs. Knaub's back, between the shoulder blades. Mrs. Knaub did not know she was shot and for a period of ten minutes kept a lookout for the thieves. She was then seen to fall over and died in ten minutes. Her death was attributed to heart disease, induced by excitement. But the real cause of her death was revealed by the coroner's investigation, which showed that death was caused by internal hemorrhage, the result of a pistol shot wound, inflicted accidentally.

PLUCKY WOMAN WITH GUN HAS WAY

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 3.—A Wellsville, Ohio, dispatch says:

Deeply enraged by being outwitted by the mill officials, who yesterday afternoon succeeded in running nine new mill workers into the mill, the strikers became desperate last night and asserted that no more accessions must be made to the mill workers.

Accordingly more than a hundred of them guarded both entrances to the mill all night. They made extra effort to be vigilant when the midnight train from Pittsburg came to town, but were unable to locate any more strike-breakers.

About 2 o'clock this morning they went to the house of a mill worker named Harry Phillips. Phillips' wife boards three of the men who came here a few days ago to work at the mill. The strikers pelted the house with stones, breaking nearly all the windows, and demanded that the mill men who were boarding there come out. Several shots were fired with revolvers by the men, but no one was hurt.

Mrs. Phillips is a plucky woman, and armed with a shot gun, she went out into the crowd of strikers and dared them to touch her. She then took the men who were boarding with her, including her husband, to the mill, she walking beside them with loaded revolver in her hand, and at the same time daring the strikers to interfere.

She got the four men inside the mill and then turned and put the mob, as she calls them, to rout. She says she knows many of them and will have them arrested today.

Some interesting developments are looked for before Monday. The plant is running five of its mills, four of them double and one of them single turn. Manager Brookman declares that the mill will be running in full capacity by Monday.

KRUGER WOULD PAY CASH FOR PEACE

Paris, Aug. 3.—In the course of the interview with Mr. Kruger, published in the Figaro today, the ex-president of the Transvaal said:

"We have already once proposed peace directly to Great Britain and we will not renew the propositions. All we are willing to give for peace is money if Great Britain asks it. No price is too dear to obtain independence and the right to live as a free nation."

LIBERIANS FEAR GERMANY

AFRAID THEIR STATE MAY BE GRABBED.

Mr. Barclay Thinks Liberian Mining Offers Great Future to the American Negroes.

London, Aug. 3.—A number of officials of Liberia have arrived in England for the purpose of endeavoring to procure from Great Britain the right to navigate the Mannariver, which separates Liberia from Sierra Leone. The delegation, which consists of Secretary of the Treasury Barclay, Chief Justice Roberts and Senator King, who was the Liberian commissioner to the world's fair, have had an interview with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, and negotiations to secure the desired right are now in progress. Mr. Barclay, who has held the position of chief justice for about twenty years, said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"Liberia is progressing well. Thanks to the firm stand of the United States and Great Britain, we are unbothered with European aggression, though to tell the truth we are rather afraid of Germany, as she is so patiently on the lookout for colonies. However, I do not think she will get a chance to appropriate our country. I understand that steps are on foot in New York for the formation of an American line to West Africa. I believe it will be an advantageous undertaking, as the oils, timber and such products now used in Liberia and other West African countries come from America, but by way of England. A direct service would obviate this miscarriage of profits. Return freights are still scarce, but with the rapid development of the country's mining interests this difficulty should shortly be overcome, while rubber is always plentiful. There is gold in Liberia and a company has already been formed to develop the mines.

"Financially, Liberia is progressing. One hundred thousand pounds would wipe out all her debts. Considering that we have not received any financial assistance except from American colonization, Liberia's standing compares favorably with that of any West African state.

"We are getting little negro immigration from the United States. At present, indeed, it is hard for immigrants to get work, for the natives are willing to work for $3 a month. Later there will be plenty of opportunities for those cognizant of mining matters. If American negroes would take up this branch they would have a great future on the west coast, where they can stand the climate twice as well as a white man. We are working slowly and steadily in the endeavor to find a common basis of government for our civilized and native populations. The latter number a million. We are endeavoring to avoid the mistakes of crown colonies around us of forcing our ideas upon the natives. A gradual assimilation of customs is the only way of dealing with the problem, and how successful we have been can be judged from the fact that we have no organized police and often no serious criminal cases occur in six months' time."

Mr. Barclay said the Liberians were very glad to see the re-establishment of American and European squadrons, though there was no harbor in Liberia at present fitted for a coaling station.

SOLD THREE HOUSES.

Dr. W. O. Gross, administrator, on Saturday sold three residence properties belonging to the J. G. Thieme estate. The residence at 415 East Washington street was purchased by Paul E. Wolf for $1,700; the residence at Erie and Schick streets went to Mr. Morehart for $1,050, and the adjoining property to the west was bought by Mr. Hilker for $950.

A TRAGEDY NEAR FINDLAY.

Findlay, O., Aug. 3.—Alexander McCullough, a prominent citizen of Crawfis, twelve miles west of here, today shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide. The shooting occurred in the presence of the couple's five children. McCullough is supposed to have been temporarily insane.

COMMANDANT STEYN KILLED.

Bloomfontein, Orange River Colony, Aug. 3.—Commandant Haermanus Steyn, a cousin of President Steyn, was killed August 1 while fighting at Ficksburg. Boers and rebels are re-entering the Barkly West district of Cape Colony.

MOB HANGS A MURDERER.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 3.—Charley Bentley, a negro, confessed to the murder of "Jim" Vann, alias Williams, a white man, and was hanged by a mob in Leeds, St. Clair county, yesterday. The murderers body was riddled with bullets and left hanging to the limb of a tree. The coroner's jury had just returned a verdict fixing the responsibility of the murder on Bentley. The murder was committed early in the morning, while Vann and his wife and child were asleep in a camp three miles from Leeds. Vann's skull was crushed with a large rock and his slayer then grabbed Mrs. Williams around the throat, but she screamed for help and the negro ran into the woods. Farmers living in the vicinity of the place answered the appeals for help and began a search for the murderer. By a hole in the bottom of Bentley's shoe they followed his tracks. He at first denied his guilt, but confessed when taken to the tree to be hanged.

WILL DEDICATE IN MAY.

Indianapolis, Aug. 3.—The monument board have fixed the third Tuesday in May, 1902, as the date for dedicating the state soldiers' and sailors' monument in this city. President McKinley is expected to attend the ceremony.

SCHOOLS OPEN SEPTEMBER 2

BOARD FILLS VACANCIES IN STAFF OF TEACHERS.

Mrs. Jennie Ray Ormsby Named as Special Instructor in Reading and Physical Culture.

The Fort Wayne city schools will open for the fall term on Monday, September 9, and Superintendent Study is now making the assignments of teachers for the year.

Three of the teachers who received appointments in June have resigned—the Misses Nellie and Jennie Yoe who have taken up their residence in California, and Miss Daisy Beaber, whose marriage to John Mulford occurred this week. These vacancies have been filled by the appointment of Miss Ella C. Loney, Miss Lillian Hays and Miss Catherine Slattery.

The board has also appointed Mrs. Jennie Ray Ormsby as special instructor in reading and physical culture, and Miss Minnie B. Frest, a graduate of the Maine state normal school, has also received an appointment as a teacher in the city schools.

The school buildings are all being renovated and repaired, and a committee from the Woman's Club League is directing the papering of the rooms of the Hanna school, and the tinting of the walls of the Washington, Lakeside and Miner buildings. This committee is composed of Mrs. C. B. Woodworth, Mrs. M. S. Mahurin and Mrs. I. N. Taylor.

WILL GO TO CLEVELAND.

From thirty to forty members of Anthony Wayne post No. 271, G. A. R., are expected to attend the national encampment to be held at Cleveland, beginning September 9, and at the meeting of the post last week a committee composed of G. W. Aldrich, John W. Vordermark and Daniel Hickman was named to arrange all details for the trip.

The Fort Wayne Blues will leave tomorrow morning for Defiance to play the famous Defiance team a game of ball tomorrow afternoon. A number of friends of the club will accompany them.

SKIN TORTURES

And all Forms of Itching Scaly Humours Instantly Relieved and Speedily

CURED BY CUTICURA.

Complete Treatment consists of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin, scalp, and blood humours, when all else fails.

Millions of People use Cuticura Soap, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening the hands, for baby itchings and rashes, in baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27-28 Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props.

FACTORIES BURN

FIRE INFLICTS BIG LOSS ON HAMMOND.

THREE PLANTS DESTROYED

EXPLOSION THE CAUSE OF THE CONFLAGRATION.

FINDS LONG LOST CHILD

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

Hammond, Ind., Aug. 3.—This city was threatened with destruction last night by a fire that consumed three large manufacturing plants and caused a loss of more than $75,000 before it was under control. The plants destroyed were the Simplex Railway Appliance company, the Western Rawhide Tanning company and the Hammond Buggy company.

The Simplex Appliance company sustains a loss of about $25,000, with $15,000 insurance.

The loss of the Western Rawhide company is being placed at $40,000, with about $35,000 insurance.

The Hammond Buggy company's loss is estimated at $10,000, with insurance to cover about half of that amount.

The buildings were all one story and owned by Henry Schrag, of Whiting, Ind. The Simplex Railway Appliance company was rushed with work, employing a large number of men day and night, and was one of the city's main institutions.

A broken oil pipe in a furnace in the Simplex factory started the blaze and the flames soon got beyond control of the local fire department. Assistance was sent from Kensington and South Chicago, and the combined efforts of the three villages prevented any further spread of the fire until the wind shifted from the north to the northeast, carrying the flames away from the surrounding buildings, which had been threatened with destruction.

Over five hundred workingmen will be thrown out of employment.

FINDS DAUGHTER AT LAST.

Mishawaka, Ind., Aug. 3.—George T. Edmus, residing south of here, has located his daughter Sadie, who disappeared nine years ago, then at the age of eighteen, from the family home in Alpena, Mich. Two weeks after her disappearance her mother died from grief, and one month after that the lover of the girl committed suicide because of the loss of his sweetheart. The father was so deeply affected that for several years he roamed about, finally locating south of Mishawaka.

Two weeks ago, while sojourning at the Thousand Islands, the daughter read in a newspaper an item describing an accident to a man bearing her father's name and employed a detective, resulting in a happy reunion of father and daughter. At the time of her disappearance she had a secret lover, Lawrence Brice, now a wealthy plantation owner of Louisiana, with a home in New Orleans. She eloped with him and has since resided in the Crescent City.

SHOOTS AT ANGRY HUSBAND.

Frankfort, Ind., Aug. 3.—Harry Berry, a wealthy liquor dealer, came near losing his life yesterday afternoon at the hands of his wife, who fired a revolver at him. Berry had charged his wife and Police Officer Nichols with misconduct, had appeared on the streets with a shotgun and said he would blow off the head of Nichols as soon as he found the policeman. He said he returned from Logansport and found his wife and Nichols together, when the officer covered him with a pistol and ran. Friends took the gun away from Berry as he was starting for Nichols, and later in the day he had angry words with his wife. She then seized a revolver and fired at him. Mrs. Berry says she believed her life was in danger and fired in self-defense. Officer Nichols says there is no truth in the charge made against him by Berry and that he went to the Berry home on an official errand. The city administration yesterday afternoon suspended Nichols.

CONSIDERS ASYLUM ABUSES.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 3.—A committee of the state board of charities visited the southern Indiana insane asylum yesterday to look into the alleged insanity trust. The investigation was conducted secretly and nothing was given to the press, except that "the committee found no one illegally held in the asylum." The committee will make a report to the governor, but what this report will be no one knows. The case of Mrs. Louisa Eislein was given special investigation. She was admitted to the asylum several months ago, having poisoned her husband and son. Her petition for release a few weeks ago was refused and the woman is said to be dying.

LOVER IS ROUGHLY HANDLED.

Dublin, Ind., Aug. 3.—Because her father handled Charles Anthony, her sweetheart, roughly one night while he was making his usual call, Miss Matilda Abbles, of Roseburg, has suddenly disappeared and her parents believe she has killed herself. Young Anthony is eighteen years old and Miss Abbles is twenty. Miss Abbles warned her father if he continued his objections to her lover she would leave home. The father did not heed his daughter's threats and, as he says, "fired the youngster from the place."

SERMON IN BOOK FORM.

Bluffton, Ind., Aug. 3.—Rev. C. G. Miller has placed on sale his sermon recently delivered at the burial of ex-Congressman A. N. Martin. He has announced that the proceeds will be devoted to the purchase of a marker for the grave of Martin other than that supplied by the government for soldiers. The widow and only daughter have positively refused to accept any money from the sale of the books and have asked Bluffton people not to buy them for that purpose. Rev. Mr. Miller's pamphlet contains, besides the sermon, press comments and letters he received.

DISGRACED BY GOING TO JAIL.

Rushville, Ind., Aug. 3.—Charles Demos, fifty-five years old, a merchant at Glenwood, was locked up in jail while intoxicated and tried to beat out his brains by striking his head against the bars of his cell. Two doctors dressed his wounds. Demos said he had been disgraced by being placed in jail and would kill himself if he was not given his liberty. He was released.

PREACHED IN THE DARK.

Danville, Ind., Aug. 3.—While Rev. I. N. Yokley, of Bloomfield, was preaching at the Cumberland Presbyterian church last night the electric lights went out and for seventeen minutes he talked to his audience in darkness, when the lights came on again. He had no notes and continued his discourse through the darkness as if nothing unusual had occurred.

RUSHING WHEAT TO MARKET

SEVERAL THOUSAND BUSHELS CAME IN SATURDAY.

Columbia Street Was Lined for Hours With Teams Waiting to Deliver the Grain.

There were lively doings down around the Columbia street wheat market today, and employes of the market Saturday and employes of the grain-buying houses have been working at a terrific pace in taking care of thousands of bushels of wheat which came into the Fort Wayne market.

It was the heaviest day of the present season, and the rush started early. When the grain houses opened that morning they found a long line of farmers' wagons heavily loaded with wheat awaiting them, and more came constantly until long after noon. For hours Columbia street for a distance of two squares or more was filled with the farmers' wagons, and as rapidly as they were unloaded others took their places in the line.

Grain men estimate that not less than 6,000 bushels of wheat represent total marketed in the city that day, and the most of it was of an excellent quality. The price ranged from 64 cents, and was regarded as a very favorable figure.

NEGRO DIES IN THE CHAIR.

Sing Sing, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Benjamin Pugh, a negro, who murdered John Tiegen, a waiter in a restaurant in Brooklyn, on August 23d last, was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison today. Three shocks were administered before he was pronounced dead. On the day of the murder Pugh entered the restaurant where Tiegen was employed as a waiter. He ordered a meal and started to leave without paying for it. Tiegen remonstrated and Pugh threw ten cents on the counter and then brushed the money off as Tiegen was about to pick it up. This so enraged the latter that he struck the negro and ejected him from the place. Pugh returned shortly and shot Tiegen dead.

On Saturday negotiations were completed by Patrick H. Garvey, of this city, whereby he became the owner of Grape Island, the largest island in Sylvan lake. The island covers an area of about three acres, and is one of the picturesque spots of Rome City.

THE COURT NEWS.

In addition to being granted a divorce from her husband, Rev. Sidney C. Bennett, last week, Mrs. Bennett was also awarded the custody of their four-year-old daughter.

Mary C. Arnold has commenced suit against C. W. Arnold to foreclose mortgage; demand $100.

A suit has been filed on behalf of the state ex rel Thompson against James A. Bird, justice of the peace, for a writ of probation.

Dora Bell Matthias has commenced divorce proceedings in the superior court against John J. Matthias.

Pending the hearing of the divorce case of William S. Parry vs. Mary E. Parry, Judge Aiken has issued a temporary restraining order against the plaintiff and ordered him to pay a temporary allowance of $25 to the defendant and ordered further that during the pendency of the suit the plaintiff and defendant should each be given the custody of one of their two children.

Theodore Buuck, of Milan Tp., Wednesday reported to Sheriff Stout that a little bay mare was stolen from his stable last Saturday night. The report is very late, but nevertheless the sheriff will send out postal cards giving a description of the horse and offering a reward.

John Harrold, an old man picked up near Maples several weeks ago by the sheriff's deputies, has been removed from the jail to the county poor farm.

W. F. Ranke sues Sarah Garmire et al. on a note for $200.

Dr. J. M. Dinnen has commenced suit against the Central Union Telephone company for $350 damages. He alleges that a patient at New Haven called for him and that the local office made no attempt to find him, but called another physician, intimating that Dr. Dinnen could not be had.

Grace Kappel et al. sue Henry Kappel et al. on partition proceedings.

Mary E. Heffer has filed her final report as administratrix of the estate of Mary A. Coar, deceased.

Deputy Sheriff Ryan last Friday arrested Myrtle Reed for the larceny of a dress skirt from Mrs. William Dunn, living near Wallen. He looked her up pending examination and this morning she was taken before Justice Bullerman, who bound her over to await the action of the grand jury. In default of bail she was returned to jail. A child of Mr. and Mrs. William Dunn died last week and Myrtle, who is a sister to Del Reed, held in jail as a witness in the Dunn-Cothrell case, was one of the attendants at the service. Sometime during the day she entered Mrs. Dunn's room and abstracted a skirt which she put on and went away with. The Dunn family suspected Miss Reed of the theft and notified the sheriff, but she was not found until that evening. She bears a bad reputation and has been under arrest for larceny before.

A week or more ago George Geogline, of Goegline, was tried in Bullerman's court for having in his possession, unlawfully, a certain seine, contrary to the provisions of the fish and game law. A conviction followed and he was assessed in fines and costs to the amount of $43. His attorney has appealed the case and last week filed the transcript.

Circuit Court Clerk William Hammond and party have left for Clear Lake on a week's fishing excursion.

A few days ago, when William Henze was at the auditor's office, asserting that he had made application for a liquor license, but no application was found on file, he was very loud in saying that he would "see the commissioners" about it as soon as he could find them, and appeared to be very indignant because they were not in session right then. He was informed that they would be in session on Saturday forenoon and Mr. Henze intimated that he and the commissioners would have an understanding at once. The commissioners were in session all morning, but Mr. Henze did not appear. Neither has Mr. Henze got a license for running his saloon; neither has Prosecutor Emrick filed any affidavit against him for his open and flagrant violation of the law; neither has he given any indication that he intends to interfere with Mr. Henze's operations, although he is under oath and bond to prosecute all known offenders; neither has he offered any excuse for his wanton neglect of duty. Altogether, it looks very much as though Mr. Henze is the cock of the walk by a safe majority.

Henry Oetting sues Edward Jones and others to recover on a mechanic's lien; demand, $50.

Monday was liquor license day in the commissioners' court. There were eighteen applications and no remonstrances. Among the applications that of William Henze does not appear, although William has been doing business since last November without the document which eighteen other men are expected to walk up and settle for today. Neither has any attempt been made by the prosecuting attorney to compel Henze to close his shop or pay the penalty for his open and continued violation of the law, although the prosecutor is aware of the fact that he has no license and has in his possession the names of witnesses, including one or two officers, who are willing at any time to testify to the facts.

The several township trustees of the county Monday filed their annual statistical reports with the county superintendent of schools. The report covers only such matters as pertain to the public schools.

The superior court convened on Monday and disposed of some minor matters. In the case of Hite vs. Cullom, breach of promise, an affidavit for change of venue was filed and in the Pelper habeas corpus case, objections to the return of the writ are being argued.

Sheriff Stout spent Sunday at Clear Lake and on his return next morning he brought with him one of the most robust fish stories of the season. The peculiarity about this story is that it is corroborated by a number of reliable witnesses. The heroine is Mrs. George H. Loesch, wife of the well known druggist, who landed a five-pound bass in her boat, having for bait an ordinary grub worm, a line not over ten feet in length and a tiny blue gill hook to land him with. The fellows with their half-mile of line, $30 dollar rods, patent spinners and expensive reels are respectfully requested to take a back seat, as this story of Sheriff Stout's has ample and reliable authenticity.

Jennie Nelswonger was yesterday divorced from Rolland Nelswonger and allowed to resume her maiden name, Double.

The habeas corpus proceedings of Anna Pieper against the board of children's guardians was dismissed.

Mabel S. Kromm has commenced divorce proceedings against James A. Kromm and pending the hearing of the cause Judge Aiken has issued an order restraining the defendant from disposing of any of his property.

Eli E. Perry and H. W. Brown have made application for admission to the Allen county bar. The young gentlemen have but recently located in this city, where they have already made many personal friends. They both come fresh with graduating honors from one of the best known law schools in the country and after casting about for a suitable field were so favorably impressed with Fort Wayne that they concluded to locate here. John Morris, jr., H. I. Smith and B. B. Dreibelbiss will report to the court as to their qualifications.

The commissioners were in session today transacting miscellaneous business. Bridge Superintendent Wiley went to Woodburn this morning to look after the construction of a small county bridge near that point.

In the superior court this morning in the case of Smith vs. Schmidt, judgment was for the defendant and an appeal was taken to the appellate court.

The case of Ranke vs. Garmire was dismissed today by Judge Aiken.

In the case of the state ex. rel. Thompson vs. James A. Bird, justice of the peace, for a prohibitive writ, after the arguments were heard at length the court found for the defendant.

Cora Alice Carpenter was this morning granted a divorce from Wesley Carpenter and was allowed to assume her maiden name, Bachelier.

The superior court adjourned at noon today and will not again be in session until next Tuesday.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Michael F. Orr and Jennie Mason.

Robert Leo Huldebert Brandenburg and Bertha Kluge.

Thomas B. Crest and Ione G. Evers.

John C. Mulford and Daisy K. Beaber.

William Juergens and Clara Jackson.

John R. Minerd and Alice M. Bell.

Henry W. Braditmiller and Nettie Wefel.

NERVES LIKE A FLAT-IRON.

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says two bottles of Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows today whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 6.—The trustees of the Northern Indiana Baptist association have chosen the following officers: President, William A. Banks, Laporte; vice president, G. T. Hodsden, South Bend; secretary and treasurer, W. D. Spore, Laporte.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION

Have you seen the catalogue of the International Business College of Fort Wayne, Ind?

If not, you are not familiar with the best business help to offer in the line of Business Education, Shorthand or Penmanship.

OUR GRADUATES GET GOOD POSITIONS.

Send us the names of ten young people in your locality who may be interested in our line of work, and we will send you, FREE for one year our College Journal. Write for particulars regarding our Mail Course.

A postal card will bring you our handsome catalogue.

FALL TERM BEGINS TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3D.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves.

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder." We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. Dr. W. C. Abbott, editor of the Chicago Clinic says: "It is a grand preparation. I am using it constantly in my practice." All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Samples sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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ANCHOR LINE

Steamships from New York Weekly for

Glasgow via Londonderry

Saloon, $50 and up.

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Third Class, $28 and upwards.

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HENDERSON BROTHERS, Chicago, or SIEMON BROS., 59 Calhoun St.; KUHNE & CO., 19 Court Place, Ft. Wayne.

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AEROFORM For Painless Extracting.

WEISELL'S NEW METHOD

Safe, pleasant and effective.

The patient while conscious of the operation, FEELS NO PAIN.

It produces no change in color, pulsation or circulation.

The effects pass off rapidly without sickness or any bad result.

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20 Years Experience. Everything Up-to-date.

Cut Plates. Best in the World.

GOLD and SILVER Fillings. Weisell's Artificial Teeth with or without Plates.

GOLD CROWNS and GOLD BRIDGES.

The Pennsylvania Standard.

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Trains Run by Central Time.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

FROM FT. WAYNE		
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 3 30 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago	* 3 30 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago	* 4 58 am	* 9 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.	* 5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.	* 5 39 am	* 3 25 am
Mansfield and Lima	*11 31 pm	†11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg	*11 31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	† 7 26 am	†10 50 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	†12 15 pm	†12 30 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg	†12 40 pm	* 3 23 am
Plymouth and Chicago	* 4 10 pm	* 7 25 pm
Lima and Crestline	† 7 05 am	† 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.	* 9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg & Phila.	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.	* 4 20 pm	*12 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago	*10 15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 25 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY.
In effect June 23, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

*For Grand Rapids and north		11 55 p m
" " " "		5 50 a.m
" " " "		4 15 p.m
†From Richmond arrives		3 40 p.m
SOUTH BOUND.		
*For Richmond and Cincinnati		1 45 a.m
" " " "		6 55 a.m
" " " "		12 30 p.m
†From Grand Rapids arrives		3 50 p.m

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16TH, 1901

Going West.		Going East.
6:50 a. m.	Daily.	5:53 a. m.
9:37 a. m.	Daily.	6.20 a. m.
5:40 p. m.	Daily.	11:45 a. m.
9:20 p. m.	Daily.	6:30 p. m.
11:00 p. m.	Sunday only.	7:30 a. m.

From Peru daily, arrive, 9:20 a. m.
From Toledo, ex. Sunday, arr. 8:00 p. m.
Telephones—Home-Bell, No. 6.

Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway

DEPART.

No. 2 Mail and Express	7 20 a.m
No. 4 passenger	7 00 p.m
No. 6 Mixed	2:15 p.m
No. 32 Local freight	8 00 a.m

ARRIVE

No. 31 Local freight	5 30 p.m
No. 5 Mixed	11 00 a.m
No. 3 Mail and Express	3 50 p.m
No. 1 Passenger	10 55 a.m

Trains 1 and 4 Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Nos. 31 and 32 carry passengers.

NICKEL PLATE

6-6-30-1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 4	1 30
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2	3 15
Eastern Express, No. 4	7 05
Local Freight	12 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 5	2 30
Western Express, No. 1	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3	4 35
Local Freight	17 00

†Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

For rates and information, address C. A. Asterbury, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. S. & M. S. TIME CARD. In effect June, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
460 Express and Mail	11 25 a.m
462 Local Freight	2 50 p.m
410 Express and Mail	8 50 p.m
Northbound.	**Depart.**
463 Local Freight	6 40 a.m
457 Express and Mail	11 55 a.m
459 Express and Mail	8 00 p.m

All trains daily except Sunday.

L. E. & W. RY.—TIME TABLE.

In Effect Sunday, April 28.

South Bound.	Depart
No. 175 Local Freight, except Sunday	5 30 a.m
No. 41 Express and Mail, except Sun	7 10 a.m
No. 43 Express and Mail, except Sun	4 15 p.m
No. 45 Express and Mail, Sunday only	8 20 p.m
North Bound.	**Arrive**
No. 40 Express and Mail, except Sun	11 45 a.m
No. 174 Local Freight, except Sunday	4 40 p.m
No. 42 Express and Mail, except Sun	10 25 p.m
No. 44 Express and Mail, Sunday only	10 15 p.m

NEWS OF THE DIAMOND

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Grand Rapids	56	40	.583
Dayton	52	43	.547
Fort Wayne	52	45	.536
Toledo	47	42	.528
Matthews	50	45	.526
Wheeling	44	46	.489
Marion	39	56	.411
Columbus	36	59	.379

Two out of three from Dayton is not so bad after all and is considerably better than most of the locals expected of "Doggie's" team. Yesterday's victory made it three out of five for Fort Wayne on the trip, and that is doing pretty well for being away from home. Now come two games with Columbus, which should be easy money but for the fact that Fort Wayne almost invariably falls down to the tailenders. Mullin pitched for the Railroaders yesterday and after the first inning it looked as though it was all off, the Old Soldiers laying up treasures to the tune of three in that first round; in the fourth they made another and were four to the good, inasmuch as Fort Wayne had not been doing anything with Dayton's pitcher and never scored until the sixth. In the sixth, however, is when business commenced and Mr. Jones, the gentlemanly artist in the box, got stabbed in the solar plexus with such vehemence that four runs were trundled in before the side was declared out. In the next inning some more things happened to Mr. Jones and the game was safe. For Fort Wayne the hits all came in pairs and nobody led at bat. It looks, too, as though Hardesty is soon due to play a game without an error. Errors in the field every game are an expensive luxury to the club. Following is the score:

FORT WAYNE.

	A.B.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nattress, ss	4	2	2	3	0
Hardesty, cf	5	2	3	0	1
McCann, lf	4	2	0	1	0
Thornton, 1b	4	2	8	0	0
Babb, 3b	3	0	1	1	3
F. Miller, 2b	4	0	0	2	3
G. Miller, rf	4	2	2	0	1
Fuller, c	4	0	9	1	0
Mullin, p	4	0	1	2	1
Totals	36	10	*26	10	3

DAYTON.

	A.B.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Smith, cf	5	1	4	1	0
Wheeler, 3b	5	1	1	2	3
A. Miller, lf	3	0	0	0	0
Myers, 1b	4	0	8	0	0
Gochnauer, ss	3	1	2	0	0
Grosart, rf	4	2	3	0	1
Burns, 2b	4	1	3	1	0
Cross, c	3	1	6	0	0
Jones, p	2	1	0	1	0
*Coggswell	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	34	9	27	5	1

*Burns out, hit by ball.
*Batted for Jones in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ft. Wayne	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0—5
Dayton	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—4

Two-base hit—Gochnauer. Three-base hits—Smith, Grosart, Nattress. Home run—Nattress. Sacrifice hit—Jones. Stolen bases—A. Miller, Wheeler, Thornton. First base on balls—Off Jones, 1; off Mullin, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Jones, 1; by Mullin, 1. Struck out—By Jones, 2; by Mullin, 9. Passed balls—Cross, 2. Umpire—Mullane. Time—2:00. Attendance—350.

OTHER ASSOCIATION GAMES

GRAND RAPIDS, 1; TOLEDO, 7.

Grand Rapids, Ind., Aug. 7.—Toledo fell upon Bailey hard in the first inning yesterday. After that both pitchers ere effective. Score:

G. Rapids	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Toledo	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—7

Batteries—Bailey and Zalusky; Pardee and Graffius. Hits—Grand Rapids, 5; Toledo, 12. Errors—Grand Rapids, 2; Toledo, 2.

MARION, 3; MATTHEWS, 2.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 7.—Marion won out in a pretty eleven-inning contest yesterday afternoon. Granninger's pitching was the feature. Score:

Marion	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—3
Matthews	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Batteries—Granninger and Kellner; Case and Williams. Hits—Marion, 10; Matthews, 6. Errors—Marion, 4; Matthews, 2. Umpire—Hornung. Attendance—200.

COLUMBUS, 21; WHEELING, 7.

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—Columbus hit the ball in all directions yesterday and won literally in a walk. Umpire Latham was barred from the grand stand by order of the Columbus base ball club. Score:

Columbus	0	0	1	0	5	0	7	5	3	—21
Wheeling	1	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	— 7

Batteries—Wagner and Zinram; Mason and Needham. Hits—Columbus, 24; Wheeling, 10. Errors—Columbus, 4; Wheeling, 5. Umpires—Quinn and Killen. Attendance—500.

GAMES TODAY.

Fort Wayne at Columbus.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	50	33	.602
Philadelphia	50	37	.575
St. Louis	49	37	.570
Brooklyn	45	42	.517
Boston	42	42	.500
New York	36	44	.450
Cincinnati	35	50	.412
Chicago	36	58	.383

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Cincinnati, 2; Chicago, 6.
Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
Pittsburg, 8; St. Louis, 1.

GAMES TODAY.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
New York at Brooklyn.
Philadelphia at Boston.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	57	31	.648
Boston	49	34	.590
Baltimore	49	39	.557
Detroit	45	36	.556
Philadelphia	38	43	.469
Washington	34	45	.430
Cleveland	33	51	.393
Milwaukee	34	56	.378

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Milwaukee, 4; Detroit, 8.
Philadelphia-Washington—rain.
Baltimore-Boston—rain.

GAMES TODAY.

Chicago at Detroit.
Milwaukee at Cleveland.
Boston at Baltimore.
Washington at Philadelphia.

BASE BALL BREVITIES.

Fort Wayne stands tie with Dayton for fifth place on the league batting average list, with a percentage of .262, a gain of five points.

Pitcher Jack Harper, of St. Louis, with Fort Wayne last year, will be united in marriage to Miss May Dockery, of Oil City, Pa., within a few weeks and his team mates are getting up a big purse for the occasion.

Manager Donavan, of St. Louis, has a string on "Farmer" Burns, of Grand Rapids, but if that aspiring young twirler doesn't show up better than he has been lately his chances of landing in the big league are slim.

Outfielder White threw his bat into the crowd at Marion Sunday, and the Matthews management concluded that he was a dangerous man and released him. The bat struck a small boy, knocking out four of his front teeth.

The Cincinnati papers are of the opinion that Pitcher Guese is not fast enough and they are asking why he was taken in place of Sutthoff, who is a pitcher possessing some talent. Guese may be looking for a job before long.

Umpire Bill Smink took umbrage at an article in a Grand Rapids paper and sallied forth to smite the writer. The newspaper man smote Smink smartly and the big fellow concluded that it was healthier to let the newspapers alone.

Fort Wayne plays at Columbus today and tomorrow and should win both games without much difficulty. Then they come home for a long series and it can be confidently predicted that when the series closes they will be in the hunt for the streamer in earnest.

The Columbus management is dissatisfied with the work of Umpire Arlie Latham, and has notified President Meyer that he will not be allowed to officiate at Neil park again this season. Latham has been giving good satisfaction elsewhere, and no other complaint has been made of his work. Anyway, a tail-end club never has much use for an umpire, no matter who he may be.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may 8eod&w

COLLINGWOOD.

The Misses Surfus entertained a number of guests in honor of the Misses Evelyn Mommer and Margery Monahan, of Fort Wayne, with a conundrum party. Those present were: Misses Emma Barrett, Dora Garman, Hattie Flanigan, Opha Carnahan, Lizzie Rowley, Maud Howey and Messrs. Charles Surfus, Carl Rowley, Orange Barrett and Harry Surfus. The evening was pleasantly spent in games and music. Miss Anna Surfus and Miss Margery Monahan gave a cake walk, accompanied by the pianist, Miss Evelyn Mommer. First prize in the conundrum contest was awarded to Miss Maud Howey, of Leo, and the consolation prize was awarded to Miss Opha Carnahan, of Collingwood. Cake and ice cream were served.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—September wheat today opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 70c to 69⅞c under the influence of easy cables. The corn strength started shorts to covering, and the price was run up to 70⅝c during the first hour. Local receipts were 233 cars, 61 of contract grade. Northwest receipts were 120 cars, against 177 last week and 246 a year ago.

Predictions of frost in the northwest and heavy seaboard clearances added strength to the market. September advanced to 71⅛c and closed strong, 1@1⅛c over yesterday, at 71⅛@71⅛c.

There was a fair demand for corn due partly to light receipts. September opened ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher at 56⅛c to 56⅜c and advanced early to 57⅛c. Receipts were 80 cars.

The close was firm, ⅝c higher, at 53⅝c.

Oats were quiet but steady with corn. September opened ⅛c down at 34⅛c under local liquidation, but soon steadied and rallied to 34⅞c. Receipts were 220 cars.

Provisions were easy on liberal hog receipts. September pork opened 10@12½c lower at $13.85@13.87½; September lard 2½c down at $8.00, and September ribs a shade higher at $7.82½.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—Aug., 70⅛c; Sept., 71⅛@71⅛c; Oct., 72⅛c; Dec., 73¼c; Jan., 76⅝c.

Corn—Aug., 56¼c; Sept., 57⅝c; Oct., 58¾@58⅞c; May, 60¾c.

Oats—Aug., 34½c; Sept., 34⅞c; Oct., 35¾@35⅞c; May, 37⅜c.

Pork — Aug., $13.72½; Sept., $13.82½; Oct., $13.92½; Jan., $14.80@14.82½.

Lard—Aug., $8.55; Sept., $8.57½; Oct. $8.62½@8.65; Dec., $8.60; Jan., $8.62½.

Ribs—Aug., $7.67½; Sept., $7.77½; Oct., $7.82½@7.85; Jan., $7.67½.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.63; No. 1, $1.61; Sept., $1.56; Oct., $1.51½.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Butter—Market steady; creamery, 14½@20c; dairies, 13@16½c.

Cheese—Market steady; twins, 9¾@10c; young Americas, 10¼@10½c; daisies, 10½@10¾c.

Eggs—Market firm, 14@14½c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 23,000, including 375 Texans; best steady, others 15c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.40@6.40; poor to medium, $4.00@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.00; cows, $2.75@4.50; heifers, $2.25@4.85; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.25@4.30; calves, $4.50@5.50; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts today, 33,000; tomorrow, 24,000; left over, 4,812. Market 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.70@5.95; good to choice heavy, $5.90@6.10; rough heavy, $5.50@5.80; light, $5.70@5.90; bulk of sales, $5.80@5.90.

TOLEDO MARKETS.

Toledo, O., Aug. 7.—Wheat—Market active, higher; cash and Aug., 71¾c; Sept., 72¼c; Dec., 74½c.

Corn—Market active, strong; cash, 56½c; Sept., 57⅛c; Dec., 58c.

Oats—Market active, firm; cash, 35½c; Sept., 35c; Dec., 36c.

Rye—57c.

Cloverseed—Cash and Oct., $6.22½.

Oil—Market unchanged.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 5 cars; market steady for good to prime; Texas steers, $4.20@4.25; veals dull; 100 head sale, $4.25@6.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 12 cars sale; heavy, $6.12½@6.15; yorkers, good weights, $6.00@10.00; pigs, $5.60@5.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Offerings, 5 cars; top lambs, $5.40@5.50; fancy, $5.75; wethers, $4.10@4.30.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, Aug. 7.—The issuance of the general strike order by the Amalgamated association was without much effect on the prices of the United States Steel stocks, the common and preferred losing only ⅜ each on sales of 6,000 and 5,000 shares respectively. The general market as slightly mixed, but changes either way were not important outside of Rock Island, which opened off 1⅜, but recovered 1¼ on the next transaction.

Trading became semi-stagnant, but the tone was firmed for a time and active stocks made small gains.

Sugar was marked up two points against the shorts, but other industrials were neglected. Offerings of the United States Steel issues were well taken during the first half hour and their opening losses were wiped out.

They dropped to the lowest again when Sugar, St. Paul, Manhattan, New Yorok Central and Union Pacific were depressed a point each.

Wild reports of dissatisfaction among mine workers caused some selling of the coal roads and Reading declined 1 and Delaware and Hudson 1⅛. Lackawanna slumped 7½ on one transaction. General Electric fell 3⅛. The market otherwise showed a hardening tendency, the earlier low point influenced purchases for both accounts and some good recoveries were made.

St. Lawrence and Adirondack advanced 3⅛. United States Steel common got back to 40, the highest of the day, but the preferred hugged 89, the lowest.

Lake Erie and Western, common and preferred, made sensational rises of 8 and 10 points respectively. Iowa Central, common and preferred, were also 2½@4½ higher. Other stocks declined on realizing, led by Missouri Pacific, which lost a point.

The United States Steel stocks were relatively better sustained than other leaders and after a trivial setback rallied again. The market in the final dealings was almost at a standstill, but there was some improvement in prices again and the closing was firm.

A rise to 53⅝ in Southern Pacific and a return to the highest by St. Paul and Atchison infused additional firmness to the railroads. United States Steel reached 40¼ and the preferred 89½. The latter soon got enough stock to lower ⅜. Lake Erie and Western advanced 2¾ and the preferred 4 points.

While the general volume of business was small, there was a good demand for prominent stocks, notably Atchison and St. Paul, which sold 1⅜@1½ respectively above yesterday's close. Union Pacific was also carried sharply upwards, touching 95½, as compared with 93⅜, the early lowest. St. Lawrence and Adirondack increased its gain to 6⅝. United States Steel, common and preferred, were taken in moderate amounts and sold at 40½ and 90 respectively.

Bonds were dull and irregular.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 7.—Flour—Receipts, 18,300 bbls; sales, 3,450 pkgs; state and western market ruled firm and more active; winter straights, $3.30@3.50.

Wheat—Receipts, 236,550 bush; sales, 3,000,000 bush; market developed activity and a good advance on heavy covering, large clearances and frost rumors. Sept., 75 3-10@76 1-16c; Oct., 75⅝@76⅝c; Dec., 77⅜@78¼c; May, 80⅝@81⅜c.

Rye—Market quiet; state, 55@56c, c. i. f. New York car lots; No. 2, western, 60c. f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 110,000 bush; sales, 245,000 bush; market was active and higher on the wheat advance and covering. Sept., 60¼@61⅛c; Dec., 61⅛@62¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 70,400 bush; market was firm with corn; track white, state, 40@49c; track white, western, 40@49c.

Beef—Market quiet.

Pork—Market easy.

Lard—Market dull; prime western, steamed, $8.90.

Butter—Receipts, 5,548 pkgs; market steady; state dairy, 14@19c; creamery, 16@20¼c; western, June factory, 15@15½c; imitation creamery, 14@17½c.

Cheese—Receipts, 2,358 pkgs; market quiet; fancy large colored, 9⅛c; fancy large white, 9⅜c; fancy small colored, 9¾c; fancy small white, 9⅛@9⅜c.

Eggs—Receipts, 8,270 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16@18c; western, candled, 12@16½c; western, uncandled, 8@8¼c.

Sugar—Raw, quiet; fair refining 3 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-32c; molasses sugar, 3 5-32c; refined, quiet; crushed, $5.85; powdered, $5.45; granulated, $5.35.

Coffee—Market steady; No. 7 Rio, 5⅜c; nominal.

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, Aug. 7.—Money on call steady at 2¼ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady to firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.88 for demand and at $4.85¼@4.85⅛ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85; silver certificates unquoted; bar silver, 58⅜c; Mexican dollars, 46c.

THE BOND MARKET.

New York, Aug. 7.—Government bonds steady:

U. S. Refunding 2s registered	107½
U. S. Refunding 2s coupon	107¾
U. S. 3s registered	108¼
U. S. 3s coupon	108¼
U. S. 4s registered (new)	137
U. S. 4s coupon (new)	137
U. S. 4s registered (old)	113
U. S. 4s coupon (old)	113
U. S. 5s registered	107¾
U. S. 5s coupon	107¾

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 7.—Flour—Spring wheat, $3.75@4.00; winter, per bbl., $3.50@3.75; Graham, $1.75 per cwt.; buckwheat, $2.60 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.10@1.25 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.00 per cwt.

Chop Feed—$1.00 per cwt.
Wheat—Old, 68c.
Wheat—New, 64c.
Corn—Yellow, 47c; mixed, 45c.
Oats—Old, 30c; new, 30c.
Rye—New, 50c.
Rye—Old, 50c.
Timothy Seed—$1.80 bu.
Cloverseed—$5.50@6.00.
Barley—35@45c.
Oil Meal—$1.40 per cwt.
Flax Seed—$1.25.
Hides—Green, 6½c; salted, 8c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9c.
Calf Hides—Salted, 10c.
Beeswax—25@26c.
Wool—Unwashed, 17c.
Wool—Washed, 25c.
Bran—Ton, $16.00.
Shorts—$16.00.
Middlings—Ton, $16.00.
Pork—On foot, $5.40@5.50.
Pork—Dressed, $6.25.
Cattle—$3.75@4.50.
Sheep—3½c lb.
Lambs—4¾c lb.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—Old, $8.00@9.00; new, $5.00@6.00.
Clover—$5.00@6.00.
Mixed—$7.00@9.00.
Wheat Straw—$5.00@6.00.
Oat Straw—$5.00@6.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Country, 15@16c.
Butter—Creamery, 22c.
Eggs—10c.
Lard—8c lb.
Chickens—Old, 7@8c.
Chickens—Dressed, 9@10c.
Spring Broilers—10@12c.
New Potatoes—$1.00@1.05 bu.
Honey—14@15c.
Apples—60@75c bu.
Onions—35@40c bu.

SAND POINT AND VICINITY.

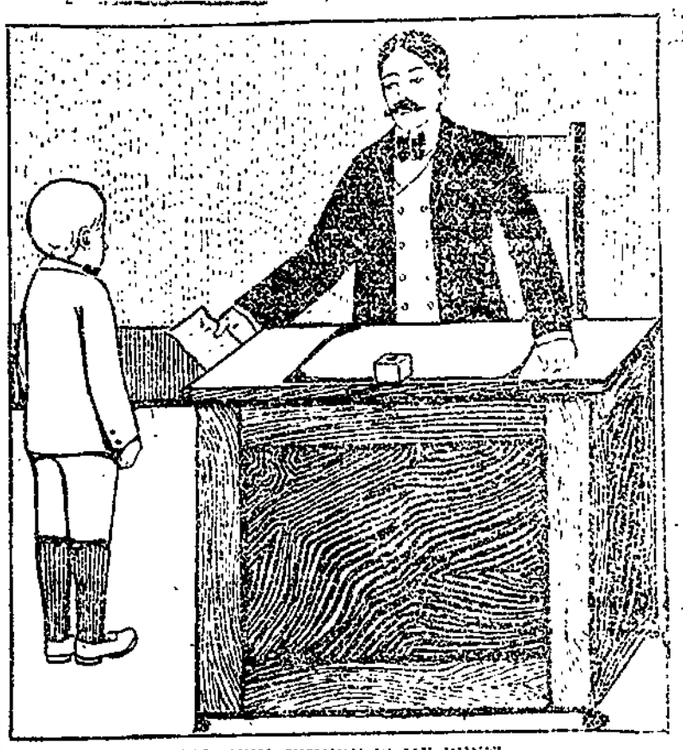
The ice cream social at Fairfield school house Saturday night was well attended. Quite a large sum of money was cleared.

Prof. Hyatt was a visitor on Sand Point lately and wishes to organize a swimming school. The young people who are interested will meet at school house No. 5 Tuesday night.

Christian Endeavor met in the church Sunday evening, the floor of the usual meeting place having been torn out. A large number were present, and all seem satisfied with the work the society is doing.

Little River Grange procured rural free delivery route No. 5 for the people of this community, also saved the roads last winter by seeing that the road laws were enforced. Now some people seem inclined to break up the organization. It's another case of killing the goose that laid the golden eggs, and some one will undoubtedly see the mistake after it is too late.

A PUZZLE PICTURE.



"JOHNNY, WHERE IS MY PEN?"

SHE WANTED TO KNOW.

Miss Vaneer—I just received a letter from my cousin in England.
Miss Nurich—Indeed! Was it written in English or American?

Kodaks M. L. JONES 12 W. WAYNE St.

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS,

Rubber Hose,
Lowe Bros. Paint,
Washing Machines
and Wringers, and a
Complete Line of Hardware.

H. PFEIFFER & SON,

9 E. Columbia Street.

Phone 484.

LOVED SAME GIRL

RIVALS FIGHT A DUEL AND ONE IS SLAIN.

QUARREL ENDS IN MURDER

THE VICTIM SAID TO HAVE THREATENED MURDER.

HAPPENINGS IN HOOSIERDOM

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

Oakland City, Ind., Aug. 6.—In defense of his own life, according to the story he told the sheriff, James Harbison shot and instantly killed Frank Osborn, his rival, three miles west of this city yesterday afternoon. Osborn, who is said to have sworn to kill Harbison, went to the field where his intended victim was at work, and, it is alleged, told Harbison to prepare to die, as he had come to "blow out his heart." Harbison, in anticipation of trouble with Osborn, it is said, was armed, and before his alleged would-be slayer could execute his threat Harbison drew his revolver and shot his adversary through the heart.

Both the young men were suitors for the hand of the same girl, and were intensely jealous of each other. According to the friends of Harbison, in the trouble between th rivals, Osborn was the aggressor. Harbison came to Oakland City last night and surrendered to the sheriff.

NEELY CASE DEPOSITIONS.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 6.—Attorney J. J. M. LaFollette, assistant federal district attorney for Indiana, was in Muncie yesterday and before United States Commissioner Ellis evidence was taken in the Neely Cuban postal robbery case, from Muncie witnesses, who will not go to the island to testify for the government. Ross J. Cowan, of the Neely Printing company; Harry Hickey, of the Muncie postoffice force, who was employed in the postal service in Cuba; W. D. Kutz and others testified, and their depositions will be sent to Cuba at once.

Mr. LaFollete refused to give out anything concerning the nature of the depositions, but late last night it was learned that W. D. Kutz, head bookkeeper for the Union National bank, testified that after Neely went to Cuba he put more than $40,000 on deposit in the institution to his own credit. Ross J. Cowan, president of the Neely Printing company, testified that after he had purchased Neely's interest in the company, the government printing secured from Neely on behalf of the Cuban authorities amounted to about $10,000. It had been supposed heretofore that this item did not exceed $2,000 or $3,000. The testimony of the other witnesses was unimportant.

SUIT FOR $30,000.

Greensburg, Ind., Aug. 6.—About 6 o'clock last evening Morgan L. Miers, a wealthy farmer, filed suit for $30,000 damages against S. P. Minear, a merchant, for alleged alienation of his wife's affections. Mr. Minear is making preparations to leave for New York on business and the papers were served upon him at once. The suit is the result of some trouble between the men last week. Miers returned from his farm one night and found Minear at his city home, in the company of Mrs. Miers, and there was an encounter between them. Miers also has filed suit for divorce.

BARNS AND GRAIN BURNED.

LaGrange, Ind., Aug. 6.—Two barns and a sheep shed on Representative Gillett's farm, two miles west of here, burned yesterday afternoon. The fire was caused by a spark from a stacker. The insurance is $200. Farmers rescued four horses. Several hogs, a thresher, 400 bushels of wheat and rye and some hay were consumed. Thomas Carter, a neighbor, jumped from a burning stack and broke his heel bone, also spraining his ankle very seriously. James Boyd, the tenant, had $200 insurance on his stock.

FINE FISHERMEN.

Bourbon, Ind., Aug. 6.—Deputy Fish Commissioner James Liggett, of Marshall county, and Frank Miller, of Kosciusko, each made a general raid over his territory last Saturday, gathering in twenty-seven gill nets and eight spears in Twin lakes, Huffman and Cedar lakes. The fines and costs assessed amount to over $30 in each case. Rev. O. R. Jones, of Cedar Lake, was found with a net in his possession.

WAIF FINDS HER FATHER.

Brazil, Ind., Aug. 6.—Dollie Andrews, a waif sheltered by the Child savings institute at Omaha, Neb., is revealed to be the daughter of John Richards, a wealthy merchant of this city. The father has been looking for the child for ten years. He intrusted her to the Andrews woman when she was four years old. Mrs. Andrews was separated from her husband and went on the vaudeville stage. She confessed the child's identity upon her death bed.

ON A HEINOUS CHARGE.

Greensburg, Ind., Aug. 6.—Late yesterday afternoon Abe Buchanan, of this city, was arrested at Williamstown, Ind., and brought here by Sheriff Davis and lodged in jail on an affidavit, filed by his wife, charging him with criminal assault on their nine-year-old daughter, Jennie Buchanan. The girl told her mother and also some neighbors that she had been ravished by her father and a physician was called. The affidavit was filed on his report. The case will be heard by Justice Thomas Powers. Buchanan is a day laborer, about thirty-four years old.

THIRD ATTEMPT SUCCESSFUL.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 6.—Mrs. William Bostos, the wife of a prosperous resident of Rosedale, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by drinking a large quantity of carbolic acid. After preparing dinner and placing it on the table she went into an adjoining room, where she was found on the floor writhing in death agonies by her husband, who rushed into the room when he heard her say, "Good bye, Bill." Despondency is supposed to be the cause of her rash act. She attempted to end her life twice before.

BIG FINES FOR LIQUOR MEN.

Rutland, Vt., Aug. 6.—The heaviest sentences that have been imposed in Vermont for many years for violation of the prohibitory laws were given yesterday to the liquor dealers of Vermont by R. S. Taft, of Burlington, chancellor of the court of chancery. These men have heretofore escaped with small occasional fines and have grown rich at the business. John Barrett, proprietor of the Brunswick hotel, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $100; Walter Jasmine, druggist, six months' imprisonment and $500; Martin McMahon, druggist, six months' imprisonment and $500; James Gilvain, owner of the Hotel Commercial, six months' imprisonment and $200; William Dugan, druggist, $750; Stephen Cragin, druggist, $750; John Welch, druggist, $250. Two of Rutland's four hotels, the Brunswick and Commercial, and West Rutland's only hotel, the West Rutland house, against which a case is pending, are now closed, their owners declaring that they cannot be run at a profit without the bars.

SHAM WAR WITH REAL LOSSES.

New York, Aug. 6.—Commenting upon the naval manoeuvres in which the attacking squadron supposed to represent "the enemy" has just been declared victor the Tribune's London correspondent says:

"There has been more realism in these manoeuvres than the admiralty authorities had expected. Not only have two torpedo boat destroyers been lost, but it is reported that several others have been crippled. The wreck of the Viper was, of course, the most serious accident of the manoeuvres. This vessel was an experiment, and her performances were being witnessed with a critical eye by the admiralty experts. The destroyer Violet is reported to be in a bad way. Nearly all her water tube boilers have been disabled through split tubes, and it was only by great presence of mind and prompt action that the stokers were saved from being scalded to death. There are rumors of incidents of a similar nature on other vessels, about which there will probably be a full inquiry."

MARRIED THIS AFTERNOON.

Miss Nettie Wefel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wefel, of 21 East Washington street, was united in marriage this afternoon at 2 o'clock to Henry W. Bradtmiller, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church. The attendants were Miss Ella Wefel and Herman Bradtmiller. A wedding supper was served after the ceremony, the guests being immediate relatives of the young people. Later Mr. and Mrs. Bradtmiller left for Anderson, where they will make their home.

A SMALL RACE WAR.

Steubenville, Ohio, Aug. 6.—At the National Steel company's furnace at Mingo Junction today several striking Hungarians attempted to take their old positions, which had been filled by Italians. A fight ensued, which ended in the Italians being ejected from the mill. All the Hungarians who went out are now back at work in their former positions and without getting the increases for which they struck.

LEACH'S LIABILITIES GROWING

How Avilla's Banker Impressed People That He Had Plenty of Money and Would Do the Town Good, Which He Did.

[Special to The Sentinel.]

Avilla, Ind., Aug. 6.—There is but little diminution of public temper over the collapse of the Bank of Avilla, and the failure of the institution continues to be pretty nearly the sole topic of conversation in the town. Creditors of the wrecked bank have placed the matter in the hands of attorneys, Marshall & McNagny, of Columbia City, appearing for the larger number of the losers; Colerick & Thomas and P. A. Randall, of Fort Wayne, for those who have petitioned to have the missing banker declared a bankrupt, while Leach's interests are being looked after by Attorney R. P. Barr, of Kendallville.

Until an expert accountant has made an examination of the books of the concern nobody is in a position to say how much will be realized by the luckless depositors, but nobody here believes the wrecked institution can pay more than a nominal per cent. The liabilities, at first announced to be about $17,000, appear to be increasing daily, and it seems now probable that they will be at least $27,000. The attorneys for the creditors are making an effort to secure an examination of the bank's books by an expert accountant in order that a more accurate knowledge of the situation may be obtained. Nobody can be found with confidence enough to believe there is any funds left in the bank's vaults.

HE WON CONFIDENCE.

The career of H. W. Leach in Avilla forms an interesting, albeit somewhat expensive subject of contemplation to the people of this town. He came to Avilla in the fall of 1899, presumably from Chicago, and spent several days in the place, looking over the business opening and talking to a number of the more prominent people. He was a young man, not yet thirty years of age, made a pleasing appearance and was of an engaging personality. Of medium height, faultlessly dressed and apparently well educated, he was soon accepted at par and welcomed as a notable addition to society and business circles of the town.

It must be said that Leach made no boastful announcement in words of the great things he proposed to do; it was his manner rather than any statement of his that convinced the people that he had unlimited wealth at his command, and the announcement that he had determined to establish a bank in the place was received with genuine pleasure. All sorts of stories of untold thousands possessed by the new citizen soon gained currency, though it is not known that the stories came from the lips of the banker. They traveled as stories will, and in public report the banker's wealth grew daily more amazing.

Some timorous citizens ventured a doubt as to there being sufficient field in the town for a bank, but Mr. Leach had no doubts upon the subject. He leased a business room on Main street and placed a force of workmen at remodeling it and transforming it to meet the requirements of the banking business. It was the first bank ever established here, and the progress of the work was watched with acute interest. The furniture and fixtures came. They were gorgeous in pattern and must have cost a pretty penny, but this only increased the public confidence in the enterprise.

IN OTHER ENTERPRISES.

The bank opened in January, 1900; funds appeared to be plenty, and within a short time depositors began transferring their banking business from Kendallville to the new concern. Leach brought his wife from Chicago, and the couple made their home at the Dolan hotel. They were people of culture and refinement and were soon central figures in the social life of the place.

From the first Leach announced his purpose to make Avilla his permanent home and within a short time he purchased a handsome tract of ground on North Main street, and a Chicago architect prepared plans for an elaborate home for the banker. Almost at the same time he leased a blacksmith and wagon shop, then unused, installed workmen in it and began the manufacture of carriages. Soon it was stated that he was planning to erect a large factory. This was not done, but instead he leased another business building, secured more workmen and continued the carriage building upon a larger scale under the name of the Avilla Carriage works.

Meantime progress was being made upon the construction of the banker's home in the north part of town. Through weary months it slowly grew to completion, the most elaborate and expensive home for miles around. No modern convenience was omitted and the residence is a literal palace. The furnishings are upon an equally gorgeous scale and it was but a few weeks ago that the banker and his wife moved into the new home. They had hardly settled down to the enjoyment of the comforts of the elegant place when the crash came.

HE BOUGHT BONDS.

Another move which inspired the confidence of the people in the stability of the banking institution was Mr. Leach's purchase of a block of waterworks bonds issued by the town of Avilla soon after he located there. There was spirited bidding for the securities and the new banker paid a handsome premium for them. Subsequently they were disposed of, however, for they are now held by an Indianapolis capitalist.

The depositors in the defunct bank included not only the people of the town, but a large number of well-to-do farmers in the surrounding territory. Practically every business man in Avilla had a deposit account there, though in most cases the amounts were comparatively small, and none of them will be seriously crippled. Something like $1,100 of the town's finances were in the institution and the banker had been accepted as one of the sureties of the town treasurer. The Odd Fellows' lodge is another sufferer. In many instances among the depositors of smaller means the savings of almost a lifetime were represented in the amounts deposited with the concern.

REMARK IS RECALLED.

Since the failure of the concern one citizen recalls a remark made by the banker several months ago that in the light of recent developments takes on a significant aspect. This man, who was employed by one of the railroads here, remarked to the banker that he was tired of railroading and that if he had a little more money he would engage in business here.

"It's easy enough to get money to enter business," said Mr. Leach.

"But when I go into business I want to have sufficient capital of my own to pay cash for goods and not go into debt," rejoined the railroad man.

"Well," said Mr. Leach, "why don't you find a good little town and start a small bank?"

"With not enough money to go into mercantile business, how do you expect me to start a bank?"

"Well, sir," was the banker's reply, "you would be surprised to know upon how little money one can start a bank."

SAY CONTRACT HAS BEEN LET

FOR MUNCIE-FORT WAYNE INTERURBAN LINE.

Cleveland Capitalists and Construction eMn were in the City Saturday Evening.

It is given out that the Muncie-Fort Wayne interurban project has progressed to a stage where the contract for construction has been let to the E. P. Roberts company of Cleveland.

Saturday evening a party of gentlemen arrived in Fort Wayne after a tour of inspection over the route. Comprising the party were L. J. Schlessinger, of Cleveland, representing the Cleveland capitalists who will finance the enterprise, E. P. Roberts, the head of the construction firm, M. A. Munn, their civil engineer, and I. H. Sherwood, an electrican engineer. They had just completed the tour of the entire route, and after spending a short time at the New Aveline, left for Cleveland.

Beginning this week a new and final survey is to be made, one party starting from Muncie and another from Hartford City. The line will start from Muncie, touching Hartford City, Montpelier, Bluffton and Fort Wayne, and it is probable the Lake Erie tracks will be paralleled from Muncie to Bluffton, where the line will diverge and follow the pike into Fort Wayne. The Roberts company is to have entire charge of the construction of the line, and expect to turn it over to the owners to operate by August 1, 1902. Grading will begin this fall.

Mr. Schlessinger stated that the new organization is in no way connected with the Fort Wayne Traction company. He expects to return to Fort Wayne within a short time and make application for franchises through the city and county.

TWO BOYS ROB MAIL.

Greencastle, Ind., Aug. 6.—Charges were filed yesterday before United States Commissioner Hogginsagainst George Moore and Ulysses Snyder for stealing a mail sack from the Monon depot at this place July 12. The pouch contained valuable mail, and in Moore's coat, which he had hidden, it is said, was found $2,000 worth of checks and money orders. The prisoners are mere boys. They had been hiding in a cave, and had drawn revolvers on farmers who remonstrated with them for what they did. Moore attempted to shoot the police who arrested him.

HIS MIND IN GOOD ORDER.

Indianapolis, Aug. 6.—John Ross, whose case started all the trouble which resulted in the collapse of the so-called insanity commission trust, was before the city court yesterday for assaulting a fellow-workman at the packing plant, but it developed that the victim, while in a drunken condition, had annoyed Ross and other boarders, and finally grew profane while at the dinner table. Ross called him down, and Sullivan resented it by attacking him, whereupon he was knocked down several times. Ross' arrest aroused great interest, as the friends of the insanity trust thought something might come out of it showing Ross was really mentally affected, but the disclosures showed that he acted discreetly and bravely.

NONE KILLED IN RIOTS.

London, Aug. 6.—A dispatch received here from Belgrade says there is no truth in the report circulated by a news agency in the United States that sixteen persons were killed and that nineteen were wounded during election disturbances at Prokuplie, Servia. The dispatch adds that the elections passed off without disorder.

MILITIA GUARDS A NEGRO.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 6.—Two companies of militia and the governor's horse guards left here today for Canton, where they will guard Raymond Ross (colored), on trial, charged with having assaulted a white woman. The soldiers will be stationed around the court house until the case is ended.

Mike Kaylor, jr., was arrested late on Saturday night for drunkenness. This morning he pleaded not guilty, and while he admitted that he had taken a few drinks he insisted that he was not intoxicated within the meaning of the law and proposed to prove it. Mr. Kaylor said he is a hard working man and in proof of it exhibited a bank book which showed $80 to his credit, $30 of which he had deposited on Saturday. He called his uncle, Paul Kaylor, and Captain Dickman, both of whom had seen him shortly before his arrest, and both of whom testified that in their opinion he was not intoxicated. He was acquitted.

EXPENDITURES AND TAX LEVIES FOR THE YEAR 1901.

The Trustee of Lafayette township, Allen county, proposes for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the Advisory Board at its annual meeting, to be held at the school house of School District No. 8 the, following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures, $1,040.86, and township tax, 15 cents on the hundred dollers.

2. Local tuition expenditures, $693.57, and tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.

3. Special school tax expenditures, $2,080.72, and tax, 30 cents on the hundred dollars.

4. Road tax expenditures, $2,080.72, and tax, 30 cents on the hundred dollars.

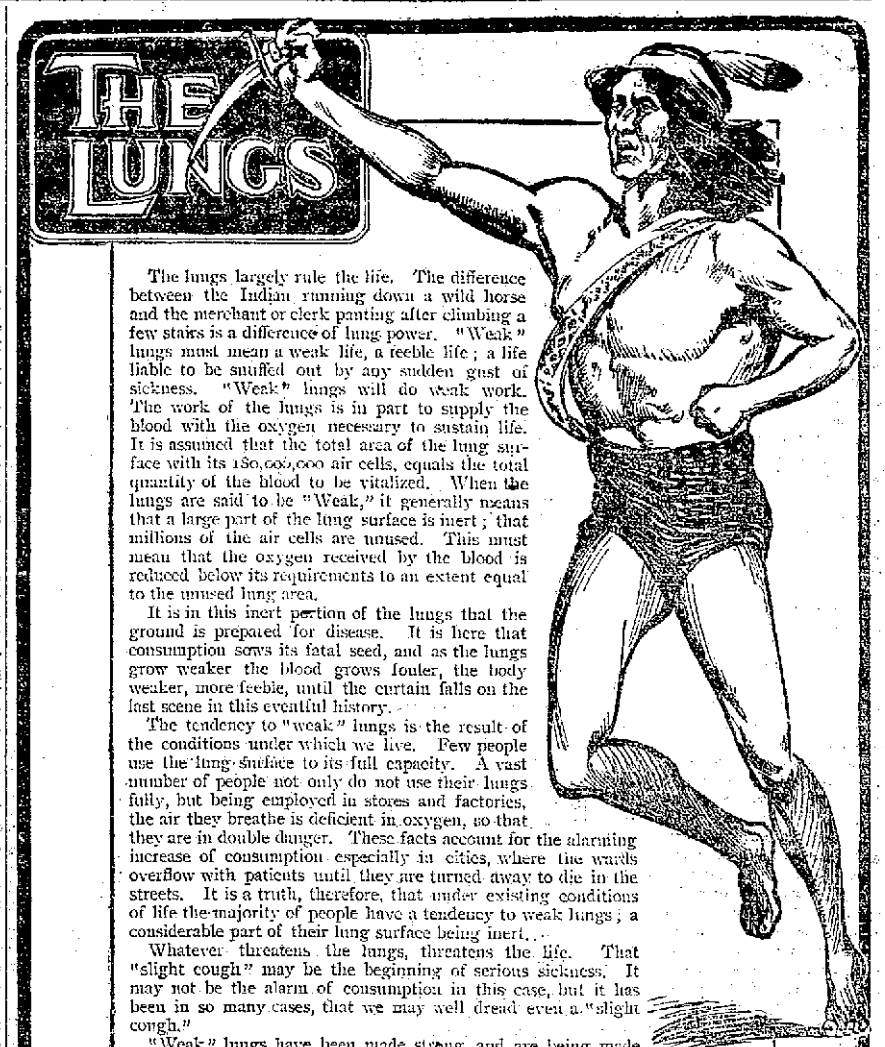
5. Additional road tax expenditures, $693.57, and tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.

6. Poor expenditures for preceding year, $138.75, and tax, 2 cents on the hundred dollars.

Total expenditures, $6,727.69, and total tax, 97 cents on the hundred dollars.

(Signed) WILLIAM CROW.
Trustee.

September 3, 1901.



The lungs largely rule the life. The difference between the Indian running down a wild horse and the merchant or clerk panting after climbing a few stairs is a difference of lung power. "Weak" lungs must mean a weak life, a feeble life; a life liable to be snuffed out by any sudden gust of sickness. "Weak" lungs will do weak work. The work of the lungs is in part to supply the blood with the oxygen necessary to sustain life. It is assumed that the total area of the lung surface with its 180,000,000 air cells, equals the total quantity of the blood to be vitalized. When the lungs are said to be "Weak," it generally means that a large part of the lung surface is inert; that millions of the air cells are unused. This must mean that the oxygen received by the blood is reduced below its requirements to an extent equal to the unused lung area.

It is in this inert portion of the lungs that the ground is prepared for disease. It is here that consumption sows its fatal seed, and as the lungs grow weaker the blood grows fouler, the body weaker, more feeble, until the curtain falls on the last scene in this eventful history.

The tendency to "weak" lungs is the result of the conditions under which we live. Few people use the lung surface to its full capacity. A vast number of people not only do not use their lungs fully, but being employed in stores and factories, the air they breathe is deficient in oxygen, so that they are in double danger. These facts account for the alarming increase of consumption especially in cities, where the wards overflow with patients until they are turned away to die in the streets. It is a truth, therefore, that under existing conditions of life the majority of people have a tendency to weak lungs; a considerable part of their lung surface being inert.

Whatever threatens the lungs, threatens the life. That "slight cough" may be the beginning of serious sickness. It may not be the alarm of consumption in this case, but it has been in so many cases, that we may well dread even a "slight cough."

"Weak" lungs have been made strong, and are being made strong daily, by the use of

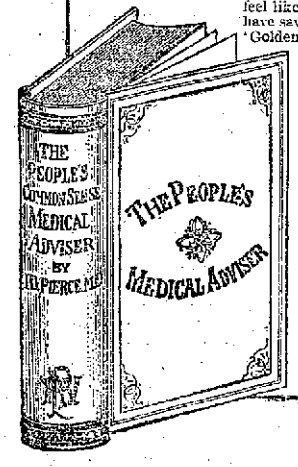
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Every claim for this medicine has behind it a thousand cures, of coughs, bronchitis, bleeding of the lungs, emaciation and the conditions in general which by neglect or unskillful treatment find a fatal termination in consumption.

"Twenty-five years ago, when I was thirteen years old, I had what the doctor called consumption," writes Mrs. Ella Taylor Dodge, Matron, Home for Missionaries' Children, Morgan Park, Ill., Box 165. "He told my mother that nothing could be done for me excepting to make me as comfortable as possible. The pastor of the M. E. church, in the place where I lived, heard of my condition, and although he was not acquainted with our family, he called, and during the call he asked my mother if she would allow me to take a medicine if he would send it to me. She thought it could do no harm if it did no good, so he sent a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Before the bottle was empty, my friends saw a little improvement in my health, whereupon another bottle was bought. I can't say now just how much I took, but I improved steadily and to-day I am a well strong woman, as you may imagine I must be to have the care of this Home. I now have a child under my care who when she takes cold it settles in the larynx. I at first used medicines which her mother suggested before leaving her, but nothing did the least good till I gave your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have unbounded faith in it."

"Three years ago I had the grip," writes Mrs. Tillie Linney, of Gravel Switch, Marion Co., Kentucky. "It settled on my lungs and the doctor said I had consumption. I took six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and am thankful to say I am entirely well. You may print this letter if you see fit to do so."

"I was very sick indeed," writes Mrs. Mollie Jacobs, of Felton, Kent Co., Delaware, "and our family doctor said I had consumption. I thought I must die soon for I felt so bad. Had a bad cough, spit blood, was very short of breath, in fact could hardly get my breath at all sometimes. I had pains in my chest and right lung, also had dyspepsia. Before I took your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' I was so weak I could not sweep a room, and now I can do a small washing. I worked in the canning factory this fall, and I feel like a new person. I believe that the Lord and your medicine have saved my life. I was sick over two years. I took 13 bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets."



Was it consumption? The doctors said so. The symptoms all indicated the disease. If it was anything else than consumption, then it is evident that there is a disease unrecognized by doctors, which has the same symptoms as consumption, and which when doctors fail to cure it, is perfectly and permanently cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It always helps, it almost always cures.

Accept no substitute for the "Discovery." Insist on the medicine which has cured others.

WE WILL SEND FREE, on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY, Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 large pages. The best medical work for family use. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper-covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume.

Address: DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

No such thing as "summer complaint" where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for every looseness of the bowels.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker

and Embalmer.

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

Our Shoe Rule.

What about Dry Goods store shoes?

The rule that governs our shoe department is the same general rule that directs all our store methods. The best that money can buy for as little cost as circumstances permit. That is the secret of our shoe prices.

Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK

Shoes for Women.

Ease, Elegance, Durability, } Queen Quality

Shoes, - - $3.00
Oxfords - - $2.50

Queen Quality

OXFORDS

$2.50

Kibo Kid, Light Flexible Sole, Leather Louis XV. heel.

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Authorized Sole Agents for Fort Wayne.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,

Has removed his office to the West rooms

OVER PELLENS & POLSTER'S DRUG STORE.

Office Phone—185 Main.
Residence Phone—459 Main or 254 Bell.

Attention, Bargain Lovers!

I have made money for others, why not for you? Call and see me about the following property, which I offer for sale:

Eight room house and good sized lot, west end; price $1,700.

Seven-room brick, in good condition, west end; price $1,800.

Ten-room modern house, steam heat, full size lot, asphalt street, alley brick, all clear, west end; price, $6,000.

Six room house in Blomingdale, asphalt pavement, all clear; price, $1,650.

Five-room house, West DeWald, three blocks from Calhoun; price, $1,650.

Seven-room house, full size corner lot, East Creighton avenue, near Hanna; price, $1,500.

Eight room house, new, lot 36x140, on Pontiac, near Lafayette; price, $1,500.

Val. C. Rocholl,

23 Court Street. Phone 49, Main.

YOUNG WOMEN
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.
Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper 5:30 to 6:40.

A CREDITABLE RUN

WABASH TRAIN TRAVELS 242 MILES IN 250 MINUTES.

EFFECTS OF STRIKE HERE

CONSUMERS OF BOILER STEEL MAY FEEL IT.

AN AFFLICTED BROTHERHOOD

DEATH MAKES NINE CALLS UP-ON THE TRAINMEN.

Master Mechanic G. S. McKee, of the Wabash, is in receipt of the particulars of a fast run made over the Chicago-Detroit division of the system one week ago last Monday and which is causing no little interest up in that part of the country. The train was a special of four cars, carrying a number of delegates to the Baptist Young People's union convention at Chicago on their way home. No effort at speed was made west of Clark Junction, but from the latter place to Detroit the train reeled off the miles at a rate that did credit to the man at the throtle. From Clark Juncion to Detroit is exactly 242.4 miles and the train covered the distance in exactly 250 minutes, including a stop at Ashley to change engines and stops each at Adrian and Kingsbury to take water. The first part of the trip, Chicago to Ashley, engine 420, with Engineer D. J. Carlisle at the throttle, pulled the train, and the latter part of the distance engine 174, with Engineer F. A. Davis at the throttle, pulled it. A record of the trip shows the continuous runs as follows: Kingsbury to Ashley, 85.9 miles, in 93 minutes, an average of 55.42 miles per hour; Alvordton Junction to Adrian, 26.9 miles, in 30 minutes, an average of 53.80 miles an hour; Adrian to Delray, 54.6 miles, in 51 minutes, an average of 64.24 miles per hour; Clark Junction to Delray, 242.4 miles, in 250 minutes, an average of 58.18 miles per hour. Both engines were of the class F pattern.

MAN KILLED AT MENDON.

Conductor Thomas Malone and Engineer C. Rehling, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, are at Mendon, Mich., today attending a coroner's inquest over the remains of Jabez Huff. The deceased sat down upon the railway tracks Monday night and fell asleep, and Grand Rapids train No. 8 struck and killed him. At the scene of the accident there is a sharp curve, which prevents a good view of the tracks from the cab, and the engineer did not see the sleeping man until too late to stop the train. Huff was upwards of sixty years old and was a veteran of the civil war.

TWO SLIGHT WRECKS.

Foreman George Ebner, of the Pittsburg wreck crew, and his gang, were a pretty busy party this morning. At the east yards a loaded car was upset in some manner and had to be picked up and its contents reloaded, and just as this task was completed there came a call for the car to go to Monroeville. At that place the wheels of two cars had left the rails. The wreck crew set out for the scene, but only got about half way, when a message called them back. The trainmen had put the wheels back on the rails. The loss was trifling in both accidents.

STRIKE MAY EFFECT THIS CITY.

The great strike of the steel makers will have its effect upon Fort Wayne, though not to the extent of putting many men out of employment, it is hoped. Much of the boiler steel used at the factories and railway shops in the city is made by the Illinois Steel company and that firm may shut down its mills and stop manufacturing boiler plate for awhile. Most of the Fort Wayne establishments, including the Bass works, are pretty well supplied with material of this kind at present, however, and would probably not be seriously inconvenienced for a month or two, but if the strike is a long one, its effects will be a serious matter to the Fort Wayne consumers of the products of the mills whose men may go on strike.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

President John Dalman, of the Pennsylvania Athletic association, says the grand stand seats will be free next Saturday afternoon to all spectators at the field day sports. This is a courtesy a little out of the ordinary and one which the public will greatly appreciate. Many of the tickets to the grounds have been placed in the hands of the advertisers in the program paper of the day and will be distributed by them to their patrons. This is also somewhat of an innovation in the way of admission to a most interesting event and it will meet the approval of all who contemplate attending the sports. It was hoped that a tug-of-war contest between the Caledonians and a team from the electric light works could be arranged, but the matter was not brought to the attention of the management of the athletic events in time to include it in the list. The invitation to merchants to contribute to the list of prizes has met with a most liberal response and the list is about complete. The Sentinel will probably publish the names of the donors tomorrow.

PHILIP HESS PROMOTED.

Philip J. Hess, of the Pittsburg machine shop, has received a letter informing him of the fact that his son, Philip Hess, jr., has received a call from the master mechanic of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern road to a position with that company, and the young man is now in St. Louis to look into the matter, and it is quite likely that he will accept the offer. Young Hess stated that he did not know what his title would be, but he has reason to believe that he will be very close to the master mechanic. Philip Hess is only twenty-five years old, but he has the ability to fill any position in the mechanical department of a railroad. He learned the machinist trade in the Pittsburg shops, coming out of his apprenticeship at the outbrake of the war with Spain. He enlisted in the naval department and was a machinist on the St. Paul, an auxiliary cruiser, and witnessed some stirring scenes at Havana and other Cuban ports. At the close of the war Mr. Hess was for awhile in the government naval yards, then in the Pennsylvania shops in this city for a short time and later employed on the Grand Trunk road.

DEATH BUSY IN RANKS.

Probably no organization in this city has been visited by the death messenger during the seven months of the present year more frequently than has Fort Wayne lodge No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and no order has been more prompt to meet its death claims than this one. The list of deceased members for the term covered by the seven months contains nine names, as follows: J. T. York, C. J. McNally, W. M. Glossop, Frank Burk, E. H. Myton, A. J. Stevens, F. C. Krudop, W. R. Bell and G. H. Petgen. The last seven named carried $1,200 insurance each and J. T. York carried $400. McNally, because of an accident previous to joining the order, was barred from the insurance privilege. In addition to these liabilities the Brotherhood paid to J. P. Kelley, F. J. Galigher and T. C. Schultz $1,200 each on account of losing a hand or foot. This foots up a total of $12,400, an average of $1,714 per month.

THE PETGEN FUNERAL.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will officiate at the funeral of their deceased brother, G. H. Petgen, which takes place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from the house and at 9:30 o'clock from the Cathedral. The Brotherhood will assemble at the hall at 8 o'clock and march to the house in a body. All sister lodges are invited to attend.

HAD HIS BACK INJURED.

While handling a big bumper beam at the Pittsburg tank shop yesterday G. L. Lowns was thrown against a vice with considerable force and sustained painful injuries to his back and side. The wounds are mostly internal and their extent cannot be determined for a day or two, though it is not believed they are very serious.

OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

Pittsburg, Aug. 7.—E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west, announced today that J. M. Harris, now district passenger agent at Columbus, Ohio, had been appointed assistant general passenger agent, with headquarters at Cincinnati, to succeed E. Rockwell, resigned. The appointment goes into effect September 1.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Pittsburg Engineer C. A. Prince is taking a lay off to attend to some business.

After an illness of three weeks, Pittsburg Freman C. B. Reynolds has reported for duty.

Bellevue Gazette: "Brakeman C. B. Ewing has moved his family to this place from Fort Wayne."

Caller Charles Keller, of the east yards, has returned from a visit with relatives and friends at Marion, Ind.

Blacksmith John Rupp, of the Pittsburg shops, has returned from Toledo, where he visited friends a week.

Boilermaker J. Haudenchild, of the Pittsburg shops, resumed work this morning. He had his back sprained last week.

Mrs. Fred Geerkon, wife of the well known machinst at the Pittsburg shops, is quite badly afflicted with erysipelas of the arms.

Engineer W. M. Barden is today attending a reunion of Mrs. Barden's family at the old home in Mendon, Mich.

General Manager J. J. Wood, of the Fort Wayne Electric company, has photographs of the new building taken this morning.

Machinist Nick Eichhorn, of the Wabash shops, has gone to Ashley to do clerical work for awhile, in place of a man who is sick.

Passenger Conductor John Donivan, of the Pittsburg, is taking a little recreation this week. He went to Pittsburg last night.

Col. R. G. Thompson, of the Wabash, expects a big crowd from Toledo next Sunday. The Wabash has an excursion from that city on that day.

James Murray, foreman of the Wabash boiler department, has returned from Indianapolis. He left his sister slightly improved, though still quite sick.

Conductor C. W. Bushey, who was working for Conductor C. K. Dryden, of Bellevue, has returned to the city and to his former run on the Nickel Plate.

There was a train load of dressed beef through the city last night over the Nickel Plate. The meat is en route to the seaboard for shipment to Europe.

Gen. Supt. Charles Watts, of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, passed through the city in his private car this morning, en route to Chicago.

Z. T. Heffner, a car builder at the east shops, received an ugly gash in one of his legs yesterday. He was engaged in cutting stakes, when the tool glanced.

Conductor J. R. Meyers, of the Nickel Plate, has recovered from his recent illness and is on duty again. He resides in Bellevue, but runs in and out of Fort Wayne.

Conductor P. S. Sullivan, who was sick, and Conductor C. F. Thomas, who was off duty looking after some private affairs, resumed their duties on the Pittsburg yesterday.

Henry Meyers, of 18 Oaks street, returned from Monessen, Pa., this morning. He was engaged several days in doing some work at that place for the Bass works.

Engine 53, from the eastern division of the Nickel Plate, passed through the city yesterday en route to the Stony Island shops, where it will receive general repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kline have gone to Fostoria, Ohio, to spend two weeks with relatives. That city was the former home of the couple. Mr. Kline is a Nickel Plate fireman.

Clerk H. A. Philley, of Road Foreman Colmey's office, at the Pittsburg, who is taking a vacation, has returned from Somersville, Ohio, where he visited relatives a few days.

The railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian association at Philadelphia, connected with the Philadelphia and Reading railway, will erect new buildings at a cost of $30,000.

Dean Norris, who is to resume his old position at the car shop office of the Pittsburg, is taking a brief vacation before resuming those duties. He left this morning for Buffalo.

George Baldwin, the draughtsman, has returned from New York, where he went ten days ago to visit his father and mother. He resumed his duties at the Bass works this morning.

Operator George I. Worth, of the Pennsylvania, is taking a ten days' vacation, which will be devoted to a visit with his relatives in Sandusky, Ohio, and possibly a short visit at Buffalo.

W. A. Gore, a dispatcher for the Lake Erie and Western, has been advanced to chief train dispatcher. Mr. Gore was until recently train master of the Chicago and Southwestern, and located at Muncie.

Nickel Plate Brakeman T. H. Gallivan, who had been visiting his old home on the Indianapolis division of the Lake Erie and Western road, has returned to the city and resumed his duties on the road.

The Baltimore and Ohio is negotiating for a tract of ground at Connellsville, Pa., for contemplated large repair shops. The buildings will be larger and of more elaborate character than any on the system.

W. Sudebrink and H. S. Seigmond, of the Pittsburg shops, are taking a lay off to attend to some private affairs. Charles Petgen, of the machine shop, is off duty on account of the death of his brother.

Louis Flaugh, a former resident of Roanoke, Ind., has taken a position as blacksmith helper at the Pittsburg shops. For some months he was similarly employed in the Baltimore and Ohio shops at Garrett, Ind.

The stockholders of the Monon will hold their annual meeting at Indianapolis on September 18, at which time some action will probably be taken looking to the building of a line from Indianapolis to connect with the main line and reach coal fields in southwestern Indiana.

The net earnings of the Chesapeake and Ohio for the year ending June 30 show an increase over the preceding year of $1,089,930. The Hocking Valley road shows an increase of $91,912, the Wabash an increase of $287,811, and the Toledo, Peoria and Western an increase of $7,376.

F. D. Underwood, recently elected president of the Erie, has recommended for that road the accounting and auditing system developed by James J. Hill, of the Great Northern. It is stated that five other eastern railway officials are investigating the methods pursued, and may adopt the Great Northern system.

Master Mechanic H. J. Horstmann, of the Bass Foundry and Machine works, left last night for New York, to look after some business for the company. Before returning home he will visit his old home in New Jersey.

George C. Ropa, of the laboratory of the electric works, is very ill with inflammatory rheumatism. Last night he was considered to be in a dangerous condition, but this morning he was somewhat better. Mr. Ropa was taken ill the latter part of June.

Andrew Ryan, jr., of the Olds Wagon works, met with a painful accident Monday. While running to catch a ball, he fell and his left index finger was half severed by a broken beer bottle. The unfortunate man is a son of Andrew Ryan, the well known blacksmith at the Pittsburg shops.

In June, as shown by the Railroad Gazette, there were 211 accidents on railways in the United States and Canada, in which sixty-seven persons were killed and 241 injured. Of those killed forty-four were employes nineteen passengers and four trespassers. Of those injured 126 were employes, 111 passengers and four trespassers.

Mrs. David O'Rourke, of Lima, Ohio, and Mrs. L. Boseker, of Chicago, daughters of Engineer and Mrs. W. L. Scott, have returned to their respective homes after a visit with their parents. Mr. O'Rourke is a conductor on the Lake Erie and Western road and Mr. Boseker occupies a similar position on the Illinois Central road.

The Jackson & Sharp car works last week completed two fine cars for King Alphonso, of Spain. One is a drawing room coach and the other a dining car. Each car is thirty feet long, being considerably shorter than the cizes used in this country. They are furnished inside with mahogany, and the drawing is the king's coat of arms. The cars are elaborately furnished.

General Passenger Agent Crane, of the Wabash, saye that while the line between Toledo and Montpelier will be completed in November no attempt will be made to do any passenger business over it before next spring or summer. The company may run a mixed train or two to accommodate local patrons, but no through passenger business will be touched until the road is in perfect condition.

Leary Lichtenwalter has resigned his position in the transformer department of the electric works to accept a better position with the Allen Electric company, in Philadelphia. He left for that city today. Henry Bandau also resigned his position at the electric works to take one with the Rensman people, on Superior street. William Rossington resigned his position in the laboratory to engage in other work.

The employes of the Kerr Murray works are going to have another excursion and have selected the 18th inst as the date and Maxinkuckee the excursion point. The Nickel Plate is the route chosen. William DeHart, Louis Schwartzkopf and Henry Crush have been appointed a committee of arrangements, and they will be able to make more definite announcement concerning the affair in a few days. The last excursion of the employes was given in July to Rome City.

ONE TOT SLAYS ANOTHER

Tuckerton, N. J., Aug. 7.—During the temporary absence from home of their parents, the children of H. E. Hanly, of this place, secured a revolver, and Ethel, aged 9, shot and killed her brother, Elmer, aged 5 years. The 38-calibre bullet entered and passed entirely through the boy's head.

RACES ARE POSTPONED.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 7.—The grand circuit trotting races announced for today on the Fort Erie track, have been postponed until tomorrow on account of rain.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FREE TICKETS.

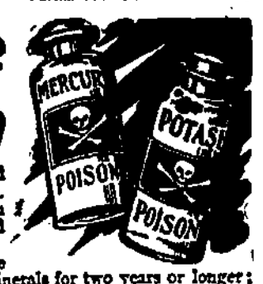
Admission tickets to the field day sports given by the Pennsylvania company employes at Centlivre park August 10, can be had free of charge with any purchase at

5-tf THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

NO SUMMER DRESS

Looks quite so stylish as those made by G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 East Berry street. Full line of samples. 27-tf

Mercury AND Potash



Everybody knows that Mercury is a dangerous medicine even when administered in very small doses, and few constitutions can stand it for any length of time.

Potash produces inflammation of the stomach and bowels, and a dangerous form of dyspepsia and often chronic diarrhœa follow its use.

Now, the doctors will tell you if you have Contagious Blood Poison you must take these minerals for two years or longer; first, a course of Mercury, and when your teeth get so sensitive and sore that you can't eat, and the gums have a spongy, unnatural appearance, you are told to stop and a change to Potash is made. When the stomach rebels you are put on Mercury again, and so on *ad infinitum*, or until the system becomes so thoroughly saturated with these poisonous drugs that the most disgusting sores break out on the body, the bones become diseased, and the muscles and joints are racked with the most torturing pains. Mercury and Potash drive the eruptions and blotches from the skin, but the virus remains in the blood and the reappearance of the old symptoms and the occasional sore mouth show that the poison is still active, and you can never hope to completely eradicate it by this method of treatment.

When I was about twenty-one years of age, or eighteen years ago, I contracted Blood Poison in a bad form, and am satisfied that the rapid progress the disease was making would soon have made me a life-long invalid or ended my life. As my system came under the influence of S. S. S., the sores, splotches and pimples gradually disappeared and soon no evidence of the disease was left. I am now thirty-nine years old, and have seen no signs of it during the past eighteen years. S. S. S. does all you claim for it. WM. EMERSON, Pevely, Mo.

S. S. S. is the only antidote for this destructive virus, and an infallible remedy for this peculiar poison. It destroys and eradicates every particle of the poison, and makes the blood as healthy and pure as before the disease was contracted.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and we offer $1,000 for proof that it contains any mineral ingredient whatever. The general health improves as the Specific purges the system of impurities, and as new, rich blood begins to flow in the veins the unsightly sores and other evidences of blood poison disappear; strength returns and you are forever rid of this loathsome disease.

Our Home Treatment Book on Contagious Blood Poison tells you all about the symptoms, different stages, etc., of this disease. We will mail you a copy free.

If you need advice or special directions, write our physicians; it will cost you nothing and may hasten your cure. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO, ATLANTA, GA.**

HAPPER'S

IMPORTED BORATED

TALCUM POWDER

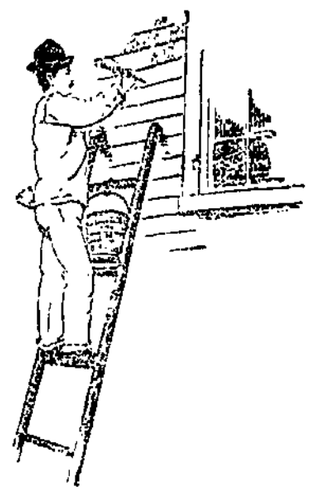
PRICE 25 CENTS

ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INFANTS and ADULTS.

The HAPPER TALCUM POWDER is manufactured from FRENCH purified talcum, rendered antiseptic and chemically pure and delicately perfumed. Endorsed by the highest medical authorities as the perfection of sanitary powder.

C. HAPPER & COMPANY Findlay, Ohio, U.S.A. IMPORTERS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS



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Sherwin Williams Mixed Paint....

when you paint your house you will not only have the most durable job that money can buy, but the cheapest. S. W. P. covers 600 square feet to the gallon. Figure with us.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

THE RELIABLE HARDWARE AND PAINT HOUSE.

38 and 40 E. Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

It May be Your House

which will be the next to be destroyed by fire, lightning, windstorm, cyclone or tornado.

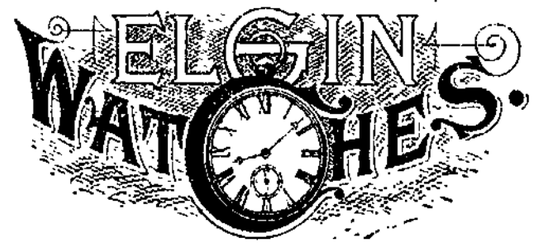
Many people neglect the protection that is afforded by an insurance policy in a reliable company.

BE WISE IN TIME—Don't risk it any longer. Let me explain my policies, including life accident, sick and accident, Plate Glass.

G. W. BOERGER,

'Phone 192 Main.

Going Out of Business.



A few of our many bargains.

Ladies' gold-filled Watches, with Elgin movements, $6.25; worth $12.00.

Gents' gold-filled, with Elgin movements, $10.00; worth $16.00.

Ladies' nickel Watches, $4.00; worth $7.00.

A fine line of 8-day Mantel Clocks, $5.00; worth $10.00.

A fine line of Ladies' and Gents' gold-filled Chains from $1.00 up. You cannot afford to miss this opportunity, as you will never again buy them at these prices.

P. SHERZINGER,

78 Calhoun Street.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

CHRISTIANITY NOT DOLOROUS, BUT JOY-INSPIRING—PUTS SPARKLE INTO SPIRITS OF SICK AND TROUBLED.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage corrects some of the false notions about religion, and represents it as being joy-inspiring instead of dolorous. Text, II. Chron. ix., 9: "Of spices great abundance: neither was there any such spice as the queen of Sheba gave King Solomon."

What is that building out yonder, glittering in the sun? Have you not heard? It is the house of the forest of Lebanon. King Solomon has just taken to it his bride, the princess of Egypt. You see the pillars of the portico, and a great tower, adorned with 1,000 shields of gold, hung on the outside of the tower—500 of the shields of gold, manufactured at Solomon's order; 500 were captured by David, his father, in battle. See how they blaze in the noonday sun!

Solomon goes up the ivory stairs of his throne, between twelve lions in statuary, and sits down on the back of the golden bull, the head of the huge beast turned toward the people. The family and the attendants of the king are so many that the caterers of the palace have to provide every day 100 sheep and thirteen oxen, besides the birds and the venison. I hear the stamping and pawing of 4,000 fine horses in the royal stables. There were important officials who had charge of the work of gathering the straw and the barley for these horses. King Solomon was an early riser, tradition says, and used to take a ride out at daybreak, and when, in his white apparel, behind the swiftest horse of all the realm, and followed by mounted archers in purple, as the cavalvade dashed through the streets of Jerusalem, I suppose it was something worth getting up at 5 o'clock in the morning to look at.

NOT LIKE THOSE OF TODAY.

Solomon was not like some of the kings of the present day—crowned imbecility. All the splendors of his place and retinue were eclipsed by his intellectual power. Why, he seemed to know everything. He was the first great naturalist the world ever saw. Peacocks from India strutted the basaltic walk, and apes chattered in the trees, and deer stalked the parks, and there were aquariums with foreign fish, and aviaries with foreign birds; and tradition says these birds were so well tamed that Solomon might walk clear across the city under the shadow of their wings as they hovered and flitted about him.

More than this, he had a great reputation for conundrums and riddles that he made and guessed. He and King Hiram, his neighbor, used to sit by the hour and ask riddles, each one paying in money if he could not answer or guess the riddle. The Solomonic navy visited all the world, and the sailors, of course, talked about the wealth of their king, and about the riddle and enigmas that he made and solved; and the news spread until Queen Balkis, away off south, heard of it, and sent messengers with a few riddles that she would like to have Solomon solve, and a few puzzles that she would like to have him find out. She sent among other things, to King Solomon, a diamond with a hole so small that a needle could not penetrate it, asking him to thread that diamond. And Solomon took a worm and put it in at the opening in the diamond, and the worm crawled through, leaving the thread in the diamond. The queen also sent a goblet to Solomon, asking him to fill it with water that did not pour from the sky, and that did not rush out from the earth; and immediately Solomon put a salve on the back of a swift horse, and galloped him around and around the park, until the horse was nigh exhausted, and from the perspiration of the horse the goblet was filled. She also sent to King Solomon 500 boys in girls' dress, and 500 girls in boys' dress, wondering if he would be acute enough to find out the deception. Immediately Solomon, when he saw them wash their faces, knew from the way they applied the water that it was a cheat.

SAW FOR HERSELF.

Queen Balkis was so pleased with the acuteness of Solomon that she said: "I'll just go and see him for myself." Yonder it comes—the cavalcade—horses and dromedaries, chariots and charioteers, jingling harness and clattering hoofs, and blazing shields, and flying ensigns, and clapping cymbals. The place is saturated with the perfume. She brings cinamon, and saffron, and calamus, and frankincense, and all manner of sweet spices. As the retinue sweeps through the gate, the armed guards inhale the aroma. "Halt!" cry the charioteers, as the wheels grind the gravel in front of the pillared portico of the king. Queen Balkis alights in an atmosphere bewitched with perfume. As the dromedaries are driven up to the king's storehouses, and the bundles of camphor are unloaded, and the sacks of cinamon, and the boxes of spices are opened, the purveyors of the palace discover what my text announces: "Of spices, great abundance; neither was there any such spice as the queen of Sheba gave to King Solomon."

Well, my friends, you know that all theologians agree in making Solomon a type of Christ, and in making the queen of Sheba a type of every truth-seeker, and I will take the responsibility of saying that all the spikenard, and cassia, and frankincense which the queen of Sheba brought to King Solomon is mightily suggestive of the sweet spices of our holy religion. Christianity is not a collection of sharp technicalities, and angular facts, and chronological tables, and dry statistics. Our religion is compared to frankincense and to cassia, but never to nightshade. It is a bundle of myrrh. It is a dash of holy light. It is a sparkle of cool fountains. It is an opening of opaline gates. It is a collection of spices. Would God that we were as wise in taking spices to our divine King as Queen Balkis was wise in taking the spices to the earthly Solomon.

NEEDED IN HOUSEKEEPING.

The fact is that the duties and cares of this life, coming to us from time to time, are stupid often, and inane, and intolerable. Here are men who have been battering, climbing, pounding, hammering for twenty years, forty years, fifty years. One great, long drudgery has their life been. Their face anxious, their feelings benumbed, their days monotonous. What is necessary to brighten up that man's life, and to sweeten that acid disposition, and to put sparkle into the man's spirits? The spicery of our holy religion. Why, if between the losses of life there dashed the gleam of an eternal gain; if between the betrayals of life there came the gleam of the undying friendship of Christ; if in dull times in business we found ministering angels flying to and fro in our office and store and shop, every day life, instead of being a stupid monotone, would be a glorious inspiration, pendululming between calm satisfaction and high rapture.

How any woman keeps house without the religion of Christ to help her is a mystery to me. To have to spend the greater part of one's life, as many women do, in planning for the meals, and stitching garments that will soon be rent again, and deploring breakages, and supervising tardy subordinates, and driving off the dust that soon again will settle, and doing the same thing day in and day out, and year in and year out, until the hair silvers, and the back stoops, and the spectacles crawl to the eyes, and the grave breaks open under the thin sole of the shoe—oh, it is a long monotony! But when Christ comes to the drawing room, and comes to the kitchen, and comes to the nursery, and comes to the dwelling, then how cheery becomes all womanly duties. She is never alone now. Martha gets all through fretting and joins Mary at the feet of Jesus. All day long Deborah is happy because she can help Lapidoth; Hannah, because she can make a coat for young Samuel; Miriam, because she can watch her infant brother; Rachel, because she can help her father water the stock; the widow of Sarepta, because the cruse of oil is being replenished. O woman, having in your pantry a nest of boxes containing all kinds of condiments, why have you not tried in your heart and life the spicery of our holy religion? "Martha! Martha, thou art careful and troubled about many things, but one thing is needful, and Mary hath chosen that good part which shall not be taken away from her."

I must confess that a great deal of the religion of this day is utterly insipid. There is nothing piquant or elevating about it. Men and women go around humming psalms in a minor key, cultivating melancholy, and their worship has in it more sighs than raptures. We do not doubt their piety. Oh, no. But they are sitting at a feast where the cook has forgotten to season the food. Everything is flat in their experience and in their conversation. Emancipated from sin, and death, and hell, and on their way to a magnificent heaven, they act as though they were trudging on toward an everlasting Botany Bay. Religion does not seem to agree with them. It seems to catch in the windpipe and become a tight strangulation instead of an exhilaration. All the infidel books that have been written, from Voltaire down to Herbert Spencer, have not done so much damage to our Christianity as lugubrious Christians. Who wants a religion woven out of the shadows of the night? Why go growling on your way to celestial enthronement? Come out of that cave and sit down in the warm light of the sun of righteousness. Away with your odes to melancholy and Hervey's "Meditations Among the Tombs."

Then let our songs abound,
And every tear be dry;
We're marching through Immanuel's ground
To fairer worlds on high.

MORE SPICE NEEDED.

I have to say, also, that we need to put more spice and enlivenment in our religious teaching; whether it be in the prayer meeting, or in the Sunday school, or in the church. We ministers need more fresh air and sunshine in our lungs, and our hearts, and our head. Do you wonder that the world is far from being converted when you find so little vivacity in the pulpit and in the pew? We want, like the Lord, to plant in our sermons and exhortations more lilies of the field. We want fewer rhetorical elaborations, and fewer sesquipedalian words; and when we talk about shadows we do not want to talk about adumbration; and when we mean queerness we do not want to talk about idiosyncrasies; or if a stitch in the back, we do not want to talk about lumbago; but, in the plain vernacular of the great masses, preach that gospel which proposes to make all men happy, honest, victorious and free. In other words, we want more cinnamon and less grit. Let this be so in all the different departments of work to which the Lord calls us. Let us be common-sensical. When we talk to the people in a vernacular they can understand they will be very glad to come and receive the truth we present. Would to God that Queen Balkis would drive her spice-laden dromedaries into all our sermons and prayer meeting exhortations.

More than that, we want more life and spice in our Christian work. The poor do not want so much to be groaned over as sung to. With the bread, and medicines, and garments you give them, let there be an accompaniment of smiles and brisk encouragement. Do not stand and talk to them about the wretchedness of their abode, and the hunger of their looks, and the hardness of their lot. Ah! they know it better than you can tell them. Show them the bright side of the thing, if there be any bright side. Tell them good times will come. Tell them that for the children of God there is immortal rescue. Wake them up out of their stolidity by an inspiring laugh, and while you send in help, like the Queen of Sheba, also send in the spices. There are two ways of meeting the poor. One is to come into their house with a nose elevated in disgust, as much as to say: "I don't see how you live here in this neighborhood. It actually makes me sick. There is that bundle—take it, you poor, miserable wretch, and make the most of it." Another way is to go into the abode of the poor in a manner which seems to say: "The blessed Lord sent me. He was poor Himself. It is not more for the good I am going to try to do to you than it is for the good that you can do me." Coming in that spirit the gift will be as aromatic as the spikenard on the feet of Christ, and all the hovels on that alley will be fragrant with the spice.

MAKE THEM SING.

We need more spice and enlivenment in our church music. Churches sit discussing whether they shall have choirs, or precentors, or bass viols, or cornets; I say, take that which will bring out the most inspiring music. If we had half as much zeal and spirit in our churches as we have in the songs of the Sunday schools, it would not be long before the whole earth would quake with the coming of God. Why, nine-tenths of the people in the church do not sing; or they sing so feebly that the people at their elbows do not know they are singing. People mouth and mumble the praises of God; but there not more than one out of a hundred who makes a joyful noise unto the Rock of our Salvation. Sometimes, when the congregation forgets itself, and is all absorbed in the goodness of God, or the glories of heaven, I get an intimation of what church music will be a hunded years from now, when the coming generation shall wake up to its duty.

I promise a high spiritual blessing to any one who will sing in church, and who will sing so heartily that the people all around cannot help but sing. Wake up! all the churches from Bangor to San Francisco, and across Christendom. It is not a matter of preference; it is a matter of religious duty. Oh, for fifty times more volume of sound than has ever yet rolled up from our churches. German chorals in German cathedrals surpass us, and yet Germany has received nothing at the hands of God compared with America; and ought the acclaim in Germany be louder than that of America? Soft, long-drawn-out music, is appropriate for the concert; but St. John gives an idea of the sonorous and resonant congregational singing appropriate for the churches when, in listening to the temple service of heaven, he says: "I heard a great voice of many waters, and as the voice of mighty thunderings. Hallelujah, for the Lord God omnipotent reigneth."

Join with me in a crusade, giving me not only your hearts, but the mighty uplifting of your voices, and I believe we can, through Christ's grace, sing 5,000 souls into the kingdom of Christ. An argument, they can laugh at, a sermon, they may talk down; but a five-thousand voiced utterance of praise to God is irresistible. Would that Queen Balkis would drive all her spice-laden dromedaries into our church music. "Neither was there any such spice as the Queen of Sheba gave King Solomon."

EVERLASTING REDOLENCE.

Now I want to impress you with the fact that religion is sweetness, and perfume, and spikenard, and saffron, and cinnamon, and cassia, and frankincense, and all sweet spices together. "Oh," you say, "I have not looked at it as such. I thought it was a nuisance; it had for me a repulsion; I held my breath as though it were a malodor; I have been appalled at its advance; I have said if I have any religion at all I want to have just as little of it as possible to get through with." Oh, what a mistake you have made, my brother. The religion of Christ is a present and everlasting redolence. It counteracts all trouble. Just put it on the stand beside the pillow of sickness. It catches in the curtains, and perfumes the stifling air. It sweetens the cup of bitter medicine and throws a glow on the gloom of the turned lattice. It is a balm for the aching side, and a soft bandage for the temple stung with pain. It lifted Samuel Rutherford into a revelry of spiritual delight while he was in physical agonies. It helped Richard Baxter until, in the midst of such a complicaion of disease as perhaps no other man suffered, he wrote "The Saint's Everlasting Rest." And it poured light upon John Bunyan's dungeon—the light of the shining gate of the shining city. And it is good for rheumatism, and for neuralgia, and for low spirits, and for consumption; it is the catholicon for all disorders. Yes, it will heal all your sorrows.

Why did you look so sad this morning when you came in? Alas! for the loneliness and the heartbreak, and the load that is never lifted from your soul. Some of you go about feeling like Macaulay when he wrote: "If I had another month of such days as I have been spending I would be impatient to get down into my little, narrow crib in the ground, like a weary factory child." And there have been times in your life when you wished you could get out of this life. You have said: "Oh, how sweet to my lips would be the dust of the valley," and wished you could pull over you in your last slumber the coverlet of green grass and daisies. You have said: "Oh, how beautifully quiet it must be in the tomb. I wish I was there."

I see all around me widowhood and orphanage and childlessness, sadness, disappointment, perplexity. If I could ask all those in my audience who have felt no sorrow and been buffeted by no disappointment—if I could ask all such to rise, how many would rise? Not one.

SWEETNESS, PEACE, COMFORT.

A widowed mother, with her little child, went west, hoping to get better wages there, and she was taken sick and died. The overseer of the poor got her body and put it in a box, and put it in a wagon, and started down the street toward the cemetery at full trot. The little child—the only child—ran after it through the streets, bare headed, crying: "Bring me back my mother; bring me back my mother!" And it was said that as the people looked on and saw her crying after that which lay in the box in the wagon—all she loved on earth—it is said the whole village was in tears. And that is what a great many of you are doing—chasing the dead. Dear Lord, is there no appeasement for all this sorrow that I see about me? Yes, the thought of resurrection and reunion far beyond this scene of struggle and tears. "They shall hunger no more, neither thirst any more, neither shall the sun light on them, nor any heat, for the Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes." Across the couches of you sick, and across the graves of your dead, I fling this shower of sweet spices. Queen Balkis, driving up to the pillared portico of the house of cedar, carried no such pungency of perfumes as exhales today from the Lord's garden. It is peace. It is sweetness. It is comfort. It is infinite satisfaction, this gospel I commend to you.

Some one could not understand why an old German Christian scholar used to be always so calm, and happy, and hopeful, when he had so many trials, and sicknesses, and ailments. A man secreted himself in the house. He said: "I mean to watch this old scholar and Christian;" and he saw the old Christian man go to his room and sit down on the chair beside the stand, and open the Bible and begin to read. He read on and on, chapter after chapter, hour after hour, until his face was all aglow with the tidings from heaven, and when the clock struck 12 he arose and shut his Bible and said: "Blessed Lord, we are on the same old terms yet. Good-night. Good-night." Oh, you sin-parched, and you trouble-pounded, here is comfort, here is satisfaction. Will you come and get it? I cannot tell you what the Lord offers you hereafter so well as I can tell you what He offers now. "It doth not yet appear what we shall be."

ONLY A TOMB.

Have you read of the Taj Mahal in India, in some respects the most majestic building on earth? Twenty thousand men were twenty years in building it. It cost about $16,000,000. The walls are of marble, inlaid with cornelian from Bagdad, and turquoise from Thibet, and jasper from the Punjaub, and amethyst from Persia, and all manner of precious stones. A traveler said that it seemed to him like the shining of the enchanted castle of burnished silver. The walls are 245 feet high, and from the top of these springs a dome thirty more feet high, that dome containing the most wonderful echo the world has ever known; so that ever and anon travelers standing below with flutes and drums and harps are testing that echo, and the sounds from below strike up and then come down as it were the voices of angels all around about the building. There is around it a garden of tamarind, and banyan, and palm, and all the floral glories of the ransacked earth. But that is only a tomb of a dead empress, and it is tame compared with the grandeurs which God has builded for your living and immortal spirit.

Oh, home of the blessed! Foundations of gold! Arches of victory! Cap-stones of praise! and a dome in which there are echoing and re-echoing and hallelujahs of the ages. And around about that mansion is a garden—the garden of God—and all the springing fountains are bottled tears of the church in the wilderness, and all the crimson of the flowers is the deep hue that was caught up from the carnage of earthly martyrdoms, and the fragrance is the prayer of all the saints, and the aroma puts into utter forgetfulness the cassia, and the spikenard, and the frankincense, and the world-renowned spices which Queen Balkis, of Abyssinia, flung at the feet of King Solomon.

When shall these eyes thy heaven-built walls
And pearly gates behold,
Thy bulwarks, with salvation strong,
And streets of shining gold!

Through obduracy on our part and through the rejection of that Christ who makes heaven possible, I wonder if any of us will miss that spectacle? Then queen of the south will rise up in judgment against this generation and condemn it, because she came from the uttermost parts of the earth to hear the wisdom of Solomon, and behold, a greater than Solomon is here!

May God grant that through your own practical experience you may find that religion's ways are ways of pleasantness, and that all her paths are paths of peace—that it is perfume now and perfume forever. And there was an abundance of spice; "neither was there any such spice as the queen of Sheba gave to King Solomon."

THE LARGEST STEEL RANGE PLANT IN THE WORLD IS THAT OF THE PENINSULAR STEEL RANGE COMPANY AT DETROIT, MICH. THE FOSTER FURNITURECOMPANY ARE THEIR EXCLUSIVE FORT WAYNE AGENTS.

THE FOSTER FURNITURE COMPANY HAVING THE BEST LINE OF COOKING STOVES, STEEL RANGES AND HEATING STOVES TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY, PROPOSE TO DO THE STOVE BUSINESS OF FORT WAYNE.

TO THIS END THEY WILL PUT THEIR STOVES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL THE PEOPLE BY OFFERING TERMS FOR THE PRESENT OF $5 DOWN AND $5 PER MONTH.

NO NEED THEREFORE EXISTS FOR ANYBODY TO PAY THE EXORBITANT PRICES FOR STOVES AND RANGES CHARGED BY THE INSTALLMENT STORES

FOSTER FURNITURE & CARPET CO.

HOAGLAND.

Everyone is in better spirits—the weather is cooler.

Prof. A. W. Hamilton is spending a few days of his vacation as the guest of Marion Smalls.

Mrs. Brown and son, Ralph, of Fort Wayne, were the guests of Mrs. Nettie Hubler last week.

Rev. J. H. Miller preached a very instructive sermon to a large audience Sunday evening.

Owen Miller and family, of Kendallville, are spending their vacation with their parents.

Charles Houser has a position in the electric light works in Fort Wayne.

The Misses Wallace, of McDonald, Pa., were visiting Rev. English's sisters last week.

Dr. J. L. Smith, Rev. Murray and Messrs. John Youse, Bert Somers and Cal Lipes are spending a few weeks' outing at Loon lake.

Mr. Frank Hake met with a serious accident last Friday. While fixing the roof of a barn on Hugh Kerr's place he lost his footing and fell to the ground, crushing the bones of the left ankle.

Rev. Bicknell, of Monroeville, filled Rev. Murray's pulpit Sunday evening.

The Hoagland Stars play the Decatur Reds next Saturday at Monroeville. Game called at 2:30.

SAND POINT AND VICINITY.

The ice cream social at Fairfield school house Saturday night was well attended. Quite a large sum of money was cleared.

Prof. Hyatt was a visitor on Sand Point lately and wishes to organize a swimming school. The young people who are interested will meet at school house No. 5 Tuesday night.

Christian Endeavor met in the church Sunday evening, the floor at the usual meeting place having been torn out. A large number were present, and all seem satisfied with the work the society is doing.

Little River Grange procured rual free delivery route No. 5 for the people of this community, also saved the roads last winter by seeing that the road laws were enforced. Now some people seem inclined to break up the organization. It's another case of killing the goose that laid the golden eggs, and some one will undoubtedly see the mistake after it is too late.

MIDDLETOWN BREEZES.

Merl Williams, formerly of this place but now of Winimac, Ind., has been visitng here for the past week.

The base ball nine of the primary school played the Hoagland junior nine Saturday. They retrieved the loss of the high school players, who were defeated by Hoagland last fall. They deserve praise for their splendid victory over the Hoagland champions.

Mrs. Nannie Whitner, of Okarche, Okla.; Mrs. Mary Hartzell, of New Haven, and Mr. and Mrs. McMaken, of Sand Point, visited the Hartzell family Sunday.

James Ruhl will return from Angola next Saturday. All the boys and girls will be glad to see our "Buden" again.

Rev. I. J. Bicknell, of Monroeville, took dinner with Simon Somers and family Sunday.

Miss Carrie Van Horn is employed at the residence of Elias Hartzell.

Charles Busse, of Milan township, is doing general farm work for Charles Mailand this summer.

Many of our young people attended the social at Poe Saturday evening. Among those that attended were Misses Estella Neireiter, Clyde Van Horn and Amanda and Sophia Kaiser, also many boys, but too numerous to mention.

August Grodrian and wife spent two days last week at their daughter's residence, Mrs. Brewer. Brewer & Grodrian carry off the plum with the largest crop of wheat in this vicinity. They had over 800 bushels.

Threshing is holding full sway among the farmers. Henry Mailand, Ernst Kaiser, Simeon Vaughn, John Dennis and M. Rauner have threshed since last publication of items.

Mrs. Brown and son, Ralph, of Fort Wayne, are guests of Frank Hubler and family.

Mr. Archa Rauner, of Summit City, spent Sunday in the country.

Gravel hauling has begun from the Wyss gravel pit.

Master Marlot Somers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Somers, of Fort Wayne, came very near drowning at the residence of John Dennis Monday afternoon. A poor covering over a cistern was the cause of the accident. Had it not been for the bravery of John Gibson, a thresher, who was near and who instantly plunged into the cistern, the little one's life might not have been saved.

Messrs. Lee Hartzell, Melville Neireiter and Harley Somers attended church at Antioch Sunday evening.

As Elsworth Ruhl was going to church Sunday evening a rear wheel of his buggy broke down, leaving him slide into the ditch by the roadside. Luckily he sustained no injuries.

FARMERS' DAY AT WINONA.

Saturday, Aug. 10th, will be Farmers' day at Winona Lake, Ind. Rev. Sam Jones will give an address in the Auditorium at 2:30 p. m.; subject, "Shams and the Genuine." The Winona band will give a concert at 4:30 and 8 p. m. Farmers' meeting will be held in the Auditorium at 1:30 p. m. J. M. Studebaker and others will give addresses. A large attendance is expected.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

A Sunday school picnic will be held at Five Points on Saturday, August 17th, and a day of much pleasure is being looked forward to by the young people of that vicinity. Ice cream and other refreshments will be served.

EXPENDITURES AND TAX LEVIES FOR THE YEAR 1901.

The Trustee of Eel River township, Allen county, proposes for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the Advisory Board at its annual meeting, to be held at the school house of School District No. 5, the following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures, $1,108.35, and township tax, 15 cents on the hundred dollars.

2. Local tuition expenditures, $738.90, and tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.

3. Special school tax expenditures, $1,108.35, and tax, 15 cents on the hundred dollars.

4. Road tax expenditures, $2,216.70, and tax, 30 cents on the hundred dollars.

5. Additional road tax expenditures, $738.90, and tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.

6. Poor expenditures for preceding year, $283.11, and tax, 4 cents on the hundred dollars.

Total expenditures, $6,194.31, and total tax, 84 cents on the hundred dollars.

(Signed) W. H. JOHNSTON, Trustee.

August 1, 1901.

EXPENDITURES AND TAX LEVIES FOR THE YEAR 1902.

The Trustee of Monroe township, Allen county, proposes for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the Advisory Board at its annual meeting, to be held at the trustee's office in Monroeville, the following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures, $500, and township tax, 5 cents on the hundred dollars.

2. Local tuition expenditures, $1,000, and tax, 15 cents on the hundred dollars.

3. Special school tax expenditures, $1,500, and tax, 20 cents on the hundred dollars.

4. Road tax expenditures, $2,000, and tax, 30 cents on the hundred dollars.

5. Additional road tax expenditures, $1,000, and tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.

6. Poor expenditures for preceding year, $350, and tax, 5 cents on the hundred dollars.

Total expenditures, $6,350, and total tax, 85 cents on the hundred dollars.

(Signed) V. L. SHAFFER, Trustee.

August 3, 1901.

....RURODE'S....

Sell and Repent

That is the watchword now. Positive orders have been given all lingering lines of summer goods to move and that quickly. The spur of greatly reduced prices will hasten their going. We offer values now that will please your purse.

Clearing Out in Wash Goods.

We have just placed on our counters some fresh new things in wash goods which will be sold in connection with our regular stock, at prices much less than value.

Printed Lawns, in choice styles, 50 pieces to choose from, 4½C YARD.

Dimities, choice in design and quality, early season price 10c a yard, NOW 6C YARD.

Fine Dimities and Lawns, desirable in style and coloring, worth 10c and 12½c a yard, NOW 8 1-3C A YARD.

Lawns, Dimities and Batistes, all good styles, down from 15c and 20c to 12½C A YARD.

Satine Foulards, Embroidered Tissues and imported Novelties, that were 45c and 50c, reduced to 30C A YARD.

Imported Scotch Ginghams, fine in quality and in stylish patterns, down from 40c, 50c and 65c to 25C, 35C AND 50C A YARD.

Here's Coolness and Comfort AT LITTLE COST.

Our entire stock of Shirt Waists has been divided into four lots and priced at 23C, 48C, 69C AND 98C.

Shirt Waist Suits, some choice styles, that were $5.00 and $5.50, NOW $3.00 EACH.

Shirt Waists, plenty of time to wear them yet at these prices, $6.00, $7.00 and $7.50 Suits NOW $4.00 EACH.

All our fine summer costumes in Silks, Lawns and Dimities, correct in style and handsomely trimmed, to be closed out at less than half price.

Light Summer Wrappers, Dressing Sacques and Children's Wash Dresses, some choice styles still left, go at HALF FORMER PRICES.

All Parasols at HALF PRICE.

August FASHIONS are Here. Call and Ask for a Copy.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

CALL AROUND AND BRING YOUR WIFE

if you are thinking of purchasing a home or building lot, for I know I can offer you something choice and desirable at prices and terms that will enable you to secure real estate with little cash. There is nothing in this section that is worth showing that isn't on my books.

Louis F. Curdes,
PIXLEY-LONG BLOCK.

DO YOU WANT WORK?

We have the following positions open, as well as hundreds of other ones:

Girls for housework; no office charges.

A chef, engineer, houseman, dining room girls, chambermaids, scrub women for hotel work.

1,000 laborers and teamsters for railroads in Minnesota, Iowa, Dakota.

We have a poultry farm of 40 acres 3 miles from city for sale or exchange.

Ladies in need of reliable help can secure them here.

Advertising, Employment and Business Bureau,
128 CALHOUN ST.
Suite 1.

A. Hattersley & Son,
PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND
GAS FITTERS,
48 E. MAIN ST.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

Have you seen the 1901 catalogue of the International Business College? If not you are not familiar with the best Indiana has to offer in the line of Business Education, Shorthand or Penmanship.

Over 200 of our pupils placed in positions during the past year.

FALL TERM.

Day and night school begins Tuesday, Sept. 3rd.

A postal will bring our catalogue.

Mrs. W. F. Heath and Robert Parmelee, of Danville, Ill., who were here attending the funeral of Mrs. Parmelee, have returned home.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.
Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 5 Per Cent. Interest on stock.
LOANS MONEY at Low Rates. Is a friend to rich and poor.
Assets $600,000

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

FOR MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold for $3.50. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

W. L. Douglas sells more $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5.00 and $6.00 shoes, and are just as good in every way.

Sold by 63 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and shoe dealers everywhere.

Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. $3.50 sent anywhere for $3.75. My custom department will make you a pair that will equal $5 and $6 custom made shoes in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. Illustrated catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Fast Color Eyelets and Rodlite Always Black Hooks used.

FORT WAYNE: 80-82 Calhoun St.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 7, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..... 173
Editorial Rooms..... 650

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Forecast for Indiana—Fair and cooler tonight and Thursday; northerly winds.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The temperature today in Fort Wayne was as follows:

	Degrees.
6 a. m.	58
7 a. m.	62
8 a. m.	67
9 a. m.	72
10 a. m.	74
11 a. m.	77
12 m.	80
1 p. m.	84
2 p. m.	86

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Frank B. Housh, of Boston, is the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Taylor.

Miss Blanche Poland has taken a position as stenographer in the office of the Journal-Gazette.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Pickard, of Chicago, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Pickard, have returned home.

W. H. Blodgett, correspondent of the Indianapolis News, was a visitor in the city yesterday, on his way to Avilla.

The Social Aid society will have a picnic at Robison park tomorrow, instead of today, as was originally intended.

Architect Henry Meyer is preparing plans for a ten-room residence for H. C. Planger, to be erected in the east end.

The Knights and Ladies of Honor will give an old time barn dance and social at the home of O. P. Carter, 138 Holman street.

The Misses Grace Kabisch and Matilda Morsch will spend Saturday and Sunday the guests of Miss Jennie Braun, of Wallen.

The engagement of Miss Ida Oppenheim, daughter of Mrs. Pauline Oppenheim, to Isaac Florsheim, of Chicago, is announced.

The ladies of Grace Reformed church will give their monthly supper in the church parlors Thursday evening from 5:30 to 9:30.

The Home Missionary Society of St. John's Lutheran church will meet Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. John Buefink, 69 Hugh street.

Contractor J. M. Henry has begun excavations for the erection of a handsome residence for P. J. Anspach, at the corner of Jefferson and Fulton streets.

The Hibernian Rifles will give their last exhibition drill at the ice cream social to be given by the ladies of the Precious Blood church Friday evening at 111 Cass street.

The officials of Westminster Presbyterian church have decided to hold Sunday school in the morning at 9:30 during this month, while there are no morning services.

Miss Hulda L. Hanker has gone to New York city to study under the famous "Alvieve" ballet master of the Grand Opera house of the Lenox conservatory of stage and fancy dancing.

The Walther league will give a summer night's festival at the Barr street school grounds on Friday evening. The Walther league orchestra will furnish the musical program, which will include a cornet solo by ex-Mayor Scherer and several numbers will be added by the Eintracht double quartet.

James M. Kane returned this morning from McKeesport, Pa., where he was at the bedside of his daughter, Mrs. John K. Skelly, wife of the leading dry goods merchant of that city. Yesterday Dr. Albert Stengel, the noted specialist, who holds a chair in the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, was called in consultation, and pronounced Mrs. Skelly's illness to be abscess of the liver and that she had a fighting chance of recovery after an operation.

MICHIGAN WHORTLEBERRIES. MICHIGAN PEACHES AND LOMBARD PLUMS.

Michigan Peaches, 25c basket.
Michigan Whortleberries, 12½c qut
Lombard Plums, 8c qut.
Elberta Peaches, 45c basket.
Fancy Tomatoes, 35c basket.
Nice Apples, 25c and 35c pk.
Large Watermelons, 20c each.
Indian River Pines, 15c each.
Gem Melons, 90c basket.
California Peaches, Plums and Pears.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Attend the Band Concert and Rathbone Sisters' Social at Market Square tonight.

FANCY BRASS GOODS.

Advance sale of Brass Clocks, Candle Sticks, Ink Stands and Photo Frames at one-third less than usual prices.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

M. L. Jones is visiting friends for a few days at Detroit and Toledo.

Miss Claire Dryer, of Terre Haute, is in the city to spend the summer.

The ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. will hold its regular meeting this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Heit will go to Clear Lake on Satruday to spend two weeks.

John Ferguson and family leave next week to attend the Pan-American exposition.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Carpenter, 181 Clinton street, Friday afternoon at 2:30.

Miss Julia Foellinger left yesterday for Saginaw, Mich., to spend a month with her sister there.

Rev. and Mrs. Otto Ungemach, of Cleveland, Ohio, are in the city the guests of Professor Ungemach.

The Misses Mabel Sites and Martha Diether have retruned from a week's visit with Miss Stella Hunter at Rome City.

Miss Agnes Miller, a graduate of the International Business College, has taken a position as stenographer in the offices of the Fox bakery.

W. H. Braun was in Monroeville yesterday superintending a contract for electrical fixtures in the new residence of Banker Niezer, of that town.

Henry Kramer has taken a position as bookkeeper in the offices of Pickard Bros. Mr. Kramer is a graduate of the International Business College.

Mrs. M. J. Maroney is at home from Detroit, where she attended the national convention of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent legion as a delegate from the Fort Wayne society.

Hon. Mark Hopkins, of St. Clair, and Frank T. Wolcott, of Jackson, Mich., were in the city yesterday on business connected with the Hicks Gold and Silver Extraction company.

Mr. and Mrs. William Neumeier left this morning for a stay at Baker City, Ore., in the hope of benefitting Mrs. Neumeier's health. Her husband is a pressman for the Fort Wayne Freie Presse.

J. F. Nelson, of this city, was a passenger on the Baltimore and Ohio limited train which ran into an open switch at Naponee at 7:15 o'clock last night. Mr. Nelson escaped injury. The particulars of the wreck are told in a telegram published elsewhere in The Sentinel.

Fred Willson left today for Grand Forks, N. D., to resume his position with the Grand Forks Herald. He has been spending a number of months at home recuperating his impaired health. His brother, Ralph Willson, who has been at Grand Forks, will now return home.

Jacob Cook, of St. Joe township, one of the pioneer residents of Allen county, is reported lying at the point of death. Mr. Cook is upwards of 80 years of age and has resided in this county over half a century. Several months ago he suffered a stroke of paralysis from which he never entirely recovered. A second stroke was sustained yesterday and the recovery of the aged gentleman is scarcely expected.

FRESH MICHIGAN WHORTLEBERRIES DOWN TO 12½C QT.

Fresh Michigan Blackberries, 10c quart.
Fresh Michigan Peaches, 25c basket.
Fresh Sweet Gem Melons, 5c and 8c each.
Large Watermelons, 25c and 30c each.
Fancy Cooking Apples, 25c and 30c peck.
Large Michigan Celery, 20c bunch
Home Grown Tomatoes, 8c lb.
Jersey Oleomargarine, 15c lb.
Mondamin Creamery Butter, 25c lb
Field day ticket free with each dollar purchase.

GREATEST GROCERY CO.
Opp. Post Office. Phones 315-378.

ATTENTION B. OF R. T.

Members of Fort Wayne lodge, No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, are requested to meet at the hall at 8 o'clock Friday morning to attend the funeral of our late brother, George H. Petgen, which will take place at 9 o'clock from the house and at 9:30 o'clock from the Cathedral. All sister lodges are invited to attend.

By order of
7-2t THE COMMITTEE.

Delicious Ruby Sap at all soda fountains. 3-7-10

MEN, IN HOT WEATHER,

Like cool clothing. See the fine line of suitings carried by G. Schmidt, 57 East Berry street. 27tf

Pickled Pigs' Feet, Pickled Beets, Potato Salad, Cottage Cheese and all the delicacies of the season at the Broadway Delicatessen, 140 Broadway.

$14.50 SEASHORE EXCURSION

From Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines. Thursday, August 8th. Choice of Atlantic City, Cape May and eight other popular resorts. Return limit 12 days. For details apply to John E. Ross, Ticket Agent. 31-A2-5-7

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

This is bill day in the commissioners' court.

George A. Jewell has commenced suit in the superior court against C. B. Woodworth et al. to recover on notes; demand, $300.

The Archer Printing company has commenced suit against Walter Langtry and A. L. Bond on account, demanding $500.

Henry F. Franke has commenced foreclosure proceedings against Maurice and Elizabeth Goldberger; demand, $300.

In the case of J. L. McKee vs. Burt Ross, tried in France's court, an appeal has been taken and the transcript was filed today.

Lillian Hankins has commenced divorce proceedings against George Hankins. The suit is filed in the circuit court.

Ex-Sheriff Clausmeyer is reported seriously ill at his home with appendicitis. An operation may have to be resorted to.

FOR VENETIAN NIGHT.

A well attended meeting of Rome City cottagers was held last evening in the parlors of Spring Beach hotel, and preliminary arrangements for the Venetian night, to be given the latter part of the month at the resort, were made. J. F. Wing was chairman of the meeting, and A. L. Randall was secretary. A committee consisting of Louis Fox, J. B. Harper, J. M. Landenberger and E. H. McDonald was appointed to confer with the officials of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railway, and secure their co-operation in making the event a success. Another meeting has been called for Saturday evening, at which the above committee will present a report. The celebration this year will include many new and unique features, and the illuminations will be unusually beautiful. It is probable that the City band will be engaged to furnish music, and they will occupy a float in the center of the lake. The date of the celebration will be definitely decided on at the meeting Saturday night, providing the report of the committee is favorable.

APPLIED FOR PATENT.

Patent Attorney W. G. Burns is the inventor of a device for the convenience of people who wear shoes a size or two too small. It is in the form of a cone made of heavy paper and filled with a powder which he has named "foot puff" and the package is designed to sell for a small sum. When the use of the powder is necessary the point of the cone is cut off, and the powder can be sprinkled on the foot or in the shoe. The device is simple and convenient, and Mr. Burns expects that a patent will be granted him very soon.

HOAGLAND.

Everyone is in better spirits—the weather is cooler.

Prof. A. W. Hamilton is spending a few days of his vacation as the guest of Marion Smalls.

Mrs. Brown and son, Ralph, of Fort Wayne, were the guests of Mrs. Nettie Hubler last week.

Rev. J. H. Miller preached a very instructive sermon to a large audience Sunday evening.

Owen Miller and family, of Kendallville, are spending their vacation with their parents.

Charles Houser has a position in the electric light works in Fort Wayne.

The Misses Wallace, of McDonald, Pa., were visiting Rev. English's sisters last week.

Dr. J. L. Smith, Rev. Murray and Messrs. John Youse, Bert Somers and Cal Lipes are spending a few weeks' outing at Loon lake.

Mr. Frank Hake met with a serious accident last Friday. While fixing the roof of a barn on Hugh Kerr's place he lost his footing and fell to the ground, crushing the bones of the left ankle.

Rev. Bicknell, of Monroeville, filled Rev. Murray's pulpit Sunday evening.

The Hoagland Stars play the Decatur Reds next Saturday at Monroeville. Game called at 2:30.

The Germans have invented a new kind of glassware. This cloisonne glass, as it is called, is similar to stained glass, but is claimed to be superior. The design is prepared in double brass wires and the interstices are filled with small pieces of colored glass. This design is then mounted upon a large sheet of plain glass, to which it is firmly attached by means of a translucent cement. Another similar sheet of glass is then placed upon the top of the design in the same way, so that the colored glass is inserted between two sheets of glass.

What is believed to be the only case of a father succeeding his son in a judicial office is reported from Troup, Ga. Judge B. F. Longley, of the county court, was compelled to resign because of failing health, and was succeeded by his father, F. M. Longley, who was appointed by the governor. The new judge is sixty years old; his predecessor is eighty-three.

The Boston Store.

Sale of Ladies' Shirt Waists.

LOT I. Ladies White Shirt Waists at 25 cts.; reduced from 75 cts.

LOT II. Ladies' White Shirt Waists at 39 cts.; reduced from $1.00.

LOT III. Ladies' White Shirt Waists at 50 cts.; reduced from $1.25 and $1.50.

LOT IV. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists at 25 cts.; reduced from 50 and 75 cts.

LOT V. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists at 39 cts.; reduced from $1.00.

A lot of Ladies' Light Colored Wrappers at 69 cts.; reduced from $1.

A lot of Ladies' Light Colored Wrappers at 79 cts.; reduced from $1.25.

All Summer Dress Goods are sold at cost to close out.

Do your trading at the Boston Store, as you can always find many great BARGAINS there.

WM. HAHN & CO.,
THE BOSTON STORE.

NEW, ATTRACTIVE GOODS OF ALL KINDS FOR U. S. Stamps.

Which are given by the most reliable and leading merchants in the city.

Any premium in the store for one book of U. S. STAMPS.

228 Calhoun Street.

Miss Flick,

The Leading Florist.

Fine cut flowers, palms, ferns and fancy foliage plants.

Decorations to please you.

Telephone and out-of-town orders receive prompt attention.

Pure Water...

Is as essential to good health as pure food. The health of a community depends largely upon its water supply. Typhoid fever is invariably caused by drinking water from running streams contaminated with sewage. We have arranged to meet the demand of the people for pure water by putting in a large stock of the best mineral waters obtainable, foreign and domestic, and are prepared to furnish you with a pure table water at small cost.

RANKE & NUSSBAUM
88 Calhoun St. Pharmacists.

Dr. Bulson,

Office and Residence, 55 West Wayne Street, FORT WAYNE.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heuer, formerly of this city, passed through Fort Wayne today on their return from Rochester, N. Y., to their home at St. Paul. They have been spending a vacation in the east.

Robison Park

High-Class Vaudeville
FOR WEEK COMMENCING AUGUST 4.

IMPERIAL JAPANESE TROUPE. Direct from the Mikado's domain. Performing wonderful feats of balancing and juggling.

BELLE WILLIAMS, Singer of Coon Songs.

AMMONS & WHITE In their dainty, refined singing sketch, "A Broken Vase."

NEXT WEEK Hilda Thomas & Company

Two performances daily—2:30 and 8:15 p. m.

Tickets on sale at A. C. Alter's Cigar Store.

—THE—
Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits.....
One Dollar
—AND UP.—
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:
Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Ass't. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster,	Andrew E. Hoffman,
Charles S. Bash,	John C. Peters,
George W. Pixley,	William J. Vesey,
William E. Mossman,	Louis Fox,
Henry C. Paul,	John B. Rouse,
Charles A. Wilding,	David Studebaker.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block. 2tf

If it's a good thing SEAVEY'S have it.

DON'T BUY BLINDLY.

Prices vary and qualities vary, and one who puts too much confidence in the average merchant will pay too much as a rule. Of course that isn't the case at our store. We are not average merchants. But we don't ask you to take our word for everything. We want you to examine our goods thoroughly and make careful comparisons.

OUR STOCK of general Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing Goods is beyond a doubt the MOST EXTENSIVE AND COMPLETE one shown in the city.

When next you call, ask to see our new STONE WATER FILTER. Same attaches to the faucet without any trouble, and is guaranteed to supply you with sparkling, clear water, entirely free from all impurities. It's a good thing, that's why SEAVEY'S have it.

BOTH PHONES 149 SEAVEY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 19 and 21 W. MAIN ST.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

EMPRESS FREDERICK IS DEAD

Mother of the German Emperor Dies at Cronberg Surrounded by All Her Family Save Her Son Prince Henry, Now in Spain.

Cronberg, Aug. 5.—The Dowager Empress Frederick died this evening at 6:15 o'clock. The death of the dowager empress was somewhat sudden. At 4 o'clock the physicians reported no change in her condition. Emperor William and her majesty's other children and the Empress Augusta Victoria were in the sick room most of the day. They were all around the bedside when the dowager empress passed away quietly. Profs. Renvers and Spielhagen were also in the room. The flag on the castle was immediately half-masted.

Emperor William arrived at Homberg at a quarter of 3 o'clock this morning and was driven at once to the Homburg castle. Thence accompanied by the empress and Crown Prince Frederick William, he proceeded to Freidrichshoff, which he reached at 5:20 o'clock. The bulletin concerning the condition of the dowager empress issued at 6:30 this morning said: "The weakness of Empress Frederick is hourly increasing. The strength of the heart is still slight."

Relatives of the dying empress have been continually arriving here throughout the day, and a detachment of the One-hundred-and-fiftieth infantry has come from Homburg to do sentinel and patrol duty around the castle.

By special desire of Dowager Empress Frederick, Dr. Waller, the English chaplain of Homburg, had been summoned.

At 11:30 a. m. it was said there was no change in the empress' condition. She was fully conscious, and all her children, with the exception of Prince Henry, who is at Cadiz, were assembled in the sick room.

The eleventh company of the eighth regiment of infantry, of which Dowager Empress Frederick was honorary colonel, has also been ordered to do duty at the castle.

The authorities of Emden have issued a notice saying that in consequence of the health of the dowager empress, the ceremonies in connection with the opening of the new harbor and the unveiling of monuments to the Great Elector and Frederick the Great have been indefinitely postponed.

KING RECEIVES NEWS.

Cowes, Aug. 5.—King Edward received the official news of the death of Dowager Empress Frederick on board the royal yacht, almost simultaneous with the receipt of the Associated Press dispatch in London. The yacht's flag was immediately half-masted.

THE NEWS IN LONDON.

London, Aug. 5.—The news of the death of the Dowager Empress Frederick spread slowly in London. The Associated Press gave Buckingham palace, Marlborough house and the mansion house the first information that her majesty had passed away. As all members of the royal family and many of the officials are out of town for the holidays, it is probable that no official recognition of her majesty's death will be issued before morning.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY FOR PORTO RICO

[Correspondence of Associated Press.]

San Juan, Porto Rico, July 30.—Negotiations are under way between Andrew Carnegie and Education Commissioner Martin G. Brumbaugh, who, in this matter, represents the people of Porto Rico, which will give San Juan and all of Porto Rico one of the famous Carnegie libraries.

The San Juan council met today and decided to appropriate $6,000 yearly as a maintenance fund for the library. Mr. Carnegie's private secretary, James Bertram, wrote that it was the millionaire's custom to give ten times the amount of the maintenance fund. However, Mr. Brumbaugh hopes to so present the claims and needs of Porto Rico that Mr. Carnegie may be induced to give $150,000. The idea is to combine a public library for San Juan and also have a distributing library for other portions of the island. It is proposed to erect a $100,000 building on the Plaza Colon, which directly overlooks the harbor. Here is located the statue of Christopher Columbus, and overlooking all is the historic fortress San Cristobal. The library will have a lecture auditorium on the second floor, while the library proper will be located on the first floor.

LAW SAVES UNION FROM CHINESE

Washington, Aug. 5.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor today received telegrams from shipowners and masters of vessels lately arrived in San Francisco, stating that, owing to the strike there, they are unable to unload their vessels, and asking that Chinamen employed on the ships be permitted to unload the vessels, the masters and owners guaranteeing to the government that they would not be permitted to go beyond the wharves and to prevent their escape. Secretary Taylor has replied, holding that this would be a violation of the Chinese exclusion act and refusing to allow the Chinamen to go upon the docks.

WAS A KENDALLVILLE MAN

JAMES CANNON SUICIDES AT LOGANSPORT.

Insane Patient Threw Himself Beneath a Vandalia Train and Was Instantly Killed.

Logansport, Ind., Aug. 5.—James Cannon, a patient of the Northern Indiana Hospital for the Insane, was yesterday morning run over and killed by a freight train on the Vandalia railway near Routh's packing house, about a quarter of a mile from the hospital grounds.

Mr. Cannon had for some time been detailed outside to assist the institution poultryman, and in the interest of this work he was given considerable liberty. At the time of his death he was with another patient looking after turkeys belonging to the hospital, which at this time of year are inclined to wander away from home. During the entire time Mr. Cannon has been under treatment at the hospital he has evinced no special manifestations of suicidal tendencies, and, in fact, a short time previous to his death he was conversing with the young man accompanying him in a casual way, indicating no special inclination toward despondency.

A half hour previous to the arrival of the train by which he met his death he was near the Vandalia track and expressed himself to his companion that it would soon be time for the morning train, and that he knew the engineer. As the train approached and the young man accompanying Mr. Cannon stepped from the track and warned him to also get out of danager, it was noticed that the latter faced the train and walked toward it, saying he would get off the track in time. When the engine was within a short distance of him he threw himself across the track. His companion at once understood that he meant self-destruction, and made vigorous efforts to pull him from the track, at the same time signaling to the train to stop. In both efforts, however, he was unsuccessful, the train being so near that it could not be stopped in time to prevent the casualty.

The train struck him in the middle of the body, in the region of the chest, and death was instantaneous. Mr. Cannon was admitted from Noble county, March 20, 1901, and was 47 years of age. He lived in Kendallville, Ind., where his wife now resides.

FATHER SAW HER KILLED.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 5.—Miss Carrie Jones, twenty years of age, daughter of Governor Thomas Jones, was run over and killed by a street car today in front of the executive mansion. The accident was witnessed by the governor.

MORGAN IS SILENT.

New York, April 5.—J. Pierpont Morgan was at his office this afternoon. He declined to be interviewed on the steel strike. His partner, Robert Bacon, was asked whether the United States Steel corporation would define its present position in the strike, in either explanation or denial of the statements made by the labor leaders on Saturday. He answered that he thought they could not.

THE RECORDS SUFFICIENT.

New York, Aug. 5.—Capt. James Parker, counsel for Admiral Schley, left his home in Perth Amboy, N. J., last night for Washington. He refused to discuss any phase of Admiral Schley's defense, except to say that the records are all that are necessary to vindicate the accused officer of every charge brought against him.

NEW COMPANY IS FORMED.

The Slack Gate and Cistern company, of Fort Wayne, is the name of a new business institution which has just filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capital stock is $20,000 and the incorporators are William J. Slack, Alexander Johnson and Rollin Ellison. The company will manufacture a farm gate of Mr. Slack's invention.

BROKE HER COLLAR BONE.

The four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Buesching, residing on Liberty street, fractured her right collar bone in a fall Sunday evening. Dr. Duemling attended the little sufferer.

TALKING OF A DOUBLE TRACK

IT MAY BE THE NEXT MOVE OF THE INTERURBAN.

Builders Say Future Lines Will Depend Altogether Upon the Sentiment of Fort Wayne People.

W. S. Reed, of Townsend, Reed & Co., came from the east Saturday to meet President McKinley, of the new company which owns the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction line, who was expected to arrive from his home at Champaign, Ill.

Asked as to the future outlook for interurbans here Mr. Reed said: "That will depend entirely upon the people of Fort Wayne. The new owners of the road are the best people in the business; they are immensely wealthy, and want to build more lines if they are treated liberally. It is certain, however, that nothing will be done here unless satisfactory arrangements can be made for entering the city. You may be sure they will not for a moment consider a right-of-way which compels them to bring their cars in through a back alley. The business is of too great a magnitude to warrant any such thing. Other cities readily grant these lines a desirable entrance, and Fort Wayne must also do it if the city is to have interurban roads."

It will be recalled that the Southwestern is dissatisfied with its Fulton street route into Fort Wayne, and that there is already on file a petition asking for a more direct route to the central portion of the city. "If we can get this," said Mr. Reed today, "we will at once begin preparations to double-track the line to Huntington, for I am confident there will be too much business for a single track line to handle expeditiously."

The steel for the completion of the track-laying will be shipped from the mills August 10, and it is believed there will be no further delay in completing the line.

CHANGES AT THE WAYNE CLUB.

Recent publications concerning changes of ownership and management of the Wayne club are in part erroneous. William Meyer, jr., continues to hold a controlling interest in the club and remains its president. Messrs. Claude Baker and George Miller, who have been in charge of the cafe, become more actively identified with the general management of the club. They will make some improvements at once. The old library room will be transformed into a club members' dining-room and the kitchen will be moved to the same floor. The present club dining-room on the first floor will be used as a public dining room only. Other improvements will be made. Messrs Miller and Baker are well known and popular gentlemen. The former is manager and captain of the Fort Wayne baseball team and Mr. Baker is secretary of the Western Baseball association. Henry B. Monning will remain in the capacity of house manager.

PANHANDLE IMPROVEMENTS.

Henry E. Fischer, formerly county surveyor, now in the engineering department of the southwestern system of the Pennsylvania, was in the city over Sunday and left this morning for Logansport. At present Mr. Fischer is engaged in directing the work of elevating the tracks of the Panhandle at Hartford City and in making the deep cut for lowering the tracks at Upland, Ind. At the former place the tracks will be raised twenty-two feet above the tracks of the Lake Erie and Western road and at Upland the grade will be reduced eighteen feet through the town and all crossings will be overhead. These two grades are the heaviest ones on the line of that railway, and when they are eliminated the engines will be able to pull much larger trains than they now haul. Mr. Fischer returns here nearly every Saturday to remain over Sunday and Fort Wayne is still his home.

FOUND BY VICTIM

BODY OF RAVISHER MILLER IS DISCOVERED.

SHOT AS HE WAS FLEEING

ESCAPED FROM ROOM WHERE SHERIFF PLACED HIM.

BODY FOUND IN AN ORCHARD

ON FARM BY ETHEL KNAPP, AGED ELEVEN.

New York, Aug. 5.—A special to the Evening World from Warwick, N. Y., says that William Miller, a resident of that place, who had been indicted for assault on an eleven-year-old girl, was shot and mortally wounded yesterday while escaping from a house in which he had been placed by the sheriff. Miller continued to run after he was shot, and his body was not found until today. Miller's remains were discovered by Ethel Knapp, the child whom, it is alleged, Miller assaulted, in an orchard on her father's farm.

WOULD HELP STEEL STRIKERS.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, who is in charge of the headquarters here in the absence of President Gompers in Philadelphia, said today that it was impossible to forecast what the organizations affiliated with the federation may do to assist the strike of the Amalgamated association men. "If the antagonism of the trust reaches such proportions that the American Federation of Labor is forced to come in to protect the recognized rights of labor," continued Mr. Morrison, "President Gompers undoubtedly will call the executive council of the federation together to take all measures necessary. The affiliated organizations of the Amalgamated association have the right to call on the federation for moral and financial assistance."

WOMAN EATS POISONED FRUIT.

Battle Creek, Mich., Aug. 3.—Mrs. Clara Waudell, an attractive widow, is at the point of death from eating peaches poisoned with strychnine. Yesterday morning she found a bag of fruit on her doorstep and a note reading: "Expressly for Clara."

She ate them and grew critically ill, being removed in a police ambulance to Nichols' hospital. Doctors found several grains of strychnine in each peach, placed in artificial holes which were so constructed as to look natural. The woman had a falling out with a lover, Edward De Forest, and circumstantial evidence caused his detention by the police. He denies knowing anything about the poisoning.

CRAZED BY DRINKING.

Philadelphia, Aug. 5.—Captain Hill, of the steamship Belgenland, which arrived at this port today from Liverpool, reports that Fireman Patrick Grimes committed suicide when the big vessel was three days' out from Liverpool by jumping overboard. Fifth Engineer John Price sprang into the water after Grimes while the vessel was going at full speed, but although he made a heroic effort, he was unable to save him. Grimes had been drinking heavily.

ABANDONED FLYING TRIAL.

Paris, Aug. 5.—Another attempt was to have been made today by the Brazilian aeronaut, Santos Dumont, to win the prize of 100,000 francs offered by M. Deutsch for the aeronaut who should sail his flying machine from the Aero club grounds at Suresnes, around the Eiffel tower and back within a half-hour, but the journey was prevented by a strong wind.

CLARK DENIES STRIKERS.

Phoenix, Ari., Aug. 5.—A dispatch from Jerome says Senator W. A. Clark has sent an ultimatum to the striking miners at the United Verde copper mine, flatly refusing to grant their request for an eight-hour day. Nearly 1,600 men are out. The miners declare that there will be no violence. Only about ten men are at work.

WERE AT MONROEVILLE.

(Monroeville Breeze.)

Representatives of the Lima, Delphos, Van Wert and Fort Wayne Electric Railway company were in town last week looking over the proposed line that no doubt will be built in the near future. The line will parallel the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne line from Lima to this place, where it is proposed if a franchise can be procured from our citizens to enter the town at a point near Robinson's creamery on South street and pass down that thoroughfare through town, then through the Whittern and Valentine land to the township line, at which point it is proposed to draw a line in a northwesterly direction to Zulu and from there direct along the Ridge road to New Haven and the Summit City.

CAPTURE IMPORTANT PAPERS.

Bluemfontein, Orange River Colony, Sunday, Aug. 4.—Commandant Froneman, son of Commandant Froneman who, it is alleged, shot a peace envoy named Morgendal, has been killed near Winburg, after an exciting chase. Most important papers were found in his pockets. The British have captured a Boer convoy of seventy wagons near Boshoff, Orange River colony.

A NEW CASE FROM WOODBURN

DAVID LOCHNER SAYS HE WAS CHEATED OF OFFICE.

Wants County Treasurer Enjoined From Paying Funds to the Town Treasurer.

Woodburn is to the front again, this time with a suit in the circuit court to enjoin County Treasurer Rohan from paying over to the treasurer of Woodburn a sum of money in his hands due the corporation. David Lochner is the plaintiff and he alleges in his application that he was a candidate for town treasurer at an election held at Woodburn on the 6th of May last; that at that election he received 48 votes and that his opponent, John W. Saylor, received but 43 votes; that Saylor and the election inspectors conspired to beat him out of his office and declared Saylor elected, and that he is now pretending to serve as treasurer of the said corporation of Woodburn; that at a sale of lots for delinquent taxes held in February, 1900, $1,064.75 was realized, which sum is now in the hands of County Treasurer Rohan, and that the alleged pretended treasurer, Saylor, is about to make an attempt to have the said money paid over to him; that if the money is so paid over it will be to the loss of the citizens of Woodburn, wherefore he prays for an order enjoining the county treasurer from paying over said money until a contest now in the courts of Allen county shall have been decided.

TURBINE ENGINE AT FAULT.

London, Aug. 5.—Late dispatches received from Portsmouth regarding the wreck of the torpedo boat destroyer Viper off Alderney Island say that it is believed that the well known difficulty in reversing turbine engines contributed to the accident. A French fishing smack, acting as a pilot, helped the crew to reach the shore. The Viper was running at twenty knots when the fog set in. She was then eased down to five knots and was running at that speed when she stuck. When her cables parted her stern smashed on the rocks. She subsequently parted amidships and is now in three pieces, the stern end being on the rocks. If there had been much sea running when the accident occurred it is probable that everybody on board of her would have perished. As it was the crew must have perished but for the assistance rendered.

THE GOULDS' NEW DAUGHTER.

New York, Aug. 5.—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould yesterday on board the Gould yacht Sybarite off Seabright, N. J.

AN INGENIOUS INVENTION.

W. D. Kyle is the inventor of an attachment for pianos for the convenience of children who are unable to reach the pedals of an ordinary piano, and he has applied for a patent through the Burns agency. The attachment consists of a square box with pedal-like levers, which can be adjusted for the convenience of a child of any height. Mr. Kyle has submitted his invention to a number of music teachers of the city, from whom it has received great commendation. As soon as the patent is granted, Mr. Kyle expects to enter into the manufacture of the attachment on a large scale.

GARMENT WORKERS WIN.

New York, Aug. 5.—Striking garment workers of Newark, N. J., have won a victory after a short conflict with their employers. Today all but few of the 1,500 workmen who struck last Tuesday will return to their benches, all demands having been complied with by the employers. Of the fifty manufacturers and contractors who were involved all but seven signed the agreement asked for by the workmen. The men did not strike for increases in wages. It was a union labor fight solely.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

Annie Edwards, of Chicago street, Wednesday filed an affidavit in Tancey's court charging Irene Laisure with provoke. About a dozen ladies of Chicago street were present, but none of them corroborated Mrs. Edwards' testimony, and the Laisure woman was acquitted. Justice Tancey says that in all his experience as a justice he never before heard the English language quoted with such perfect abandon as it was that morning. Some of the testimony, he said, broke all records.

William Vodde, living seven miles east of the city, came to town Tuesday afternoon and filed an affidavit against his father, Christian Vodde, charging him with assault and battery, and also commenced surety of the peace proceedings. Vodde, sr., made some uncomplimentary remarks against his wife and daughter, which young William would not stand for. He protested against the villification of his mother and sister, whereupon the father undertook to give him some practical lessons in the ethics of filial respect, by going after the son with a hoe. The evidence was heard Wednesday by Justice France and a decision was reserved for thirty days and in the meantime hoped that a reconciliation would be effected between the father, mother and son, and allowed the old gentleman to go without bond. On the surety of peace proceedings he entered a dismissal and held the son for the costs.

An affidavit was filed in France's court Wednesday charging Charles Hunt, the Calhoun street saloonkeeper, with circulating lewd and lasivious literature as an advertisement. Mr. Hunt paid over a hundred dollars agout a year ago for the same kind of a performance.

and costs in Bullerman's court this afternoon for provoking Mrs. Amanda and costs in Bullerman's court last Wednesday for provoking Mrs. Amanda McSwayney. He then turned about and filed a retaliatory affidavit against Mrs. McSwayney, which case will be tried this evening. The parties live in Bloomingdale and are joint tenants of the same house. The trouble arose over some action of Mrs. McSwayney's little son.

The racket among the Nahrwold and Gerdom families over the ownership of some pigeons has found its way into the justice shops. An affidavit has been filed in Bullerman's office charging Charles Nahrwold with assault and battery on Mary Gerdom.

Justice Tancey and wife left on Sunday for a week's visit to the Buffalo exposition. From Buffalo Mrs. Tancey will go to the place of her birth in St. Lawrence county, New York, to visit relatives whom she has never seen. Mrs. Tancey has lived in Allen county since 1843, nearly sixty years, and has never in all that time returned to the place of her nativity.

Henry Schroeder has filed an affidavit in Bullermann's court charging Frederick Buhr, the East Wayne street grocer, with selling liquor without a license. Schroeder swears that he bought a drink of liquor from Buhr on the 29th day of July and paid for it in the coin of the realm. Buhr does not deny that he has sold liquor frequently and that he has no license, but in spite of these admissions he filed an affidavit for a change of venue. Justice Bullermann sent the case to Justice Rayhouser, of Washington township, before whom it will be tried tomorrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock—maybe. The trial of the case is up to the prosecutor. Meanwhile, one William Henze is running a saloon at No. 20 Clinton street, where he has been doing business since the 6th of last November without a license, and where he continues to do business without a license.

Justice Bullermann says he was much surprised to learn from a morning paper that he was holding an assault and battery case against Charles Nahrwald under advisement. He says his recollection is that he acquitted the young man within one minute after the testimony was all in.

William Kiser last evening filed affidavits in Bullermann's court charging Henry and Charles Freistoffer with obstructing the sidewalk and alley adjacent to Fred Kiser's tailor shop, on Harrison street, near Main. The hearing of evidence continued far into the night and at the conclusion of the trial a verdict for the defendants was given.

Some days ago Emil Ramm, a south side saloonkeeper, accused George Burkett with having shot his dog. He filed an affidavit to that effect, but no arrest was made until this morning. The hearing of the case will be in Huser's court.

Charles Fuller, one of the young fellows implicated in the trouble at Huntertown two weeks ago, when a house of bad repute was put out of business, completed his sentence this morning. He was immediately rearrested and taken before Justice Bullermann on a charge of associating with prostitutes. He was fined $18.50 and sent back to jail to serve out his time.

Mrs. Frank D. Pearse and daughter Miss Hazel left this morning for Columbus, O., here they will be the guests of friends for a month.

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WINGS FOR HUMAN BEINGS.

A WASHINGTON INVENTOR CLAIMS TO HAVE SOLVED THE PROBLEM OF AERIAL NAVIGATION.

As the news comes from France of the invention of a "practicable" airship, another phase of possible aerial navigation presents itself in this city in the device of an unknown man who has made the subject an engrossing study for over forty years and who claims to have at last met with success.

Julius Englehardt, a native of Baden, has lived in this city for over twenty years, says the Washington Times, without exciting any extraordinary degree of public attention; in fact, during that period he has lived alone and practically unknown, since, so far as can be ascertained, he has absolutely no intimates. A bachelor, possessing a sufficient amount of money to enable him to exist without earning his bread by the sweat of his brow, Mr. Englehardt has patiently toiled all these years to bring his scheme to fruition, and this result, he believes, he has accomplished.

The trial of his machine has not yet been made, and its inventor is very reticent as to when, where and in what manner he intends making the final test of its capability. From his expressed confidence in his invention, however, his friends are inclined to believe that he has already made private tests and that these have been eminently satisfactory.

The machine itself is a complete novelty among all the attempts hitherto made, or even, perhaps, conceived in matters of aerial navigation. Imagine a huge pair of wings, shaped much like those of a bat, or rather like the pictorial representations of the wings of Satanus, but measuring at least twenty feet from the points of contact at the shoulders to the extremities. These wings are constructed of a material hitherto unknown, which is the discovery of the inventor, and which is extremely light, the braces or ribs being of the same material, hardened and hollow, and capable, at the discretion of the operator or wearer of the wings, of what very closely resembles muscular action. By a very simple system of levers these ribs can be worked by a motion of the arms, which involves little or no fatigue.

The material of the wings is made in two layers, the space between them being filled with a modified form of oxygen much lighter than air. This gives the wings an appearance of thickness when ready for use singularly contrasting with the apparent frailty of the ribs, which are hidden from sight by the pillowy surfaces.

The modus operandi of the remarkable device is about as follows: The wings, when inflated, are made to exactly counterbalance the weight of the wearer—that is, they overcome the force of gravity on the part of the individual, who is thus suspended, like Mohammed's coffin, between earth and heaven. To rise, he manipulates the levers controlling the ribs so as to beat the air with the upper portion of the wings and immediately he soars aloft at greater or less velocity, according to the quickness of his motion. Another movement of the ribs sidewise causes the wear to advance in a forward direction.

Although a steering device is connected with the apparatus, the manipulation of the wings allows for the greatest skill and nicety. The ribs and surfaces are not joined together, but are made into one piece, and as the material is highly elastic and very strong, there is little or no danger of a tear and a possible accident. As soon as the wearer wishes to descend to terra firma, he allows the oxygen to escape from one or more of the compartments into which the surface of the wings is divided by the ribs, and this, of course, does not hinder the proper manipulation of the latter, thus allowing him to alight, providing he has the requisite skill, at the very point desired.

When the oxygen is entirely discharged the wings can be made to collapse and occupy a remarkably small space.

Of course, as the inventor says, when the use of these wings becomes universal, every place will be supplied with reservoirs of the condensed modified oxygen. The picture of the population, when the state of affairs alluded to by Mr. Englehardt comes about, could not but appeal to one's risibility. Fancy looking for a person one is expecting up in the air.

The use of the telescope will then, too, doubtless, be universal. Flocks will take the place of crowds. The familiar words "walk" and "stroll" will be replaced by "fly" and "flit." There will be no more meeting "on the level." Front doors will be built at the tops of houses and much enlarged, and the orders of floors will be reversed, the sleeping rooms on the ground stories, because of the greater privacy.

The streets and sidewalks will be deserted and chimneys will be menaces. At night lights will be required to be placed on the roofs of buildings, while street lamps will be of little or no further use, except on business thoroughfares. A person will have his choice of entering by the door or by the window, providing he first collapse his wings. It will be necessary to adopt greater precautions against burglars. Strict rules will have to be made with a view toward guarding against the danger of collision.

People will rest on roof tops, parapets and the summits of tall buildings, so that one may make an appointment to meet a friend on the top of the monument or the dome of the capitol. As pocket telescopes will probably be in vogue, persons will be enabled to recognize each other at considerable distances. The wings will doubtless be of many colors, and may, perhaps, be adapted so as to meet the exigencies of fashion.

ROSES NOT MODERN.

Roses are none the less beautiful because they are modern flowers; "modern," that is, as the history of flowers goes. If we include among the family, after the manner of eminent botanists, the plums, we find a record of one of that clan in the middle cretaceous Amboy clays of New Jersey. And a hawthorn, which is certainly a rose, has written its signature in the upper cretaceous rocks of Greenland. Roses, therefore, can only boast of a pedigree which dates back some four or five millions of years. That time is short, considering the aeons during which plants have flourished on the earth; but the stock sprung from the primeval ancestor has succeeded mightily in the temperate regions of the world, for there are at least some sixty-five genera and the species known run into the hundreds. Nevertheless, we cannot say that the roses have ever aimed at being a blue-blooded race. Content with the "via media" of life, they have kept to the less aesthetic colors, yellow, white, pink, red and purple. Indeed, of that last color I know but one ambitious plant among them. It is the purple-flowering raspberry growing in the dingle yonder under the cliff. So you will never get a blue rose, for man, with all his craft, can only lend flowers up and down the gamut of color that nature has impressed upon them. There was recently some talk of a blue rose being produced, but the talk has subsided and no more has been heard of the wonder. The "red, red rose" may be modified to the richest purplish crimson, nay, even to the depth of the darkest shadows on a royal crimson rose, but a permanently blue rose is as mythical as Duma's "black tulip."

BEATS US AT BUTTER MAKING.

The butter of Denmark is considered superior to that of all other countries. It brings the highest price in fancy markets, and can be found all over the world in shops where luxuries are sold. In South America, South Africa, in the East and West Indies, in India, Egypt and in tropical countries generally it is used by epicures, who pay $1 a pound for it in tins of one, two and three pounds' weight. No other country has been able to produce butter that will stand changes of climate so well. In Holland and Sweden attempts are made to compete with the Danish dairymen, but the butter from those countries is worth only half as much and does not keep half as well, while the efforts of dairymen in the United States have practically failed, with a few isolated exceptions. —Chicago Record-Herald.

MUSN'T WEAR A HIGH HAT.

One of the indications of the probable disruption of the Austrian empire at no distant date, on the death of the present sovereign, for instance, is the antipathy of the Czechs to the high hat. To make your appearance in certain parts of Bohemia in such headgear is distinctly dangerous. You would not only have it knocked off and trampled out of shape, but also stand a good chance of being knocked out of shape yourself. This hatred of the tall hat is due to the fact that it is more commonly worn in Vienna and other German portions of the empire than outside Germanic Austria. The Czechs and the other races that make up the dominion of the Emperor Francis Joseph object to the predomination of the German and show their hatred by assailing the tall hat, of course, in other ways.—Pearson's Weekly.

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SIGNALS FOR CLIMBERS.

All the Alpine clubs of Europe have just agreed to a uniform set of danger signals drafted by the French Alpine club for use by mountain-climbers in peril, says a Paris correspondent. Signals of distress are to be given by shouting, whistling, waving handkerchiefs or firing guns during the day, and by lantern or other lights at night. A signal repeated six times indicates extreme peril, and its return three times by the receiver signifies that its meaning has been understood.

WHERE QUININE GROWS

There is no drug in such universal use as quinine and none is more highly esteemed by the majority of physicians. It is one of the few specifics in the pharmacopae, as it is claimed to be a sovereign cure for malarial fevers. Not the only cure perhaps, but one upon which dependence can be placed. It is in use in every part of the civilized world and before civilization invaded some portions of the world the savages knew its virtues and profited by them.

The discovery of the drug by the Spaniards in South America is an old story, but it is not generally known that the world's present supply of quinine comes from the island of Java, where the cinchona tree is not indigenous, but was introduced only after many failures and with infinite toil and patience on the part of the Dutch government.

Fifty years ago a Dutchman named Hasskarl was sent to South America to obtain slips and seeds of the quinine tree. After many adventures and two years of wandering near the headwaters of the Amazon Hasasgarl returned to Java with sixteen saplings. They were planted and flourished remarkably well, but when the bark was first taken five years later great was the disappointment to find that Hasskarl had been duped and that the saplings were not cinchonas at all.

Another attempt was made a few years later, when an English merchant, a Mr. Ledger, sold to the Dutch planters some chinchona seed he had obtained in olivia. Twenty thousand trees grew from Ledger's seed and many of them are still standing.

The quinine forests are planted in clearings in the jungle and are kept as free from weeds as a flower garden in the country. When a tree is six years old it is cut down and a new slip planted alongside of its roots, so that the quinine supply is never diminished. The bark is stripped from the trunk by Javanese women. They cut it into short lengths and dry it, first in the sun and later in ovens. The dried bark is then put through a crude mill, which cuts it into small bits. These are shipped in bags to Amsterdam or Bandoeng, the center of the quinine industry of Java.

At the factory the bark is mixed with an alkaloid and ground again. It is then pumped into immense tanks filled with hot crude petroleum, which dissolves the alkaloid from the bark. The oil in turn is washed out with sulphuric acid to remove the alkaloid, and the crude quinine crystallized when it is cooled. The crystals are then placed in trays to dry. In 100-pound cans the finished quinine is now ready for the market.

Quinine of an inferior quality comes from Ceylon, and the British government supplies its army and navy hospitals from plantations of its own in the Himalaya mountains.

TURNED TO ACCOUNT.

Bernard Lauth went to work in a Pittsburg rolling mill when he was eleven years old and at thirty, by industry and frugality, he had become manager and part owner of a small iron plant. One day, in examining some iron which, it was thought, a careless workman had spoiled in rolling, he found, to his surprise, that the supposed worthless iron was superior in many respects to that produced by the best equipped mills. Lauth said nothing, but at once began to search for the cause of the singular change. The result of his own experiments and his workman's carelessness was what is known among iron men as the cold rolled process. In consequence of his discovery his small plant in a few years had grown into a mammoth establishment and he and his partners were millionaires.—Success.

BIG INDUSTRY, FEW EMPLOYES.

At the present time Europe probably turns out about 500,000,000 matches a day and the United States twice that quantity. Fifty million feet of lumber are consumed annually in this country alone by the match-makers, and yet not over 15,000 people are employed in the industry. —New York Tribune.

NOVEL USES OF X-RAY

Spiritualistic Seances Are Held by Means of Roentgen's Discovery.

X-rays are now being utilized not only by surgeons and physicians, but by conjurors. So remarkable are some of the tricks performed with the aid of this scientific marvel that the manifestations of spiritualistic mediums are aproached, if not excelled, in weirdness.

A French manufacturer of physical apparatus, who has been devoting himself for some time past to experiments with the Roentgen rays in his laboratory, which is encumbered with electric lamps, lamp globes, and glass apparatus of all kinds, recently perceived that these glass objects, under the action of the X-rays, shone in the darkness. Here was one of those interesting, perhaps useful, discoveries due to accident, useful in this instance because the radiographs obtained up to the present, by means of artificial screens, have been really good only when the sensitive bodies have been in small crystals. In a pulverulent state they are nearly insensible to the X-rays, and it is almost impossible to obtain the grain of the screen upon the photographic plate. It is easy, on the contrary, to work the glass in such a way as to prevent any irregularity in the radiograph. Such experiments, it is said, will unquestionably be made in the near future, but at present it is the fantastic uses to which the discovery may be put which are of popular interest.

Porcelain, enamels, and diamonds, as well as objects covered with platinocyanides (used by Roentgen) and with calcium tungstate, zinc sulphate, etc., have, like glass, the property of becoming luminous in the darkness under the action of the X-rays. There is, therefore, only the trouble of selection in order to get up a "spirit dance" with every certainty of success, while genuine spiritual seances fail in most cases, as is well known, because the "spirits" are unruly and disposed to be coyish.

The following "manifestation" will prove, it is assured, sufficiently startling to jar the nerves of one not familiar with the terrestrial modus operandi. The Ruhmkorff coil is part of the apparatus used, but to prevent the spluttering vibrations of this mechanism from destroying the effect, it is placed in a distant room. The current that produces the X-rays is led into the Crookes tube by wires. This apparatus, which is not very bulky, may be placed behind a door or be concealed under black cloth. The objects designed to become luminous are placed as near to the tube as possible. In the experiment under consideration a diner (who may be supposed to be nearsighted, since he wears glasses) is about to do justice to a tempting meal. Armed with a knife and fork, he proceeds to attack his beefsteak. He is not particular in regard to the liquid portion of his meal, washing the entables down with cold water, while a single candle affords all the light on the occasion. A black curtain on the other side of the table conceals from the spectators a skeleton covered with zinc sulphide.

The light is now put out and the Ruhmkorff coil put in action. Then comes the surprise. A plate, a glass, a water bottle, and a candle shine in space with a weird, uncanny radiance.

A sinister guest in the form of a skeleton sits opposite the place occupied by the nearsighted gentleman, who has disappeared, and whose eyeglasses alone have held their own before this ghastly apparition. Finally, to complete the illusion, hands are seen moving over the heads of the spectators, and these multiply, and then disdappear, only to appear anew.

It may be remarked that, in order to make the experiment more conclusive, it is allowable for the more incredulous persons among the spectators to tie the gentleman tightly to his chair, and if they desire, to hold his hands and feet during the entire time of the experiment. It is, perhaps, scarcely necessary to explain how the latter is performed. The X-rays pass through the black cloth on the door that conceals the Crookes tube and also through the body of the gentleman, and render luminous the glass objects covered with zinc sulphide. As for the mysterious hands, those are simply gloves, covered with the same substance, and fixed to the extremity of long sticks that are moved in all directions by confederates.

Scenes such as this may be varied to infinity, and the inventive spirit is so fertile that new variations are said to be made continually with even more wonderful and startling results.

NEW ZEALAND LANDSCAPES.

Almost every New Zealander lives within sight of the mountains or the ocean, or both. Its landscapes show long ranges and solitary giants tipped with Alpine glow; there are waterfalls everywhere, some of them among the finest in the world; luxuriant countryside, golden farms, lakes geysers, volcanoes, forests with miles of pink, white and red flowering trees in spring, and there are fiords of the sea threading their way around the feet of the mountains crowned with glaciers and perpetual snow. The scenery is a synopsis of the best in Norway, Switzerland, Italy and England.

An American traveler in Europe remarks the Italian laugh as languid but musical, the German as deliberate, the French as spasmodic and uncertain, the upper class English as guarded and not always genuine, the lower class English as explosive, the Scotch of all classes as hearty, and the Irish as rollicking.

WOMEN ARE CONSTANT

(Ainslee's Magazine.)

Once in a while some Rip Van Winkle wakens from his nap and gives utterance to the venerable aphorism that women do not stand by each other. There are actually a few specimens who believe this, but they are antediluvians.

There is nothing more certain, and few things more obvious, than that women stand by each other as loyally as ever men have; but standing with women means more. It means standing by her babies and providing a day nursery or creche for them while she stands by somebody's washtub. It means giving to their baby fingers the beautiful employments of the kindergarten. It means teaching her sons and daughters to do things, as well as to know them, and it means establishing truancy schools, better called parental schools, when her authority has been worn threadbare. It means giving them a decent city to grow up in, and furnishing public libraries and public baths and gymnasiums and "placening out"—as one poor woman expressed it, the faulty homes that leave so much to be desired. It means girls' clubs and boys' clubs; it means women's and children's hospitals and homes for incurables and for the old and helpless.

To stand by, to a woman, means to supplant the blue cow of eastern legend, or the tortoise or Atlas and bear the world, not only on one's head and shoulders, but on one's heart, as well. Nevertheless, all over this world women are doing it, quietly and gladly, without sounding of loud timbrels or blowing of trumpets.

NEGROES BELIEVE IN LUCK.

Many of the negro superstitions in Kentucky are quite interesting. An old philosopher told me with great gravity: "If you want peppers to grow, you must git mad. My old 'oman an' me had a spat, and I went right out and planted my peppahs, an' they come right up." Still another saying is that peppers, to prosper, must be planted by a red-headed or a high-tempered person. The negro also says that one never sees a jaybird on Friday, for the bird visits his satanic majesty to "pack kindling" on that day. The three signs in which the negroes place implicit trust are the well-known ones of the groundhog's appearing above ground on the 2d of February, that a hoe must not be carried through a house, or a death will follow, and that potatoes must be planted in the dark of the moon, as well as all vegetables that ripen in the ground, and that corn must be planted in the light of the moon.

Feed gunpowder to dogs and it will make them fierce.

A negro will not burn the wood of a tree that has been struck by lightning, for fear that his house will burn or be struck by lightning.

If a bird flies into a house it brings bad luck. If a crawfish or a turtle catches your toes it will hold on till it thunders.

When a child I was told by a black nurse that if a bat alights on one's head it would stay till it thundered. This was so terrifying that even now I have an unnecessary fear of being clutched at by a bat.

To make soap, stir it with a sassafras stick in the dark of the moon.—American Folk-Lore.

CHINESE TAKE TO CIARETTES.

In the foreign office report on the trade of Chefoo (northern China) for the year 1900, which has just been issued, a rather novel item appears in the shape of the import of aerated waters to the value of £2,000 and cigars and cigarettes to the value of £10,000. Large quantities of these luxuries found their way to the north for the use of the foreign troops. The ordinary native looks with a certain amount of awe on a bottle of explosive water and does not indulge. Cigarettes, however, are now to be found on every hawker's stall. They are largely made in Shanghai from American tobacco. The pictures of female beauty inclosed in each packet enjoy much favor and they have been seen adorning the stand of a vendor of religious articles at the door of a native place of worship.—London Daily Mail.

THE OLD CUP DEFENDERS.

LITTLE NOW HEARD OF FORMER RACING QUEENS OF THE SEA—THE AMERICA NOW FIFTY YEARS OLD.

Just now, when the Constitution, the latest production in the way of a cup defender, holds first place in the affections of the nautically minded, the question arises, What has become of former queens of the sea? Like ex-presidents, once they have served their term, they quickly drop into obscurity, and while their most trivial action in their hey-day of usefulness was faithfully recorded in the newspapers, months, even years, now pass without mention of their names, says a writer in the Hartford Times.

America, the famous schooner that, fifty years ago, went to England and in a race around the Isle of Wight against fifteen of the British cracks bore away the queen's cup for good and aye, as it seems, is still a fine and seaworthy craft. She is the property of Paul Butler, a nephew of Gen. Ben Butler, and is now fitting out at East Boston. She will celebrate her fiftieth anniversary by being present next September when the Constitution and the Shamrock II., off Sandy Hook, renew the struggle for the marine supremacy which she instituted.

But America since winning the queen's cup, which was afterward renamed in her honor, has not lived in idleness on her reputation. Some time after winning the trophy she was rechristened the Camilla, and won several races under her new name. In 1861 she turned up as the Memphis at Savannah in the service of the confederates, and to escape capture by the United States frigate Wabash she was scuttled and sunk in St. John's river in Florida. After the war she was raised by the government, and used as a practice boat by the naval cadets at Annapolis. In 1870, when James Ashbury challenged for the cup, the government fitted her out at the Brooklyn navy yard at an expense of $25,000, and although twenty years old she beat the challenger, the Cambria. Franklyn Osgood's Magic, however, was first home out of a fleet of twenty-four vessels. America was fourth. Ben Butler bought her from the government for $5,000, and took her to Boston.

The Hub has become quite a snug harbor for these ancient dames of high degree, and one may find there not only the America, but the Mischief of 1881, the Puritan of 1885, the Mayflower of 1886, and the Volunteer of 1887. The Mayflower was chartered last week by a western yachtsman, and she, too, will be seen at the cup races.

The Magic, which beat the Cambria by forty minutes in 1870, went ashore at Wilmington, Del., a dozen years later, and in time wind and wave wrought out their work upon her, and not a trace remains.

Columbia was the next cup defender, and in 1871 she defeated Livonia, Mr. Ashbury's second venture for the cup. Columbia is now owned by J. De F. Junkin, of Philadelphia, and takes a prominent part in all club functions.

The schooner Madeline, which defended the cup in 1876 against the Canadian boat Countess of Dufferin, is still a trim craft, now owned by a Mr. Lord, who purchased her from her original owner, John S. Dickerson, more than a dozen years ago. Mr. Dickerson, who is said to be the oldest yachtsman in the United States, took many cruises in her before he sold her, and the logs of these expeditions are full of interest to the ardent seafarer.

The Mischief, which beat the second Canadian challenger, Atalanta, in 1881, lay dismantled for a number of years in a Boston shipyard, but last season she was once more in commission, still a boat with a claim to admiration.

The Puritan, which was built by Ed Burgess for a Boston syndicate, a year after her success over Genesta, in 1885, was converted into a schooner and is now owned by John O. Shaw, jr.

Mayflower, which beat Galatea, the next comer, in 1886, also became a schooner and was sold by General Paine to E. D. Morgan, who is managing the Columbia in her races with the Constitution. Mr. Morgan, who paid $20,000 for her, sold her after a year or so, and her new purchaser brought her back to her old home, Boston.

The Volunteer, also a Burgess boat, is now schooner rigged and black hulled, and is one of the finest cruising yachts in Boston waters.

Vigilant, which in 1893, defeated Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie II., subsequently passed into the hands of Percy Chubb, former commodore of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht club, and he has seen to it that her nautical education has been kept up. This season he had her rig changed to that of a yawl, and she has sailed five races thus far in her new form against Henry S. Redmond's imported yawl Ailsa. All of these races she has won, except the first, when she sailed without her centerboard in the annual regatta of the New York Yacht club. A stiff breeze blew throughout the day, and the handicap of not having her board was too much. Since that day she has beaten Ailsa all the way from three to four minutes, which shows she still has no liking for British championship.

Defender, that in 1895 defeated Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie III., on his second quest for the cup, died this season, a martyr to science. She was built of steel, aluminum and bronze, and the intimate association of these three metals, together with the action of the sea water, caused a general corrosion. She was built for the sole purpose of defeating Lord Dunraven, and having done that, rendered service in tuning up Columbia. But the fatal malady was well developed even then, and Capt. William Butler Duncan has said he wondered if she would hold together as he walked up and down on her, picking up the bronze rivets as they popped out of the aluminum deck. She was sold to a junk dealer, and as Columbia and Vigilant went up the Sound a few weeks ago to race for the Glen Cove cups they saw her for the last time as they passed City island. There was the old champion stark upon the shore. Only a garboard strake and the keel remained, and the blows of the wreckers' hammers resounded on these as the fleet glided by. Her spirit still goes marching on, however, and her steel mast has been stepped in Royal Phelps Carroll's yawl avahoe.

As to her successor, Columbia—"throw physic to the dogs, she'll none of it." Better than ever before, the baffler of Shamrock I.'s aspirations has caused the New York Yacht club syndicate some bad quarter hours recently, when she should have taken a back seat and didn't. But there is no dodging fate, and afterward Constitution trounced her soundly for her giddiness. She showed on Thursday that she can outdo Constitution for first honors in a blow, and Capt. William Butler Duncan says he will be perfectly satisfied with a three-minute victory over the peerless one of 1899.

So here, then, is the royal line of cup defenders. Like the nation they have so ably represented, they were always equal to the work in hand.

BIGGEST GAME PRESERVE.

The largest game preserve in the world is the continent of Africa, or at least the greater portion of it—extending from the twentieth degree of north latitude down to the northern borders of Cape Colony and Natal. This great scheme was made possible by a treaty co-operation of England, Germany, France, Belgium, Portugal, Italy and Spain, by which it is provided that the hunting and destruction of vultures, secretary birds, owls, giraffes, gorillas, chimpanzees, mountain zebras, white tailed gnus, elands and the little Liberian hippopotami are absolutely prohibited.

Similar protection is given the young of certain animals, including the elephant, rhinoceros, hippopotamus, antelope, gazelle, ibex and chevrotain, and to the adults of these species when accompanied by their young. Particular stress is laid on the protection of young elephants, and elephant tusks weighing less than twenty pounds will be confiscated. The eggs of the ostrich and many other birds are protected, but those of the crocodile, python and poisonous snakes are to be destroyed. Even lions, leopards, hyenas, harmful monkeys and large birds of prey may not be slaughtered at the hunter's will. Hunters are required to take out licenses, and the number of animals each may kill is limited. The use of nets and pitfalls is forbidden, nor may explosions be used for killing fish.

The main object of this vast protective enterprise is economic, to encourage the domestication of the elephant, zebra and ostrich and to husband the trade in wild animal products, which was threatened by the rapacity of market hunters and so-called sportsmen.

SHIES AT THE ICE HABIT.

To American visitors, of whom there are thousands in London today, a British holiday is seriously impaired for lack of ice, which is as commonly used as salt on the other side. English householders neglect ice to a stupid degree and attempts to popularize its sale in small quantities for domestic uses have failed in past summers. There is talk of trying again this year among the poor of the east end as well as the rich in the west. The saving in food would more than pay the price. For the cooling of offices electric fans are coming into use in London, only fifteen after America. These devices decidedly make for comfort at work and ought to be made cheaper without delay by an increasing demand.—London Express.

CORN KING IN DIFFICULTIES

George Phillips Brokerage Concern Transfers Its Business to Another Firm---Season of Bad Bookkeeping to Blame.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Board of trade and business circles generally were startled oday by the announcement that the George H. Phillips Co., which became famous through its pool operations in the Chicago corn pit during the past year, had transferred all its open trades to M. C. Reynolds & Co. It was at first rumored that a large defalcation had been discovered in an examination of the books, but this proved untrue, having its only foundation in the fact that one of the head bookkeepers was confined to his home by illness.

Lack of facilities for the proper clerical needs of the concern, which had acquired an enormous commission trade, was, according to a statement given the Associated Press by Attorney John S. Goodwin, who, as a representative of the law firm of Black & Goodwin, has taken charge of the company's affairs, the sole reason for temporarily suspending business. The tangled condition of the books became apparent some time ago, when the board of trade directors ruled that the Phillips company should furnish to each member of the May corn pool a detailed account of the entire transaction. A large force was then put to work on the books and in their efforts to disentangle the multitudinous trades it became apparent that every trade on the company's books since November, 1900, would have to be checked over, entailing an enormous amount of work. As the firm's business kept increasing at a remarkable rate the machinery of the house was found inadequate, and at midnight on July 31st it was decided to simply transfer all trades end for the time being throw the business of the house into other hands until a complete new set of books shall have been compiled. Mr. Phillips, while regretting the necessity of this action, said it was absolutely the only course open to him.

"This does not mean that we are quitting business," he said. "On the contrary, we shall execute all orders, but will have to ask that usual margins accompany all orders until our books are checked over."

Following is a statement given the Associated Press by Attorney Goodwin for Mr. Phillips:

"The company was incorporated in November, 1900, with a capital of $30,000. The business grew so rapidly that in the spring of this year the capital was increased to $250,000 and with that increase came still additional increase in business, so that the office force was simply overwhelmed. We have been doing the largest commission business of any house in the world, but it had recently come to the attention of the firm that the records of the transactions were not being kept in the proper shape for such deals. About a week ago expert accountants were put to work on the books. I have gone over the legal end of the firm's affairs and have found it absolutely correct. The expert accountants found that it would be absolutely necessary to make a new set of books, dating from January 1, 1900, and checking every item of the immense business. The errors were, apparently, made without partiality, credits being debited and vice versa. But, up to 4 p. m., after a week's work and after all errors had been corrected up to that time, the books showed the firm to be absolutely solvent. On my advice they cut off, however, all old business at midnight last night—the last day of the month—and transferred all their open trades to M. C. Reynolds, and every trade of the house is protected and every trade made yesterday was made at a profit to the customers. We are sending out a circular asking all our customers to send us a statement of their claims against the company, so that we may have them audited and use them in preparing a new set of books, with the expectation that, unless something happens which does not seem probable, we shall take care of every claim and proceed with the business as heretofore. The accountant so far has found no evidence whatever of criminal irregularity, but simply mistakes due to the immense business handled with inadequate facilities for caring for the rush."

The announcement of the above turn of affairs caused scarcely a ripple in the board of trade markets. Corn eased about 3c., but soon regained the loss. The wheat market was but slightly affected and oats followed the course of the corn market.

About the only excitement visible was the unusual scurry of settling clerks, hurrying about checking up open trades.

WINCHESTER MAN IS CHOSEN

REPUBLICANS ELECT A NEW STATE CHAIRMAN.

J. P. Goodrich Selected by Acclamation at the Meeting at Indianapolis.

[Special to The Sentinel.]

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 1.—Republican committeemen from over the state met in this city today to select a chairman of the state committee, to succeed Charles A. Hernly, of New Castle, and when it came to a vote this afternoon J. P. Goodrich, of Winchester, was chosen by acclamation.

Warren Bigler, of Wabash, who was mentioned for the place, withdrew from the race. Bigler will continue as secretary of the committee.

FIRE STARTED IN THRESHER

BIG BLAZE IN CEDAR CREEK TOWNSHIP WEDNESDAY.

John Amstutz Loses Two Large Barns, With Hay, Wheat and Six Hogs—Thresher Loses Machine.

John Amstutz, a well known and prosperous farmer of Cedar Creek township, suffered a severe loss Wednesday and in a most peculiar manner. The loss consisted of the destruction of his two large barns, together with all the contents, the entire year's harvest of hay and wheat and such farming utensils as would be found in barns of that kind at this season.

Particulars of the fire are very meager. It appears that a thresher, whose name is not given, had installed his thresher on the premises, the separator being on the floor of one barn and the engine some distance away. The day's work had just commenced at about 10 o'clock and about twenty bushels of wheat had been threshed, when the thresher choked up and was stopped to remove the obstruction. Suddenly smoke was seen issuing from the separator and a moment later flames burst out from the machine. The conflagration was rapid and fierce and made such progress that a hog stable adjacent was also consumed before six or seven hogs could be removed. Another large barn close by was soon enveloped by the flames and with its companion was reduced to ashes in an almost incredibly short period. The engine was not injured and most of the outbuildings were saved.

The Sentinel's informant was unable to say whether there was any insurance, neither could he give any estimate of the probable loss. Inasmuch as Mr. Amstutz is a progressive farmer and owns about 200 acres of land in one tract, the loss must run into thousands, at least, but it is presumed that he carried some insurance. The origin of the fire is a mystery, the most generally accepted theory being that a match or a number of matches must in some way have been fed into the machine and become ignited in passing through the burrs. Another theory is that the stoppage or choking of the machine may have been occasioned by a hot journal and a fire may have been communicated in that manner.

ENDORSE LABOR UNIONS.

Indianapolis, Aug. 1.—The National Socialists' convention today adopted a resolution endorsing labor unions and advising members to join. Another resolution was adopted providing that any socialist who shall join the militia or accept an appointive office at the hands of capitalists shall be expelled. It was decided to appoint a municipal committee, whose duty it shall be to furnish information concerning city affairs to the public.

ENGINEER IS INJURED.

John Hessert, residing at 16 Ross street, an engineer employed at the dredge in operation in the river along Spy Run avenue, was painfully injured last Thursday. In some manner Hessert was struck just above the right knee by the pitman shaft of the engine, cutting a deep gash about two inches in length. Hessert was removed to the Dreier drug store, where Dr. A. K. Hammond dressed his injury, and later an ambulance removed him to his home.

FOLLOWS HUSBAND TO GRAVE.

Coldwater, Mich., Aug. 1.—In the death yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. Alva Jones, old and wealthy residents of Kindersook, occurred a strange fulfillment of the expressed wish of the wife that she should not live after her husband had died. Mr. Jones expired suddenly at the house of a neighbor. The wife was sent for, and as she approached her husband's body she fell dead.

NERVES LIKE A FLAT-IRON.

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says two bottles of Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows today whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

REBELS BADLY DEFEATED

CASTRO REPORTS THE BEATING OF 5,000.

The Colombian Imbroglio May Yet Result in War With Government of Venezuela.

New York, Aug. 1.—Consul General E. Gonzales Esteves, of Venezuela, today received another cable from President Castro, announcing the result of a second battle with the invading force under DeGalvira, news of whose first defeat was received by the consul general last evening. The cable received today was as follows:

"Five thousand men left of the Colombia revolt completely outbattled and defeated in San Crystobal.

"Castro, Presidente."

REVOLUTIONISTS BEATEN.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido, charge d'affaires of the Venezuelan legation, today received a telegram from the Venezuelan consul general in New York, Gen. E. Gonzales Esteves, confirming the report that the 5,000 revolutionists were defeated in San Cristobal on July 29.

MAY LEAD TO WAR.

New York, Aug. 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Willemstad, Curacoa, says that the outbreak in Venezuela on the Colombian border may lead to a declaration of war between Venezuela and Colombia, the revolutionary leaders having organized their bands in Colombia and crossed over to Venezuela.

FIERCE FIGHTING NEAR COLON.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 1.—The British steamer Lucian, Captain Lind, from Liverpool July 11 for this port, by way of Colon, has arrived here and brings confirmation of the reports of severe fighting along the railroad ten miles out of Colon, on Sunday and Monday last. The rebels attacked the government troops with determination and forced the latter back. When the steamer left there was great excitement among the residents of Colon, who were leaving that city in alarm.

The Colombian government has found it impossible to get a crew for the gunboat Namouna, but is placing guns on board of her. Her English and American crew have deserted to a man.

BIG LOTTERY ENDS TODAY

WILL FINISH DRAWING BEFORE DARK.

Will Begin Calling Names August 6 for the Filing of Homestead Entries.

El Reno, O. T., Aug. 1.—Drawing for lands on the Kiowa-Comanche reservations practically ends today. The commissioners propose to draw a total of 6,500 numbers from each wheel before dark. This will be equivalent to 13,000 homesteads. Beginning August 6, 125 names will be called daily in the El Reno and Lawton land districts. This will continue sixty days for the filing of homestead entries. Those who have not registered within that time will have lost their chance. It is estimated that fully 1,000 in each district will not be taken because of homesteaders who will be disqualified or will leave the country. These two thousand claims will then be left for the wagon emigrants and others who have been in the country for months and who have failed to draw a lucky number. Today's crowd about the platform was comparatively small. Among the winners today were F. H. Martin, of Owenville, Ind., and George V. Baker, of Covington, Ind.

FIVE SOLDIERS LEAVE.

Five young men who have enlisted at the Fort Wayne recruiting station during the week left Friday evening for Indianapolis. They are Julius J. Kamphues, Benjamin H. Michaels, Charles F. Rippe, Ola L. Galer and Henry Hitzeman. They enter the cavalry service.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Cleary—a daughter.

SEVEN ARRESTED

MEN HELD ON SUSPICION OF B. & O. HOLD-UP.

FOUR IN JAIL IN ALBION

BOLD WORK OF BANDITS NEAR CHICAGO.

THEY DYNAMITE A MAIL CAR

DID NOT GET ANY BOOTY OF GREAT VALUE.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Seven suspects are under arrest in connection with the hold-up of the Baltimore and Ohio limited, westbound, last evening, thirty-one miles southeast of this city. Three of the prisoners were found hovering about a campfire east of Millers, Ind., not far from the scene of the hold-up. They gave the names of McCoy, Becker and Israelson. The other four were taken in at Albion, Ind. There is apparently no conclusive evidence against the men. Bloodhounds taken to the scene early today did not readily take the trail, owing to the oil-soaked condition of the track and road bed in the vicinity.

A launch has constantly patrolled Lake Michigan in the hope that the robbers would attempt to escape in that direction. Nothing has transpired in that direction, however.

The engineer and fireman were unable to identify any of the suspects captured near Millers Station, owing to the fact that the faces of the bandits had been concealed by masks.

THE HOLD-UP.

The train which was held up was due to arrive in Chicago at 9 o'clock last night and was stopped an hour earlier between Edgemoor and Grand Calumet Heights, Ind., thirty-one miles southeast of Chicago, in a wild section of country. One of the mail cars, which contained no money, was dynamited and wrecked. The attempt at robbery was made after the two mail cars had been detached from the train and run a quarter of a mile ahead. The failure of the robbers to make a rich haul was due to the fact that the express car which contained the train's treasure was in an unusual place. It was the third car in the train. After wrecking the mail car and obtaining no booty the robbers disappeared in the darkness without attempting to rectify their mistake. The only loot they carried away with them as a result of their adventure was the gold watch of the engineer.

The train was the New York and Washington vestibuled limited. Most of the trainmen were shot at and had narrow escapes from the bullets. No person was injured either by the dynamite or firearms.

The place where the robbery occurred is a lonely district in which few people live and houses are far between. No better place for a train robbery could be desired by the robbers.

The train was running at a high rate of speed as it went by Calumet Heights, and immediately after passing out of sight of the station Engineer J. W. Collins saw directly in front of his engine a large fire on which some rails had been placed. He slowed down, and as he did so three men wearing masks over their faces jumped into the cab and covered Collins and his fireman, James Whipple, with revolvers.

Just before climbing into the cab the three men commenced to fire with their revolvers in order to frighten away all assistance. The shots produced the liveliest kind of a panic in the sleeping cars, where the passengers made every effort to hide their money and valuables before the robbers could get at them. No attempt was made, however, to rob any of the passengers. The fusillade had the effect of making them keep inside the cars.

After mounting into the cab of the engine the robbers, covering the engineer and fireman with their revolvers, made them step down and go back the length of two cars. They ordered the men to uncouple the first two cars, which was done. They then hustled the two trainmen back into the cab and, still keeping the engineer covered with revolvers, directed him to pull up some distance from the rest of the train.

Collins ran up 200 feet and was then directed to stop. He did so and while one of the men remained to guard him the others jumped off and, hurling dynamite at the door of the car which they judged to be the express car, burst open the door. Hastily climbing in to get at the safe, they were astonished to find they had broken into a mail car. They threatened the engineer with death for not telling them the cars which he had uncoupled were not express cars and ordered him to return at once and uncouple the next car behind the baggage cars.

Climbing once more into his cab Collins backed his engine down, coupled on to the third car, which the fireman was made to uncouple at the rear end, and still with the muzzle of the revolver at his head, Collins was ordered to run down the track as before. He drew away from the rest of the train about the same distance as on the first occasion and the robbers, still leaving him under the charge of one of their number, made for this car. When they reached it, they found, to their great wrath, that they had attached another mail car and that it contained no money.

FLIGHT OF THE BANDITS.

The train had been delayed now fully thirty minutes, and, evidently fearing that if they delayed any longer help would be coming to the train crew, the robbers gave up their attempt to rob the train, and, jumping down, ran into a thicket of scrub oaks at the side of the track and disappeared. The train was hastily made up and came on to Chicago, arriving here somewhat late, a stop having been made at Whiting to report the robbery. Officers were at once sent after the robbers, and within an hour after the robbery a large posse was on their trail.

Charles A. Cross, conductor of the train, brought into the city last night several sticks of dynamite that had been left by the robbers at the side of the track. "I heard some shooting," said the conductor, "and looked out to see what was the matter. I saw the engineer and fireman running down the track, followed by three men. I had no time to look at more than that, for I saw two flashes of flame close to the car and a bullet went by my head as one of them called out

"'Keep your head in there if you don't want it blown off.'

"'Certainly,' I said, and I pulled it in as quickly as I knew how. I saw that the men were making a mistake in getting the wrong cars, so when I heard them go off up the track I expected to hear them come back again in a few minutes, which they did. However, they had no better luck that time than on the first trip, and it was not a robbery of much profit to them. I think there were more than three men engaged in the robbery, for I saw two other men standing beside the track just at the time the engineer pulled out with the two cars. They evidently saw that their companions had made a mistake and judged that delays were dangerous, for after shouting something to the men who were with the engineer and fireman, they ran into the bushes."

It is estimated that $50,000 was stored in the express car, and it is believed the robbers knew of the large amount of money and valuables aboard.

DECLINES THE EMPTY HONOR

DR. REEMLIN WILL NOT RUN ON BOLTER'S TICKET.

Nominee for Governor Refuses to Make the Race—Attorney General Likewise.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 1.—George A. Groot, who was chairman of the Bryan conference at Columbus yesterday, was today shown a dispatch from Dr. R. H. Reemelin at Cincinnati saying that he would not accept the nomination for governor on the independent ticket. Mr. Groot was evidently chagrinned over the announcement. "I supposed the committee that made the nomination," said he, "knew what it was doing and that the men selected would accept. The executive committee will have to fill the vacancy. I am sure I don't know who will be nominated."

"Will you be the gubernatorial candidate?" asked the reporter.

"Would I want to be a candidate for?"

"No, sir. Certainly not. What was the reply.

The following is the ticket nominated yesterday:

Governor—Dr. Rudolph H. Reemelin, Cincinnati.

Lieutenant Governor—Henry C. Cordery, Prairie Depot.

Supreme Judge—Rial M. Smith, Akron.

Treasurer—J. C. Shepard, Gallipolis.

Attorney General—S. L. Clark, Youngstown.

Clerk of Supreme Court—Charles Bensall, Salem.

Board of Public Works—R. D. Cornell, Columbus.

ANOTHER DECLINATION.

Youngstown, O., Aug. 1.—Stephen Clark, who was nominated yesterday at Columbus for attorney general by the "progressive democrats," declared today that he is not in sympathy with the movement and will not accept the nomination.

WEDDED LAST WEEK.

Miss Daisy Benber, for some years a successful teacher in the Washington school, was united in marriage Wednesday evening to John C. Mulford, a well known employe of the Fort Wayne Electric works. The ceremony was performed at 6 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Benber, the bridal couple standing in front of a group of palms and flowering plants. Rev. A. S. Preston, of Wayne Street M. E. church, officiated. It was a pretty home ceremony, and the guests included immediate relatives and B. H. Tucker, of Huntington; Dr. Kelsey, of Montpelier, and Miss Kate McAlister. An elaborate supper was served at the close of the ceremony. The bride was attired in a gown of lavender silk mousseline, trimmed with Duchess lace. Mr. and Mrs. Mulford have gone to housekeeping in a home on Taylor street.

SCHLEY'S REQUEST IS DENIED

Secretary Long Refuses to Modify the Fifth Paragraph of the Precept---Letters of Admiral and Secretary.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The navy department has refused to accede to Admiral Schley's suggestion that the language in the fifth specification of the precept to the court of inquiry be modified.

The admiral in his letter challenges that specification, which states as a fact that he had disobeyed orders, and suggested that it be modified. The department in its reply declines to make the suggested modification on the ground that according to the official records Admiral Schley himself acknowledged that he had disobeyed orders. The disobedience of orders was an established fact whether unwillingly or willingly.

The following are the letters that have passed between Admiral Schley and the navy department respecting the precept:

"Great Neck, N. Y., July 27, 1901.—Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of the department's communication of July 26, in closing copy of an order 'convening, pursuant to the request contained in (my) communication of the 22nd inst., a court of inquiry.'

"Inasmuch as the court is directed to 'investigate,' and, after such investigation, report a 'full and detailed statement of all the pertinent facts which it may deem to be established, together with its opinion and recommendation in the premises.' I would respectfully suggest to the department that paragraph 5 of the department's precept, which is as follows, viz: '5. The circumstances attending and the reasons for the disobedience by Commodore Schley of the orders of the department contained in its dispatch dated May 25, 1898, and the propriety of his conduct in the premises,' be modified so as to omit the department's expression of opinion, and thus leave the court free to express its own opinion in that matter.

"Very respectfully,

"W. S. Schley, Rear Admiral.

"Hon. John D. Long, Secretary of Navy."

"Navy Department, Washington, Aug. 1, 1901.—Sir: The department has received your letter of the 27th ultimo, in which you acknowledge the receipt of a copy of the order convening, at your request, a court of inquiry to investigate your conduct during the war with Spain, and suggest that paragraph five of said order, directing the court to inquire into the circumstances attending and the reason for the disobedience by Commodore Schley of the orders of the department,' etc., be so modified so as to omit department's expression of opinion and thus leave the court free to express its own opinion in that matter.

"In reply you are advised that the precept calls for an inquiry by the court, and the ascertainment of pertinent facts. For the purpose of setting on foot this inquiry the precept treats certain matters as established, such, for instance, as the arrival of the 'flying squadron' off Cienfuegos and off Santiago; the retrograde movement eastward turn of the Brooklyn on July 3, 1898, and the fact that you disobeyed orders as reported by you in your telegram dated Kingston, May 28, 1898, in which you say: 'Much to be regretted, cannot obey orders of the department.'

"Inasmuch, however, as it is the department's purpose that the court shall be absolutely free to report, if such shall be found to be the case, that you did not wilfully disobey the orders, or that you were justified in disobeying them, and that this may be clearly understood, your letter of the 27th ultimo, with copy of this reply, will be duly forwarded to the court.

"Very respectfully,

"F. W. Hackett,

"Acting Secretary."

"Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley, U. S. Navy, Great Neck, N. Y."

WILL CORRECT A TOMBSTONE

ERROR IN DATE OF OLD WABASH COUNTY MURDER.

Famous Crime of Early Days Is Recalled, in Which an Entire Family Was Exterminated.

In the Rich Valley cemetery, almost hidden from view by the tall grass which each season grows luxuriantly upon and surrounding a sunken grave, is a small headstone which bears an inscription that is false to history, says the Wabash Plain-Dealer.

This inscription reads:

"In memory of Aaron French, wife and five children, who were brutally murdered by John Hubbard and wife about October 9, 1855, in Wabash county."

The truth is that French and his family were murdered on Saturday night, October 7, 1854—more than one year before the date carved on the humble tombstone.

The body of Edward Boyle, who was also killed by the bloodthirsty Hubbard and his fiendish wife, was not discovered until after the breaking up of winter in March, 1855, and it was the discovery of Boyle's body that led to Hubbard's arrest. The murderers were indicted August 2, 1855, and Saturday morning, September 8, the jury after a long deliberation brought in the verdict of murder in the first degree, and Hubbard was sentenced to death the same day, the date of the execution being December 13, 1855.

The discovery of the mistake in the date was made a week or two ago by Wabash gentlemen who visited Rich Valley and it is now proposed to have the error corrected and more, to have the spot where the fated French family's remains now lie, appropriately marked and cared for.

A few years of neglect and it will be impossible to find the graves of the victims of a tragedy rivaling in atrocity the crimes of the Kansas Benders, and which forms a chapter in the history of Wabash county which will be read with absorbing interest by many future generations.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open and be well. Force the clogged-up system physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smooth-est, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clean and clean is to take

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Sleeplessness almost invariably accompanies constipation and its manifold attendant evils—nervous disorders, indigestion, headache, loss of appetite, etc. "To attempt to induce sleep by opiates is a serious mistake, for then brain is only benumbed and the body suffers. Celery King removes the cause of wakefulness by its soothing effect on the nerves and on the stomach and bowels.

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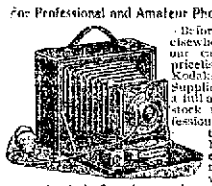

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NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss:
Coralyn McL. MacGregor vs. Alexander L. MacGregor.
In the Superior Court.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the following named defendant, Alexander L. MacGregor, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, and that a cause of action exists against said Defendant in favor of said Plaintiff for divorce.

Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident Defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he appears before the Judge of said Court on the 18th day of September, 1901, and answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

FRANK J. BELOT,
Attest: Clerk. (Seal.)
HENRY COLERICK,
Attorney for Plaintiff. 24-31-7

DR. D. B. CARY,

Physician, and Surgeon, is located at Huntertown, Allen County, Ind. The doctor has fitted up a hotel invalide in the old Hunter homestead for the treatment of patients with any or all kinds of chronic or acute disease. Huntertown is located ten miles north of the city of Fort Wayne on the G. R. &I R. R., on a high gravelling location with the best of pure water and free from all miasmatic influences.

Patients desiring to see the doctor will be met with a carriage at either one of the depots. All responsible parties can have board, nursing and treatment without money until cured. The doctor has made a real home for invalids of comfort and pleasure. No charges for examination. wk31-tf

LOCAL LINES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Alderman—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tiemann, of 222 Francis street—a daughter.

Mrs. Charles Jautz, of High street, who has been quite ill, is now improving.

The annual picnic of St. Vincent's parish, north of the city, will be held August 8.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barthold, of the Illinois road—a daughter.

A. P. Mallet has purchased the meat market of E. Van Tilburg, at 396 Lafayette.

August 24 the township trustees will hold a meeting at the court house to discuss a program of school and road work.

Churubusco Truth: "We understand that O. Gandy & Co., are contemplating moving their stave factory from Arcola to Fort Wayne."

E. H. Coombs has purchased the handsome grove adjoining the Ninde homestead an South Fairfield avenue, and will erect a handsome residence there.

Capt. W. F. Ranke, commanding Battery B, light artillery, of this city, is now senior captain in point of service in the Indiana national guard.

Henry Stellhorn, former county commissioner, pleasantly entertained the members of the Tadpole club at his beautiful country home Thursday evening.

Rev. J. L. Leeper, formerly pastor of Westminster church, has returned from a tour of the Holy Land, where he was in charge of a company of tourists.

While visiting in the country Tuesday Frank Robson, living at Wells and Third streets, captured a strange bird, which is believed to be an Egyptian ibis.

Hon. J. M. Robinson will deliver an address at Ege, Noble county, August 7, on the occasion of the annual harvest picnic for the benefit of the Ege Catholic church.

Thomas DeVilbiss and Fred A. Knocke returned Wednesday night from the Jay county oil fields, where they were looking after the interests of the Locust Oil company.

Miss Florence Opt, of Bloomville, Ohio, is the guest of Miss Martha Ruf, at the Reformed church orphanage. The young ladies were classmates at Heidelberg college.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Jenkinson, of West DeWald street—a son. The happy father is the well known bookkeeper for the Jenney Electric Light and Power company.

The two little sons of Mr. and Mrs. Will Fitch, of Esmond street, are suffering from a peculiar inflammation of the toes. It is presumed to have been caused from going barefooted among some poisonous weeds.

Tom Clark, of East Columbia street, has received a telegram announcing the death of Mrs. Clark's mother, Mrs. Jennie Ward, of Detroit. She was aged fifty-four years and had frequently visited in Fort Wayne.

Miss Maggie Hogg, of Bluffton, who has been a patient at Hope hospital since July 3, returned to her home last week. Miss Hogg underwent a very critical operation, and has made a very speedy and gratifying recovery. She was under the care of Dr. Miles F. Porter.

Twenty-three of the fifty applicants for teachers' licenses who took the examination in this city last Saturday made satisfactory grades and will be licensed by County Superintendent Young. One secured a three-year license, six a two-year license, and the others a one-year certificate.

Bluffton Banner: Tom Flynn, who was operated on at Fort Wayne for appendicitis a few weeks ago, has found it necessary to again undergo an operation. His stomach is in a very bad condition. Mrs. Flynn and Mrs. W. L. Kiger accompanied him to the Fort Wayne hospital this morning.

John S. Moore and Miss Adeline S. Sarber were married last week, taking their friends by surprise, as it was not thought they contemplated matrimony so soon, though their engagement had been announced. The young couple is popular and the wedding creates considerable interest in circles in which they are known. Mr. Moore is a Nickel Plate fireman.

STOP COLDS

when you feel one coming on by taking Krause's Cold Cure. Prepared in convenient capsules that cure while you work. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

FOUND THE PONY WAGON.

When the Wallace circus was here several months ago a small "clown pony wagon" was swiped off the lot and disappeared completely. The local police department was notified, but it was not until Saturday that Detective Coling succeeded in locating the vehicle. He saw it on the street and, following the driver, learned that the present possessor, a lady, had bought it from a party now out of the city. He informed the lady of the circumstances and has written the Wallace company that he has the wagon subject to their orders.

A FORGER DOES BUSINESS

SWAPS TWO BAD CHECKS FOR GOOD CASH.

Louis Fox's Name Signed to the Paper—Dallas F. Green and M. J. Blitz the Victims.

Tuesday afternoon a spruce looking young fellow stepped into Dallas F. Green's jewelry store in the Arcade and asked to see some rings. A tray full was placed before him and he soon made a selection of one costing $4. The ring was wrapped up for him and he tendered in payment a check for $15, made payable to Fred E. Fox and signed Louis Fox. Louis Fox's check is too good a thing for anybody to turn down, so the clerk accommodatingly handed Mr. Smoothboy the ring and eleven of Mr. Green's hard-earned dollars. Presently someone suggested that the check might not be good and it was remarked that perhaps Mr. Fox could tell. Accordingly the check was hustled down to Mr. Fox's office, but there was no glad hand there. The cashier said that the signature did not even have the appearance of an attempt at imitation. The matter was immediately reported to Officer Dickson, who promptly reported it to the superintendent. Detective Coling was put on the case, and after getting a description of the fellow asked the clerk who sold the ring to go with him to the Lake Shore depot to go through the train just about due to leave. When the two entered the car at the depot Detective Coling observed a young man start violently and then suddenly become engrossed in something going on outside; he glued his face to the window and endeavored to shade his eyes. Coling called the clerk's attention to the man, but right there the clerk fell down; he said that this man looked very much like the fellow who bought the ring, but he could not swear that he was the same party, and in fact did not know whether he could identify the man at all. The train commenced to move right then and the detective and clerk left the train, the former entirely convinced that he had the forger within arm's length but had no authority to arrest him.

Next morning Max Blitz, the ticket broker, was made painfully aware of the fact that the same pleasant faced stranger had made him a call and left a souvenir in the shape of a check for $15, which the Hamilton bank refuses to charge to Mr. Fox's account. Other discoveries will likely be made before night, but it is more or less doubtful whether the victims will squeal.

VAL GUTERMUTH MARRIED.

Fort Wayne friends of Val Gutermuth, formerly a well-known merchant in this city, will be surprised to learn of his marrige which occurred in Chicago on Wednesday of last week. His bride is a Chicago lady. It is understood that Mr. Gutermuth has resigned his position as a traveling salesman and will accept a place with the Paragon Manufacturing company in this city. Mr. Gutermuth resides in College place.

PETITION FOR HIS PARDON.

The mother of Claud Smith, convicted of the murder of George Frech in this city four years ago and sentenced to prison for life, is in the city circulating a petition to Governor Durbin asking that her son be pardoned. The document is being quite numerously signed. Mrs. Smith is now living at Piqua, Ohio.

APPLIES FOR MORE PATENTS.

Dr. Thomas Hicks, the well known inventor of the Hicks process of gold extraction, has just filed three supplemental applications for patents upon his processes. W. G. Burns is attorney for Dr. Hicks.

BRIDE DANCES TO DEATH.

McKeesport, Pa., July 31.—Mrs Anna Brudowicz, aged 22, a bride of twenty-four hours, danced herself to death at her wedding feast here yesterday. Mrs. Brudowcz was married Wednesday morning to John Brudowicz, one of the leaders of the Polish settlement at McKeesport. The wedding was an elaborate one, as the participants are fairly well-to-do, and a large number of wedding guests attended the festivities. The celebration of a Polish wedding usually lasts several days. This was scheduled to occupy the balance of this week. It is customary at this celebration for every male guest to dance with the bride. Mrs. Brudowicz had finished the ninety-fourth round of the room with as many different guests when she complained of feeling sick, and almost immediately dropped over in a faint and died. Physicians stated that death was due to overexertion.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS

NEWSPAPER OFFICE BURNS.

Auburn, Ind., July 31.—Fire at Fremont, Steuben country, early yesterday morning destroyed the office of the Fremont Eagle, published by W. D. Wells. The origin of the blaze is unknown, and only hard work prevented its spread to a row of wooden structures near by.

BLOODY DUEL WAS FOUGHT

FIGHT BETWEEN AMERICAN AND GERMAN OFFICER.

Latter's Throat Cut in Nineteenth Round and His Life Barely Saved By Surgeons.

Duluth, Minn., July 31.—Word has just been received in Duluth that Adolph Hartman, son of Emil Hartman, of this city, has just fought a duel with swords with Lieutenant Pachman, of the German army. It was a bloody encounter in which the lieutenant received a number of severe wounds, one of which severed the jugular vein. Hartman was also seriously wounded. Hartman graduated from the Duluth high school in 1899 and went to Achen, Germany, to take a course in mining engineering.

At a "kommers," which was attended by students, army officers and others, Hartman and Lieutenant Pachmann became involved in a quarrel which resulted in the young Duluthian slapping the face of the military man. A challenge followed, and the matter being referred to a court of honor, it was decided that a duel of the first-class must follow. As young Hartman was unfamiliar with the sword he was allowed six months in which to "train" for the encounter. At the end of that time the contestants met and the duel began. In the second round Hartman wounded the lieutenant on the left side of the head, almost severing the ear. In the third round the young American was himself wounded in the head, a piece of the scalp being cut away. From the third to the seventeenth round the fighting was fierce. In the latter round the Duluthian again wounded the lieutenant, his blade gashing clear across his forehead. Although both were weakened from loss of blood the fight continued until the nineteenth round, when the lieutenant was wounded in the throat, the sword severing the jugular vein. The American was then adjudged the victor.

Prompt attendance by the surgeons present saved the officer's life, but it will be at least six months before he is able for duty.

NOVITIATES ARE ADMITTED.

Seventeen young ladies were admitted to the Order of Poor Handmaids of Christ Wednesday, the beautiful ceremony occurring in the chapel of St. Joseph's hospital. The service was according to the solemn rites of the Catholic church, and was conducted by the clergy of the city.

UNCLE JOHN WANTS IT.

(Bluffton Banner.)

Uncle John Greek expects to share the fortune which is to be given to Mrs. Sally Seabold, the inmate of the Allen county poor farm, for he is a direct descendent of the man who made the fortune, and has for several years been trying to prove his relationship, knowing that the fortune was in existence and would some day be divided. He is a son of Polly Moser, who is a daughter of Stoffel Moser, the latter being a brother of Burkham Moser, the man who left the fortune if Schuylkill county, Pa. Several years ago Uncle John had an attorney working on the case, but the relationship was so difficult to trace that it was finally abandoned. He expects to resume work on it, however, and believes that he is entitled to a share in the estate.

STOP AT VERMILLION.

To accommodate our patrons, who desire to enjoy the cool lake breezes at Linwood park, Vermillion, Ohio, until further notice, fast express train No. 2, eastbound, via the Nickel Plate road, will stop at Vermillion to let off passengers from Bellevue and points west, where train stops. J30tu& thur7t&w3t

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE OR PERSONAL SECURITY. C. F. PFEIFFER, ROOMS 6—7, BASS BLOCK. 17tf

VETERAN BADLY HURT.

Joe Bremerkamp, a veteran, who formerly lived here, met with a painful accident at the old soldiers' home at Marion last week. He was assisting in the hay field and fell off the wagon. He was run over and both legs broken, one being crushed so badly just at the knee that it is feared amputation will be necessary.

WILL BUILD A BIG SKYSCRAPER

A handsome modern fire-proof business building, higher by at least two stories than any similar structure now in Fort Wayne, is soon to rear its stately proportions at the northeast corner of Clinton and Columbia streets. It will be a notable addition to down-town business architecture and will materially aid the improvement manifested along Columbia street during the past few years.

Fisher Bros., the well known wholesale paper dealers, will construct the building, which is to be eight stories in height, as a warehouse for the storage of their stock, and work will begin as soon as the present tenants of the site can arrange to locate in other quarters.

DEAL IS A BIG ONE.

The property was a part of the J. G. Thieme estate and has a frontage of forty feet on East Columbia street, running northward along Clinton street 110 feet to Dock street, at the Nickel Plate railroad tracks. It was purchased by Fisher Bros. from Dr. W. D. Gross, administrator of the Thieme estate, for $12,000 in cash, and the transaction was closed last Thursday.

The location is one of the most desirable ones in the down-town wholesale district and Messrs. Fisher Bros. feel that they have secured a bargain. It is the opinion of real estate experts that the figure secured is a fair marketable price for the property. The transaction is the largest involving down-town property which has been made during the past year and the deal was negotiated by Ed M. Wilson, for his firm, Schrader & Wilson, who have handled many real estate transactions of substantial size in Fort Wayne.

The present three-story brick structure upon the ground has been standing many years and is one of the familiar landmarks of that section of the city. It is occupied by the Thieme tailoring establishment and other tenants, while at the Dock street end of the property is the office of the Indiana Staats-Zeitung.

AN IMPOSING STRUCTURE.

The negotiations for the purchase of the property by Fisher Bros. were conducted with very little delay. The matter was placed in Mr. Wilson's hands on Tuesday; the firm had ample money and wanted the property, and the matter of price was so quickly agreed upon that all details were completed that morning.

Mr. Wilson informed The Sentinel that within a short time Fisher Bros. would place a force of wreckers at work upon the old building to get it out of the way for the new structure, eight stories in height, thoroughly modern, with every convenience for the wholesale paper trade, entirely fire-proof and of an architectural character that will make it one of the very handsomest business buildings in the city. No estimate of the probable cost could be given, but it is certain to mount up to many thousands of dollars.

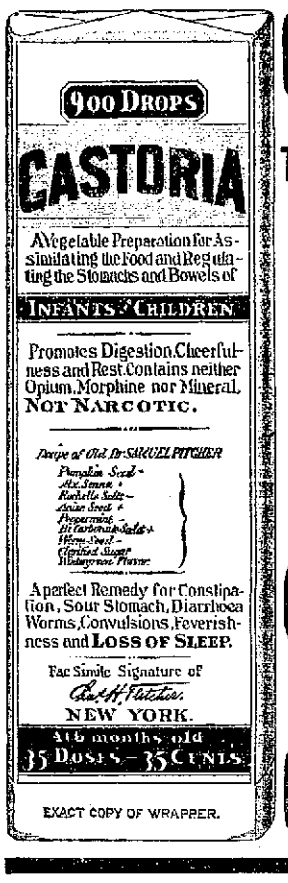
Fisher Bros. are the largest firm of wholesale dealers in paper in Indiana and their business is enormous. From the outset several years ago it has been phenomenally successful and for months the firm has realized that the present quarters at 125 Calhoun street, large and commodious as they are, were totally inadequate to handle the constantly increasing volume of business. They have been quietly casting about for an additional location and the sale of the Thieme property seemed to offer precisely what was needed. It is in close proximity to the Nickel Plate tracks, and as the stock in these lines is handled in carload lots almost exclusively, this is an important consideration.

COLUMBIA STREET IMPROVES.

Columbia street, in pioneer days the leading retail thoroughfare, has gradually been transformed in the passing years to a very largely wholesale district, and upon it are many of the largest concerns in Fort Wayne. During the past few years, also, there has been a very marked improvement in the character of the buildings there. Many of the older structures have been remodeled and modernized, and a number of handsome new business houses have replaced others which did service for many years. Notable among the latter are the buildings of the DeWald company, M. F. Kaag, the Fort Wayne Drug company and the Freiburger establishment. Plainly there has been a notable progress along Columbia street and the new structure of Fisher Bros. will fully sustain the marked advance perceptible there in the past few years. The firm will still retain its present Calhoun street quarters, but by far the greater portion of its stock will be kept in the new structure on Columbia street.

Graves & Co., dealers in photograph supplies, No. 35 Randolph street, Chicago, are prepared to offer liberal discounts on all high grade cameras for the holiday trade. Send for special price list. See advertisement in this paper. 14-tf.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN.
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 Doses - 35 Cents
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL, CONSULT .....
DR. WENGER,
SPECIALIST,
25 years European and American hospital and private practice experience for all Desperate, Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases of Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eye, Ear and Sexual Diseases.
Kidney and Urinary weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, brick dust or white, painful urnacious Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder.
Private Diseases—Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Inflammations, Discharges, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Syphilis, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly restored.
Lost Manhood and all its attending ailments, both young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy and weakness of both body and brain.
Cancers, Tumors, Piles cured without knife or pain.
Do not let timidity or prejudice keep you from calling
OFFICE DAYS:—Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays.
Sunday hours, 2 to 4 only.
Dr. N. R. Wenger,
126 Calhoun Street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

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PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER...
48 WEST MAIN STREET.
Office 'phone 261—Residence 1047.

The Pennsylvania Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
Trains Run by Central Time
Daily. Daily, except Sunday.
From Ft. Wayne. TO. DEPART. ARRIVE.
Valparaise and Chicago..* 3 30 am * 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago..* 3 30 am * 7 35 pm
Chicago.....* 4 55 am * 9 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.* 5 30 am * 3 25 am
Conn'gt'n and Pitts'g.* 6 30 am * 5 25 am
Mansfield and Lima.....*11 31 pm *11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg..*11 31 pm * 4 00 pm
Valparaise and Chicago.† 7 50 am †10 30 pm
Valparaise and Chicago.†12 15 pm †12 30 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg.†12 40 pm * 3 25 pm
Plymouth and Chicago..* 4 10 pm * 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline.....† 7 05 am † 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.* 7 45 pm * 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.....* 7 45 pm * 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.....* 9 30 pm * 4 50 am
Pittsburg & Phila.....* 4 20 pm *10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.* 4 20 pm *10 10 am
Valparaise and Chicago.*10 15 am * 4 15 pm
Valparaise and Chicago *11 25 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY.
In effect June 30, 1901.
NORTH BOUND.
From Grand Rapids arrives..... 11 35 p m
" " " " ..... 8 00 a.m
" " " " ..... 4 15 p m
From Richmond arrives ..... 8 45 p.m
SOUTH BOUND.
For Richmond and Cincinnati..... 7 45 a.m
" " " " ..... 2 55 p.m
" " " " ..... 12 20 p.m
From Grand Rapids arrives..... 8 50 p.m
*Daily †Daily except Sunday

WABASH
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16TH, 1901.
Going West. Going East.
6.50 a. m. Daily. 5.53 a. m.
9.37 a. m. Daily. 8.20 a. m.
5.48 p. m. Daily. 11.45 a. m.
9.20 p. m. Daily. 6.30 p. m.
11.00 p. m. Sunday only. 7.30 a. m.
From Peru daily, arrive, 9:20 a. m.
From Toledo, ex. Sunday, arr. 8:00 p. m.
Telephones—Home-Bell, No. 6.

Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway

DEPART
No. 2 Mail and Express.....7 20 a.m.
No. 4 passenger.....7 00 p.m.
No. 6 Mixed.....3:35 p.m.
No. 32 Local freight.....8 00 a.m.
ARRIVE
No. 31 Local freight.....5 30 p.m.
No. 5 Mixed.....11 00 a.m.
No. 3 Mail and Express.....5 50 p.m.
No. 1 Passenger.....10 55 a.m.
Trains 1 and 4 Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Nos. 31 and 32 carry passengers.

NICKEL PLATE
9-6-30-1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.
Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on them trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Limited, No. 6.....	1 30
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2.....	5 15
Eastern Express, No. 4.....	7 55
Local Freight.....	12 05
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 5.....	2 30
Western Express, No. 1.....	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3.....	4 35
Local Freight.....	12 05

Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. S. & M. S. TIME CARD, In effect June, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
406 Express and Mail.....	11 25 a.m.
402 Local Freight.....	2 50 p.m.
410 Express and Mail.....	8 50 p.m.
Northbound.	Depart.
163 Local Freight.....	6 40 a.m.
457 Express and Mail.....	11 55 a.m.
159 Express and Mail.....	5 00 p.m.

All trains daily except Sunday.

L. E. & W. RY.—TIME TABLE.
In Effect Sunday, April 28.

South Bound.	Depart.
No. 175 Local Freight, except Sunday..	5 30 a.m
No. 41 Express and Mail, except Sun...	7 10 a.m
No. 43 Express and Mail, except Sun...	4 15 p.m
No. 45 Express and Mail, Sunday only..	8 30 p.m
North Bound.	Arrive.
No. 40 Express and Mail, except Sun...	11 40 a.m
No. 174 Local Freight, except Sunday..	4 40 p.m
No. 42 Express and Mail, except Sun..	10 25 p.m
No. 44 Express and Mail, Sunday only..	10 15 a.m

MONEY TO LOAN
10 YEARS' TIME. FARMS ONLY.
5 per cent. per annum; partial payments received any time and stop interest. NO COMMISSION
W. A. JONES, GEN. AGT.,
Over Old National Bank

Dr. Bulson,
Office and Residence, 55 West Wayne Street, FORT WAYNE.
PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

HALF MILLION VOTED TO ROBERTS

British Commander-in-Chief to Receive $500,000 for His South African Services---Grant Meets Fierce Opposition.

London, July 31.—In the house of commons today proposing a resolution granting Field Marshal Earl Roberts £100,000 for his services in South Africa, A. J. Balfour, the government leader, in the course of an eulogy of the field marshal, whom he compared with such men as Collingwood, Nelson, Marlborough and Wellington, said there was no doubt that but for Lord Roberts' daring and strategy, and the rapidity with which his plans were carried out Kimberley and Mafeking would have fallen, 11,000 British would have been starved into submission at Ladysmith and there would have been a general rising of disloyalists in South Africa. Great Britain would have recovered therefrom, but at what a cost? The country was saved from this by the genius of the man he now invited the house to reward by a unanimous vote, irrespective of political differences. The statement called forth protests from the Irish members, but the liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, concurred in the motion.

John Dillon, Irish nationalist, strongly opposed the vote. He protested against mentioning Lord Roberts in association with such a man as Marlborough. He declared Lord Roberts had shown the greatest inhumanity in South Africa, and said he had employed barbarous methods and had proved himself a dismal failure.

Mr. Labouchere, radical, protested against granting gratuities to military men while nothing was given to civilians who were doing something for the benefit of their country. Mr. Kerr-Hardie, socialist and independent labor, took a similar view. He declared that in the opinion of experts at home and abroad, Lord Roberts' failure primarily was responsible for the continuance of the war. Swift MacNeill, Irish nationalist, said he considered Lord Roberts' operations were conducted with a maximum of cruelty and a minimum of humanity and that his farewell speech at Cape Town was horrible hypocrisy and blasphemy. After further debate for and against the measure Mr. Balfour moved the closure, which was carried by 257 to 181. The resolution was afterwards adopted by a vote of 281 to 73.

WHAT THE SOCIALIST PARTY WANTS

Indianapolis, July 31.—In voting against striking out the words "immediate demands" from the platform reported yesterday afternoon the socialist convention today voted to adopt as a part of the platform the following resolution presented by G. D. Herron:

"The public ownership of all means of transportation and communication and all other public utilities, as well as of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines. No part of the revenue of such industries to be applied to the reduction of taxes on property of the capitalist class, but to be applied wholly to the increase of wages and shortening of the hours of labor of the employes, to the improvement of the service and diminishing the rates to the consumers.

"The progressive reduction of the hours of labor, the increase of wages in order to decrease the share of the capitalist and increase the share of the workingman in the product of labor.

"State or national insurance of working people in case of accident, lack of employment, sickness and want in old age; the funds for this purpose to be collected from the revenue of the capitalist class and to be administered under the control of the working class.

"The inauguration of a system of public industries, public credit to be used for that purpose, in order that the workers be secured the full product of their labor.

"But in making these demands as steps in the overthrow of capitalism and in the establishment of the co-operative commonwealth, we would warn the people against the public ownership demands made by capitalist political parties, which always result in perpetuating the capitalist system through the compromise or defeat of the socialist resolution."

Max Hays, of Cleveland, presided at today's session.

FOR NEW PRINTING CONCERN

CAPITAL STOCK IS NOW BEING SUBSCRIBED.

Good Form Printing Company to be Its Title and a Consolidation is Planned.

Within a few days it is expected that a new printing concern will be organized in Fort Wayne and the subscription of stock is now progressing. Among the names already upon the list are R. B. Davis, J. M. Singmaster, E. E. Vernon, D. N. Foster and others.

The firm is to be capitalized at $20,000 in shares of $100 each and will be known as the Good Form Printing company. It is stated that the plan contemplates the consolidation of the Singmaster-Hall and the Aldine printing plants and that large additions will be made to the combined equipment of the two concerns. The cigar box business of the former firm is not included in the transaction.

Nearly all of the stock has already been subscribed and the meeting for organization will be held during the present week.

ANOTHER LUCKY HOOSIER.

El Reno, O. T., July 31.—The third day's drawing for land on the Kiowha-Comanche reservations began at 8 a. m. and was carried on rapidly. Two thousand names will be drawn from each wheel today, and enough tomorrow to make a total of 6,500 from each wheel, thus completing the list of the fortunates among the 165,000 homeseekers. Among the winners today were Thomas S. Lake, of Wauseon, O., and D. W. Putnam, of Port Huron, Mich.

BABY FARM IS UNCOVERED.

Kansas City, Mo., July 31.— A baby farm, situated in a one-story set of flats in a low-lying part of the city, where at least three infants have been willfully starved to death, has been disclosed by the police. In one place, where the blind husband and his sister, also sightless, have supported the family by begging, three babies, secured from a local female physician, have died within the past few days and have been buried at the expense of the city. The death certificates in each case assert that death was due to starvation. At another place four babies, none over a few months old, were found, and at two other places a child each was disclosed. At still another place, a poor family had fostered four babies within a year, all of which had died. They had been secured, it was asserted, from a private hospital. In each instance the persons had been hired to board the infants for a pittance. They were surrounded with squalor and half starved. The grand jury will be asked to make an investigation.

IS INDICTED FOR PERJURY

CHICAGO GRAND JURY GIVES FORM TO CHARGES.

Former President of K. P. Endowment Rank and Former Secretary Stolte are Held.

Chicago, July 31.—Indictments charging perjury were returned by the grand jury today against John A. Hinsey, former president of the Endowment rank, Knights of Pythias, and against Henry B. Stolte, former secretary of the Endowment rank. Two indictments were returned against each.

The perjury charged is alleged to lie in statements made in annual reports of the supreme lodge K. of P., for 1898 and 1899, which the defendant, officers of the lodge, made to the insurance department of Illinois.

SCHLEY'S REPLY RECEIVED.

Washington, July 31.—It was announced at the navy department today that the letter from Rear Admiral Schley acknowledging the receipt of the precept by the court of inquiry and making certain suggestions with reference thereto, had not yet been received. No explanation of the delay in its arrival and no statement of its contents were furnished. Judge Advocate Lemly simply announced that the letter had arrived and would receive consideration. He declined to answer all interrogatories, basing his refusal upon the order of the secretary prohibiting officers from discussing the case. Captain Lemly departs on his annual leave Saturday and the supposition is that Rear Admiral Schley's letter will be considered before that time and that whatever action is to be taken on the admiral's presentations will be taken at once.

THREE BURNED TO DEATH.

New York, July 31.—James McCoy and his two children, William, sixteen years old, and Edna, fourteen years old, were burned to death today in a fire in their home in Brooklyn. Mrs. McCoy, the mother, was probably fatally hurt by falling from a window to the ground. The fire was caused by the overturning by a cat of a petroleum lamp.

BATTLE WITH INSURGENTS

CEBU SCOUTS ENCOUNTER A FORCE OF SIXTY.

Seven of the Rebels Slain and Thirteen Made Prisoners—Two of the Scouts Wounded.

Manila, July 31.—Lieutenant Croft, of the Nineteenth infantry, with a mounted detachment of Cebu scouts, has had an encounter with sixty insurgents. Seven of the rebels were killed and thirteen taken prisoners. Of Lieutenant Croft's force two privates were wounded.

The Philippine commission has passed the Manila civil charter, which will go into effect immediately.

The rate of taxation on real property has been amended, it being fixed at 1 per cent. for the present and 2 per cent. after 1903.

Tomorrow all the military cable and telegraph lines will be opened for commercial use.

BRYAN MAY RUN AGAIN.

Cincinnati, O., July 31.—William J. Bryan, who lectured here last night, was asked today as to the importance of the silver question in 1904, and replied:

"No man can say how important a part the money question will play in the next campaign. That will depend on conditions. But various phases of the money question are constantly presenting themselves, and the democratic party ought not to recede from its position on this question, although other questions may be of more importance for the time being. Those who are so much afraid of the Kansas City platform seem inclined to return to the methods employed when the financiers filled the platforms with glittering generalities and then ran the administration in the interest of Wall street. As a rule, the men who are opposed to the Kansas City platform have no positive or definite remedy for any evil."

Asked if he would be a candidate for the presidential nomination again in 1904, Mr. Bryan said: "I have said repeatedly that I am a candidate for no office. However, I would not enter into a bond never to become a candidate. It would be foolish in any man to announce his candidacy for such an office at such a time, and it strikes me as a foolish question to be continually put to me by newspaper men."

ARRESTS MADE IN JULY.

The record of arrests made during the month of July is the lowest for that month in a number of years, and the arrests on charges of intoxication were fewer than for any month in a long time. Following is the list as made out by Lieutenant Lapp:

Intoxication	12
Vagrancy	13
Prostitution	11
Associating with prostitutes	3
Violating the screen law	6
Sabbath desecration	3
Trespass	3
Petit larceny	2
Selling liquor to minors	2
Grand larceny	2
Profanity	2
Climbing on moving trains	2
Keeping house of ill-fame	1
Driving through funeral procession	1
Breaking seal and entering railroad cars	1
Assault and battery	1
Malicious trespass	1
Tapping sewer without license	1
Contempt of court	1
Permitting minors in saloon	1
Total	74

AUGUST SPECIALS.

Every Tuesday, one cent a mile to Buffalo and return, via the Nickel Plate road. Three-day limit. For further information call on nearest agent, or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

J30tu&thur10t&w5t

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS A PRIEST.

Avilla, Ind., Aug. 3.—Next Monday Rev. Father Duehmig, the well-known pastor of St. Mary's Catholic church in this place, will celebrate the thirty-fifth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood.

FOR FREE SILVER

OHIO BOLTERS STILL FOR THE OLD PLATFORM.

ENDORSE WILLIAM J. BRYAN

CONVENTION AT COLUMBUS POORLY ATTENDED.

GROOT MAKES AN ADDRESS

DENIES THAT THE MOVEMENT IS A BOLT.

Columbus, Ohio, July 31. A state convention of advocates of free silver and other issues not covered by the democratic state platforms, met here today. The attendance was small.

The call for the convention was issued immediately after the recent democratic state convention, by Geo. A. Groot, of Cleveland. Mr. Groot acted as temporary chairman. The meeting was called to order in the parlors of one of the hotels. Abner D. Davis acted as temporary chairman.

GROOT'S SPEECH.

Chairman Groot reviewed the conditions that brought about the movement. He insisted that it was not brought about solely by "Bryan democrats," but by all those who advocated free silver and are opposed to both the old parties as at present organized and controlled. He said in part

"The political machinery of the state is now in the hands and under the control of those persons who repudiated the Chicago platform in 1896, and who did all they could that year to defeat the democratic nominees. The question now is what, under the circumstances, ought we to do? To my mind there is but one course to pursue, and that is to protest against the action of the convention, and in order to do that a new party must be organized, after which we should go forward with the glorious work that was commenced in 1896. We are confronted at the outset with the statement that we are bolters, and that we are not entitled to any respect, because we do not humbly bow to the dictation of our enemies, who assisted with all their power and influence to defeat us in 1896 and 1900. Can it be truly said that we are bolters? We have not changed our convictions we stand where we stood during the first two national campaigns, and for my part I propose to stand there and to do all that I can to defeat our enemies, whether they be in our own ranks or outside of them.

"We are now in this state called upon to say whether we shall submit to the dominion of the same class of people who dominated the democratic party previous to 1896, or whether we shall not, in accordance with our convictions, vote for our principles and select men who are willing to stand or fall with us in this contest. We may not elect our ticket, but we will, at least, be true to ourselves, to our country and to our fellowmen."

At a meeting held during the morning, attended by George A. Groot, Abner Davis, J. W. Lindsay, Bernard Hubert, Richard Inglis and others, it was decided that a full state ticket shall be nominated at the evening session of the convention. A state committee will be named and plans made for an active campaign on behalf of the independent movement.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform adopted at the Cleveland conference of July 17, and which has been circulated by mail, was endorsed. This document reaffirms the Kansas City platform, endorses William J. Bryan and declares particularly for the free coinage of silver. It also includes the following plank:

"We demand that all money that is manufactured to be used in this country as a medium of exchange, whether it be gold, silver or paper, shall be coined by the government and distributed among the people without the intervention of banks and that every dollar of it shall be a legal tender for all debts, public and private."

RICHMOND BANKER DIES.

Richmond, Ind., Aug. 1.—Josse Cates, president of the Union National bank, died today.

MISSING AT ARCOLA.

July 15 an old man named H Gunn, a music teacher living at Arcola, packed his valise and said he was going away for a few days. He came to Fort Wayne and left his valise at Schele's saloon, on Harrison street. Since then no trace of him has been found either in this city or at Arcola and his grip still remains at Schele's. Henry Rockhill, of Arcola, has written Sheriff Stout, asking him to make some inquiries about the old gentleman and says that he believes he met with foul play. Inquiry at the several railroad ticket offices failed to furnish the sheriff any clue to work on.

HAVE BOUGHT THE DISPATCH.

A. H. Bittinger and E. R. Gesamann have purchased the Fort Wayne Dispatch, established twenty-three years ago by James Mitchell and published by him continuously since that time. The offices have been removed from Clinton street to room 30, Pixley-Long block, and it is stated that the Dispatch will be conducted as an independent newspaper, with two editions weekly. The firm will be A. H. Bittinger & Co., but they will merely exercise supervision over it, placing a manager in charge of the work. The first issue under the new regime appears today.

FORT WAYNE MEN ARE IN LUCK

M. T. STOKES AND E. M. FITCH WIN FARMS IN OKLAHOMA.

Each Drew a Prize of 160 Acres in Uncle Sam's Big Lottery of Indian Lands.

Two Fort Wayne men have drawn prizes in Uncle Sam's big Oklahoma land lottery and by the turn of fortune's wheel Attorney M. T. Stokes and Eugene M. Fitch each becomes the owner of a quarter section of fine land—Mr. Fitch in the El Reno district and Mr. Stokes in the Lawton district.

Mr. Fitch is the son of Monroe W. Fitch, the well known insurance man, and has been a member of the firm of M. W. Fitch & Sons. In company with Mr. Stokes he left Fort Wayne July 21 for a visit to Oklahoma, going first to Anadarko to call on an acquaintance—Dr. Hume, who is a brother of Mrs. O. B. Fitch—and then filed applications along with those of about 166,000 other land seekers.

Notice of Mr. Fitch's good fortune was brought to the city last evening by the Associated Press dispatches, and this morning official notification was received from the land office at El Reno that Mr. Stokes had also drawn a claim and advising him to appear August 8 for allotment. Under the terms of the homestead grants it will be necessary for both to remain in Oklahoma some time, as a certain amount of development is necessary to prove bona fide homestead intentions and to hold the land.

It is regarded as remarkable that with the chances normally so heavily against them the two Fort Wayne gentlemen who made the trip together should each have such good fortune, and their friends are very highly gratified at the success which has attended their quest.

BOERS TO SHOOT NATIVES

IN EMPLOY OF THE BRITISH, SAYS A REPORT.

Kitchener Sends a Report of the Latest Charge Against the Transvaalers.

London, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria today, says:

"French reports that he received a letter from Kreitzinger, a Boer commander, announcing his intention to shoot all natives in British employ, whether armed or unarmed. Many cases of cold-blooded murder of natives in Cape Colony have recently occurred."

Another dispatch from Lord Kitchener, from Pretoria, dated today, says:

"On July 28 an officer's patrol of twenty yoemanry and some native scouts followed two carts and a few Boers fifteen miles from the railway at Doornn river, Orange River colony, where they were cut off by 200 Boers, and, after defending themselves in a small building, they surrendered when their ammunition was exhausted. Three yoeman were wounded. After the surrender the Boers made the native scouts throw their hands up and shot them in cold blood. They afterwards shot a wounded yoeman. The remainder were released. The Boers gave as a reason for shooting the yoeman that they thought he was a "Cape" boy. Evidence on this was taken from scouts."

WILL DRIVE BOERS OUT.

Lorenzo Marques, Aug. 1.—A Boer commando with two guns entered the Portuguese territory, encamping at Gunnetz. Five hundred Portuguese troops are already at Gunnetz, and artillery left here for that place this morning. Three hundred troops in addition are in readiness to proceed unless the Boers surrender.

A new case of scarlet fever has been reported at 42 Boone street.

THE HENZE CASES IN COURT

TWO CHARGES AGAINST THE SALOONKEEPER.

Arguments to Be Heard Thursday—Henze Saloon Long Running Without a License.

[From Wednesday's Daily.]

The only case at police court this morning was that of William Henze, and that was plenty. J. R. Bittenger presided as special judge and the affidavits were two in number, one charging association with prostitutes, naming Elsie and Alice Hickman and Jeanette Walton, and the other was for allowing minors to loiter in his saloon. The defendant was represented by Attorney Charles Ryan, and began to get busy at once. He demanded that the trial proceed in the case charging loitering and refused to consider the associating charge which had just been filed. The court, however, ruled that as the defendant was in court it was at the state's option which case should be tried first. The state elected to try the case charging association, and after another job lot of squabbling the trial proceeded. Officer Pappert testified as to the fact of the arrest and the situation of the saloon and wine room and the positions of the girls and the defendant. Jeanette Walton testified that she had frequently visited the defendant's saloon and that she considered it a safe place to go; she did not even blush when she was referred to as a prostitute and admitted that she was only nineteen years old and frequently spent the night with male companions at rented rooms. There was much cross-firing during the taking of the testimony from both sides, and after it was all in, by agreement, the arguments were postponed until 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. After the first case is disposed of the loitering case will be tried. From the cross-examinations it is probable that the line of defense will be that the defendant can not be convicted of association unless it is shown that the same parties were repeatedly together, and the state in this instance failed to show that the Hickman girls had been in the place more than once. The Sentinel man did a little detective work on his own account with reference to the Henze place and finds that depraved women resort there. It also learned a still more important fact and that is that Henze has been running his joint, openly, since the 6th of November, 1900, without a license, and that, too, with the knowledge and presumed consent of the prosecuting attorney. Not only does the prosecutor know it, but he has been officially notified of the fact by officers. When the matter was called to his attention some time ago he said that "Bill is hard up just now," but that he would come in "one of these days" and plead guilty to Sabbath desecration.

BILL'S TRICK A FAILURE

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The only business in police court this morning was the hearing of the arguments in the case of William Henze, the Clinton street saloonkeeper, charged with associating with prostitutes. The defense set up the argument that the mere fact that Henze sold drinks to women of bad repute does not constitute association within the meaning of the statutes. The state held the opposite view and Judge Bittinger took the matter under advisement until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, when he will render a decision. The case against the same man for allowing minors to loiter in his saloon was continued until tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, the state not being ready for trial. Another affidavit will be filed against Henze for selling liquor without a license, the same having expired on the 6th of November last, as stated in last evening's Sentinel. With the consent of the state the filing of that charge was postponed until tomorrow morning and in the meantime Henze said he would anticipate that charge by taking out his license within thirty minutes, representing that he had advertised for one. An hour later Constable Lindsey appeared at the county auditor's office with the money and asked for a license. He was informed that none had been granted, none had been applied for and that there was no proof of publication to show that he had ever advertised for one. He was further informed by the auditor that it would not be possible to grant him one before the September sitting of the commissioners. Henze has been running eight months without the required permit and it will now be interesting to note whether the prosecuting attorney will protect him another month and allow him to run his joint thirty days more in direct violation of the law.

SEES RAINFALL OF FROGS.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Aug. 1.—Last Saturday, when the great hailstorm was raging at Union Road, George W. Ritchie, of Charlottetown, observed a singular phenomenon of nature. He was driving from St. Peter's to Mount Stewart when he noticed ahead of him two dark columns extending from the earth to the clouds. He thought little about the matter till he reached Mount Stewart, when his attention was arrested by a great number of frogs in the road and along the sides of it. The frogs were young, green in color, and averaged about one and a half inches in length. The place was dry and not the sort of locality where frogs are usually found. About 300 yards away was a mill pond where frogs congregate, and it is thought that a waterspout passing over the place sucked up the frogs and carried them where they were found by Mr. Ritchie.

OLD COLUMBIA A WINNER

DEFEATS THE LAWSON BOAT IN GOOD RACE.

Independence Showed Up Better in Run in on Last Leg, But Began Too Late.

Bateman's Point, R. I., Aug. 1.—The staunch old Columbia again showed her racing qualities today by defeating the Lawson yacht Independence in a good race. The course was as follows:

Ten miles southwest by south, with a mark boat anchored a few miles off Point Judith, then due east ten miles, and the third leg northwest to the finish at the lightship.

The Independence crossed the finish line four minutes three seconds behind the Columbia.

In the run to finish of ten miles as timed ashore the Independence apparently gained over two minutes on the Columbia.

LAWSON WANTS TO WIN.

Boston, Aug. 1.—A special from Newport, R. I., to the Herald says: "If a tale circulated among yachtmen here is true, Thomas W. Lawson promised his crew $100,000 if the Independence defeated he Constitution and the Columbia. The Constitution being out of the race, it is declared that the offer holds for the defeat of the Columbia alone in the present series. This extraordinary amount of race money would give each member of the crew about $2,000."

STORY NOT CONFIRMED.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 1.—Investigations made here fail to substantiate the report that Thomas W. Lawson has offered $100,000, to be divided among the crew of the Independence, if she should defeat the Constitution and the Columbia.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

No such thing as "summer complaint," where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for every looseness of the bowels.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.

CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

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William E. Mossman,	Louis Fox,
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Charles A. Wilding,	David Studebaker.

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—Four 40-acre tracts; 25 acres, 7 miles from city; 10 acres, 3 miles from city; 10 acres, 7 miles out; 13 acres, 5 miles out; 10 acres, 6 miles out; 7 acres, 2 miles out; one 5-room house, No. 7 Summit St., $1,250. Inquire of R. C. Niswonger & Co., 18 Harrison St. 4m26d&wtf

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 4½ and 5 per cent., with privilege of partial payments; also money loaned on personal security; property for sale. P. A. & F. P. Randall, Bass block, Fort Wayne. d-wtf

M'KINLEY MAY END BIG STRIKE

Senator Hanna Makes a Trip to Canton, It is Said to Confer With the President About Peace Measures.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 2.—Senator Hanna left here for Canton today to visit President McKinley. It is understood that Mr. Hanna will remain in Canton as the president's guest until Saturday afternoon, when he will return to Cleveland.

While Senator Hanna declined to discuss the object of his journey to Canton, it is generally regarded as significant at this time. It is known that the president is most anxious to see the great Amalgamated strike settled at the earliest possible moment. Senator Hanna also expressed himself as desiring to see the struggle brought to a close, as well as admitting that he is to some extent connected with the efforts being made to reach an agreement. That Mr. Hanna is bringing influence to bear in favor of a settlement there is now but little doubt, and those who have closely watched the course of recent events believe that the senator's visit to Canton is largely for the purpose of conferring with the president upon that subject.

A MISSISSIPPI MOB HANGS WOMEN

Carrollton, Miss., Aug. 2.—The brutal murder of Mr. and Mrs. Taliaferro, on the night of July 30, led last evening at 5 o'clock to the lynching of Betsy McCrea, her son, Belford McCrea, and daughter, Ida McCrea, all colored.

The mob was composed of about five hundred white citizens of Carroll county, who marched to the jail in order, demanded the keys from Jailer Duke, proceeded to the cells of the unfortunate negroes, bound them by the neck and hands, and carried them to the corporate limits of the town, where they hanged them to a tree by the public roadside and riddled their bodies with bullets.

The mob resisted the earnest appeals of Judge W. F. Stephens and W. S. Hill, who stood on the steps of the jail and appealed to the crowd in the name of law and order. They even followed the mob to the cell doors with their arms around the necks of the leaders, pleading with them to let the law take its course, but with no effect.

Ida McCrea confessed to the knowledge of the murder and stated that her mother Betsy and her brother Belford helped commit the murder. She further implicated others, who probably will meet a like fate. Betsy McCrea refused to make any statement.

Governor A. H. Longino arrived on the scene by special train from Jackson a few minutes after the hanging. He addressed a large and attentive audience at the courthouse, impressing upon his hearers the duty of their citizenship and obedience to law and order.

The best citizens of the county, among whom were W. F. Stephens, District Attorney W. S. Hill, Senator A. B. George, L. M. Southworth and others, labored untiringly with the excited mob all during the day to allow the law to take its course, but without avail.

HELD FOR BLACKMAILING

MAN AND WOMAN CAUGHT AT A STALE GAME.

Ed Dirkes and Eva Weiss Now in Jail Under Bonds for Crime That is Serious.

Ed J. Dierkes and Eva Weiss were tried in police court for extor- rested last Friday by Detective Coling rested last night by Detective Coling and Officer Strodel. Attorney Ryan also appeared for this delectable pair. The prosecuting witness was George Gebhart, and he gave his testimony very hesitatingly. The same dilatory tactics as were pursued in the Henze cases were attempted in this case, but not successfully. Gebhart testified in substance that several weeks ago he met the woman on the corner of Barr and Main streets and was accosted by her. The witness was excused from testifying to anything that might disgrace him, so part of the conduct of the pair during the evening was not inquired into. The witness testified, however, that they walked across the Spy Run avenue bridge to Wagner's lane, where they separated and Gebhart returned toward the city, but had gone only a short distance when he was confronted by Dierkes, who brandished a large club and fiercely inquired what he, Gebhart, was doing with his wife. Gebhart said he did not know it was his wife and was badly frightened. Dierkes called him vile names and said if he did not fix it up he would knock his head off. Gebhart wanted to know what he wanted, and he told him he wanted $2 and wanted it quick. Gebhart said he had no money with him, but being afraid said he would pay him $2 the next day if he would come to his shop where he worked. With an oath Dierkes allowed him to go, but the next morning went to the place where his victim worked and renewed his demand. He told him in the presence of other witnesses that if he did not pay him the money he would expose him, and he did not care a —— how he got the money either. Gebhart drew $2 from his employer and gave it to him. On this testimony Judge Louttit bound Dierkes over in the sum of $1,000 and the girl as an accomplice in the sum of $500. In default of bail both were sent to jail.

Officer Coling says that Dierkes and the woman have been practicing the game over two weeks to his knowledge, but last week he caught the man "dead to rights." He saw the woman on Main street and followed her. Presently she caught on to a man and went with him across the Spy Run bridge. Coling followed and soon saw Dierkes appear on the scene. The fellow whom the girl had in tow was a pretty big and husky sort of an individual and Dierkes was evidently afraid to undertake his bluff and hung off. Coling hid behind a tree and when Dierkes and the woman came along he stepped out and took them in, but the man, who would have made a good witness, got away. The detective has several other cases in sight, and by the time the case comes to trial there will be all kinds of evidence to secure a conviction.

Dierkes is well known and was formerly a railroader, and about a year ago was arrested for stealing an overcoat at Garrett. He settled that matter and has been in other scrapes. The woman is wholly abandoned and has rooms in a Calhoun street block, where she lives with Dierkes most of the time.

Before the trial the two Hickman girls and Jeanette Walton were brought in as witness in the Henze cases. This batch and Dierkes and his woman greeted each other very cordially and held a pleasant little conference before the court was called to order.

DEATH ENDS SINGULAR VOW.

Dublin, Ind., Aug. 2.—When the Bond family, who reside in Orange county, was broken up nearly forty years ago, the mother decided to sell the old farm. John Bond, then forty-three years old, vowed if the place was sold he would go to bed and remain there until death. The farm was sold and he has kept his remarkable vow. He was carried in his bed to the polls to vote. His sisters stayed with him, keeping him company until the end, which came yesterday.

$40,000,000 DEPOT FOR CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Plans for a central railroad station here, estimated to cost $40,000,000, are being prepared to submit at a meeting of railway officials to be held August 15. Eighteen of the twenty-two railroad companies with Chicago terminals have approved the scheme as drawn by Alderman Dixon, and members of the council committee appointed to investigate the question of a single terminal believe the plan can be carried to a successful conclusion. The Illinois Central, Northwestern, Pennsylvania and Great Western railroads are the only ones which have thus far not given their approval.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

QUEER CASE GOES TO COURT.

Bluffton, Ind., Aug. 2.—At the February term of court F. M. Thurber and wife, of Ossian, adopted the little eight-year-old girl of John M. Rumrill, whose wife had just died. The child was given the name of Marjorie Rumrill Thurber, and as the foster parents had no children she was taken into their home. Recently, however, the father desired his child back again and a mutual understanding was reached by which she was turned over to Mr. Rumrill. He came here yesterday from Dunkirk, where he now works, and took little Marjorie back with him.

The case is a peculiar one. The law provides how a child may be adopted, but has no remedy by which it can be "unadopted." As both Mr. Rumrill and Mr. Thurber have agreed to abrogate existing relations a petition will be filed in the circuit court at the September term asking that the girl's name be changed back from Thurber to Rumrill and that she be debarred to any claim as an heir. This is the first case of its kind in Indiana and will be a test case.

BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

Elkhart, Ind., Aug. 2.—Henry Heasley, sixty years old, a pioneer grocer, committed suicide by shooting himself through the brain. He swept out the store, placed everything in order, and then killed himself, his dead body being found by a customer. Business reverses are the presumed cause.

E. H. COOMBS PAINFULLY HURT

RIGHT LEG IS FRACTURED BETWEEN ANKLE AND KNEE.

Horse Which He Was Riding Fell and Pinned Him Meneath It— Other Mishaps.

Edmund H. Coombs, the well-known wholesale hardware dealer, was the victim of a painful accident before 7 o'clock Friday morning, as a result of which both bones of his right leg were fractured about midway between the knee and ankle.

Mr. Coombs was enjoying an early morning ride on horseback, and in turning at the corner of Barr and Berry streets, the animal fell upon the pavement, carrying the rider down with him in such a manner that Mr. Coombs' right leg was pinioned beneath the horse and broken. Several pedestrians saw the accident and hurried to Mr. Coombs' assistance. The ambulance conveyed him to his home, on West Berry street, where Dr. N. L. Deming and Dr. M. F. Porter reduced the fracture, and the patient is resting as comfortable as possible under the circumstances. He sustained a number of bruises, but none of a serious nature.

HURT IN A RUNAWAY.

Ernest Soest, a farmer residing four miles north of the city, was badly hurt in a runaway accident on Spy Run avenue late Thursday afternoon. Mr. Soest's team, after running several blocks, collided with a telephone pole, and the driver was pitched out beneath the wheels. He was unconscious when aid reached him and was removed to the residence of Henry Cossler, where Dr. Hammond dressed his injuries. He had an extensive gash in the side of his face and one shoulder was badly bruised. Later in the evening Mr. Soest was removed to his home.

Edward Lauer, employed at Wolff Bros.' clothing store, was at work around some boxes Thursday, when a nail penetrated his wrist deeply.

ANOTHER HANDS A CLAIM.

Another Fort Wayne young man has been fortunate in securing a claim of 160 acres in the El Reno district at the big land lottery conducted last week in Oklahoma by the government. It is Harry Alderman, who notified friends in the city Friday of his good fortune. He held No. 1017. Mr. Alderman has been in Oklahoma for several months prospecting, and will now locate there and develop his claim. He is the third Fort Wayne man to win a prize in the allotment of the new Indian lands.

ROOSEVELT IN COLORADO.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 3.—The celebration of the quarto-centennial of Colorado's admission to statehood ended here today with many interesting events. Whenever Colonel Roosevelt, who has been a central figure in the celebration, appeared in public he was greeted with the utmost enthusiasm. Rough riders, Indians and the Foil and Sabre club entertained a large crowd during the morning with broadsword contests and feats of horsemanship. At 10:30 Vice President Roosevelt received the members of his regiment at his hotel and between 11 and 12 o'clock he held a general reception in the Northside park, shaking hands with many persons.

EVILS OF ANTIPYRINE.

The use of antipyrine for the relief and cure of headaches has a depressing influence on the heart, and causes a derangement of the kidneys. Krause's Headache Capsules contain no antipyrine, chloral, morphine or any injurious ingredient. They cure quickly and leave the head clear and cool. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

County Auditor William Meyer, jr., has returned from Mackinaw.

IS HEAVILY FINED

HENZE GIVEN $50 MULCT FOR ASSOCIATING.

PLACE IS SCORED BY JUDGE

AN APPEAL IS TAKEN BY HIS ATTORNEY.

OTHER CHARGES DISMISSED.

PROSECUTOR SAYS HE WILL TRY HIGHER COURT.

(From Friday's Daily.)

Special Judge Bittenger this afternoon handed down his decision in the case against William Henze for unlawful association, which he had deferred after the hearing yesterday. The decision was in writing and was quite lengthy, quoting a number of authorities and supreme court decisions in similar cases. He took occasion to remark that the evidence showed that the Henze saloon was a notorious resort for prostitutes and lewd women and that the proprietor by opening his doors to them aided and abetted them in the pursuit of their unlawful calling. He found the defendant guilty and assessed the penalty at a fine of $50 and the costs of the prosecution. The defendant's attorneys were prepared for such a finding, as they made a motion for an appeal and presented a bond already prepared. The bond was fixed at $300, and C. F. Centlivre was the surety, which was acceptable to the court.

After three days of filibustering of every kind, getting continuances, postponements, calling for jury trials and rewriting, correcting and amending affidavits the loitering case against William Henze was this morning dismissed by the prosecutor. When the case was called at police court Attorney Will Ryan, appearing for Henze, first made a motion in abatement and then demanded a jury trial. The prosecutor, for reasons stated a day or two since, refused to try the case before a jury in the lower court, but dismissed the case. He will now file an affidavit of information in the circuit court, have Henze arrested on a bench warrant and present the matter to the grand jury. In the meantime the witnesses, all of whom are nomadic, will doubtless disappear, and when the time comes for trial, if there are no witnesses, Mr. Henze will go acquit. After the dismissal Mr. Henze left court and returned to his saloon, where he has been for eight months and still is doing business without a license, and the prosecutor at this writing has still failed to file an affidavit against him, although the case is as plain as the face of the clock on the court house.

THINKS SCHLEY NO COWARD

New York, Aug. 2.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Madrid says:

Lieutenant Enrique Capriles, former governor of Santiago de Cuba, who was on board the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya during the battle of Santiago, in an attempt to escape with the city records and the treasure of Santiago, in an interview regarding Admiral Schley, said:

"I was on the bridge of the Vizcaya and saw the fight. I saw the Brooklyn, and from an excellent position observed her movements. The Brooklyn attacked us, and it is ridiculous to say the Brooklyn kept too far away or stayed out of the fight.

"There can't have been cowardice where the ship engaged three of ours. Eyewitnesses of the battle are dying off, and it is better to finally settle the question now while enough witnesses are living."

IT MIGHT HAVE STOPPED IT

SENATOR ELLISON TALKS OF THE INSANITY TRUST.

Believes a Bill Which He Introduced Would Have Prevented Recent Shameless Methods.

Hon. T. E. Ellison believes the passage of a bill which he introduced in the legislature four years ago would have made it impossible for persons not insane to have been railroaded into asylums of the state. Speaking of the recent disclosures at Indianapolis this morning Senator Ellison said:

"Four years ago, while a member of the legislature, I introduced a bill designed to provide for a more thorough inquiry into the mental condition of persons believed to be insane before they are lodged in the asylums. The measure took the lunacy matters out of the hands of the justices of the peace and provided that the circuit court must pass upon the case, after serving a notice upon the suspected patient and taking the testimony of physicians. The bill, however, was killed in the lower house.

"Now," continued Mr. Ellison, "the new measure providing for the admission of feeble minded women into the state institution in this city follows more closely the original lines of the bill I introduced four years ago, for it makes the courts the determining power. This portion of the bill passed last winter I also drafted, and I believe if similar provisions were made in the ordinary insanity cases it would make impossible the conditions which seem to have prevailed in some parts of Indiana."

SECOND ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

Bluffton, Ind., Aug. 2.—Ethel Porter, seventeen years old, fired a bullet last night, directed toward the heart, because her mother scolded her for going out with undesirable male companions. The missile followed the fifth rib, lodging near the left shoulder blade, inflicting a severe, but not fatal, wound. Last winter the girl tried to kill herself by taking arsenic, but was saved from death by an overdose.

DENY VOTE TO THE NEGRO

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS WISH WHITE SUPREMACY.

Race Question Declared Paramount Issue in Campaign—Plain Statement of Purpose.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 2.—The democratic state convention which met here yesterday declared that the purpose of the party, if successful in the coming election, is to eliminate the negro from politics in Maryland, if such a thing be possible under the constitution of the state.

Upon this, the paramount issue of the campaign, will stand the candidates nominated for state offices and those chosen in the various county and district conventions as candidates for places in the legislature of 1902, which body will elect a United States senator to succeed George L. Wellington. That his successor, in the event of democratic victory, will be Arthur Pue Gorman is settled beyond question, although no formal announcement of his candidacy has been made.

The nominal purpose for which the convention met was to select candidates for the offices of comptroller and clerk of the court of appeals, and it fulfilled this task by unanimously naming Dr. Joshua W. Hering, of Carroll, and J. Frank Turner, of Talbot, to succeed themselves in places mentioned. This action, however, was a foregone conclusion and the real business of the convention was the formulation and adoption of a platform upon which the democrats could go before the people of the state with a reasonable show of winning.

The combined sagacity of all the democratic leaders in the state was called into requisition for this purpose and under the advice and guidance of Mr. Gorman the following declaration upon the chief point in issue was evolved:

"The democratic party represents more than 40,000 majority of the white people of Maryland. They, in common with their brethren of other states where large masses of colored voters have been injected into the body politic, recognize that the peace, good order, personal safety and proper development of our material interests depend upon the control of the commonwealth by its intelligent white residents. Without the aid of the 60,000 colored voters the republican party in Maryland would be a hopeless minority.

"We therefore without hesitation proclaim that the success of the democratic party will mean that while we shall deal with perfect fairness in securing all the benefits of good government and free opportunities for education to all classes, such action must be taken as to prevent the control of the state government from passing into the hands of those who have neither the ability nor the interest to manage public affairs wisely and well."

Both Mr. Gorman and Mr. Rasin were present throughout the proceedings, but neither of them appeared on the platform, nor did they occupy seats in the body of the hall. After the convention adjourned Mr. Gorman held an informal reception behind the scenes and great enthusiasm was shown by those who crowded forward to shake his hand.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES
one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

THE BANK EMPTY

AVILLA'S FINANCIAL HOUSE CLOSES DOORS.

DEPOSITORS LOSE HEAVILY

LIABILITIES OF CONCERN ABOUT $20,000.

A STRIKE RIOT AT MUNCIE

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Avilla, Ind., Aug. 2.—This little town is aroused to a high pitch of excitement over the failure of the Bank of Avilla, which did not open its doors for business yesterday morning, and today many excited depositors have been gathered about town discussing the situation. There is no doubt but that depositors will lose heavily.

The bank was established about two years ago by H. W. Leach, who came from Chicago, and he quickly ingratiated himself into the fullest confidence of the people. He was presumed to be quite wealthy and started out to do great things for the town. He engaged in the manufacture of carriages under the name of the Avilla Carriage works, and has just completed an elegant residence in the north part of town.

No one here seems to have had an inkling of the impending crash until Wednesday evening, when Mr. Leach himself told one or two of his heaviest creditors of the predicament he was in and that the bank must close for lack of funds to meet its liabilities. It is claimed that there were about 250 depositors, mostly residents of Avilla and farmers living in the vicinity, and that the aggregate deposits will amount to $16,000 or $17,000. Another estimate puts it $5,000 to $8,000 higher, and Mr. Leach himself is credited with saying that he has less than $100 in cash. The sale of about seventy-five carriages now on hand in the carriage works, together with the residence, will reduce the liabilities somewhat, though it is believed that not more than a 25 per cent. payment will be possible.

Leach was also in control of the state bank at Cromwell, and this institution has also closed its doors, though it is said funds are on hand there to more nearly settle with depositors. Leach has been spending the day at Kendallville in consultation with an attorney and it is said will file a petition in bankruptcy. The feeling against him is very high here.

SHARP WORK OF DETECTIVES.

Goshen, Ind., Aug. 2.—By shrewd work on the part of private detectives it is said that between $15,000 and $16,000 which was stolen from an Akron, O., bank recently was recovered through arrests made here a few days ago. Fearing that a run would be caused should the robbery become known, the bank officials did not report their loss to the police, but hired detectives themselves. One of the robbers was not an experienced hand at the business and became talkative. He afforded the detectives a clue which resulted in their nailing a local gambling den last Saturday morning. Taking their men quietly into custody, the detectives forced them to go to Elkhart, near where the money was said to be hidden. There it is claimed that the money in bills and gold coin was turned over to the officers.

The robbery, which occurred about ten days ago, was not reported to the local police, but they partly verified the story of the recovery of the money. One of the men implicated is said to have served time in the Jeffersonville, Ind., prison for burglary and to live in Leavitt street, Chicago.

SENTENCED FOR ODD DEED

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 2.—William Thompson, a peg-legged tramp, was arraigned in police court yesterday and sentenced to the penitentiary for from two to fourteen years for tattooing young boys The tramp would tattoo the boys whenever they stole and bought beer for him. The case is probably the first of its kind in the state.

HOLD AN ALL NIGHT SERVICE.

Notre Dame, Ind., Aug. 2.—The annual procession of the portruncula commenced yesterday at 3 p. m. in the Church of the Sacred Heart. This service, which is held on the 2d day of August each year, continued all night and all day today, closing at sundown this evening. The Church of the Sacred Heart is one of the few churches in America not maintained by the Franciscan order in which the procession of portuncula is held. The church aisles were thronged at the opening of the services yesterday afternoon, many people from South Bend and neighboring cities taking advantage of the opportunity to attend. Most of the religiouses of Notre Dame and St. Mary's academy remaining here during the vacation keep the lines always filled.

WENT INTO THE DITCH.

Monroeville, Ind., Aug. 2.—William Barrone, who was steaming his traction engine along the East Liberty road, south of the place, lost control of the engine, and the whole outfit plunged down an embankment and into a ditch sixteen feet below, carrying the water tank and a wagon down with it. No one was injured.

TWO KILLED BY ICE CREAM.

English, Ind., Aug. 2.—The wholesale poisoning of an ice cream party is reported from Celina. Martha Graham and Alta Karns, prominent young women, are dead and more than twenty-five are seriously ill, though hopes are entertained of their recovery.

BADLY INJURED IN A RIOT.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 2.—The strike at the Ontario Silverware works assumed a serious phase last night when a desperate fight occurred between union and non-union men and a squad of police were called to quell the riot. The seriously injured are:

Buck, Frank.
Conly, William.
Lanning, George.

The union men who are out met homecoming workmen on the river bridge, where the fight occurred. Several men were severely injured, one man being knocked from his bicycle by a stone thrown, it is supposed, by a non-union man

The fight was participated in by more than a dozen men. Further trouble is feared if the non-union men return to the works and guards will probably be placed about the works. Five arrests have been made.

BITTEN BY A BLACK SPIDER.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 2.—Charles Patterson, a young farmer living north of here, is slowly dying of blood poisoning, caused by a spider's bite. While he was cutting grass last Friday a black spider jumped upon his hand from a tuft of grass. He threw off the insect after it had bitten him, thinking little of the incident. The next morning his arm was badly swollen and the poison has continued to spread.

OIL NEAR WINCHESTER.

Winchester, Ind., Aug. 2.—On the farm of Nate Butts, near this city, the Monarch Gas company, drilling for gas, last night shot a well and oil and gas came out in great quantities. When it became settled there was a good flow of both gas and oil. The company thinks the gas and oil can both be saved.

PLAN EXCHANGE AT AVILLA

NATIONAL TELEPHONE MEN WANT A FRANCHISE.

Will Construct a Large Number of Farmer Lines—New Bank is Soon to Open There.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Avilla, Ind., Aug. 2.—The National Telephone and Telegraph company, of Fort Wayne, is preparing to install an exchange in this place, and it is probable the board of town trustees at its meeting next Tuesday will be asked to grant a franchise. There is likely to be no opposition to the measure. The company will give its subscribers here free service with Kendallville and will also connect up a large number of farmer lines radiating in every direction from this place.

NEW BANK FOR AVILLA.

Avilla, Ind., Aug. 2.—Following closely upon the failure of the Bank of Avilla yesterday, other capitalists have already practically completed arrangements for establishing a banking institution here. It will be a branch of the well known Noble County bank at Kendallville and Sol Baum, of this place, will be cashier.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment, Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

SETS A NEW MARK

CRESCEUS, KING OF TROTTERS, LOWERS RECORD.

MILE IN 2:02 1-4 AT COLUMBUS

CUTS HALF A SECOND FROM CLEVELAND RECORD.

GOES FIRST HALF IN 0:59 3-4

WIND IN HOME STRETCH HINDERS STALLION.

Columbus, O., Aug. 3.—Cresceus, champion of the trotting turf, added more laurels to his fame yesterday by trotting a mile in 2:01¼, reducing by half a second his week-old record of 2:02¾, made at Cleveland last Friday. The first half was trotted in 0:59¾, the first time that the distance has been covered in less than one minute by a trotter. The time by quarters was 0:29¾, 0:59¾, 1:30¼ and 2:02¼. Only a stiff wind blowing directly up the stretch kept him from stepping faster than 2:02.

More than 12,000 persons journeyed to the Driving park, attracted there to see the greatest trotter ever foaled in action. It was a brilliant assemblage and intense enthusiasm for the horse was manifested.

WEATHER NOT PROMISING.

The weather at noon was unpromising to a degree. After a week of fearful heat it turned cool on Thursday night and a strong wind blew from the south. At midday the sky was lowering and overcast and a few drops of rain fell, but not enough to hurt the track, which was in excellent condition, or keep the crowd away. About 2 o'clock the heavens cleared and the sun came out warm and bright, but the wind did not decrease in force.

In the overnight poolselling a great deal of money went into the box at odds of $25 to $17 on time against the trotter. At the track, owing to the fierce wind, the odds against the horse increased to $25 to $8, but the backers of Cresceus were game and took the short end as long as pools were sold.

George Ketcham appeared on the track with Cresceus a little before 4 o'clock. The horse and driver were royally received, and Mr. Ketcham was forced to lift his cap as they passed the stand. The champion jogged three miles slower than three minutes and one in 2:22. An hour later he came out again and after scoring several times stepped a mile in 2:25. At 4:30 he worked out for the last time in 2:15½. He evidently had great power in reserve and the vast throng waited patiently for the great test.

It was evident that the wind would not decrease before dark and at 5:40 the stallion was brought out for the last.

Tim Murrnen, his trainer, was ready to accompany him with a runner and Dan Laho waited at the half mile pole to take him on from there.

PACED BY A RUNNER.

On the fifth score Ketcham nodded for the word, but Cresceus was not in his best stride and he pulled up at the first turn to try it again. Down to the wire he rushed, the runner two lengths behind, and this time it was a go. Gamely facing the breeze, the champion started on his journey, moving with apparent ease, and at his greatest speed. The runner caught him at the quarter and a sigh went up from the breathless throng as the time went up, a quarter or a second less than 0:30. Now the wind was at his back, and, realizing the advantage, Ketcham kept him at his great clip. The half-mile pole was passed in 0:59¾, a record never before attained, and here the second runner took him up.

Into the far turn and around it the great stallion thundered, his mighty muscles and machinelike stride carrying him on as if on wings. The three-quarter pole was reached and passed in the wonderful time of 1:30¼.

Then came the great trial, for as Cresceus turned into the stretch the bitter wind beat him in the face and held him back by force. For the fraction of a second he seemed to falter, but his driver's voice was in his ears, and on he came. With that indomitable courage which makes him what he is he plunged in toward the finish with unweakened stride, and in spite of weariness and the buffeting of the breeze flashed under the wire a winner against time. But for the wind against which Cresceus struggled it is believed that his time would have been a second faster. It was the most wonderful mile ever trotted on any track.

STALLION WILDLY CHEERED.

Enthusiasm broke loose as soon as the horse had passed the wire. The crowd rushed on the track to greet the champion and a huge wreath of flowers was hung around his neck. Mr. Ketchum, owner and driver, was carried to the judges' stand and called on for a speech. In a few words he expressed his appreciation of the interest taken in the attempt, his trust in Ohio horses and his confidence in his own great trotter. Cresceus was not unduly fatigued by his effort and half an hour later seemed ready for another mile.

NEW POSTMASTER IS IN.

(Monroeville Breeze.)

It is now Postmaster Frank Walters. J. M. Tryon having surrendered the keys over at 9:30 last evening, and it was at once moved to the Adam C. Robinson implement room on South street. Tryon retires with the knowledge that the change was not made for incompetency, but owing to not standing in line with the political ring or wire pullers of his party. The Breeze can extend words of Congratulations to Postmaster Walters over his successful race for the office and wish him success, but we predict that the change as made over the vigorous protest of a large majority of our people and patrons of the office will create a sounding trumpet in the party lines at the next election in this part of Allen county.

REPORT ON TRUCK FARMING

GOVERNMENT REVIEWS THE GROWING INTEREST.

It Has Progressed on a Great Scale—Vegetables Never Out of Season Now.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The agricultural department is preparing to publish an exhaustive report by Edward G. Warde, jr., and Edwin S. Holmes, jr., on truck farming and the transportation of fruits and vegetables in the United States. The report covers the following points:

1. A description of the transportation of fruits and vegetables from southern truck farms to northern markets.

2. A description of the California fruit industry and the movement of California fruits to interior points and Atlantic seaboard cities.

3. Freight rates and refrigerator charges on perishable products in all important sections of the country.

Reviewing the general growth of these interests, the report says:

"Truck farming in the United States has been recognized as a distinct agricultural industry for a period of about forty years.

"The increasing population of the cities and a consequent demand for a greater quantity and larger variety of vegetables at all seasons of the year, the changed conditions and the surplus of labor in the south after the close of the civil war, and the building of many thousands of miles of new railways have given this industry an impetus which has caused it to develop with remarkable activity, and large areas throughout the entire country are now devoted almost exclusively to the growing of what is known as garden truck.

This is especially true of all the southern states, where from late winter until early autumn thousands and thousands of acres are under cultivation to supply northern markets with fruits and vegetables, there being hardly a northern city of any size which is not receiving its out-of-season garden truck. The southern planter has made new use of his farms.

"Many of the improved facilities which have been adopted by the freight departments of our railroads are directly attributable to the handling of perishable agricultural products. Routes have been shortened, through schedules adopted, motive power increased, and by the use of ventilation, refrigeration, speed and quick delivery the railroads are enabled to place the truck in the northern markets in as good condition as when it left the southern farm, even when it necessitate a journey of many hundred miles.

"Such a thing as a particular season for any kind of vegetable in our principal markets is at this time practically unknown, and it is now possible to draw upon the different sections of the country and receive at any season of the year nearly all the standard varieties of vegetables. In the late autumn and early spring Florida and the southern states furnish the supply for the northern markets until the advancing season (which moves northward at the rate of about fifteen miles a day) matures the crops through the eastern and central states; those states supply the midsummer and autumn markets until the frosts of winter once more compel a return to the south, where a fresh crop is at the command of the market.

TO STUDY SEA LIFE.

The German Antarctic expedition, which will start for Kerguelen Island in a few months, will give special attention to the study of sea life and its economic aspects. None of the useful varieties of fish is yet known to exist in Antarctic waters.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

GOD'S PROMISE TO ABRAHAM—THE COMPLAINT FOR WANT OF AN HEIR—IS JUSTIFIED FOR FAITH.

(John Lindsay Withrow, D. D., Park Street Church, Boston, in the Chicago Record-Herald.)

Lesson for Sunday, August 11, 1901.

Topic—"God's Promise to Abraham."

Text—Genesis xv., 1-18.

REVELATIONS TO ABRAM.

There were nine occasions when God gave Abram a special manifestation of himself. Four of these have passed—at Ur of the Chaldees, at Haran, at Moreh and between Bethel and Ai. The fifth is now before us and is different from the others. The previous occasion was less distinct. In the present case we have God expressing himself, for (lesson v. 1) "the word of the Lord came unto Abram, in vision, saying."

Abram's God and our God is the true God, for many reasons we could give, but just now we say for the reason that He has ever been emerging from the unseen and addressing mankind. The deities of idolatry have all been dumb, dead things. "They have mouths, but they speak not." The God of the rationalist, of the materialistic naturalist, of the skeptical philosopher is silent and forever separated from communication with human beings.

Our God is approachable and expressive. Thus the earliest writers of scripture conceived of Him. Sovereign over all, He is yet sympathetic with every human soul. Which is the deity most to be desired and adored by you, the god which the pagan cuts out of metal or wood, and which the heathen never expects to hear a word from, or our God of the Bible, who from first leaf to last of the Revelations is seen in outshowing acts and utterances, as it were, ever endeavoring to enter into conscious and complete relations with His creature man.

REASON FOR MANY NAMES.

It is this that accounts for the many names of God in the Bible. Omnipotent, omnipresent and omniscient is He. These are the very attributes we do not have and yet all wish we did have. No one is all powerful, but everyone wishes he were. No one is omniscient, but does not everyone wish he did know everything? Again we crave as our God one who has sympathetic feelings for our wants. And we are taught in scripture that "like as a father pities his children, so the Lord pities them that fear Him." And at last the longing desire of man is to see God in visual embodiment.

Turning to the Bible we have this desire gratified. For "in the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. And the word was made flesh and dwelt among us. And we beheld His glory as of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth." Such then, with many more evidences I might adduce showing how God has been from the beginning trying to get consciously, intelligently near to mankind.

The disclosures He made to man in Old Testament times were far from that full manifestation in Jesus. For Jesus could say: "He that hath seen Me hath seen the Father." "I and my Father are one." All that God is was made visible in Christ. That is what we mean by saying we believe in the deity of Jesus Christ.

Now let us go back to the divine revelation made to Abram. We recall that universal idolatry prevailed. When Terah and his son Abram were living in Ur of the Chaldees by some means the Almighty called and convinced Abram to quit image worship and follow as he should be led by the invisible, supreme God. He and his son went to Haran and dwelt there, and from thence migrated to Egypt.

PROMISES ARE FULFILLED.

In Egypt he realized richly on the promises of great prosperity, which had been pledged to him at the outset by the unseen God. And after his exodus from Egypt and entrance into Canaan wealth and influence flowed in full stream into his county and country. In the chapter preceding our lesson he is triumphant in war. Thus (Genesis xiv., 1-12) we read of a confederacy of four kings against the king of Sodom and his allies, and in the campaign the four conquered and captured and carried away (xiv., 11-12) all the goods of Sodom and Gomorrah. "And they took Lot," Abram's nephew, whom we last saw pitching his tent toward Sodom.

As soon as Abram learned the facts (xiv., 13-16), he organized his retainers and troops, and putting the confederates to flight he restored the captured goods and his imprisoned nephew, and received (xiv., 17-20) an enormous ovation at the hands of the King of Sodom and his rescued associates.

Now Abram stands upon a topmost pinnacle of success, earthly, material success. Serving God appeared to pay past the brightest expectation.

But—and here we reach the events in this lesson this rich shiek was not content. Well, who ever was made content by heaping wealth into his hand and lifting up his head on high? If it did not really occur that Alexander the Great wept when there remained no more worlds to conquer, he very properly expressed himself in words as sorrowful as those use who weep. The multiplying millionaires in our country are never reported as satisfied, no difference how colossal their fortune has become.

ABRAM FRETS ABOUT FUTURE.

Just so Abram begins to fret about the future of his fortune and family fame. He was childless, and the only prospective heir to all he had (lesson v. 2) was "this Elizer of Damascus." He was the steward, perhaps his manager and confidential manager, but nothing of blood kinship. Mark the gentle method by which Jehovah taught his servant (lesson v. 5) that a very different future awaited him. The scripture tells us the Lord "brought him forth abroad," and said: Look now toward heaven and tell the stars if thou be able to number them; and He said unto Abram, So shall thy seed be.

What terms, tones or instrument the Lord used to impart this truth, no matter. "The secret of the Lord is with them that fear Him," and He will shew them His way. A true and very trustful child of God now knows what it is to feel God bringing him "forth abroad," and imparting impulses and impressions which are messages of the Almighty to one of us, as truly as Abraham was here taught of God.

And the beauty of it is in verse 6, that "he believed in the Lord" (and "the Lord counted it to him for righteousness"). There is much more in the statement "believed in, or believed on," than simply to say "he believed the Lord." We often believe our fellow men—believe what they say to be true—when we do not, would not and could not believe on them. To believe on them would be to rest upon their word with assurance that they are able and intend to make their promises good.

Abraham believed on the Lord. He took God at His word. Do not let any opponent of simple faith in the affirmations of holy scripture disturb your peace by expressing doubts on the reliability of the Bible. Take it as it comes to you. Trust its teachings. Turn a deaf ear to all who would defame its integrity and trustworthiness. Remember, Abraham had a very much less distinct message from heaven, and yet he believed in the Lord, and was well rewarded for his blind faith in the divine word.

EXPLAINS OLD TEXT.

Is it asked, What means the statement, the Lord "counted it to him for righteousness"? This, at least, that it is a right thing to accept the oracles of God implicitly. Also that to take God at His word is so to honor and please Him that He will accept us as righteous, and to us He will continue to impart His most holy self.

The New Testament terms are justification and sanctification. So Paul (Romans v., 1) speaks of "being justified by faith," as in contrast to those who think of being justified by works of their own doing. That is, the difference between making ourselves right and letting God make us all we need to be. And the latter follows full affectionate trust in Him. Lord make me holy! Offering that prayer with all one's heart and mind and meaning results in God imparting to us His righteousness.

Before all else, God desires our belief in Him. And of us He has more reason to expect it, because in Jesus He comes so clearly before us and so very near there is no excuse for our doubting. Abraham had no Bible help. He had no Bethlehem, nor Calvary, nor Easter teaching. And yet he so nobly and boldly believed in God that (Roman iv., 11) he stands in history as "the father of all them that believe." What an enviable distinction! Rather would I have such an honor to my credit than to be known as crowned with all the diadems of earthly dominion. And at first thought we say, Why not? If we would be a triumphant believer in God, then why not just go and be one?

The answer is, that such is our poor humanity, owing to inheritance and our own evil doings, that it is of all things most difficult to believe what God has said by His inspired teachers, prophets and His own Son, Jesus Christ.

REAFFIRMS FORMER PROMISE.

And of this we have an example in the next view we are to take (lesson verses 7-11) of Abraham. When the Lord (verse 7) reaffirmed His former promise that Canaan, where we now find Abram, should be his for a possession, this head hero of all believers for a moment lost his masterful confidence in the bare promise (verse 8) and asked for a sign. I cannot take thy word, Lord, please give me a sign. Thou gavest me a sign in the countless stars, now give me another to assure me that Canaan shall be mine.

And the sign the Lord did give him, according to verses 9 and 10. What was the significance of the second sign? This selection and sacrifice of animals and birds was an oriental custom. It was their way of establishing a covenant between two parties. In the ceremonial the sacrifices were placed in two rows apart and the contracting parties passed between the rows, and uttered imprecations upon either one or the other who should fail to keep the covenant faithfully. Thus God would say: Prepare the sacrificial animals according to the Levitical cultus. Lay them in order and pass between, offering imprecatory prayers upon yourself and upon me. The Most High, if either of us fail to do our part in obtaining Canaan for thine inheritance.

By this sign Abraham's heart took hope, and we never hear of him doubting greatly again. This lesson will be worth less or more just as we get out of it a great increase of confidence that what God has said, that same will He do!

But there is yet one truth to make clear in our closing. The Almighty would not have Abraham suppose that nothing but plenty, progress and promotion awaited him in this world. Since that day it has been no uncommon thing for those who claim to love God and trust Him to think He should be ever and forever enriching and exalting them.

GREATER GLORY AWAITED.

Abram had enjoyed an unparalleled course of prosperity, and yet greater glory was promised. But there would be another side of his experience; and this we have symbolized in verses 12-14. In his sleep an affrighting dream foretold a future of trial, not for him personally so much as for that offspring he had so much desired to have given him. It was all well with this rich and victorious servant of God, just returned from triumph over the five confederated kings.

But says God, there is overstrong oppression with bitter suffering ahead. Not that all are to be subjected to the same grinding ills which came on Abraham's offspring in Egypt for hundreds of continuous years. But for every true child of God there is a measure of world hardship which brings sickness and heaviness of heart. A multitude never so great may be gathered in an assembly, and if that old hymn be given out, two lines of which run,

Are there no foes for me to face,
While pressing on to God?

the response of each intelligent singer will be "Yes."

Must I be carried to the skies
On flowery beds of ease?
No!

As a closing thought, just see how clearly the truth of a future life and of reunion with our departed friends in God is here taught (verse 15). May we all who have studied this lesson together there meet and greet one another and be glorified in Him.

BADLY HURT IN A COLLISION

MISS AGNES BAUER WAS RENDERED UNCONSCIOUS.

A collision, in which a young lady and two boys on bicycles were the participants, occurred on the highway near Academie Friday. Miss Agnes Bauer, daughter of a well-known farmer, sustained the only injuries. She suffered concussion of the brain and was unconscious for two or three hours after the accident and remained in a dazed condition up to noon today. She also received some ugly cuts and bruises about the face. Dr. J. D. Chambers was called to attend the sufferer.

Another unfortunate person was the eight-year-old son of Thomas Craig, residing out on the St. Joe road a few miles. The lad was playing on a hay rack, when a splinter about two inches long entered his hip. Dr. Chambers was also called to remove the splinter and had to use the knife in extracting it.

CURES RHEUMATISM AND CATARRH AFTER ALL ELSE FAILS—COSTS NOTHING TO TRY.

To cure the most desperate rheumatism or catarrh take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) the wonder of the age. Cures when all else fails. It kills the poison in the blood and gives a pure, healthy blood supply, stopping all gnawing, shooting aches and pains in the bones, joints, back, and reduces all swellings. Hawking, spitting, dropping in the throat, offensive breath and catarrh, irritations of the mucous membranes quickly disappear, thus making a perfect, permanent cure of the worst rheumatism or deep-seated catarrh. B. B. B. especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gilham, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Sold by Ranke & Nusbaum, 88 Calhoun St.

Miss Myrtle Kane is entertaining Miss Blanche Shelley, of Tipton.

For the Children.

WEENTY AND TEENTY AND THEIR SEASHORE KITCHEN

Out in the sand, with the sun for a fire,
Weenty and Teenty, to their hearts' desire,
Cook patties and cake and puddings and pie,
With clamshells for saucepans, and, mother, oh, my!
But they taste "licking good," and the trouble we've found
is so many would dine that the grub won't go round.
—Good Housekeeping.

A HAPPY BOY.

How the Vice President Made Glad a Ten-year-old Admirer.

Ten-year-old Floyd Lane of Cambridge, N. Y., had the courage of his convictions concerning Vice President Roosevelt while yet he was governor. The lad was convinced that he loved and admired Teddy more than any other man on earth excepting his father, and he was just as firmly convinced that it was his duty to tell the governor so. He had been reading Roosevelt's "Hunting Trips on the Prairie," and he became so enthusiastic that he forthwith wrote the following letter:

Dear Mr. Roosevelt—I want to congratulate you upon your success as an author, but I suppose you are so busy with the affairs of state that you don't have time to pay any attention to a little boy's letter. I should like the whole seven volumes of your books, but cannot afford them. My papa went to Troy to hear you speak. He is a Republican, and so am I. The boys have a cry at school: "Hooh, hoosh, hoosh! McKinley, Roosevelt! Hah, hah, what?" Your adherent admirer,

FLOYD LANE.

Floyd really did not expect an answer to his little effusion. He would have liked one, but the fact that he had written to his hero was almost satisfaction enough for one small heart, and when an answer came about four weeks later from Roosevelt's own hand the boy's joy knew no bounds. The answer was as follows:

STATE OF NEW YORK,
EXECUTIVE MANSION, ALBANY.

Master Floyd Lane—I received yours and am pleased to hear from you. I liked the cry at the end of the letter, and I liked still more your thinking of sending me a letter at all. Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

It is safe to predict that this one of Roosevelt's letters will never be lost. It is treasured up among the boy's possessions as being much more precious than gold.

Careless Sabina.

Sabina, the daughter of rich parents, had a little room to herself, but it was always untidy. All the good advice of her mother that she should keep it in better order was in vain. One Sunday

THE STAINED FROCK.

afternoon she had just finished dressing herself and was about to go out when the daughter of a neighbor brought her a basket of fine black cherries. As tables and window sill were already covered with clothes and other things Sabina set the basket on a chair which was covered with blue silk stuff and then went out with her mother for a walk. Late in the evening she came back to her room very tired and threw herself on a chair. But she jumped quickly up again, with a cry of dismay. She had seated herself on the basket of cherries. Her white silk frock was stained with the juice of the ripe fruit. She was greatly vexed and all the more because she knew that if she had kept her room tidy, as her mother wished, the cherries would have been on the table and not on the chair.—Chatterbox.

A Small Boy's Sarcasm.

Aunt Jane wanted to study, but little Willie wanted to ask questions. After answering a few aunt told Willie not to talk or make a noise. There was dead silence on Willie's part for a moment, then in a plaintive voice he said:

"I s'pose you don't mind me thinking? You can't hear the thinking machine going, can you?"

THE DANDELION AND DAISY.

Some Facts About the Children's Favorite Flowers.

The big yellow dandelion is a cousin of the little daisy—such a near cousin too! Both dandelions and daisies are brave plants and make their appearance long before the buttercups do. Pick a dandelion and look at it carefully. The beautiful yellow top is made up of little flowers, each complete in itself. Pull off some of the yellow rays that look like petals, ask mother to lend you a magnifying glass, and you will see, if you look at the ray, that the petal isn't a petal at all, but a perfect little flower.

Flowers that are made up in this way of lots of little flowers are called "compound" flowers. Ask mother to tell you just what "compound" means if you don't understand. The dandelion shuts up tight on a wet or cloudy day, but directly the sun comes it spreads its rays wide open and looks like a bit of sunshine itself. Indeed, the dandelion has been called the "sunflower of spring." The dandelion grows white headed when it has done flowering, for its seeds have the prettiest white feathers, so that when they are ripe the wind carries them far away to a place where perhaps there were no dandelions before.

All children know the white head dandelions as dandelion clocks and blow the seeds to see what time it is.

The dandelion clock is a weather glass, too, "for if the down flieth off a dandelion when there is no wind it is a sure sign of rain."

The leaves of the dandelion have great big notches in them and are used to make salads. The roots are roasted and ground and made into medicine, so you see it is a very useful plant.

The stalk is quite hollow, like a tube, and filled with a white milk juice.

The daisy is a cousin of the dandelion. All the pretty yellow center is made up of tiny flowers, and each of the petals is also a flower, so a daisy is made up of two kinds of flowers instead of one.

The name daisy means eye of day, and, like the dandelion, it grows and thrives when few other plants do and grows very quickly.

If the lawn is mown and all the little daisy heads cut off, next day or the next the grass is quite white with them again. H. C.

Some Things Animals Teach Us.

The woodpecker has a powerful little trip hammer.

The jaws of the tortoise and turtle are natural scissors.

The framework of a ship resembles the skeleton of a herring.

The squirrel carries a chisel in his mouth, and the bee the carpenter's plane.

The gnat fashions its eggs in the shape of a lifeboat. You cannot sink them without tearing them to pieces.

A porcupine's hill is strengthened by ribs in the same way that the iron masts of modern ships are strengthened.

The diving bell imitates the water spider. It constructs a small cell under the water, clasps a bubble of air between its legs, dives down into its submarine chamber with the bubble, displacing the water gradually, until its abode contains a large, airy room surrounded by water.

Smart Boys.

One day at table the talk turned on the new wing that was being added to the Pennsylvania hospital in Philadelphia, which those who have seen it will remember has a large statue of William Penn in front of it. An older brother said, "If they build another wing to the hospital, it will fly away, because it will have two." "No," said his brother, "it won't. Don't you know it's Penned down?" — Philadelphia Times.

A Neglected Insect.

"You'll take a walk," the brownie said;
The fairy smiled assent.
And then across the moonlit hills
The tiny couple went.

The caterpillar, up aloft,
Some bitter tears let fall.
"Why doesn't any one," it cried,
"Ask me to take a crawl?"

"KERNEL BUNKER."

He Relates Several Little Incidents of a Personal Nature.

Copyright, 1898. By M. QUAD.

"A gentleman's opinions, sah," said Kurnel Bunker, as he continued to hold up his glass, after it had been emptied of the last drop—"a gentleman's opinions are either his opinions or they are not. If they are his opinions he will maintain them; if they are not, then he is not exactly a gentleman—not exactly, sah. Take, for instance, that little affair with Judge Armitage. The judge and I were sitting in pleasant conversation, interspersed with mint juleps. In relating an anecdote I used a Scriptural quotation: 'Honor thy father and thy mother.' I put the word mother first, and the judge picked me up on it. I realized that I was wrong, but as a gentleman I was bound to maintain the correctness of my position. The judge produced a Bible and pointed out the quotation. He was right, of course, but I would not recede—could not recede, sah. When he was impolitic enough to press the matter I looked him in the eye and said:

"'Judge Armitage, my friend, Maj. Downes, will call on you this afternoon. Any arrangements he may make with your representative will doubtless prove mutually satisfactory.'

"The judge seemed disconcerted—considerably disconcerted, sah—but I must give him the credit to say that he was on the ground next morning only two minutes behind me. We had taken our places at ten paces, when Gen. Sabin arrived and expressed his desire to stop the affair before it had gone too far. I was wrong, sah, but I could not give in. The judge was right and he could not honorably recede. The conflict would have gone on but for the general's suggestion that I had not intended to use the quotation at all. What I ought to have said, as he plainly pointed out, was: 'The wicked flee when no man pursueth,' or, 'Pride goeth before a fall.' That put the matter in a different light at once, and after a due display of reluctance the judge

"LIFTED OUR HATS IN SALUTE."

and I came together—came together, sah, and shook hands and took a drink together. I do not just now recall whether it was a whisky cocktail or a mint julep, but the memory of it still lingers on my palate."

Something to match it was ordered and brought out, and when Kurnel Bunker had lovingly lingered over it for five minutes he suddenly straightened himself and said:

"A gentleman's honah, sah, is something which cannot be too carefully guarded. We are all liable to mistakes, but one may come out of a mistake with credit, as was proved by the little incident over at Rosedale two or three years ago. I arrived there just as there was to be a horse race. Both owners insisted that I should judge the race. A true gentleman can descend from his dignity on occasions, sah—on rare occasions—without loss of respect. This was one of the occasions. I descended. My eyesight is somewhat defective, as I am forced to admit. It was a close finish, and my decision was that Kurnel Baldtree's horse had won by a head. Everyone else saw that Capt. Jackson's horse had won by a length. There it was, you see. I had announced my decision and must stick by it. I refused to change, but realizing that I was in the wrong I sent for the captain and handed him the amount of the purse, and then said:

"'Capt. Baldtree, your horse won that race, but my decision was against you.'

"'It was not a fair decision,' he replied.

"'But it stands, Capt. Baldtree—it stands. No gentleman can go back on his decision. As you have seen fit to question the fairness of my decision I trust you will name a friend at as early a date as possible.'

"The captain was clearly astonished, sah, but he realized the situation and named his friend. The next day we had a meeting, and I did him the honor to bore a hole through his left shoulder. My decision was a mistake, but I carried it through as a gentleman should, sah. Always stand by your decision, right or wrong. In fact, a wrong decision gives you more of a chance to maintain your honah than a right one. Where your stand is unquestioned there is no honah in upholding it."

The kurnel moved his empty glass about uneasily and glanced over his shoulder, but as nothing of interest followed he rose up, took a turn or two and then sat down to say:

"There was nothing at all in that little affair with Gen. Crawford to regret. The general and I were raised in the same school—both sticklers for honah, sah. He was stopping at my plantation as my guest, and as we strolled about one day we saw an alligator on the edge of the bayou. I referred to the creature as a saurian. The general replied that the term saurian referred only to crocodiles. I promptly declared that an alligator and a crocodile were the same thing. There we were, sah—both wrong, but both bound by honah to maintain our positions. As we halted under a tree I said to the general:

"'Gen. Crawford, as my respected guest, you have certain claims upon my consideration, but you will excuse me for saying that it is just ten paces from this tree to that stake?'

"'And you have pistols at the house,' he promptly replied.

"Such things are intuitively understood between gentlemen, sah. The general nodded his head to show me that he waived any claims, and I called to my valet to bring the pistols. There was something so careless and indifferent about the affair that I love to recall it. While we loaded the pistols we conversed on agriculture; while making ready to toss for position we had a discussion on horticulture; as the general marched away to the stake he was speaking of the possibilities of draining the bayou and converting it into a garden. As his host it was left to me to give the word to fire. I decided that I would pink the general in the left arm. Honah does not always require that you should kill your antagonist. As I afterwards understood, the general decided to pink me under the right arm. It was all so coolly indifferent that my valet supposed we were target shooting. When we were in position, I held out my handkerchief and informed the general that I should count three and then drop it. He understood. At the word we both fired together. Then we advanced and lifted our hats in salute, and as we clasped hands, I said:

"Gen. Crawford, I have sent a bullet through the fleshy part of your left arm, and we will proceed to the house and staunch the flow of blood.'

"'Kurnel Bunker,' replied the general, with incomparable suavity. 'I have taken the liberty to graze a few of your ribs, and a bandage will be in order at your convenience.'

"Then we linked arms and strolled along to the house, and no person about had the slightest idea that a duel had been fought until we called for lint. The general was wrong in saying that the term saurian applied only to the crocodile, while I was wrong in saying that the alligator was the same as the crocodile. Yes, sah, both wrong, but we could not recede—couldn't possibly do it, sah. Honah demanded that we maintain our assertions, and we carried the affair through in a manner to add new luster to our reputations. The general and I are the best of friends to-day, sah—the very best of friends, and—"

Kurnel Bunker made a long pause and looked about him. The glasses were replenished. He looked steadily into his for a moment, and then finished:

"Always make a decision, sah, and having made it, carry it through. If you die on the field of honah you will be referred to as a brave man; if you escape death your prestige will be reburnished. And then, sah—the drinks—the liquid refreshments—the—the—"

But there were no more drinks for him.

Not Particularly Pathetic.

An Ohio lady visiting Boston for the first time has been doing the sights. "I had my greatest thrill down at Copp's Hill burying ground," she said. "Yes, that's just the place for historic emotions," commented her interlocutor. She smiled. "As soon as my sister-in-law and I got into the place," she said, "I found myself almost stepping upon a grave with an inscription on a queer little iron-cover sort of a tomb. I jumped back, feeling the way you do when you step on a grave, and read the inscription, just three initials, no name or date. 'Isn't it pathetic?' I said, to my sister-in-law. 'Oh, I don't know,' she answered. 'B. W. W. means Boston water works.'"

Only Indian Twins Alive.

In Oklahoma territory the other day twins were born to White Dove, of the Osages. It has been the custom of Indians to strangle the weaker of the twins shortly after their birth. White Dove refused to follow the custom of her people, and now is out in the best Indian circles. She fled with her babies to the agent at Ponca and so saved them both.

Family with Big Feet.

A Greensburg (Ky.) storekeeper has on exhibition what he says is the largest shoe ever made for a woman. It is the exact size of 16 pairs that were made for a mother and five daughters, natives of Tennessee. It measures 13½ inches in height, 33 inches in length, and five inches across the widest part of the sole.

THE ONLY HEADACHE CURE.

Frank J. Baker, of Colorado Springs, says: "Krause's Headache Capsules is the only remedy that ever checked my sick headache, and I have cured scores of my friends with them." Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

The Making of a Coward.

BY CHAS. B. LEWIS.

Copyright, 1897.

His name was on the muster-rolls as William Smith, but the men of company B hailed him as "Johnny Raw" and "fresh fish," and had no end of fun at his expense. It was always thus with new recruits, especially if there was but one. It was a privilege of the old veterans to chaff and guy and refuse comradeship with him until he had passed through his first battle. They were not ill-natured, but they stood on their privilege. They had enlisted at the outbreak of the war, no matter whether imbued with patriotism or carried away by excitement. He had remained at home until cities and towns and wards paid a bounty for recruits. He might gain comradeship after awhile, but he must pay the penalty of his home-lingering first.

Johnny Raw hadn't been with his regiment a week when his company was detailed for picket duty on the regimental front, and pushed out two miles from camp. It was nothing new to the other men—it was new and strange to him, and they should have given him a show. When the guard was made up and he was assigned to post No. 5, some of the veterans should have said to him:

"Look here, Johnny Raw, your post is within 80 rods of the enemy, and though you want to keep your eyes open, there will be nothing to get rattled over. You will hear strange noises in the quiet of the night, but don't let that upset you. Don't fire your musket or raise an alarm unless you are sure that men are moving about. It'll be a lonely trick, but don't get to shaking over it."

But no one advised him thus. On the contrary, as he was making ready to go out, one of the men looked at him in a pitying way and said:

"Better say good-by to us, Johnny, and write a farewell line to your wife; you'll be a dead man before your time is out!"

"Why—why should they kill me?" asked the recruit in reply.

"To make one Yankee less. You've got the worst post of all. Last month the bushwhackers killed four different men on that post. Better have a fit all of a sudden and get off the detail."

"Are there bushwhackers around?"

"Lots of 'em, and you'll get a knife into your back or I'm a liar. Good-by, Johnny Raw! Sorry to lose you, but we'll have to pull along somehow."

Johnny Raw was no coward. On the contrary, he had the right sort of material in him to make a good fighter. It was latent and needed time to develop, but they were not giving him time. He did not exactly believe the statements of the veteran, but at ten o'clock at night, when he fell in with the relief to take post No. 5, his nerve was shaky. It seemed to him that the guard was in a great hurry to get on and leave him to his lonely vigil, and he eagerly listened to the retreating footsteps and shivered a little when they could no longer be heard. Before him, behind him, to the right and left was the forest, and almost at his feet was a brook which ran babbling away through the undergrowth. It would have been a lonely spot without the perils of war.

"What's that!"

Johnny Raw had been leaning against the big beech tree, on which some one had cut a rude figure "5." He started up with a fear in his heart as the November breeze came soughing through the forest and whipped the branches about and tore away the dying leaves. He thought it the sound of rushing footsteps at first, and there was such a lump in his throat that his challenge could not have been heard ten feet away. For the first time in his life he found his knees trembling and his teeth chattering with fear. He could not define the danger, but he felt that he was menaced. They had not told him he must remain on his feet. If they had he would have been obliged to sit down at the foot of the tree through weakness. Eyes and ears were vigilant, however, and as the minutes passed and no new sound came to threaten him his heart ceased to jump.

"Rustle! Rattle! Rustle!"

Johnny Raw was on his feet in an instant, with his musket thrown forward, and could anyone have seen his face through the darkness they would have found it whiter than a dead man's. The sentinel whom he relieved should have told him that 'possums and coons would be moving about over the dead leaves when things grew quiet, but he said not a word. That was what accounted for the noise, but in the dead-like silence between the gusts it sounded like men advancing on their tip-toes. At the end of three or four minutes Johnny Raw suspected the origin of the sounds and heaved a sigh of relief, but he had to acknowledge that his nerve was going. When it comes to that, a man is not responsible for what happens. Let him confess to himself that he is afraid and fear will soon eat out his heart.

"Babble! Babble! Babble!"

It was but the waters of the creek as they rushed over impeding rocks. The sounds had been in his ears when he took the post, but only just now had he separated them from other sounds. It was like three or four deep voices speaking together in undertones, and for a moment he peered into darkness and felt sure that he saw human forms crouching in the bushes a few feet before him. He opened his mouth to call out, but no sound came from it, and of a sudden his hands let go of his musket and it fell across his toes.

"God! but I am frightened!" whispered Johnny Raw, as he sank down and pulled the cape of his overcoat over his head.

So he was. Companionship and excitement would have carried him through a battle. The loneliness, the darkness, and the unseen perils which he believed menaced him, had broken him down in half an hour. As he cowered and trembled there came a long-drawn wail and the tree at his back swayed and complained. With a cry of alarm the man leaped up and dashed into the bush to his left. It was well that the bush checked him, or he would have knocked against the trees in his wild fright. As he struggled to tear himself loose, reason came to his aid, and told him that it was but a stronger gust of wind. The half-bared limbs were swaying and tossing as he looked up, and the dead leaves struck him on the face as they went whirling through the woods to find a resting place.

What should a soldier on picket do when he finds that fear has robbed him of his courage and coolness? To fire his musket meant to call out the reserve picket—alarm all along the mile front—questions — curses — taunts of cowardice. To find posts No. 4 and 6 in the darkness was impossible; or, even if he succeeded in doing so, he might be shot down by the men on duty before he could identify himself. To abandon his post and hide in the bushes or at the foot of some distant tree—yes, he would do that. No! no! That would be cowardice. He was becoming a coward—he was ready to admit that he was a coward—but there are some things so despicably cowardly that a craven will turn from them. Johnny Raw stood with bated breath and chattering teeth, and finger-nails digging into his palms, when there came a scuffling through the dead leaves — a rattling of twigs and branches and heavy steps, and the man sank down in a heap and gasped:

"They have come to kill me and I am glad of it! Here I am—here—here!"

The sentinel he had relieved should have also told him that a wounded horse was wandering about through the forest with a leg dragging behind him, as if seeking a place where the eyes of man could not behold his death struggles, but not a word of this. As the night waned the suffering animal felt the pangs of thirst and hobbled along the creek in search of a spot where he could reach the water. A dozen soldiers moving through the woods would have made no more noise. In his fear Johnny Raw believed that the enemy was advancing to a midnight attack, but he neither hunted for his musket to fire an alarm nor did he cry out nor challenge. With his blood running cold as the waters of the creek he cowered and gasped and trembled, and hoped that when the men reached him his death would come quickly.

The horse drank deeply, stopping now and then to sigh and moan, and when at last he had finished he turned and scented or caught sight of the figure on the earth. Perhaps he was glad—perhaps surprised. He neighed shrilly and advanced a few steps.

"It is a horse—only a horse!" gasped Johnny Raw, as he sprang up with a sob in his throat and a glow of welcome in his breast.

Was it a horse? No one could mistake that neigh, and the form looming up in the darkness could not belong to other living thing, but after a minute the man found himself doubting. Was it not a trick of the bushwhackers to take him off his guard? Aye! it might be what men call the monster of war roaming about in search of a victim. As he bent forward and peered into the darkness he thought he saw two eyes of fire—a mouth filled with fangs and blood—a great foot armed with claws lifted for a rush upon him. Was it imagination? Yes—yes! No—yes—no! The man pulled himself together and sought to reason. He could not reason. As he struggled against the fears which had sapped his strength, morally and physically, it seemed to him as if the big beech tree at his right was reaching out two bony hands to clasp his throat and choke out his life. He sprang aside with a shriek which startled the horse and sent the 'possums skurrying away, and now he was no longer himself in the smallest degree. Fright had grown into terror—terror sent him running through the forest. He did not take note of his way; he was flying from himself—from such dangers and perils as had never menaced man before. To save his life he must fly. He ran without seeing what was before him. He crashed through bushes, struck against trees and fell over logs, but on he ran, moaning and muttering and calling to God.

"Who comes here!"

It was a confederate picket on the far side of the neutral ground who challenged. Some one was running straight for him—some one seemed to be encouraging others to follow.

"Halt or I'll fire!"

There was no halting. Straight for his post came the crashing and stumbling and running, and as the figure of a man burst through the bushes the sentinel fired and called for the corporal of the guard.

"What is it?" asked the corporal, five minutes later.

"A man out there. He wouldn't answer my challenge and I dropped him!"

"It's a Yank!" exclaimed the corporal, as the two found the body in the darkness and struck a match to make a closer investigation.

"Deserter," replied the sentinel, "but why in the devil didn't he answer me?"

Johnny Raw had deserted his post and his lines in the face of the enemy, but who was to blame for it? Who had made him a coward and a deserter and covered his memory with infamy?

Getting Things Mixed.

He—Our minister gets things mixed, don't he?

She—What's he been saying now?

"Why, he said one of the greatest evils of our day was staying up late at night."—Yonkers Statesman.

PROGRESS.

The Michigan legislature has passed the Humphrey bill, which will practically require liquor-selling druggists to take out a saloon license.

Superintendent Richardson, of the United States insane asylum at Washington, puts the liquor-produced insanity of the United States at 55 per cent.

TEMPERANCE NOTES

THE THIRSTY MAN.

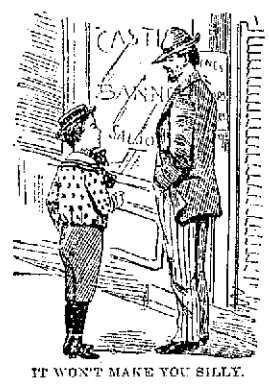
Little Charley Leads Him to the Fountain and Starts a Reformation.

"Mother," said Charlie, as he nestled lovingly by her side, "nurse knows such a funny man. At least, she knows his wife. I heard her telling cook last night, when they thought I was asleep. 'Poor Harriet,' she said, 'I am so sorry for her. Night after night her husband goes to the "Castle and Banner," and stops there drinking and drinking instead of going home. And she and the children never have enough to eat, and are always hungry, because he spends such a lot of money on drink.' Nurse and cook seem to think he must be a dreadful bad man. But I feel sorry for him, 'cause he must be always so very thirsty to drink so much as that. But why does he spend money for drink? Do you s'pose he doesn't know about water; and hasn't ever seen that new fountain in the square? What do they drink at the 'Castle and Banner,' mother?"

His mother sighed as she held her little son closer to her. For it is a hard task, and thankless, to open the eyes of our children to the knowledge of good and evil.

As Mrs. Russell was sitting alone on the evening of the same day the room door opened and nurse appeared, her face white and anxious.

"If you please, ma'am," she said, "I can't find Master Charlie anywhere. He was playing in the day nursery when I went to put baby to bed, and when I got back he was gone. His hat was gone, too, so I thought he must be in the garden, but I've hunted everywhere and can't find him. I never knew him do such a thing before, ma'am."



IT WON'T MAKE YOU SILLY.

And nurse began to cry.

Mrs. Russell rose hastily from her seat.

"Why! whatever can have happened to the child!" she cried. Then, like a flash, the memory of the morning's conversation came to her.

And hastily donning a simple sailor hat, she sallied forth.

About ten minutes before this a tall man, shabbily dressed, yet with the look of one who had seen better days, was entering the "Castle and Banner," when he was startled by a clear, childish voice addressing him.

"If you please, sir, are you very thirsty?" it said, "because there is such a nice fountain in the square, and you can have as much drink as you like there for nothing, and it won't make you silly, and you won't have a headache to-morrow."

The man looked down angrily, but his face softened as he met the gaze of Charlie's innocent eyes.

"Who sent you to tell me that?" he said, gruffly.

"No one sent me," said the child, "but I felt sure that nobody would be so silly as to drink the nasty stuff they sell in here if they knew there was water. So I came to tell you."

The man was evidently of a far better class than the ordinary frequenters of a public-house. And something in the situation seemed to appeal to his sense of humor. He smiled grimly as he spoke again.

"I have heard of water, my little man; but somehow or other I like this best."

"Oh, do you?" said Charlie, wistfully; "then doesn't it ever make you silly?"

A hot, painful flush spread duskily over the man's face.

"Sometimes it does; not often," he said.

"Water never does," said the child, eagerly. "Oh, please, sir, let me show you the fountain."

"Well, all right," said the man, half reluctantly. "I can call in here on my way back," he muttered to himself.

"Oh, thank you!" cried Charlie, delightedly, and slipping his little hand into the man's, he turned to go.

But the hand he clasped was drawn away.

"Don't do that," said the man. "Your mother wouldn't like to see you holding my hand."

"Oh, yes she would," he said, in surprise; "why shouldn't she?"

"Because I am poor and wear old clothes," the man replied, "and have been a bad man, too."

"I'm a bad boy sometimes," said Charlie, confidingly, "and I wear very old clothes when I'm playing in the garden. I like to hold your hand, 'cause I think you're a nice man. Mother says we ought to love everybody, 'cause God is our Father and loves us all. P'raps you've got a little boy at home about as big as me. If you have you know how God loves you, by how you love him."

"I've got a little boy at home," said his man in a subdued voice, "but he isn't as big as you; he's only eight years old."

"I'm only eight years old, too," said Charlie. "P'raps your little boy isn't so big as me because he doesn't have enough to eat. Nurse says she knows a man whose little boys don't have enough to eat because he is thirsty, and spends almost all his money on the nasty stuff to drink. I expect your little boy will grow bigger now you're going to drink water, don't you?"

The man's face was pale with emotion, the child's innocent chatter had touched his heart. But they had reached the fountain, and he was thus spared the necessity of replying. It was growing dusk; a man was lighting the lamps round the square. To his dying day Roger Carter never forgot the scene or the bright, earnest little face of the boy as he filled the drinking cup with water and handed it to him. He drained it eagerly, for he was really thirsty, and with the taste of the pure, cool water old memories rushed back to him. Once again he saw himself an innocent child like the boy before him. He thought of his own boy at home. Would he grow up like his father? God forbid!

"Well," he said, "that's the first drink of cold water I've had for many a long day."

"There," said Charlie, triumphantly. "I was sure you'd forgotten all about it. Have some more, do. It won't make you silly, and you won't have a headache to-morrow. I know, because I drink it myself. And there's nothing to pay for it, so you will have more money to take home for your little boy to-night, won't you?"

It was at this juncture that Mrs. Russell found them. She was not at all surprised to find her son conversing with a disreputable-looking man, but she was surprised to find in that man the husband of an old schoolfellow of her own, whom she had not seen for years.

The recognition was mutual, but while Roger Carter hung his head and tried to slink away, she came forward with outstretched hand and a bright smile of welcome.

"This is indeed a pleasure," she said. "It is a long time since we met. And how is Myra, Mr. Carter?"

"I have lost her," said the man. "She died two years ago, and since that time I have been going steadily downhill. I am ashamed for you to see me, Mrs. Russell."

"He'd forgotten about cold water, mother," piped out Charlie. "And he was very thirsty, so he had to drink the nasty stuff. But he's always going to drink water now, and then his little boy will have plenty to eat, and grow as big as me. You are, aren't you?" he went on, "now you know how nice it is?"

"I am, God helping me," said Roger, earnestly. "You have cured the thirsty man, Charlie, because you cured. Plenty of people have preached at me, but no one ever really cared before."

So there was something that even a little boy could do—Randall Chetwynd, in National Advocate.

PUNISHING HIMSELF.

Remorse and Self-Affliction Could Not Restore Lost Fortune of Drunken Miner.

A curious story is told of an acquaintance by an American miner. He says that the man was known in the camp as a quiet but determined man. He was well liked by the men who knew him, but he was averse to the dissipations common among the miners of the district.

While working at a place called Cripple Creek, several miles from Denver, he made a strike of several thousand dollars. He took his haul to Denver, and there, contrary to his usual habit, he succumbed to temptation and engaged in a prolonged debauch. He did not become sober until all his money was gone. Then he realized his folly and was exasperated at the besotted idiocy by which he had lost a fortune in a few days.

Money was offered him to pay his way back to the mines, but he refused to borrow a cent. He set out to walk the whole distance. A man who was driving a team in the direction he was going overtook him and offered him a ride, but the miner refused it. He trudged along doggedly, and the teamster overheard him muttering to himself: "Walk, walk, you miserable fool! Drink and gamble, will you? Then walk—it'll do you good. No, you needn't stop at a spring; go dry, you sot, you've drunk enough. Go on and walk—it serves you right. Walk—walk!"

And the man did walk until he reached his shanty, and sullenly resumed his work. Doubtless the self-inflicted suffering was a vent for his remorse, but it could not restore his wasted fortune.

White Fruit House

PRICES FOR 1901.

Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Syrups, Spices, Tobaccos, Fresh Fruits, California Dried Fruits, Nuts, Candies, Canned Fish and Salt Fish, Wool Carpets, Rag Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Tapestries, Mosquettes and Axminster Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Chinese Matting and Window Shades.

SUGARS, ALL GRADES, REDUCED ¼c POUND.

Standard Granulated Sugar, 6c lb. — Coffee A Sugar, 5½c lb.
Powdered Sugar, 6c lb. — Yellow Extra C Sugar, 4¾ lb.
Cut Loaf Sugar, 6c lb. — New Orleans Sugar, 4½c lb.

TEAS—GREEN, OOLONG AND JAPAN.

Fine grade of Teas command full price; beside the war in China and a heavy duty has put the price of teas up. But buying in large quantities and direct from the importer, thereby saving you a profit of 10c to 20c pound.

Extra Good Young Hyson, 35c lb. — English Breakfast, 60c lb.
Very Best Young Hyson, 50c lb. — Good Oolong, 35c; Best, 50c lb.
Gunpowder, Good, 40c lb, Best 60c lb. — Good Japan, 40c lb; Best, 50c lb.
Best Ceylon Tea, 60c lb.

COFFEE. COFFEE.

REDUCED 2 CENTS A POUND.

We make a specialty of roasting our best Rio Coffee here at home, and in this way our customers get a much fresher roast than in packages, besides you can see what you are buying, as it is loose and not in packages. It is quite a saving to our customers and a much better article.

Very Best Green Rio, 10c lb. — Our Best Roasted Rio, 12½c lb.
Old Government Java, Green, 25c lb. — Roasted Java, 31c lb.
Rich Mocha, Green, 25c lb. — Roasted Mocha, 31c lb.

LAKE FISH AND BOSTON FISH.

Family White Fish, ½bbl., $1.75. — Best Mackerel, kit, $1.90.
Family White Fish, kit, 50c. — Scotch Herring, keg, $1.25.
No. 1 White Fish, kit, $1.15. — Holland Herring, keg, 65c.
Mackerel, kit, $1.25. — Best Georgia Bank Cod Fish, whole, 8c.
Labrador Herring, 2c each. — Summer Cured Cod Fish, 5c.

CANNED GOODS.

California Green Gages, 15c lb — Tidal Wave Tomatoes, 9c can.
California Egg Plums, 15c lb, — Sugar Corn, 8c can.
California Apricots, 15c lb. — Egyptian Corn, 10c.
California Peaches, 17c. — Early June Peas, 9c can.
California White Cherries, 20c. — String Beans, 7c.

CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS.

California Raisins, 8c lb. — Domestic Apples, 6c lb.
Best California Raisins, 10c lb. — Pitted Plums, 15c lb.
California Apricots, 15c lb. — New Currants, 15c lb.
California Prunes, 5c and 9c lb. — No. 1 Blackberries, 10c lb.
Evaporated Apples, 8c lb. — California Peaches, 10c lb.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

Golden Drips, 30c gallon. — Good New Orleans, 20c gallon.
Best New Orleans, 40c gallon. — Rich Yellow Sorghum, 40c gallon.
Maple Syrup, 75c gallon. — Lyndon Maple Syrup, 35c bottle.

OILS—HARNESS, NEATSFOOT, LINSEED AND MACHINE.

Harness Oil, 50c gallon. — Neatsfoot, 60c gallon.
Boiled Linseed Oil, 80c gallon. — Fish Oil, 60c gallon.
Raw Linseed Oil, 30c gallon. — Lard Oil, 50c gallon.
Caster Oil, 70c gallon. — Machine Oil, dark, 25c gallon.
Machine Oil, Bright, 30c gallon.

WINES AND LIQUORS FOR MEDICAL USE ONLY.

Kelley Island Catawba, 70c gallon. — California Angelica, 80c gallon.
Kelley Island, Port, 80c gallon. — California Muscatel, 80c gallon.
California Sherry, 80c gallon. — Wines in bottles, 25c and 30c bottle.
German Kuemmel, $1.50 gallon. — Whiskies, New, $1.10 and $1.25 gallon.
German Kuemmel, bottles, 60c. — Whiskies, Old, $1.40, $1.75, $2.50 gallon.

FINE CUT AND PLUG TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Winner Fine cut, 30c lb. — Horse Shoe Plug, 43c lb.
Sweet Cuba Fine Cut, 35c lb. — Battle Ax, 34c plug; J. T., 17c plug.
Hiawatha Fine Cut, 65c lb. — Standard Navy, plug, 34c.
Flor De Anna Cigars, 35c per box. — Cora Cake Smoking, 25c lb.
Artistic Cigars, 65c per box. — American Star Fine Cut, 28c.
Tan Cigars, $1.25 per box. — Mail Pouch, 40c lb.

CARPETS, MATTING, LINOLEUMS, WINDOW SHADES AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

We have a large line and nice assortment of Oil Cloths, Carpets and Window Shades. We keep all grades and prices. Our whole corner is devoted to these goods, so you can always find a good display at low prices.

Window Shades, good, 10c each. — Linoleum, good, 50c square yd.
Window Shades, extra, 25c each. — Linoleum, best, 80c square yd.
Window Shades, best, 30c each. — Floor Oil Cloth, best, 35c yard.
Rag Carpet, good, per yard, 22c. — Floor Oil Cloth, good, 27c yard.
Rag Carpet, home made, per yard, 40c. — Ingrain Carpets, good, 35c yard.
Brussels Carpets, good, yard, 75c. — Ingrain Carpets, 50c yard.
Brussels Carpets, best, yard, 85c. — Extra Supers, per yard, 50c.

Be sure and give us a call and we will save you 20 per cent. on above goods.

White Fruit House,

FORT WAYNE IND.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS

for Children. Mother Gray, for years a nurse in the Children's Home in New York, treated children success ully with a remedy, now prepared and placed in the drug store, called Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They are harmless as milk, pleasant to take and never fail. A certain cure for feverishness, constipation, headache, teething and stomach disorders and remove worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

+RED CROSS+ PILLS

SAFE, SURE, IMMEDIATE. LADIES, MAILED TO ANY LADIES, WOMAN'S RELIEF. ARE UNEXCELLED FOR THE REMOVAL OF OBSTRUCTIONS OF THE + ADDRESS + IN PLAIN PACKAGES RED CROSS PILLS ARE PURELY VEGETABLE AND LEAVE NO BAD AFTER EFFECTS. THEY HAVE THE ENDORSEMENT OF EVERY PHYSICIAN FAMILIAR WITH THE FORMULA. LONG STANDING AND THE REGULATION OF ALL FEMALE IRREGULARITIES. LADIES $1.00 PER BOX LADIES

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET MAILED FREE

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Subscribe for The Sentinel.

MANY HOMING PIGEONS BURNED

Frank Contant's Birds Valued at $1,500 Destroyed in an Incendiary Blaze Early This Morning ---Oil Can in Evidence.

Penned helplessly in their loft in the upper portion of a barn at the rear of 72 Lasalle street, seventy valuable homing pigeons owned by Frank Contant were destroyed by fire early last Wednesday morning. The birds were worth more han $1,500, and this, together with the barn and other contents burned, will bring the total loss not far from $2,000. Other buildings in the vicinity also suffered considerably.

There seems to be no doubt but that the fire was the despicable work of an incendiary, and this opinion, while held from the first, was strengthened that morning by the finding of an empty oil can standing close to the ruins of the barn. Beneath the can was a quantity of cotton.

HEARD AN EXPLOSION.

The barn had been entirely closed and no fire of any sort had been near the building for days. At 2:30 o'clock that morning a neighbor of Mr. Contant, who had been sitting up with a small child, happened to glance in the direction of the Contant barn and saw the blaze. A short time previous to this he had heard a muffled explosion and the report was also heard by a lady living upon the opposite side of the scene of the fire.

The fire department made a quick response to the alarm at 2:30 a. m. and had a lively sort of battle before the flames were subdued. This was not accomplished until the building had been entirely consumed, except for a few charred timbers of the framework which still stand. The barn was owned by August Contant, who also lost a lot of valuable machinists' tools. The loss upon the barn is estimated at $200, insured for half the amount. Another barn on the premises of Mrs. Klingel, at 76 Lasalle street, was damaged to the extent of $25, and sheds across the alley from the Contant barn also suffered.

BIRDS' CRIES PITIFUL.

The fire had a bad start before it was discovered and when Mr. Contant reached the building and threw open the door the flames swept out toward him in a blinding sheet. It had started upon the first floor and through the roaring and crackling could be heard the cries of the imprisoned birds above. The fire had just reached the tiers of lofts where the pigeons were kept and the feathered creatures in their dying agony emitted cries that were pitiful in the extreme. There was no opportunity to remove any of the property and not a bird could escape.

Among the seventy pigeons which perished were a number of imported birds. Mr. Contant is an enthusiastic member of the Fort Wayne Homing club and three of his birds held a record of a six-hundred-mile flight in a single day, which was recently made. But two other birds in the country have made a like record and Mr. Contant recently refused an offer of $500 each for these pigeons. There were also a large number of young birds which were to have been shipped away that day for training in their first flight.

The officers are working upon the case and Mr. Contant announced today that he would pay a reward of $100 for information which would lead to the conviction of the incendiaries.

FIERCE REVOLUTION IN VENEZUELA

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, July 31.—Dr. Rangel Gardiras, at the head of 5,000 men, has revolted against President Castro of Venezuela.

The insurgents are near San Angelco, on the Colombian frontier. The Venezuelan government has sent 1,000 troops to the scene of the uprising. The situation is grave. Other outbreaks are expected. The whole country is ready to rise against President Castro. Constitutional guarantees have been suspended and complications with Colombia are feared to be imminent.

OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED.

Washington, July 31.—The state department today received the following telegram from the American legation at Caracas: "Martial law has been declared in Venezuela by the president of the country in consequence of the invasion of a revolutionary force from Colombia. It is reported that an army of 10,000 men will meet the invaders."

TREACHEROUS NATIVE OFFICERS

Filipinos Installed in Government Places Guilty of Aiding and Abetting by Crime the Insurgent War.

Washington, July 31.—The war department has received from the Philippines the records of numerous cases of courts martial of natives for murder, robbery, kidnaping and other crimes. Two cases of treachery and violation of the rules of war are reported. One is that of Placido Cuchapin, who was installed as presidente of the pueblo of Moncada, Tarlace, and who, while in this office, aided and abetted the insurgents. He was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment. Nicholas Valenton, who was vice presidente and lieutenant of police at the same place, was also found guilty on a similar charge and sentenced to ten years. It appears from facts brought out in different trials that there are secret societies among the natives, who are pledged to all manner of crimes for the purpose of carrying on the warfare against the United States. The port of Ibajui, island of Panay, P. I., has been closed by the commanding general, as a consequence of the United States troops from garrison duty at that place.

PROMOTERS VISIT BLUFFTON

AFTER RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR NEW ELECTRIC LINE.

Say Muncie Line to Fort Wayne Can Not Be Built Before Next Year —Wabash is Anxious.

A. L. Johnson and L. J. Schlessinger, of Muncie, were in the city today, says the Bluffton Banner, trying to engage a representative to secure right-of-way between Bluffton and Montpelier for the Muncie, Hartford City and Fort Wayne electric line. They have already secured the right-of-way from Muncie to Hartford City and want some Bluffton man to do the work between here and Montpelier and probably as far north as the county line. Mr. Johnson is the chief promoter of this line. He formerly lived here in Bluffton and is well known to the older citizens of Bluffton. He is now located in Muncie and is devoting all of his time to building the interurban line which is to connect Fort Wayne with Muncie and George McCulloch's lines.

As a railroad promoter, Mr. Johnson is original. He does not promise that the road will be built "before the snow flies." On the contrary he says that the road cannot possibly be completed before next year as it is impossible to secure rails before next summer. He does not ask for a cent from the people.

WABASH WANTS IT.

The Huntington Herald says that R. D. Smith, who visited Wabash in behalf of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company, received a cordial welcome at the hands of leading citizens. Mayor McHenry, Judge Shively, Nelson G. Hunter, Charles Haas, Benjamin Kinirk, W. D. Sayre and other prominent citizens were seen and when the proposition was made to extend the line from Huntington to Wabash in consideration of free rights-of-way, franchises, etc., they at once expressed themselves as being heartily in favor of the enterprise. They said they would pledge themselves that nothing would hinder the granting of the concessions asked for. No subsidies are asked for and the Wabash people say they are anxious to see the line built. The intention of the company is to begin work on the extension west immediately after the completion of the line to Fort Wayne, which will not be later than September 15.

GOES TO KANSAS CITY.

John J. Harris, who has been in charge of the order room of the Fort Wayne Drug company, has resigned his position there and gone to Kansas City, where he will take a position with another wholesale drug house.

BATTERY GETS NEW GUN.

A new 3.2 breech-loading gun has just been added to the equipment of Battery B, replacing the old Hotchkiss gun. This is in accordance with a new arrangement by which the Attica battery is equipped exclusively with the Hotchkiss guns, while Indianapolis and Fort Wayne will use the 3.2 guns. The local battery now has two of the pieces.

MONEY IN SAUSAGE.

Auburn, Ind., July 31.—Last winter, while butchering, Will Wyatt lost a $10 bill from his vest pocket. No trace could be found of the money, but yesterday Mrs. Wyatt opened a sealed can of sausage made at the time of the butchering. The bill was in it.

FINDS HEIR IN POOR HOUSE

MRS. SALLY SEABOLD WILL GET A FORTUNE.

Allen County Woman, 98 Years Old and Long a Charity Charge, a Direct Heir to Millions.

Mrs. Sally Seabold, an inmate of the Allen county poor house and ninety-eight years of age, is found to be one of the direct heirs to a big estate left by the late Binkhart Moser, of Tamaqua, Schuylkill county, Pa., and following years of poverty Mrs. Seabold is in prospect of ending her life in affluence.

The discovery was made by Attorney F. H. Kleekamp, who, with other attorneys, has been working on the case for three years. The estate is said to be valued at from $30,000,000 to $40,000,000—a portion of it inside the city limits of Tamaqua and the remainder in valuable coal and oil lands. It has been known for some time that one of the heirs resided in Allen county, but her identity had been lost, and even a newspaper advertisement failed to bring the missing heir to light.

Attorney Kleekamp's perseverance finally solved the problem, however, and he has notified Mrs. Seabold of her good fortune. She is a sister of the decedent and one of the sixty heirs to the property. Mrs. Seabold years ago lived in Adams township and later at Arcola, but she has long been a charity charge. It is said the estate will be divided in September.

NEW SUGAR CONCERN FORMED.

New York, July 31.—The Independent Sugar Refining company has filed with the county clerk at Elizabeth, N. J., articles of incorporation. The capital is put at $125,000, but this can be increased at will. The home office of the company will be at Fanwood, where Harry C. Pristenson, of the incorporators, resides. The other incorporators named are Henry L. Hobart and George H. McGinnis. Their addresses are given as Front street, New York city. While the details of the concern are not made public here, it is said that the formation of the concern is the foundation or development of a strong rival to existing combinations. The charter is ample to cover almost anything or to be expanded in its scope at any time. It is drawn under what has become known as the "Blanket clause."

M. C. MacDougal has purchased the stock of his partner, A. E. Harris, in the Paragon Manufacturing company, and will conduct the business in the future. Mr. Harris will enter other business.

PIMPLES

And other eruptions which mar the skin are more than a disfigurement and annoyance; they are a positive detriment to the business interests and social successes of the man they mark. Other things being equal, the man with a smooth skin and clear complexion will find it easier to get a good position or a good wife than the man whose face shows the impurity of his blood. That's the real point. The blood is bad. And for that very reason any treatment which is designed to cleanse the skin must cleanse the blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cleanses the blood from the clogging impurities which breed and feed disease, and so cures pimples, boils, eczema, and other diseases which have their cause in impure blood.

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains. You lose. Therefore, accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

"I have used your 'Golden Medical Discovery' in a case of scrofula, and cured it," writes Mr. Wm. D. Shamblin, of Remy, Cherokee Nation, Ind. Territory. "I took five bottles of it for my blood. I had 'ringworms' on me and I would burn them off and they would come right back, and they were on me when I commenced using 'Golden Medical Discovery,' which took them away, and I haven't been bothered anymore."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

DIED IN FLAMES

HUMAN BONES FOUND IN ASHES OF BURNED BARN.

LIGHTNING FIRED BUILDING

BELIEVED REFUGEES FROM STORM PERISHED.

A CHILD CLAWED BY TIGER

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

Bloomington, Ind., July 31.—Lightning fired the barn of Willis Aiken, near Ellettsville, during the night. Human bones found in the debris lead to the belief that two persons, who had sought shelter in the barn, perished. George and Joseph Prothers, farmers, were instantly killed by the lightning, which struck a tree under which they had taken shelter.

CLAWED BY A TIGER

Logansport, Ind., July 31.—A black tiger in a cage wih Robinson's circus succeeded yesterday in getting far enough through the bars of its cage to lay open to the bone the flesh on the top of the head and face of a six-year-old son of John Rush, an indulgent father who held his boy to the upper window of the animal's cage that a better view might be obtained before the side boards were let down. Rush took his boy to the grounds of the circus and when he passed around the wagons he saw that views sufficiently exciting were shut out by the side boards and he carefully boosted his boy up to the little barred window near the roof of the cage. The boy's face had hardly appeared before the angry tiger, with a roar, reached up and viciously wiped his paw, with claws protruding, over the lad's head and face, leaving the flesh mangled and torn. Rush was criticised by the showmen and great excitement prevailed for awhile. The boy will probably recover.

TINES PENETRATED SKULL.

Frankfort, Ind., July 31.—Simon Jones, a young farmer, near this city, while waiting for the wagon, sat down on the shady side of a wheat shock, and while there the driver of the wagon tossed his pitchfork at the shock, but it went high and fell on the other side, the tines penetrating Mr. Jones' skull and face, injuring the brain. His recovery is improbable.

VICTIM OF CIGARETTE FIRE.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 31.—Fanny Parant, aged sixteen, was burned to death, a victim of a young man's cigarette, at Tangier, north of here. While returning from a funeral Sunday afternoon in a buggy with her cousin, Dennis Williams, she discovered her dress on fire, started from live ashes of his cigarette. She jumped from the buggy and ran screaming toward a house. William Osborne, a farmer, tore the burning clothing from her body, but not before she had been fatally burned.

Miss Parant lingered in agony until last night, when death brought relief. Williams is prostrated by the death of his cousin, for which he feels the full responsibility.

SICK MAN BADLY BEATEN.

Hartford City, Ind., July 31.—"Snakey" Houseman, a window glass worker, made a murderous assault on William Miller with a cut glass wine bottle at the home of George Wilhelm, on West Main street, about 7 o'clock last night. Both men board at Withem's and Monday Miller was taken sick with typhoid fever. Houseman did not return home until last evening, when he found the sick man occupying his bed. Houseman was intoxicated and in his drunken frenzy he attacked Miller, who lay helpless in bed. The sick man was given a terrible beating and his life is in danger as a result. As Houseman left the house he threw the bottle through the window. He was arrested in a saloon a few hours later. He will be given a preliminary hearing today.

AUTHOR SEEKS A DIVORCE.

Evansville, Ind., July 31.—James Sutton, author of "The Ups and Downs of a Young Married Man," filed suit yesterday against his wife for divorce. He is thirty-five years old and declares he will marry again.

SENATOR HANNA DENIES IT.

Bloomington, Ind., July 31.—President Barron, of the People's Gas and Electric company, hearing that Senator Marcus A. Hanna had invested in stone quarries near Mitchell, wrote to him in the interests of Monroe county stone land, to which Mr. Hanna replied: "I am in receipt of your favor of the 14th inst. and thank you for the offer it contains. I have to say, however, that the rumor to which you refer is entirely incorrect and the demands of my present interests are such that I can not take up any new business enterprises or make any additional investments."

GRADUALLY TURNING WHITE.

Kokomo, Ind., July 31.—Rufus Ellis, a well known colored man of this county, whose skin is unusually black, is gradually turning white, the first indications being noticeable sixteen years ago, when spots began showing on his legs. Since that time his body, from the waist to his feet, has turned white, and within the last month his face, neck, arms and hands have also begun to turn. Mr. Ellis is in perfect health apparently and he suffers no inconvenience from his peculiar ailment.

TRAIN WRECKERS FOILED.

Walkerton, Ind., July 31.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to wreck the Baltimore and Ohio express train from Chicago to Baltimore last night. Two masked men were discovered obstructing the track near Teegarden, three and a half miles east of here, by Thomas Kronk, a track watchman. Before he had time to realize what was being done one of the men knocked him down the embankment. Kronk soon recovered and after a hard struggle with the desperadoes he got away from them and hurried back toward Walkerton and signaled the rapidly approaching train in time to save it. The men wound a large wire cable around the rail and through a knot they put large iron fish-plates. Superintendent Batchelder, of Garrett, is here with a force of detectives to investigate. It is reported that a man suspected of being one of the desperadoes has been captured.

MISCHIEF CAUSED BY A TACK.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 1.—David Flook, a well known farmer of Wall township, near this city, lies at death's door. Eleven weeks ago Mr. Flook stepped on a tack, which penetrated to the bone. A decay of the bone set in and extended through the bony structure of the foot. To save the member the bones were removed. This operation failed to stay the disease, and if the condition of the patient will admit, surgeons will amputate the leg six inches above the knee, as a last resort. There is little hope, however, of saving Mr. Flook's life and he is arranging his business affairs for a fatal termination.

BOUND TO WED THE GIRL.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 1.—Harry Phillips, who recently attempted to elope with Miss Blanche Richmond, but who was foiled by the girl's father as the train bearing the eloping couple was about to move out, yesterday was fined in the police court on a charge growing out of the escapade. It was ascertained yesterday that another attempt at elopement was to be made and the arrest followed. Phillips says he will marry the girl in spite of parents and police.

A MANIA FOR ARSON.

Richmond, Ind., Aug. 1.—Mortimer Chase, twenty-eight years old, who was arrested in connection with the mysterious fire that occurred in the Brunswick hotel last Monday evening, is temporarily insane. Yesterday the local police department received a letter from the superintendent of police at Grand Rapids, Mich., who said that Chase lives there and that upon numerous occasions while drinking he has given evidence of a mania for turning in fire alarms. Much trouble was experienced with him in that city on that account. Chase has been in Richmond for two or three months, employed as an inspector for the Home Telephone company. Last week he suffered a partial sunstroke and this, in connection with his drinking, affected his mind. The police say there is no question but that he set fire to the hotel and had the blaze occurred during the night, when the guest chambers were filled, there would have been serious results. Chase will be held until his father, John B. Chase, of Grand Rapids, comes to take him in charge.

DIED IN HIS CARRIAGE.

Madison, Ind., Aug. 1.—Robert R. Rea, proprietor of the Fashion stables and a widely known horseman, dopped dead of heart disease last night while riding in his carriage with Miss Margaret Tague, to whom he was to have been married this week.

SWEETHEART WARNED AWAY.

Liberty, Ind., Aug. 1.—Miss Mattie Abels, nineteen years old, whose parents live at Rosburg, is mysteriously missing from her home and her continued absence excites much alarm with her parents and friends. She was receiving attentions from Charles Anthony, seventeen years old, living in the same village, to which her parents objected, and a few nights ago, when he called at the house, her father escorted him off the premises somewhat roughly, warning him not to return. That night the girl disappeared and no tidings have been received of her. Word has been sent to Indianapolis, where she has friends. Young Anthony reports that he knows nothing of her flight.

TRAMPLED BY A BULL.

Portland, Ind., Aug. 1.—George Humerickhouse, a farmer near Craigville, was attacked and nearly killed by a vicious bull. He was knocked down and a horn tore a hole in his throat. He scrambled up and was overthrown by a blow on the breast, crushing his collar bone. At the next lunge the bull threw him entirely through a fence into a place of safety. If he lives he will be a cripple for life.

MILL OWNERS BURNED OUT.

Orleans, Ind., Aug. 2.—The large flouring mill owned by E. Heise & Sons at Saltillo, nine miles east of this city, was destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Several days ago the proprietors of the mill found a note in the keyhole, informing them that unless they put a certain amount of money in a sack and left it at a certain crossroads their plant would be destroyed. After considering the matter one of the firm filled a sack with buggy washers and drove to the appointed place. The other members of the force were nearby, armed with shotguns, and they guarded the place almost all night, but no one bothered the sack. A few minutes after their departure, however, the sack disappeared. Wednesday night the mill was destroyed by fire.

BANK DIRECTOR FOUND DEAD.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 2.—William Abbott, sixty-eight years old, founder of the Braun hotel and director of the Union National bank, was found lying dead on a couch at his home yesterday. Apoplexy is the supposed cause. He was one of the best known residents of the county, having been prominent in republican politics and in the business affairs of the city. He had large financial interests here.

WATER CAUSES LOCKJAW.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Danny Doster, of Converse, is dead under peculiar circumstances. Last Saturday, while ironing, she became intensely heated and in an effort to lower her temperature she loosened her dress at the neck and bathed her shoulders and breast with ice water. Within a few moments she was prostrated; lockjaw developed, with which she suffered until her death last evening.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may 6eod&w

PLOWING . . .

With a Solid Comfort or Oliver Sulkey Plow is easy.

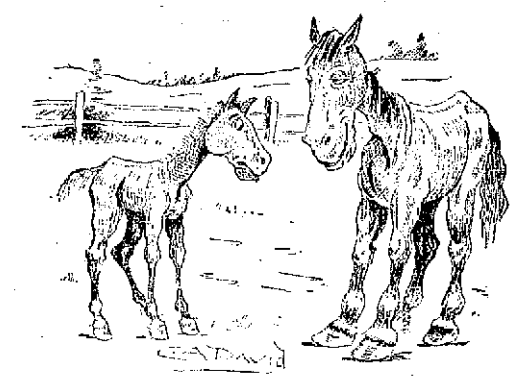
Oliver Steel Walking Plows

Are the lightest draft and most durable. Buy a plow of us and you will be satisfied.

C. C. SCHLATTER & CO.,

HARDWARE PAINTS AND OILS.

38 AND 40 E. COLUMBIA ST. FORT WAYNE, IND.



Colt—Mamma, do horses ever bray?
Mare—Neigh, my son!

FOR THE VISITORS.

Lightning Rod Man—In raising such a lot of watermelons, what is the greatest item of expense?
Farmer Hagensack—Powder and shot.

THE 25c. FAMILY DOCTOR.

CEDAR SPRINGS, MICH.—Mrs. Isaac Dunham, a well-known lady of that place, writes: "I cannot praise Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills too much. They did for me what doctors and other medicines could not do. I was troubled with severe disorders of the kidneys and enlargement of the liver. My family doctor treated me the whole of last winter, but did not help me very much, so I gave him up and began using Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The result was simply wonderful. I am now strong and healthy again, thanks to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

SHENANDOAH, PA.—Sylvester Pappert of No. 117 South Main St., says: "For twenty years past I have been troubled with constipation and kidney trouble and during that time I have taken dozens of packages of different remedies but none of them did me any good. The secretions were irregular and unnatural. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and since using them the action of the kidneys is normal and regular and their general cathartic effect is good."

DR. A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Genuine bear portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase. 25c. at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y

SOLD IN FORT WAYNE BY MEYER BROS. & CO.

INDICATIONS.

FAIR; COOLER TONIGHT AND THURSDAY.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

The lot of many a girl—es cially of many a girl with a fa father—is a tragedy of aimles ness.—W. C. Gannett.

ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1901. PRICE TWO CENT

AWAIT THE OPENING OF BATTLE

President Shaffer's Order for a General Strike Has Gone Forth---The Combine Already Begins Aggressive Measures.

PRESIDENT SCHAFFER'S GENERAL STRIKE ORDER.

The officials of the United States Steel trust have refused to recognize our union men—those who are now striking for the right to organize.

The executive board has authorized me to issue a call upon all Amalgamated and other union men, in name and heart, to join in the movement to fight for labor's right. We must fight or give up forever our personal liberty.

You will be told that you have signed contracts. You never agreed to surrender these contracts to the United States Steel corporation. Its officers think you were sold to them, just as the mills were, contracts and all.

Remember, before you agreed to this contract you took an obligation to the Amalgamated association. It now calls you to help in this hour of need.

Unless the trouble is settled on or before Saturday, Aug. 10, 1901, the mills will close when the last turn is made on that day.

Brethren, this is the call to preserve our organization. We trust you and need you. Come and help us, and may the right come to the just cause. Fraternally yours,

T. J. Shaffer, President.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—With the issue of the general strike order of President Shaffer, it is not any longer a theory that confronts the public, but an actual condition. The result is that the tension which kept everybody in suspense last week as to what would be the outcome of the dilly-dallying conferences and meetings, has now been lifted, the suspense is over, and, although while the immediate effect is deplorable, those directly interested are not so much affected as the graveness of their position would warrant.

THE STRUGGLE IS ON.

It is now generally accepted as a fact, that the struggle is on "for good"—as it were—and will not be terminated until either the one or the other of the contending parties is defeated.

Who this will be is yet a subject of speculation. Still there are some, endowed with more hopefulness than most people, who express the opinion that the order of President Shaffer will not go into effect and that a compromise will be made before the week is out.

As far as Pittsburg is concerned, although it is the headquarters of the Amalgamated association, few men are immediately involved in the strike in comparison with other sections, the total number throughout the country being almost 100,000 men.

There is no question that the various companies of the United States Steel corporation will make efforts to start up some of the idle plants immediately, and thus prevent the strike, if possible, before its inception.

The Amalgamated officers were late in reaching the headquarters this morning, having been busy until long after midnight last night.

PRESIDENT SHAFFER TALKS

In reply to the question as to whether he thought the men employed by the Federal Steel company would come out, President Shaffer said:

"That we leave to the men. They have no scale that can hold them from their obligations to the Amalgamated association. They have no scale that can be transferred to another company. Our people signed scales with certain companies. These companies have transferred their stock to the United States Steel corporation. This they have a right to do. All contracts that are made with our people are made with a full knowledge on the part of others. Such contracts are dependent upon

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

no time in his entire career in which he was freer from friction than during the "ninety-nine days."

The Berliner Neuste Nachrichten, an influential conservative organ, which also cherishes Bismarckian traditions, has repeatedly denied that Empress Frederick took part in the intrigues which caused Prince Bismarck's downfall, saying, "She was much too shrewd a woman to do so."

RAILWAY STRIKE OFF.

Reading, Pa., Aug. 7.—The strike of the Reading railway shop hands, it is believed, is practically over. Superintendent of Motive Power Prince said to a committee of Reading business men who called upon him in reference to the strike that the company will have no further conference with the men on strike, and it remains with those who wish to work to apply as individuals at the company's office. The company regards all the strikers as no longer in its employ. Many new men have been put to work and many of the strikers have gone back to the shops. Superintendent Prince says that in some departments, notably the freight depots, the company has no place for any more hands.

CREDITORS ASK A RECEIVER

NEW TURN IN AFFAIRS OF BANKER H. W. LEACH.

Judge Baker is Petitioned to Place a Man in Charge of the Avilla Man's Assets.

Attorney A. E. Thomas, of the law firm of Colerick & Thomas, who, together with P. A. Randall, represent three of the principal creditors of H. W. Leach, the missing Avilla banker, stated this afternoon that he would ask for the appointment of a receiver for the wrecked institution.

The petition will be signed by S. K. Randall, J. L. Henry and W. H. Meyer, and follows close upon the petition of the same gentlemen asking that Leach be declared a bankrupt. The new petition will be forwarded to Judge Baker, of the federal court, this evening.

The bank at Avilla remains locked up, and creditors have been scrambling to place liens upon some of the visible property of the banker. One depositor yesterday replevined from the express company $200 which he had shipped to the bank to be deposited after the doors had been closed. Until the receiver or some other authorized person has an opportunity to examine all the books and papers of the missing banker no one can have an accurate idea of the amount that will be realized by the deluded depositors. Under the bankruptcy proceedings the creditors will later elect a trustee, and the receiver is asked for to serve until a trustee can be elected, under the conditions of the federal statute.

MACHINISTS MAY SECEDE

MOVE IN BUFFALO TO START NEW ORGANIZATION.

President O'Connell Admits That Such Efforts Are Afoot—No Other Secessions.

Washington, Aug. 7.—That a movement has been inaugurated by some of the machinists in Buffalo to start a new machinists' organization was admitted today by President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists. Vice President Mulberry, of the association, is now in Buffalo looking out for the interests of the machinists' association. Mr. O'Connell said he had little knowledge of the secession movement and denied that any special agents had been sent from this city to disband the lodges. According to Mr. O'Connell lodge 330 of Buffalo is working in harmony with the international association, but a portion of the members of lodge 245 of that city is seeking to set in motion a movement for a new organization.

"If lodge 245 is in a movement for secession," said Mr. O'Connell, "it is in contravention of our laws. Every vice president has been instructed to see that the interests of our association are not lost sight of. There have been no threats of secession from other points."

Mrs. Sarah Ziegler, of 220 East Washington street, has returned from a two months' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Katie Scott, of Chicago.

TAGGART IS OUT

REFUSES TO BE A CANDIDATE FOR FOURTH TERM.

NO STRING TO IT THIS TIME

A LETTER THAT ADMITS OF NO MISUNDERSTANDING.

HIS NAME TO BE WITHDRAWN

PRIVATE BUSINESS AND FAMILY CALL HIM.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 7.—Mayor Taggart positively declines to be a candidate for renomination.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon between a sub-committee from the city committee with Chairman Fanning and Secretary Sahm and the five men who requested that his name be placed on the ticket at the primary his letter in which he states that he can under no circumstances accept renomination was made public.

The declination was accepted as final and the men drew up a petition

HON. THOMAS TAGGART,
Three Times Mayor of Indianapolis, Refuses to Run Again.

asking that Mr. Taggart's name be withdrawn.

The letter, which was given out yesterday, was sent to the city committee last week, but upon the earnest solicitation of the committee appointed to confer with the mayor he consented to withhold it a few days. His determination not to be a candidate has never weakened, however, and finding that he did not change his mind it was decided to accept the declination.

MAYOR TAGGART'S LETTER.

Mayor Taggart's letter is as follows:

"Executive Department, Indianapolis, Ind., July 1.—Hon. Joseph T. Fanning, Chairman Democratic City Committee: Dear Sir—Being informed that there would be a meeting of the democratic city committee tonight to discuss the question of the time of holding primaries for the nomination of city officers, I take this opportunity to call your attention to my attitude in regard to the question of the nomination for mayor.

"Several months ago, through the columns of the Indianapolis Sentinel, I expressed fully, and as I thought clearly, my position in regard to being a candidate, in which I stated that I was not and would not be a candidate and that I did not desire the nomination. Not from the fact that I do not fully appreciate the confidence and the honor shown me by the democracy, but I felt that after serving three consecutive terms that for personal and business reasons of my own I should not again be a candidate.

"With my friends with whom I have discussed this mater from time to time, both democrats and republicans, I have insisted that I meant what I said in my former declaration and hoped that my friends would so accept it.

"It seems, however, notwithstanding the fact that I have repeatedly through other papers again expressed myself as not being a candidate, that friends still insist that I will be nominated and that I must accept. It is true that I have received many honors from the citizens of Marion county and the city of Indianapolis, and I fully appreciate them all. But I feel now that it is my duty to myself, as well as to many other democrats, who are entitled and worthy of preferment, to declare fully and clearly, so that I may not be misunderstood, that I am not, will not be a candidate, neither can I accept the nomination if tendered me. I do this at this time to give the party ample opportunity to make such selections of candidates as it sees fit.

"Thanking the democratic party and my many republican friends for past favors, I remain, yours respectfully, T. Taggart."

COULD NOT ACCEPT.

At the meeting yesterday Mayor Taggart stated clearly to Messrs. Kiefer, Reveal, Spaan, Steffen and Christian that he cannot be a candidate and requested them to withdraw his name. This they were at first unwilling to do, but finally agreed and drew up a petition for the removal of his name from the primary ticket which was filed with Chairman Fanning.

A MYSTERY PUNCTURED.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 7.—The report that Miss Anda Gatlin, of this city, is missing and that relatives are in New York searching for her is an error. Miss Gatlin is spending the summer with Mrs. Packard, at her college in Southampton, L. I., and her brother-in-law, who has just returned from New York, says that he visited Miss Gatlin at Southampton last Friday. Nothing has been heard from the young lady since that time, but her relatives discredit and deny the story that she is missing.

CONVENTION OPENED TODAY

THE GATHERING OF LUTHERAN DELEGATES IS LARGE.

Opening Sermon Preached by Rev. P. Brand, of Pittsburg, in St. Paul's Church.

Four hundred and thirty-six delegates, ministers, teachers and laymen were present at the opening meeting of the thirty-seventh annual convention of the middle district of the German Lutheran synod, at St. Paul's Lutheran church this morning. The opening service was of a purely religious nature, and a most interesting sermon was preached by Rev. P. Brand, of Pittsburg, Pa., vice president of the general synod of America.

The service was attended by a large number of the members of the various Lutheran churches of the city, and the audience numbered nearly 800. A special musical program was rendered, consisting of a number of the old Lutheran hymns, in which the assembled delegates joined with a vigor that made the big edifice ring.

A large number of the delegates arrived yesterday afternoon, and quite a number came in this morning from various towns and cities of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, the states comprising the middle district. All the large cities in the three states are well represented, and some of the ablest divines in the country are in attendance. The delegates consist of ministers, teachers and laymen, and of the total number one-half are laymen. The visiting delegates are being entertained at the homes of members of the several Lutheran churches of the city.

This afternoon's session was of a business nature, and consisted of the appointment of committees to report on the constitutions of various churches applying for admission. The credentials of delegates were received and a full list of the names of those in attendance was read. The feature of the afternoon session was the annual report of Rev. J. Niemann, of Pittsburg, Pa., president of this district. Rev. Niemann's address was partly of a statistical nature, showing the progress made in the year just closed.

Among the prominent pastors present are Rev. J. Niemann, of Pittsburg, president of the district; Rev. P. Brand, of Pittsburg, vice president, and representing Rev. F. Pieper, president of the general synod; Rev. R. D. Biedermann, of Kendallville, secretary; Rev. E. C. Kuehn, of Dudleytown, Ind., assistant secretary; Rev. G. Schumm, of Lafayette; Rev. H. W. Lothmann, Akron, Ohio; Rev. A. F. VonSchlichten, of Cincinnati; Rev. Philip Schmidt, of Seymour, Ind.

Rev. J. A. Bohn, of this city, is a district officer, and C. A. Kampe, also of this city, is treasurer of the district.

INJURED IN EXPLOSION.

New York, Aug. 7.—William F. Certon, the manufacturer of the Coston marine night signals, was seriously injured today in an explosion which occurred at his works on Staten Island. One building was destroyed. The money loss was small.

Mrs. E. M. Wilson and children are at Wabash visiting Mrs. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McCrea.

FIRST STEPS FOR NEW FACTOR

Business Men Meet This Afternoon to Form Company that Will Secure Site and Buildings for Duncan Electrical Company.

This afternoon, at the rooms of the Fort Wayne Commercial club, a meeting of business men is being held to take the initial steps toward securing a site and buildings for the new factory of the Duncan Electrical Manufacturing company. Mr. Duncan, who arrived from Chicago last evening, announces the acceptance of the terms proposed by this city and states that he is here prepared to open offices and employ architects to begin work immediately upon plans for the buildings.

When the subject of securing the new factory for Fort Wayne was first broached some weeks ago, it was stated that a number of cities were after the plant and it would be necessary for Fort Wayne to make some concessions if the big concern was to be added to the industrial interests of the city. From this came an offer upon the part of the city to provide two and one-half acres of land and raise $10,000 for the erection of buildings. This was to remain the property of the subscribers for a term of five years, and if at the end of that time the Duncan company had maintained and operated a factory in Fort Wayne, employing an average of one hundred workmen, the property was to be turned over to the electric company. Additional land was asked for and this has been met by the proposition to secure for the Duncan company an option upon an additional acre and a half adjoining the site.

FORM THE COMPANY.

The meeting this afternoon is for the purpose of action by the citizens upon the proposition, and it is expected that before adjournment a stock company will have been formed to raise money for the buildings and acquire the land needed by the new factory. Articles of incorporation were drawn up this morning and it is probable the association will be known as the Manufacturers' Advancement Company of Fort Wayne, though the matter of a name has not yet been definitely decided.

The site selected by Mr. Duncan and his attorney, Mr. Brown, on a previous visit to the city in a portion of the Swinney estate, located at the tracks of the Lake Erie & Western railway and adjoining the line of the new Southwestern interurban electric line. It is understood this can be secured upon advantageous terms and the fund for the erection of the buildings necessary, something like $10,000—will have to be raised by subscription. Business men are taking hold of the proposition with enthusiasm and say there is little doubt but that the fund can be raised.

ABOUT $6,000 IN SIGHT.

P. A. Randall stated this morning that nearly $6,000 of this sum has already been promised, and as soon as the organization is definitely effected the canvass for the balance will begin. The plan is to issue to every subscriber stock in the advancement association to the amount of his donation, and those who may subscribe will be as full members of the promoting company as are those gentlemen present at the meeting today. After the Duncan company has complied with the terms of the transaction in the operation of its factory in Fort Wayne for five years, with an average of one hundred employes, the site and buildings will be turned over to it.

Mr. Duncan stated this morning that he was well pleased with the interest shown in the matter by the people of Fort Wayne and that his company expected to do far better than called for by the terms of the agreement. Two buildings, each 40x200 feet, one story in height, will be needed at the outset and the company will devote its attention at first to the manufacture of electric meters.

"We expect to soon have a big concern in Fort Wayne," said Mr. Duncan, "for associated with us are a number of expert electrical engineers who will later take up the manufacture of other electrical apparatus in addition to our meter business."

THE WATER CRISIS HAS BEEN PASSED

After several weeks of uncertainty, suspense and impending danger, the waterworks trustees are now ready to announce that they believe the crisis has passed, or at least that they have passed the critical point. The Fort Wayne Gas company's compressor was put into actual service this morning and is now putting water into the mains. The three additional wells to be operated under air pressure were connected about 9 o'clock this morning and within an hour the pumping apparatus was working to its capacity. Chief Engineer Baxter was not prepared at noon today to say how much water is being pumped from the three additional wells, because there has not yet been time to arrange for an accurate or even an approximate measurement, but it is safe to say, he says, that at least 600,000 gallons per day is being added to the supply today. The only question with the trustees now is as to whether the supply in the well will hold out, but it is believed that it will. The next twenty-four hours will solve the question to a large extent, but the trustees feel reasonably safe. The Downie pump has not yet been placed in position, owing to the fact that the entire department force has been engaged with the placing of the air-lift plant and the Downie pump was temporarily neglected. Work of preparing for its installation has been commenced, however, and it will be in operation in a day or two. While the trustees announce that they feel confident that they have safely passed the danger line for this year, they do not wish their announcement to be construed as an invitation for the profligate use of water. There is plenty for all legitimate uses, but none to waste.

HIGH GOLD STRIKE IN GEORGIA.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 7.—Samples of ore and gold, accompanied by regularly attested affidavits, have been received in Atlanta, showing a remarkably rich strike of gold in Wilkes county, near Washington, Ga. The affidavits show that out of 1,407 pounds of ore, 1,785 pennyweight of gold was taken by amalgamation. State Geologist Yeates will make an official report on the mine in a few days.

NO CLUE TO THE BULLION THIEVES

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Practically no clew has been obtained to the perpetrators of the $280,000 gold robbery at the Selby smelting works. Strong efforts are being made to learn the movement of a recently paroled convict. The police believe that the plot was hatched in the state prison at San Quentin, and call attention to the fact that another ex-convict was seen in the neighborhood of the smelting works immediately after his release from San Quentin. The paroled convict whom the detectives suspect was in prison when the other convict was released.

Upon his being paroled he also appeared in Crockett, remained several days and then disappeared.

It is said the paroled suspect was employed years ago at the Selby works. Afterwards he kept a saloon and lodging house at Crockett, which was frequented by Selby's employes. For engaging in two shooting scrapes he received twenty-five years in the penitentiary. No vessel except the schooner Occidental, bound for Eureka, is known to have passed out of the golden gate on Monday night and she sailed from Suacelito, on the north side of the bay.

At first it was considered a certainty that the gold was removed by boat, but this is now doubted, as the thieves left a suspicious trail to the water's edge. A place where a lookout might have been stationed has been found on a hill above the works. Here several empty cartridge boxes were found.

Officials of the smelting company declared today that none of the employes is suspected of complicity in the crime.

President Ralston, of the Selby smelting works, stated this afternoon that a reward of $5,000 has been offered for the capture of the robbers.

ELABORATE MOURNING ORDERED

Emperor William Decrees the Manner in Which Grief for Late Empress Shall be Shown ---Order is Much Criticized.

Berlin, Aug. 7.—It has been definitely decided that the funeral of the Dowager Empress Frederick will take place Tuesday next, Aug. 13. The remains will be deposited in the Freidens Kirche mausoleum, near Potsdam.

Emperor William has issued a decree ordering the army to go into mourning for six weeks and giving minute details as to how the mourning emblems are to be worn. There will be no military music for eight days.

Court circles have been notified as to how the ladies and gentlemen of the court must dress till November 5. The ladies are to wear full mourning until August 26; medium mourning until September 23, and minor mourning until November 5.

Some of the papers take exception to the mourning orders. One paper, referring to the prohibition of public entertainments and musical and theatrical performances until after the funeral, says it believes this will hinder, to a certain degree, the purpose for which it was designed. It contrasts with the order of Emperor Frederick's order upon the death of Emperor William I., in which he declined to make any mourning regulations, leaving the people to show their sympathy in their own way.

The Hamburger Nachrichten (Prince Bismarck's old organ) draws upon its editors reminiscently by saying Prince Bismarck repeatedly asserted in private conversation that it was quite untrue that the Empress Frederick caused him great obstacles during Emperor Frederick's reign, adding that on the contrary there was

A GUNBOAT ORDERED TO COLON

The Machias Will Proceed to the Isthmian City to Look After American interests---A War Vessel Deemed Necessary.

Washington, Aug. 7.—An order was issued by the acting secretary of the navy today for the gunboat Machias, now at the Boston navy yard, to proceed without delay to Hampton Roads and there to prepare for departure to Colon, near the eastern terminus of the Panama railroad.

At the navy department it is explained that this movement has been ordered with a view of having the Machias take observations in the vicinity of the isthmus. In announcing the action of the department, it was officially stated that "it is deemed needful that a United States war vessel be in that vicinity at this time." The order to the Machias followed a conference held at the navy department between Acting Secretary of State Adee and Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett. Mr. Adee had the dispatch received from Consul Gudger last night, stating that the revolutionists had held up a train for an hour at Marachin, on the line of the railroad across the isthmus, and only about fifteen miles from Panama City. While this was not regarded as threatening an interruption of traffic or giving any ground for intervention by the United States, yet it was deemed advisable by the officials that one of our ships should be in the neighborhood in order that suitable observations could be made and steps taken to meet any serious emergency that might arise.

RE'S FOR PLUNGE!

ow many women feel equal to a below the watery deep? How of them have the nerve for it? ery few.

Almost every woman suffers from weakened condition of the mus- membrane that lines her body d this saps her vitality and energy. e is filled with nervous terrors d does not find life worth living. he is told she has dyspepsia or female weakness" when in reality thing ails her but catarrh or in- ation of the delicate lining of organs.

e needs Pe-ru-na and nothing It is the only medicine nec- ary to restore her strength. sn't the use of dragging through half alive when Pe-ru-na will ng back all its pleasure? This dicine is a tonic for the whole y, and there is no doubt at all it's you need it, for it is the eal cure for all troubles.

You Need Money
WE HAVE IT.
$10, $15, $25, $75
Or any amount you may want on your piano, household goods, horses and wagons and other like security; in fact we loan on all kinds of personal property. Everything is left in your possession and you have the use of both money and goods. All our dealings are confidential, upright and courteous. Persons momentarily embarrassed who wish above everything else to avoid publicity are the ones we desire especially to serve. You can have one month to one year to pay in and our payments are so small that any one can meet them. You will save money by dealing with us as our rates are the lowest and terms easiest. It will cost you nothing to get our rates.

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Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home 'phone 995.
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the latest Records,
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PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

The Sentinel Want column.

ANNIVERSARY DATE CHANGED

ORPHANS' HOME CELEBRATION ON SEPTEMBER 5.

Anniversary is Fixed by Board of Tuesday Annual Meeting is Held.

The anniversary celebration of the Fort Wayne Orphans' home of the Reformed church will be held Thursday, September 5, instead of September 19, as had been previously announced. The change in the date was made by the board of trustees of the institution at the annual meeting held at the home on Tuesday.

The members of the board are Rev. Dr. J. H. Machman, New Knoxville, president; Rev. J. F. Winter, Terre Haute, Ind., secretary; Rev. J. H. Bosch, Fort Wayne, treasurer; Rev. H. B. Robrock, Sandusky, Ohio; Rev. V. Rettig, Ebenezer, N. Y.; Rev. C. Borchers, Zelienople, Pa.; P. W. Siebert, Pittsburg, Pa.; C. Reesel, New Bremen, Ohio, and A. Grotheimman, Fort Wayne.

The superintendent, B. Ruf, reported that there are now about seventy children in the home, and that the conduct of the children during the past year has been very good. The report of the treasurer showed that the income of the home during the past year from various sources has been $7,019.03; the expenditures $6,839.09, leaving a balance in the treasury of $179.99.

The board hopes that the citizens of Fort Wayne will remember the home on the date of the anniversary —September 5. A good program has been prepared for that date, and the ladies' societies of the various Reformed churches will serve dinner, supper and other refreshments.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

An affidavit has been filed in Huser's court charging William Moellering (probably referring to Charles Moellering) druggist, corner of Lewis and Lafayette streets, with selling liquor in less quantities than a quart, without having the required license. Mr. Moellering showed fight, and immediately there were three other affidavits filed, charging Sabbath desecration and other things prohibited by the statutes. Without entering for the defense of Mr. Moellering, it is just to say that he is a respectable citizen, doing a legitimate business, is reputed to be law-abiding in a general sense and is a substantial business man. Unfortunately he has money and if convicted on the technicalities usually brought forward in this class of cases he will be good for three or four fees. The prosecutor will doubtless make an honest effort to convict Mr. Moellering of having sold four ounces of brandy in a bottle, duly labeled, not then and there having a physician's prescription. The purchaser did not drink the brandy on the premises, but took it down to the justice's office to be used as evidence. Perhaps Mr. Moellering will be convicted and fined and if that result obtains he will pay. He will then have an opportunity of reflecting on how much a smaller man he is than William Henze, who for nearly a year has run one of the toughest joints in the city, and that, too, without any license and without any molestation by the prosecutor. Mr. Moellering, after paying his tax, might also enter into a calculation to determine the value of a "pull" as a cash asset. It was stated that there are a dozen or more affidavits pending, charging grocers and druggists with violation of the license law, but they have not yet been filed. A justice of the peace said that he knew that the affidavits had been drawn, but that he did not know of any of them being filed. He said he thought the agitation of the Henze matter had deterred the prosecutor from presenting them. Another theory is that they were settled out of court, which is much easier and usually more profitable.

The hearing of the charge against Freedrick Buhr, the East Wayne street grocer, for selling liquor without a license, will be had at Justice Rayhouser's emporium this afternoon.

Joseph Horstman, of this city, is under arrest and is held to answer a paternity charge preferred by Miss Mary Stewart, also of Fort Wayne. The hearing will be in Huser's court. Mr. Horstman was the defendant in a like suit brought in France's court several months ago by another plaintiff.

In the surety of the peace proceedings instituted against Mrs. Freda Wise yesterday by Mrs. Merriman, Justice France today entered a dismissal. R. B. Dreibelbiss appeared for the defendant.

The Williamsport assault and battery cases are on trial in France's court this afternoon. Most of the residents of the south part of Allen county and not a few from Adams county are in attendance on the trial.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

There was no police court this morning and nothing was reported during the night to require police attention.

The Henze saloon is said to be closed to the general public and a police officer who went there yesterday to examine the licenses in the place was kept out by a tightly locked front door. The officers say that they do not believe that liquor selling has been abandoned, however, but that the artful William is simply playing marked cards on them. Meantime, the prosecutor has taken no steps to punish Mr. Henze for his long and pronounced contempt of the law. With a view of aiding the prosecutor in making a case and a fee, The Sentinel volunteers the information that Michael Kennelly would make a good witness in case the state is shy on evidence.

P. K. Greene has been granted a permit to erect a frame dwelling house on Boone street, at a cost of $1,000.

DEATH OF JOHN H. BASS, JR.

PASSED AWAY AT BROOKSIDE THIS MORNING.

Young Man Had Long Been in Poor Health—Other Mortuary Matters of the Day.

The death of John H. Bass, jr., occurred at 3:30 o'clock this morning at Brookside, the beautiful suburban home of his father, J. H. Bass, the well-known president of the Bass Foundry and Machine works. The end came after a protracted illness.

The young man's age was twenty-one years, five months and ten days. For nearly two years past he had been in feeble health, suffering from stomach trouble with complications of kidney and heart affection. Despite the efforts of skilled physicians and attendants the young man continued to grow weaker, and several weeks ago was compelled to take to his bed. The decline has been general, and death was due to exhaustion resulting from the stomach trouble.

Mr. Bass was born and reared in Fort Wayne, and was very widely known. He was finely educated, attending the public schools in boyhood and later enjoying the advantages of an efficient private tutor for many years, receiving instruction in this manner in preference to leaving home to attend one of the larger educational institutions. In the department of history he was especially proficient, was extensive reader and kept himself thoroughly informed upon the current topics of the day.

He was devoted to life upon the country estate of the family, and took much pride in the handsome thoroughbred stock for which Brookside farm has become famous. Personally he was affable and pleasant, and his friendships were enduring ones. He has been for many years a member of the First Presbyterian church, and an active member of the Caledonian society. The surviving members of the family are the parents and one sister, Miss Grace Bass.

Funeral services will be held from Brookside at a time to be announced later.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Petgen.—Funeral services of George H. Petgen will be held Friday morning from the Cathedral.

OFFICERS WERE ELECTED.

The Tri-State Woman's Christian Temperance union held their annual meeting at the W. C. T. U. cottage at Rome City and elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Mary E. Balch, of Indianapolis; vice presidents, Mrs. J. Berry, of Dayton, Ohio, and Mrs. Kintz, of Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miss Bailey, secretary, and Mrs. Ridenour, of this city, treasurer. The advisability of purchasing a cottage for the permanent home was discussed, and instructions were given with regard to the program of the next session.

TOTAL ABSTAINERS MEET.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 7.—Three hundred delegates representing many states east of the Mississippi attended the opening session today of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America. They met first at Footguard hall and proceeded thence to St. Joseph's cathedral, where mass was celebrated. At the afternoon business session, Rev. W. B. McCuddily, of Worcester, Mass., president of the union, occupied the chair.

Fred Berghoff, son of Mayor Berghoff, who underwent an operation at St. Joseph's hospital for appendicitis a few weeks ago, has recovered sufficiently to permit his removal home, and this was done this afternoon.

Rud Lehmann, manager of the Berne bank, is in the city.

Attend the Band Concert and Rathbone Sisters' Social at Market Square tonight.

Everybody gets a present at the Broadway Delicatessen tomorrow, 140 Broadway.

WOOD WAS NOT CHIVALROUS

STAKED HIS CLAIM TO BAR OUT MISS BEALS.

Occupies Whole Front of the Lawton Town Site—How the Young Lady Was Overshadowed.

Lawton, Ok., Aug. 7.—When Miss Mattie Beals, who drew No. 2 in the great Indian land lottery, stepped up to the booth where the government officials were ready to record her choice of land, she met with the bitterest disappointment of her life.

In front of her stood James R. Wood, the luckiest of all the homeseekers, the who had drawn No. 1, and who had first choice. It was early in the morning and great crowds thronged about the booth, ready to choose when their names were called. Miss Beals had relied with the utmost confidence upon Wood's choosing one of the two-quarter sections adjoining the town site of Lawton. All about Lawton, with the exception of the two quarter sections, are government reservations, made for various purposes, leaving the two quarters the only land adjoining the town site upon which settlers are permitted to file.

It was generally understood that Wood would take his choice of these two quarters, leaving the second one for Miss Beals, but there was a shock in store for the girl.

WOOD TAKES BOTH QUARTERS.

Wood, who was accompanied by his attorney, claimed 160 acres of land running the entire length of the town site. His lawyer asserted that under the Homestead law it made no difference what form the land chosen was in, just as long as the forty-acre tracts were contiguous. He could choose eighty acres adjacent to the town site, or he could choose forty acres, with the rest of the land back of it.

When Wood announced his intention there was a storm of protest from those near enough to know what was going on. Miss Beals hurridly sent for her lawyer, who, when he arrived, raised an objection to granting the land in the form demanded by Wood.

The lawyers then consulted, and Miss Beals' lawyer said there was no doubt that Wood could draw as he wished under the law.

PROTESTS ARE IN VAIN.

All protest were in vain, and, after squabbling over the matter for half an hour, while a hundred or more men and women waited in line for their turn, the commissioner awarded to Wood the 160 acres as he wanted them. This effectually shut Miss Beals out from the town site, and she was forced to choose the land immediately back of Wood's land and running like his, the entire width of town site on the south side of town.

The auction sale of Lawton town lots began early in the day. There was much more interest taken in this sale than in the land drawing, which was conducted in another part of the town site. From the start the bidding was brisk. The first lot sold went to John W. Brazelton of Weatherford, and it brought $530. It is in the business district that the first lots will be sold.

NOTHING FROM ROCKHILL.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The state department has heard nothing from Mr. Rockhill for several days as to the situation of affairs at Pekin and is at a loss to understand the reasons for the reported refusal of the English minister to sign the protocol. It is expected, however, that Mr. Rockhill will be heard from very fully on the subject in case the delay bodes any serious issue over the conclusion of the negotiations. There is an earnest desire throughout official quarters to have done with the long-drawn out controversy, and as all parties seem agreed on this it is not apprehended that the present delay will affect any of the vital features of the agreement.

GENERAL NEGLEY DEAD.

New York, Aug. 7.—Maj. Gen. James S. Negley died suddenly at Plainfield, N. J., today. General Negley was a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars and was prominent in military circles. General Negley was born in Pittsburg in 1826. He was made a major general of volunteers for gallantry at Stone River in 1862. He was a member of congress from Pittsburg from 1869 to 1875 and from 1885 to 1887. For some years past he had practiced law in New York city.

DANGER IS PAST.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 7.—The storm and flood situation in the state is relieved and indications are that danger and damage are past. Evidences of the downpour yesterday are plentiful, but the water has all passed away. The wind has changed and normal conditions are expected to continue.

IOWA REPUBLICANS MEET.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Aug. 7.—Chairman Weever, of the state central committee, called the republican state convention to order at 11:15 o'clock this morning. Rev. S. B. McCormick, of Cedar Rapids, offered prayer, at the conclusion of which Chairman Weever introduced as temporary presiding officer J. C. Davis, of Keokuk. Mr. Davis, in accepting the chair, delivered an address, which was frequently interrupted by applause. The roll of congressional districts was called to secure the names of the members of the various committees, and at its conclusion a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

DRUGGISTS TO FIGHT THEM

CHARGES OF ILLEGAL SALE OF LIQUOR.

Retail Association Takes Up the Matter at a Meeting This Afternoon Call it Persecution.

The filing of charges of illegal sales of liquor against druggists in the city has aroused the Retail Druggists' association, and the matter was the subject of discussion at a special meeting of the organization this afternoon.

The druggists assert that no dealer desires to violate the law, and that if occasionally a small quantity of liquor has been sold it has been in response to an urgent call where a patient was reported to be suffering intensely and the stimulant was issued only as medicine, and in a spirit of humane accommodation without a thought of profit from the business.

They further assert that the prosecutions smack of persecution, and say they have reason to believe preparations are being made to file numerous additional cases if the prosecution is successful in those already on the docket. For this reason the association will probably secure attorneys and make a vigorous fight.

FEARFUL CRIME CHARGED.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 7.—John Cline and Clayton Rogers were arrested here today, on the charge of having murdered May Yost, a 17-year-old girl. The warrant was sworn out by her father, who charges that the prisoners forcibly abducted the girl, assaulted and murdered her and threw the body into the Ohio river. The girl was taken Sunday night from the company of her sweetheart, Walter Hammond, at the point of a revolver. Her body has not been found.

LOCAL NEWS.

Dr. J. C. Wallace and sister, Miss Lulu, have returned from visits in Atlantic City and Philadelphia.

Miss Addie Hettler entertained her Sunday school class at a delightful luncheon at Robison park yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Bert Baughman, of 183 West Superior street, will entertain the Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. of L. E. Thursday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock.

The marriage of Fred D. C. Wallenburg and Miss Bertha Gerberding will be solemnized this evening at the home of the bride's parents, corner of Jefferson and Barr streets.

Miss Edith Menefee delightfully entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening. Music and games were the amusements of the evening, and dainty refreshments were served.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the fire department was called to Pontiac street, between Lafayette and Hanna, where a residence was afire. It is not believed the damage will be extensive.

A large party of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thompson gathered at the Thompson home last evening to witness the blossoming of a night blooming cereus. The flower was an unusually beautiful one, measuring eight inches across.

Louis Griebel, of 58 East Jefferson street, is celebrating his eighty-fifth birthday anniversary today and receiving the congratulations of friends. Mr. Griebel is one of the oldest and most respected residents of Fort Wayne.

The most costly kitchen belongs to the Spanish court, the cooking utensils alone having a value of nearly $75,000, and are of a great age. The kitchen of the shah of Persia is, however, the most valuable in the world. Even the cooking pots are lined with gold and the plates and dishes used at the royal table are of solid gold, encrusted with precious stones. It it were possible for the contents of the shah's kitchen to be put up at auction they would realize over $5,000,000.

The twelve railway companies of England and Wales employ between them 312,000 men. The Scotch and Irish companies employ 40,000 men between them.

HE COWED THE LION.

THE DARKY BELTED ALL THE FIGHT OUT OF MONARCH.

Laughable Manner in Which the Big and Ugly Circus Animal Was Returned to the Showman After a Railroad Smash Up.

"It's queer how animals will act in a railroad wreck," said the boss canvasman. "Now there was th' Saberlee wreck. Six cars was in th' ditch an half o' th' show's dens was under 'em. There was one cage o' monkeys mashed flat that we knowed of, an a lot o' th' other animals had took t' th' woods, little animals, zebras an wolves an deer an such like. Nothin t' do any harm exceptin th' big lion, Monarch. His den was bottom up in a little puddle o' ditch water, with a hole stove in it big enough t' let out a cow, an Monarch himself was gone with the little animals.

"Well, it was all off with makin th' stand that day, so we put up th' runs, got th' cookhouse outen down on th' ground, had breakfast an started in t' dig th' stuff out o' th' ditch. Th' railroad company's wreckin crew come along t' help us, an we'd got purty well under way when a tall, black buck darky come out o' th' woods an stood round rubberin.

"Nobody paid any attention t' him for awhile, but by'n'by Mack, th' chandelier man, spoke t' him, kind o' kidded him about bein handsome, or some such guff. It was Missouri, an he was a real black buck. Didn't have anything t' say back—didn't say anything at all, in fact, for awhile. Jes' shuffled round in his cowhide boots from one foot t' th' other an grinned bashfullike. By'n'by when he saw we didn't roast him hard he kind o' took courage.

"'Did any o' you gemmen lose a giraffe?' he says.

"'Giraffe?' Mack says. 'No; we never owned no such thing with this trick. Why?'

"'Well, boss, Ah done foun' somethin up in mah 'taters patch this mawnin, an Ah 'lowed as maybe hit 'longed t' you all.'

"Mack got interested. 'Wot does it look like?'

"'Lawdy, boss, hit's mos' monstrous. Nevah did see no sech ole thing befoh, sah. Big eat yahmint, with yaller eyes, an hit done come a-snahlin an a-spittin at me soon as Ah got out o' bahd.'

"'Where is it?' says Mack.

"'Oh, Ah cain't hit all rights. Done put a rope roun' hits neck an tied hit t' mah cabin.'

"'Go an git it an fetch it down here,' says Mack. 'Then th' wreckin crew got a tackle roun' another den, an we forgot all about th' darky.

"Maybe it was 20 minutes, an maybe it was half an hour when we heard a noise over on th' road amongst th' trees —a noise kinder like a nigger drivin a mule or like somethin bein driven. It come nearer an louder an louder an nearer. Everybody stopped work an listened, an th' ole man himself come out o' his car with his napkin hangin roun' his neck.

"'What is that?' he pipes up in his snappy way. 'Who is that one there? Go an see what that racket is, some o' you boys. Hurry up, now.'

"Nobody paid any attention t' him, an th' noise got nearer an nearer. In a couple o' minutes a cloud o' dust sailed out from behind th' trees. When it got within a hundred yards o' th' track, it cleared up a bit, an there was that big, black nigger with a rope in one mit an a piece o' fence rail in th' other. On th' other end o' th' rope was Monarch.

"Of all th' mean, sneakin, underhanded cat animals that ever traveled with a circus Monarch was th' worst an a powerful fighter when he had any sort o' show. Sometimes we'd put our hands on th' canvas cover o' his cage when he had t' run over th' train, an there never was a time, day or night, that he hadn't a slap ready fer you.

"Well, that darky was a-lammin him with his chunk o' fence an talkin mighty talk t' him wuss than anything you ever saw in th' south.

"'C'm on 'long heah, you galley eyed devil,' he was sayin. 'Ah don' know what you is, but you ain' goin snahl ner spit at me, nohow. C'm on 'long theh, you big sassy rahmint,' an with that he'd lam him with his piece o' fence an let drive with his cowhide boots.

"An you kin bet your life Monarch was a-comin. I never saw a critter so cowed as he was. Why, when that nigger brought him right in amongst us there was nobody that took th' trouble t' open up a gangway, an I reckon any young one could 'a' took him by th' scruff o' th' neck an turned him over on his back. He was jest a great, overgrown pet lomcat, with all th' fight an meanness walloped out o' him.

"We'd yanked his den up on to th' road bed with th' hole in th' end butted against a wagon. Th' door was open, an when Monarch saw his happy little home waitin there for him he jerked th' rope out o' th' darky's hand an' bolted inside it. He couldn't get fur enough inside, either—went away up in th' fur corner an tried t' hide. Saberlee shut th' door an spoke to him, but Monarch was th' worst whipped cat animal you ever saw."—New York Sun.

HANDLING BIG SERPENTS.

Poisonous Snakes in Demand by Doctors For Experimenting.

"In handling a big snake you must always touch him with a soft, smooth, gliding motion of the hand, making it feel to him as much as possible like the touch of another snake, and, besides, you must be careful to keep his tail out straight. Keep the tail straight, and he can't coil on you. His bite is nothing, for he has not poison, but his coil around your leg or arm or body will crush the bones.

"The poisonous snakes—the water moccasins, rattlesnakes and copperheads—are bought for zoos. Now and then a doctor buys them heavily for awhile. He wants to experiment with their poison. After he has been bitten two or three times he stops buying.

"There are a number of people who buy snakes for pets. These people always, without an exception, make pets also of rats, mice and turtles. Any one fond of snakes is sure to be fond of those other things too. They keep their snakes and turtles and rats as near as possible to them. Often they keep them in their bedrooms. There was a young man who used to come here last year after pine snakes—a university student. That young man would sit with his hand in among the coils of a cageful of snakes for hours. He would take one's head in his hands and lift its face close up to his own and gaze for a long time in its eyes. Then he would hold it off and stroke it and study its changing colors in a kind of trance. I don't know what pleasure or satisfaction he got out of the snakes. He bought over a dozen from me during the year and kept them in his bedroom in a boarding house. They all escaped one night through a rathole and got among the neighbors and raised general ballyhoo."—Philadelphia Record.

LOVE AMONG SAVAGES.

Ability to Stand Torture a Test of Masculine Devotion.

Among the Arabs of upper Egypt the youth who proposes to a girl must submit to a whipping at the hands of all her male relatives, and, says a dry narrator, "if he wishes to be considered worth having he must receive the chastisement, which is sometimes exceedingly severe, with an expression of enjoyment."

Not infrequently it is the maiden herself who imposes the test. The Sakalava girls of Madagascar make their lovers stand at a short distance from a clever spear thrower and catch between the arm and side every weapon flung at them. If the youth "displays fear or fails to catch the spear, he is ignominiously rejected, but if there be no flinching and the spears are caught he is at once proclaimed an accepted lover."

Worse than this is the trial enforced upon their suitors by the Dongolowee girls. When in doubt as to the respective merits of two rivals, the young lady fastens a sharply pointed knife to each elbow; then, seating herself between her lovers, she drives the blades slowly into their thighs, and the hero who takes the greatest length of steel without a murmur wins the bride.

Major Mitchell in his "Expeditions Into the Interior of Eastern Australia" says of the natives on the river Darling that all their ideas of fighting are associated with the possession of gins or wives and that after a battle the wives "do not always follow their fugitive husbands from the field, but frequently go over, as a matter of course, to the victors." "None but the brave deserve the fair" is a maxim well understood of most barbaric races.—Chambers' Journal.

Composition on Love.

Love is a thing that makes people think each other pretty when nobody else does.

It causes two persons to be awful quiet when you're round and also quiet when you're not round—only in a different way.

It also causes people to sit together on one end of a bench when there's heaps of room on the other end.

Nurses has it and sometimes policemen. That's when they don't know where you are, and you have lots of fun playing on the grass.

Husbands and wives has it, but most generally only lovers.

Old people don't have much, 'cause it has to be about dimples and red cheeks and fluffy curls and lots of things which old people don't ever have.

When I grow up, I'll have to go and love some one, I suppose. Only she'll have to let me say what to do.

I've written all I know about it till I do grow up.—Eddy in New York Sun.

Nothing Like Accuracy.

First Clubman—Woggles, I want you to decide a bet. Higginside says the quotation, "Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned," is from the book of Psalms, and I say it's from Job. We've put up $5 on it and agreed to leave it to you.

Second Clubman—I think you're both wrong. I know it's in the Bible, but my impression is that you'll find it in the proverbs of Solomon.—Chicago Tribune.

Pin Money.

Spoiled Wife—Why are you dividing your month's salary in two heaps, Henry?

Indulgent Husband—I thought I ought to put this five in the bank this month, love. The other $95 is your pin money.—Ohio State Journal.

The weight of all the air on the globe would be eleven and two-thirds trillion pounds if no deduction had to be made for space filled by mountains and land above sea level.

A "wide awake" was originally a hat with no nap on its material.

Miss Hazel S. Cowdrey has returned from Rome City, where she assisted in the program at the W. C. T. U. assembly.

The K. of P. band and the Rathbone Sisters will give a band concert and social at Market square this evening.

Skin-Tortured Babies

And Worn-out Worried Mothers Find Comfort in Cuticura.

INSTANT RELIEF AND REFRESHING SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES and rest for tired mothers, in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusted, and blotchy humours of the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children.

Millions Use Cuticura SOAP

assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby itchings, rashes, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment of Every Humour,

Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

MONEY TO LOAN.

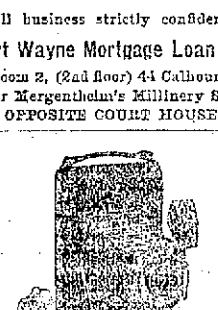
At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Mergenthelm's Millinery Store. OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.



Buy An.... **Eastman**

THE BEST MADE.

M. L. Jones, 12 W. WAYNE ST.

Money to Loan.

—AT—

FIVE PER CENT.

ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.

C. B. FITCH,

65 CLINTON ST.

Business - Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

No. 39 West Main Street.

Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, No. 24 West Wayne Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $250,000.

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.

President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—Julius Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,

Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

SURPLUS, $75,000.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.

ABSTRACTER OF TITLE.

INSURANCE.

COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.

James E. Graham,

Room 16, Bank Block, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Stenographer and Notary Public in office. 'Phone 615 Main.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

A Sunday school picnic will be held at Five Points on Saturday, August 17th, and a day of much pleasure is being looked forward to by the young people of that vicinity. Ice cream and other refreshments will be served.

FARMERS' DAY AT WINONA.

Saturday, Aug. 10th, will be Farmers' day at Winona Lake, Ind. Rev. Sam Jones will give an address in the Auditorium at 2:30 p. m.; subject, "Shams and the Genuine." The Winona band will give a concert at 4:30 and 8 p. m. Farmers' meeting will be held in the Auditorium at 1:30 p. m. J. M. Studebaker and others will give addresses. A large attendance is expected.

LAUNDRY WORKERS MEET.

An entertainment will probably be given within a short time for the benefit of the Laundry Workers' union, and the matter was discussed at an enthusiastic meeting held by the union at the city hall Tuesday evening. The union will receive its charter within a short time and it is expected that practically all the 150 laundry workers in the city will soon be enrolled as members.

MONEY IS RETURNED.

Dr. Sierra Blanca, of South Bend, was in the city yesterday and secured from the Fort Wayne postoffice the return of a registered package containing $1,500 mailed by him last week to a South Bend lady. The postal authorities there declined to deliver the package to the person addressed on the grounds that identification was not complete. The cash was returned to Fort Wayne and Dr. Blanca secured his money.

Horace Randall, of Indianapolis, is in the city today on a business mission.

CELERY KING

A Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celery King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation, and Nerve Stomach, Liver and Kidney Diseases.

BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild but effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with that disagreeable sour breath, heavy head. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family."—WILHELMINA KAHNS, 127 Bittenbinder St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 315

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Noble Olds left today for Bear Lake.

Walter Freese has gone to Buffalo to spend a week.

O. P. Franks, of Albion, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Miss Florence Wise, of Chicago, is visiting Miss Mary Shoaff.

Miss Ethel Hanna has returned from a visit in Rome City.

Mrs. H. W. Kohnman has returned from a visit in Alexandria.

Mrs. Louis Amen and daughter are visiting relatives in Detroit.

D. M. Hatfield, of Ossian, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. W. M. Ensten has gone to Elida, Ohio, to visit relatives.

Mrs. William Haenel has returned from a visit in Bellevue, Ohio.

Miss Charlotte Geismar, of Toledo, is visiting Miss Leona Kanaga.

Emil Kettler and mother have left on an extended tour of the lakes.

Miss Margaret Smith, of Toledo, is visiting Miss Marguerite Huestis.

J. W. Welch and family have gone to Cleveland and Buffalo for visits.

Messrs. Herbert Erickson and Burton Halderman have gone to Buffalo.

Miss Bertha Heustis has returned from a trip through northern Michigan.

An ice cream social will be given this evening in the Oak Grove school house.

Mrs. Charles Weimar is entertaining Mrs. David Livingood and son, of Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Chalmer Schafer, of Decatur, are the guests of friends in the city.

Mrs. William Hess is at Kendallville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Merkling.

T. J. Bresnahan and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Julian Stier are visiting at Columbia City.

Mrs. E. A. Barnes and daughter, Georgiana, have returned from a visit in Grand Haven, Mich.

Miss Blanche Kelley, of Tipton, who has been visiting Miss Myrtle Kane, has returned home.

Miss Ida Biddle, of Canton, Ohio, who has been visiting Miss Ann Biddle, has returned home.

Miss Mary Randall has returned home to Avilla, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. A. F. Thomas.

The Misses Lillian Schmenk and Louise Blust have returned from a visit at St. Clair Flats, Mich.

Mrs. Henrietta Nestel, residing at 243 West Creighton avenue, fell and broke her left arm yesterday.

The Misses Margaret and Agnes Cunningham have gone to South Bend and Chicago for visits.

Secretary J. W. Burns, of the Railroad Y. M. C. A., has returned from a vacation visit with relatives in Ohio.

J. Y. Shonff is quite ill, the result of a severe sprain from lifting a heavy article of furniture in his store.

A party of about twelve young people picnicked at Robison park last evening, chaperoned by Dr. and Mrs. M. F. Porter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Bilderback, of Leonidas, Mich., are expected in the city in a few days to visit Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bilderback.

Miss Norma Allen has returned from a visit at Colorado Springs and will occupy her cottage at Rome City for the balance of the season.

Miss Bessie Maxwell, of Buchanan street, has returned home after spending three months with her sister, Mrs. Edwin Brown, of Muncie.

Mrs. William Satterthwaite, who has been a patient at Hope hospital, returned to her home at Huntington last evening, greatly improved in health.

William Bradford Dickson will be in charge of the "experience meeting" of the members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Harmony hall, this evening.

Tomorrow evening Wayne tent, No. 54, K. O. T. M., will initiate a class of fifteen. At a recent meeting a class of eighty was taken in and the membership is now nearly 600.

The Misses Lillie Close and Lottie Bitner and Ernest Close, Harry Metzner and Robert Niedhammer spent Sunday in the country, the guests of Miss Sarah Brewer, near Maples.

Huntington Democrat: "'Pete' Collins, one of Fort Wayne's jolly policemen, who, with his wife, has been visiting friends in Huntington, returned to the Summit City today."

The Misses Jessie and Mae Fitch and brother, Roderick, left today for a trip by buggy to Morenci and Hudson, Mich. They will visit several northern Indiana lake resorts on their way home.

Bluffton News: "E. E. Tanner, organizer for the Teamsters' union, is here. About twenty members have signed, but the organization will not take place until Tanner has done some other work in the gas belt."

Among the contests at the exercision of the Knights of Columbus at Rome City on August 22, will be a fishing contest for ladies only. The lady catching the largest string of fish will be given a handsome prize.

Huntington Democrat: "Miss Margaret Michaels, trimmer at Mrs. Haller's millinery store, returned to her home in Fort Wayne Monday evening. It is probable she will not return to the city next season, as she thinks of taking a year's rest from work, having trimmed several seasons in succession."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Compiled by John C. Heller, abstracter, 32 East Berry street.)

—City.—

Joseph T. Aschey to the Haberkorn and Haley Manufacturing company, lot 136 Fletcher's addition, for $250.

Julia H. and R. M. Kingsley to the Haberkorn and Haley Manufacturing company, lots 139 and 140 Fletcher's addition, for $450.

Susan E. and Elias Hire to Allen County Loan and Savings association, lot 6 Snider's addition, for $1,200.

Millard F. and Annie Gay to Allen County Loan and Savings association, lot 20 S. W. Stoop's addition, for $1,500.

Mary Edsall to Mary Owens, lot 4 Tremmel's sub-division, for $1,200.

Robert L. and Bertha Remy to Haberkorn and Haley Manufacturing company, lots 132 and 135 Fletcher's addition, for $300.

—Country.—

George A. and Matilda C. Higgins to H. B. Roller, trustee, Springfield township, lot 6 in Maysville, for $600.

Adaline Orno et al. to Louise Orno, west half of north half of south half of northeast quarter, section 14, Springfield township, for $800.

Mary Zimmerman et al. to Adaline Orno, east half of west half of west half of southeast quarter, section 14, Springfield township, for $2,000.

Eliza H. and Fred J. Hayden to Mary Coe Ninde, part lot 2 plat "C," Washington township, for $350.

NEGRO IS SOLD FOR VAGRANCY.

Taylorsville, Ky., Aug. 7.—There was a curious scene yesterday, and one that reminded the older citizens of slave days, when Auctioneer Crabb stood upon the court house steps and sold Sy Lewis, colored, to the highest bidder. A large crowd was present, but no one seemed anxious to bid, probably because it was uncertain whether one could get any real benefit from the negro if he purchased him. He was finally knocked down to Arch Hays, a young farmer, for $2. Lewis was sold into servitude for a period of nine months upon being convicted at the last term of the circuit court of vagrancy.

PRISONER OFFERS BIG BOND.

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—Ben De Lamos, a federal prisoner in the penitentiary, has never missed a G. A. R. encampment and does not want to do so this year. He asks the United States authorities to release him during the meeting at Cleveland, and offers to give a bond of $100,000 to insure his safe return. De Lamos is the man who slept in the speaker's chair in the Alabama house of representatives as a tramp and within two years was elected a member and afterward filled the same chair as speaker. He is serving a sentence for a technical violation of the pension laws.

DR. SHRYOCK HONORED.

Dr. William W. Shryock, of this city, has been honored by the American Dental association, now in annual session in Milwaukee, being requested to read a paper on "Orthodonthia." The paper was submitted to the officials some time ago, and was selected from among articles by a number of the leading dentists of the country. The paper was read at the session this morning.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Mikesell have returned from a trip to New York, Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Can Keep Cool

If You Know How to FEED YOURSELF.

(Reasons below.)

Try Grape-Nuts.

HOT WEATHER FOOD.

The selection of food for hot weather is an important question. We should avoid an excess of fats, cut down the butter ration and indulge more freely in fruits and food easy of digestion. One meat meal per day is sufficient during hot weather.

An ideal breakfast is Grape-Nuts, treated with a little cream (which, by the way, supplies the necessary fat in a very digestible form) a cup of Postum Cereal Food Coffee, hot, or if cold, it should have a little lemon juice squeezed in; then some fruit, either cooked or raw; also perhaps two slices of entire wheat bread with a very thin spread of butter. A breakfast of this sort is so perfectly adapted to the wants of the system that one goes through the heat of the day in comfort as compared with the sweaty, disagreeable condition of one improperly fed. Once put in practice, the plan will never be abandoned during the hot days, for the difference in one's personal comfort is too great to be easily forgotten.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 24 W. Berry St. Jy9-1m

FOR RENT—Nine room house on South Calhoun St. by E. Gilmartin, lumber yard. 6tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, first floor. Inquire 77 E. Berry street. 7-30-tf

FOR RENT—Flat, second story, No. 50 Harrison street. Inquire at the Old National bank. 6-20-tf

FOR RENT—After October 1st, residence of Mrs. A. J. Laubach, 127 E. Washington street. 6-5t

FOR RENT—Room, with or without board, including bath. Day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 W. Wayne. 2-15-tf

FOR RENT—Two central houses; $15 to $18 per month; also business rooms. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room with bath and all conveniences to gentlemen or man and wife. 126 E. Wayne St. 6-6t

FOR RENT—Fine furnished room, also two rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and Home 'phone 1316. Apply, 22 W. Main St. 6-3-1m

FOR RENT — Pleasant furnished rooms, with board, on first and second floors; bath and all conveniences. 27 and 29 E. Washington St. 7-25-1mo

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, with access to bath room, on Montgomery street, two squares from Calhoun. Apply to Mrs. Knight, 78 Montgomery St. 6t2

FOR RENT—Eight-room dwelling House, with bath-room, furnace and electric lights, five squares from post-office; $22 per month. T. J. Logan, office over Fruit House. 7-2t

FOR RENT—Plans are being drawn for the Flick building, 41-43 W. Berry. Parties wishing to lease the second or third floors for a period of 5 or 10 years can have rooms arranged for offices or lodge rooms as desired. Inquire at 33 W. Berry St. 7-17-tf

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10tf

FOR RENT—Two new flats, seven rooms each, hot and cold water and porcelain bath, closet and washstand; separate entrances to each flat; for rent August 1st; location, South Calhoun, near Masterson. Inquire of H. N. Ward, 233 West Berry street. Telephone 772. 7-15-1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Nearly new 8-room house on Wall St.; $1,600; a special bargain. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Belgian Hares—Select stock young Belgian hares for sale, $1 and upward. Apply after 4 o'clock, 322½ W. Washington street. 6-3t

FOR SALE—Two cottage houses on Hanna, near DeWald; nice for investment or home; will sell either or both, $1,400 each. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A bargain easy payments new five-room cottage, electric wiring, gas; two squares from street car. For particulars, call on or address, C. K. Fairfield, 7 Belle avenue. 3-tf

FOR SALE—Oak and marble top stand, pictures, banquet lamp and Wilkie Collins, Dickens, Carlyle, Victor Hugo and other books at remarkably low prices at room 3, Arcade, second floor. 7-8-1m

FOR SALE—Or may exchange for good city property, three good 80-acre farms, with good frame houses and bank barns on each. For further particulars, call on S. Freistoffer, room 25, bank block. 27-wed&sat-1m

FOR SALE—That handsome block of ground fronting on Broadway, Savilla avenue and Home avenue (the apple orchard); price, $4,000, small payment, long time. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne St., opp. High school, or to any real estate agent. 7-6-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 4½ and 5 per cent., with privilege of partial payments; also money loaned on personal security; property for sale. P. A. & F. P. Randall, Bass block, Fort Wayne. d-wtf

Robert Spice,

PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER.

48 WEST MAIN STREET.

Office 'phone 261—Residence 1047

Mrs. Charles Sovine, of 23 Wells street, underwent an operation at St. Joseph hospital yesterday morning. Dr. N. L. Deming was the operating surgeon.

WANTED.

WANTED—Second cook. Apply, Rich hotel. 5tf

WANTED—Everybody to call up Consumers' Ice Co.; both phones 594. m18-tf

WANTED—To buy 5 to 25 acres of land near town. Address, W., care Sentinel. 6t2

WANTED—Experienced overall makers; steady employment. Apply at Hoosier Mfg. Co. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Piano pupils; the latest system taught. Emma Frappier, 70 Murray street. 7-6t

WANTED—Small residence property; give location and price. Address Property, care Sentinel Office. 7-2t

WANTED—One $10 house; also one $12 house; must be east of Calhoun street. Address "House," Sentinel office. 31-tf

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18tf

WANTED—First-class saleslades at Mergenthelm's millinery store; only those having had experience need apply.

WANTED—To trade a vacant lot, size 50x150, for a good horse and buggy. Address, J. M. G., letter carrier No. 15. 1-9t

WANTED—By a competent seamstress, sewing by the day; understands first-class cutting and fitting. M. S. A., general delivery, city. 6-2t

WANTED—To buy a small property of about five rooms, with improvements; northern part of city preferable. Call or address, 20 Wagner street, City. 6-2t

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to start in a money making business with my new patent in every county and state. Call on Mrs. Long, 64 Barr St. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to engage in respectable money-making business as canvassers for publishing house. Address E. A., care Fort Wayne Sentinel. 7-2t

WANTED—Ideas! The demand for quinine is large and the supply small; a substitute would pay. W. G. Burns, Patent Attorney, 80 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

WANTED—Ladies, consult Mme. Place, M. E. C., in regard to your facial blemishes, 38 W. Wayne St. Electric bath, beauty culture, manicure and hair dressing parlors, for ladies only. 2-28-tf

WANTED—Men that would like to be barbers. We will teach the work in two months, give outfit of tools and pay $12 weekly when competent. Make application by mail. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 3-6t

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's Employment Office, 39 West Washington street, wants 10 cooks and 10 second girls for private families; several dining-room girls in and out of city; general house girls; no charge to girls. 16-tf

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizen's Trust Company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000. Interest paid on deposits. 8tf

WANTED—Cancers, tumors, birthmarks and all morbid growths removed without the use of surgeon's ghastly knife. One application does the work. Cure guaranteed. Dr. Zimmerman, Sanitarium, 38 West Wayne street, corner Harrison, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-28-tf

WANTED—A lady of refinement wishes a position with a nice family as lady's or young girl's companion or children's nurse; is conversant in German language, proficient in modern lace making, possesses musical talent and some knowledge about nursing. Address M. Reese, Kneipp Sanitarium, Rome City, Ind. 6-2t

LOST.

LOST—Gold locket, containing two pictures; monogram "L. F." Finder please return to Frankel Tailoring Co.

LOST—On East Washington street, near end of car line, a tan chatelaine pocketbook. Finder leave at this office and receive reward. 5t6

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WILBRY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and residence, 26 Madison St. Specialty:—Disease of Women Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m to 3:30 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Drs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs.

'Phone 1178. 98 Calhoun St.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Why not buy a the Vesey addition, on Broa and double your money? W Doud, Agent.

FOR SALE—Nos. 94 and 96 Wi owner non-resident; will mak gain price on application. Doud, agent.

FOR SALE—Light leather Brewster buggy and a light made harness. Apply at 192 Wayne street.

FOR SALE—I will sell nine lots in Vesey's addition at $1 month at same price as cash E. Doud, Agent. 7

FOR SALE OR RENT—S houses in different parts of th monthly payments. J. F. E 52 Bank block. 8-6

FOR SALE—If you want mon personal security see "ad" on ond page, first column. Roo Arcade, upstairs. 18

FOR SALE—A grocery and sa doing a good business; reason selling, other business. Add Box 14, care Sentinel. 6-6

FOR SALE—A very desirable 8-r residence on W. Superior St.; very central; only $1,900. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Nearly new residence fine location, 30 Fox St.; owner going to Oklahoma; a bargain if sold now. W. E. Doud, Agt. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A fine home, with soft water, bath and lights, near Reser voir lake; price for a few days $2,700. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-

FOR SALE—New 7-room house, central west end; with bath plete. Price, $2,650. W. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-

FOR SALE—Eight-room house; op stairs; lot 32x150; water, ga sewer; price $1,400. Val Rochol 23 Court St. Telephone 49. 5-16-tf

FOR SALE—The best lots in the beautiful addition; for particula ask about the Vesey addition. W E. Doud, Agent, over Old Nationa bank. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—A full corner lot and good residence, 7 rooms, on W. Jef ferson St.; price cut to $3,500; fine location. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Any kind of reasonable terms granted on choice lots in Vesey's addition, on Broadway first choice to buyers now. W. E Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Vesey addition lots, on Broadway; will soon be on car li present prices will then advan certainly an easy proposition. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—One of the choice Colum bia Ave. homes at the greatest bar gain price ever offered in Lakeside For particulars call on W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Choice building lots i the new central addition at Jef son and Fulton Sts.; select your at once; prices very reasonable E. Doud, over Old National.

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—Four a acre tracts; 25 acres, 7 miles fro city; 10 acres, 3 miles from cit 10 acres, 7 miles out; 13 acres, miles out; 10 acres, 6 miles ou 7 acres, 2 miles out; one 5-roo house, No. 7 Summit St., $1,2 Inquire of R. C. Niswonger & 18 Harrison St. 4m26d&

FOR SALE—A brick store on M St., $3,300; will rent $35 a mon A 5-room house on Hugh St., $ A 5-room house on Boone St., 050. A 7-room house on E. W liams St., $2,100. A 7-room ho on Esmond St., a bargain. A room house on Erie St. Twenty two acres two miles from city lim its, a bargain. A 6-room house on Cass St., $1,650. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 23 Court St. 1-11-tf

FOR SALE—Lot, 198 feet front by 350 feet deep; on Maple Ave.; one of the finest locations surrounding Fort Wayne; good buildings, fruit trees and shrubery; natural gas Anyone wishing a suburban hom could have no better location. Lo on Clinton St., between Wayne and Washington Sts.; 75 feet front by 110 deep; good dwelling thereon. Two-story frame dwelling, 7 rooms, stable, natural gas, full lot, for $1,- 500; located on E. Leith St. Schrader & Wilson, first floor, 7 Court St.

FOR SALE—Lots 23, 24, 25, 26, on Huffman street, north side, extra high lots overlooking town to the south; street car extension expected this season or next, and is proposed to change name Huffman street to Huffman avenue; price of lots, $700 each; small payments, long time; also for sale, farther west, 18 lots platted as "Huffman Heights Addition" (the grove) cor ner Huffman and Andrew streets price, $4,000, for entire plat, small payment, long time to suit; a re bargain. Apply to Henry M. W liams, East Wayne St., opp. H school, or to any real estate ag 7-6-

isting Prices for
ful Buyers.

ING OUT ALL SUMMER
REGARDLESS OF COST.

Linen Skirts, nicely
ed with braid..... 98c
Heavy Duck Skirts..... 98c
Covert Cloth Skirts.....98c
Black Mercerized Petti-
.....$1.00
Wool Walking Skirts, in
, Blue and Oxford Gray,
worth $2.50, only.....$1.98
s Bazaar paper patterns—
ttern 10c.

ELKER & NABLO,
Washington St. 118 Calhoun St.

Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

UNION LABEL

DNESDAY, AUG. 7, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Carriers—No. 10 meets at 41
. Main street, second floor.
Masons—No. 2 meets at 34
Main street, third floor.
s—No. 40 meets at Pearl and
rison streets, second door.
Versin—Meets in hall, Main
Harrison streets.
ian Science—Services of First
rch in Harmony hall, West
y street; Second church in
ish tabernacle, Harrison street.
ks—Fort Wayne council No. 4,
& S. M.; Fort Wayne chapter
19, R. A. M.; Mechecaunnoch-
tribe No. 107, I. O. R. M.;
ecordia No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Fort
yne No. 1547; Wayne council
35, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Fort Wayne
19, A. O. U. W.; Liberty council
22, K. & L. of C.; Columbia
ht of Honor No. 242; St. Julian
89, C. B. L.; Allen No. 29,
ree of Honor.
son Park Theater—Vaudeville.

great trouble out in the recent-
med public domain is that there
ty to do and too many to do it.

Bill Henze's saloon is .tem-
y closed doesn't dispose of the
that he violated the law 271
cutive days by doing business
out a license.

rk Hanna will soon have his
al status defined. A Terre
man has begun provoke pro-
gs against two fellow work-
who called him Mark Hanna.
makes out his provoke case he
follow it up with a damage

homas Lipton's challenger is
proaching our shores and it is
et settled which of the three
an candidates for the honor
ending the cup ought to oppose
amrock II. The Constitution,
olumbia and the Independence
od, each probably better than
allenger, but it is the best
must be chosen.

watchman in the smelting
at Vallejo, Cal., thought the
made by robbers who were
ng away more than a quarter
ion dollars in gold were made
osts, and so did not attempt to
pt the thieves. The moral of
that a man who believes in
without caring to communi-
with them when at hand does
ake a good watchman.

time-honored stocking-foot
epot methods of banking at
ave some advantages over the
banks that got the confidence
izens of Avilla and Andrews.
the losers in those flimsy and
lent institutions calmly reflect
, they will realize that prob-
hey would not have trusted
their neighbors with their
had he gone into the banking
ss with as little to offer as
y as Leach and Key were able
. It is the plausible stranger
makes the best thimble-rigger.

new method of dealing with
industrial troubles has been
and experimented with by
of Tampa, Fla., where a long
stressing strike conducted by
anization called the Resisten-
been in progress. Citizens
ad become tired of the situa-
d the injury it was working
y banded together as vigilantes
anged to kidnap the strike
leaders, which was done. The leaders were placed aboard a boat in the bay and taken no one seems to know where. At all events the alert and vigilant gentlemen at the head of the citizens' committee say Tampa will not be bothered by the reappearance of the obnoxious strike leaders. As all of the deported agitators are Spaniards and Cubans they have little chance of redress. Neither this government nor the Spanish government is like to give heed to a case of this peculiar status. The men were doubtless taken to Havana and warned not return on pain of more severe punishment. Kidnaping has been made an expedient in emergencies of many sorts, but it is probable that this is the first time it has ever been employed to end a labor disturbance.

The net result of the tuberculosis congress, as far as reported, is a furore in London against the use of loving cups and a campaign against two or more workmen drinking beer from common pewter mug. It may be doubted that tuberculosis has ever been disseminated by means of various persons drinking from the same vessel, but the agitation will do no harm. It is in line of encouraging cleanliness. The use of drinking vessels in common is a habit born of poverty in ancient times which has no excuse for survival. It is dangerous to a degree, as it may carry much more active contagion than tuberculosis. But there were lessons taught at the great scientific congress of more value than this one and they may yet be taken to heart by the multitude, chief among them being the wholesomeness of cleanliness in all things. Bacteria are not much to be feared by the man whose "house is in order" in every sense.

A NEW FEATURE.

The unusual feature about the insurrectionary movements in Colombia and Venezuela is that each government charges the other with fomenting rebellion across the border. Both movements are formidable, that in Venezuela resulting in a battle of twenty-eight hours' duration, according to reports, and the loss of more than 1,000 men. Colombia has its trouble apparently better in hand for the moment, but the scene may change at any time.

It is not improbable that both governments are justly accused, for intrigue is as natural to the politicians of South and Central America as the manners of a dictator to the man who is temporarily on top. The source of trouble is greed; the medium through which it is brought about is popular ignorance. There can be no such thing as genuine representative government in a country where a vast majority of citizens is illiterate, and there can be no security for despots in small states with turbulent neighbors.

It may be a good thing for both of the republics involved if the fighting should lead to the annexation of the one to the other. The remaining country could possibly maintain a more stable government, less subject to the intrigues of ambitions native statesmen or the plots of foreign commercial concessionaires.

ELECTRIC MOTOR RECORD.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—One hundred and eighty-seven and a half miles on one battery charge is the latest performance of an electric automobile—the regular Stanhope for two people—setting a new mark for these vehicles. The machine is the joint output of two Cleveland companies and a Chicago company. The performance of the new machine is due to the advanced improvements in three patents of the machine, battery, motor and running gear, which enable it to cover more than twice as many miles on one charge as has heretofore been done by electric vehicles. The test was made on the Chicago boulevards between 3 p. m. Monday and 2:30 this morning.

MEN WITH A PULL.

Arrangements have been completed for an interesting tug-of-war between picked teams from the Caledonian society and Electric Light works at the Caledonian field day at Robison park on Saturday, August 24. The men on the two teams will average about 200 pounds and a warm contest will be pulled off. The Electric Lights will be captained by M. S. Willson and they are confident of success. The Caledonians are equally confident and as they were defeated last year they will put forth extra efforts to win this time.

WIFE IS IN JAIL

BECAUSE SHE RAISED HER HUSBAND'S CHECKS.

A SENSATION AT MARION

A RICH FARMER'S PRETTY WIFE ARRESTED.

BRUTE TERRIBLY WHIPPED

GENERAL NEWS OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 7.—About three weeks ago Joseph Bradford, a wealthy farmer, married Mrs. Mary Houck, a young widow. Before the marriage a contract was drawn up between the parties by a prominent attorney. Bradford agreed to deed the bride eighty acres of his 400 acres of land, give her $1,000, two diamonds and a gold watch. The contract was carried out to the letter and Mrs. Houck became Mrs. Bradford. Mrs. Houck had built a beautiful home in this city and after her marriage she spent very little time with her husband. It is claimed that Mrs. Bradford would get the signature of Mr. Bradford to a check and then fill in the amount to suit her fancy. She purchased bills of goods of the different merchants, amounting to thousands of dollars and would pay for them with her husband's checks.

Monday Mrs. Bradford cashed a check at the First National bank for $1,500. She went to the same bank yesterday and presented another check for $700. The cashier refused to honor it until Bradford was notified. When Bradford learned of the amounts his wife had been drawing he showed great anger and ordered the police to arrest Mrs. Bradford. She is now held by the police for raising checks.

WHITE CAPS FLOG HUSBAND.

Kokomo, Ind., Aug. 7.—William Gore, of Young America, fifteen miles west of here, accused of habitually beating his wife and child, was taken to the woods recently by sixteen of his neighbors, tied to a tree and given a flogging. Three buggy whips and a blacksnake were worn out on his bare back. The white cappers were masked with muslin over their faces. Paint and covered with blood Gore dragged himself to the office of Dr. Lybrook, who dressed the wounds. Gore will leave the country as soon as his wounds heal. Gore came to Young America three years ago from Walton and married Mrs. Chandler, a widow, who owns a farm near the village. He was a widower with a five-year-old son. An instance of the cruelty Gore inflicted on the son and his stepmother it is related that to save the boy from punishment Mrs. Gore climbed on the house roof to get a hat the child had thrown there. She fell from the roof and alighted on an inverted harrow, the teeth of which ran through her feet, inflicting frightful injuries, followed by lockjaw. While lying helpless it is alleged that Gore came home drunk and kicked her. The same night an organization was formed to white cap the wife beater and the work was carried out.

FOOLED WITH WRONG MAN.

Shelbyville, Ind., Aug. 7.—A gang of wheat threshers arrived last evening at the home of Tilson Wheeler, near this city, and several of them came here and secured a keg of beer, with which they returned and began drinking. Mr. Wheeler is a prohibitionist, and he took offense, believing that it was done to have it said that he permitted the use of intoxicants on his farm. Getting his shotgun and his wife an ax, the men were driven off the farm and were not permitted to return.

SAGE BLOCK CRUMBLED.

Hartford City, Ind., Aug. 7.—The walls of the Sage block fell out yesterday and the store was wrecked. The accident was caused by excavating for the new Elk block. Workmen had narrow escapes.

KICKED TO DEATH BY A HORSE.

Kentland, Ind., Aug. 7.—Chester Roberts, son of James Roberts, is dead from a kick of a horse. The boy, who was twelve years old, was on a load of oats. He dropped one of the lines and tried to pick it up from near the horse's feet, when the animal kicked him, fracturing his skull.

THE SWITCHING CURE.

Bloomington, Ind., Aug. 7.—Another case of whitecapping is reported from the little town of Dolan, a few miles north of here. The victim is Matthew McKinney, and he, with his family, came to town last evening, stating that they were hunting another home. McKinney is said to be shiftless and, according to his story, he was taken from his bed after midnight, compelled to go some distance, and then switched over the back. He says about twenty-five masked men were in the mob. He was not injured.

HEAD CRUSHED TO PULP.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 7.—Charles Lange, workman in a stove foundry, made a playful leap through a window yesterday afternoon into the molding room. He slipped and fell, his head being caught under a heavy cogwheel and mashed to a pulp. The sickening spectacle was witnessed by half a hundred other workmen.

WRECK AT UNION CITY.

Union City, Ind., Aug. 7.—The Lake Erie and Union railroad had the worst disastrous wreck in the history of the road last evening, when passenger train No. 35 ran into an open switch in the yards at this city and collided with southbound train No. 8. The injured:

Mr. Huckett, New York, badly bruised and injured internally; will probably die.

Baggagemaster White, slightly bruised.

Conductor Wolf, hurt about the head.

Conductor Allen, slightly bruised.

No. 35 was running at the rate of forty miles an hour when the crash occurred, and both engines are reduced to scrap iron. The engineer and fireman of No. 18 were not at their posts when the accident occurred, and the men on the other engine jumped to safety. Conductor Allen, of No. 35, was slightly hurt, as was also Baggage White. Conductor Wolf was hurt about the head. A traveling man named Huckett, of New York, was seriously injured, and is not expected to live. A number of passengers were badly hurt.

B. & O. FLYER LEAVES TRACK.

Milford Junction, Ind., Aug. 7.—The spreading of rails three miles east of Nappanee, on the Baltimore and Ohio, caused passenger train No. 9, the flyer to the east, to be derailed at 7:15 last night. Six cars left the tracks while the train was going at the speed of sixty miles an hour, but the eighty passengers escaped with only a bad shaking. Only one person was injured, and that Baggageman Robert Gilaway, who was hurt by falling trunks. Conductor Hearst, Engineer Hobe Bright and Fireman Garsky were in charge of the train, and all held their places, and to this act the saving of many lives is attributed. It was several hours before the wreck was cleared.

GOLD MEDAL CONTEST.

A gold medal contest, conducted by Mrs. Lizzie Drake, of this city, state superintendent of the A. C. L., was held Monday afternoon in Rome City. There were two contestants from Fort Wayne and two from Rome City. The race was close and honors were finally won by Miss Alice Connolly, of this city, whose subject, "Infirm of Purpose, Give Me the Daggers," was handled most skillfully. The gold medal was presented by Mrs. Haughton, state evangelist. Numbers by Miss Hazel Cowdrey were greatly enjoyed. Among those who attended from this city were Mrs. L. Drake, Mrs. Ridenour, Misses Ella Williard, Hazel Cowdrey, Ruth Ridenour, Zelma Jennings, Carl Jennings and Willard Ridenour. Miss Ethel Wickwire, of Angola, was with the party.

NEW CASHIER HERE.

H. E. Davison, of Danville, Ill., has arrived in the city to take the position of cashier and bookkeeper for the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company. Mr. Nelson, the general superintendent of the company, will return tomorrow from a western trip.

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

DETROIT AND PUT-IN-BAY every Sunday, $1.60 round trip, via Toledo and steamer. Special train leaves 6:10 a. m.

TOLEDO and return, every Sunday, $1.00. Train leaves 7:30 a. m.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION (Buffalo). Coach excursions every Tuesday $7.45 round trip; ten days limit, $10.85 round trip; fifteen days' limit, $13.15 round trip; tourist, good to return until October 31st, $16.00 round trip. On the three latter rates passengers have option of rail or steamer from Toledo.

MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN, $12.30 via D. & C. steamers. Four trips each week from Toledo, viz.: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Return limit October 31st. State rooms reserved in advance.

HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS to points west and southwest. Tickets on sale each first and third Tuesday during months of July, August and September. Return limit twenty-one days. Very low rates.

R. G. THOMPSON,
G-25tf P. & T. A. Wabash R. R.

TENDERS HIS RESIGNATION

A. D. CRAIG BIDS SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS GOOD-BYE.

Retiring Superintendent of County Association Has a Kindly Word in Leaving.

The following letter is self-explanatory:

Bicknell, Ind., Aug. 5, 1901.—E. A. K. Hackett, President Allen County Sunday School Association, Fort Wayne, Ind.: Dear Brother:—Having purchased the News at Bicknell, Ind., I am compelled to tender to you my resignation as superintendent of the Allen County Sunday School association. Be it assured that in severing my connection with the Sunday school work in Allen county it is with the keenest feeling of regret that I must say good-bye. Words fail me to express my thanks to you, S. F. Bowser, Levi Binkley, J. C. F. McMaken, E. C. Carrington, J. D. Gloyd, F. C. Hubler and a host of others who have been so loyal in helping me along with the work in the county. I feel to make mention of the ministry throughout the entire county and thank them for the earnest and hearty co-operation in the Sunday school work. To my many friends in each township (which I number by the hundred) I thank you all for the kindness received at your hands. As I am still a resident of your state I will ever keep an eye on Allen county, trusting that you will all do your best to keep old Allen in the front rank in Sunday school work, and may the blessing of Him "who doeth all things well" ever rest upon you all.

Your obedient servant,
A. D. Craig.

WILL FEED FORT WAYNE LINE

ANOTHER ELECTRIC ROAD IS PROJECTED.

Senator Heller Gets Franchise in Huntington County—Other Interurban Matters.

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 7.—The commissioners of this county have granted to Senator F. J. Heller, of Columbia City, a franchise for an electric railway north and south through the entire width of the county and Mr. Heller states that it is his plan to construct the line from Huntington to Lagrange, by way of Columbia City and other towns. Franchises for the Noble county part of the road have already been secured by Mr. Heller and J. S. Conlogue, of Kendallville. Mr. Heller says the road will be built beyond a doubt and that it will act as a feeder for a line to be constructed between Fort Wayne and Goshen.

ANOTHER AT GOSHEN.

Goshen, Ind., Aug. 7.—W. L. Stoner, attorney for a number of wealthy St. Louis residents, has applied for a franchise for an electric line between Goshen and Lake Wawasee, and Mr. Stoner announced to the commissioners that he had every reason to believe the line would eventually be built through to Fort Wayne.

CITIZENS VOTE SUBSIDIES.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 7.—Exciting subsidy elections were held yesterday in four townships in aid of the Wabash and Rochester line. In this township the sum of $50,000 was voted by a majority of 400, a $10,000 subsidy was voted in Pawpaw township by thirteen majority, $10,000 in Perry township, Miami county, by eighty-three majority, and $2,500 in Rochester township, Fulton county, by 800 majority. The line is thirty-five miles long and work on it will begin in the fall.

WILL ESTABLISH A BANK.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 7.—The establishment of a bank at Hampton, Va., and the adoption of an additional plan of life insurance will be considered by the delegtes to the forty-fifth annual session of the National Grand Tabernacle of Galilean Fishermen, a colored beneficial organization now in convention here. It is stated that the bank has been chartered. Plans for its establishment and government will be formulated during the session. The bank will not only be a depository for the funds of the fishermen, but will also be a savings bank for colored people. The order is said to have upwards of 30,000 members scattered over the United States and the West Indies.

When you ask your druggist for Dromo-Pepsin be sure you get it. Note the word Pepsin. All druggists, 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle.

A SHORT STORY

LOVE'S GEOGRAPHY.

Wise men delight in globes and maps. They trace
Each kindly wrinkle in the old earth's face,
Rhetorician on mountain peaks and thirst
States, towns, seas as mere external dust,

But I, an humbler student, when I can
Such maps, who little troubled towns thereon,
Love takes my hand and, pointing, whispers clear,
"Here lives a friend—and here—and here—and
here!"

So small it is dots, as cheap and pink the chart,
I close my eyes. The world is in my heart!
But I see still points, no World, so strangely
dear,
Here lives a friend who loves me—here—and
here!"

—Youth's Companion.

A Ghost And a Hanging

BY M. QUAD.

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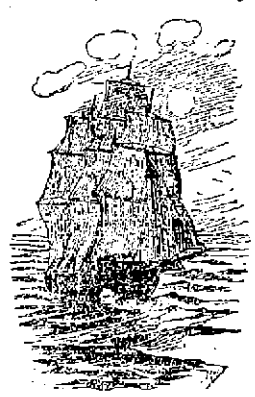
The firm of Swan & Arkell, Liverpool, were extensive traders and shipowners, and each and every one of their ships was launched on the 13th of the month. Each one started out on her first voyage on Friday, and when it came to the fifth ship she was launched on a Friday, the 13th, named Friday and began her voyage on a Friday. Though the other ships had all been lucky, there were people and newspapers that thought the firm were carrying things a little too far with the last ship. This did not prevent her from getting a cargo and crew for Valparaiso, however, and I had the good fortune to secure the berth of mate. We had a willing crew, a smart ship and favoring winds, and not a Jack Tar aboard had a word to say about ill luck or ghosts until we were half way across the Atlantic. Then happened such a curious thing that I am going to give you the full details.

Of a quiet moonlight night in the middle watch, when I had charge of



A QUIET MOONLIGHT NIGHT IN THE MIDDLE WATCH.

the ship, two of the seven men on deck came hurrying aft and informed me that a strange man was skulking about forward. The men were not overexcited, and on my part I took it that we had a stowaway on board. I told them to secure him and bring him aft, and my watch had almost expired when it was reported that the stranger could not be found. When I came on duty again, I reported the matter to the captain, and he had the fore hatch cover removed and sent a man down to investigate. We were almost full up with cargo, and it did not take long to ascertain that no one was hiding in the two or three open spaces. Had a stowaway been secreted below decks it would have been impossible for him to come up, but the hatch was removed to convince the sailors that they had been deceived by a shadow.

The next night at the same hour the stranger reappeared. The second mate had the watch, and as soon as the affair was reported to him he had me called. The incident had been talked over during the day, of course, but these new men had not seen the ghost. Indeed they had poked and guyed the other watch for a lot of old women. One man at the wheel and another on lookout and the other five were standing about waiting for a call when the stranger suddenly appeared among them. He was in his shirt sleeves and had an apron and a paper cap. In the apron were a lot of nails, which jingled as he walked. This man came "on" aft and walked forward on the port side, and, though two or three men shouted after him, he did not pause. The sailors did not take it for a ghost, but yet were unwilling to follow. However, when the carpenter reappeared after about five minutes and was passing aft one of the men stepped out to seize him and said:

"Look here, mate, stop a minute and let us know how you came aboard of this hooker and whose watch you are in."

The sailor's hand clutched the air instead of flesh and blood, and the thing continued aft and disappeared. When I was called, I went down on the main deck among the excited men and heard their yarn, and then we took lanterns and made a thorough search of the decks. I also sent men aloft to the tops. We made no discovery. It was useless to say to a dozen men that their eyes had deceived them. They were sailors above the average in intelligence, and the captain was sensible enough to take a sensible view of the matter. We talked it over at breakfast, and shortly afterward all hands were called aft. They were told that it must be some trickery and were asked to give their assistance in solving the mystery. The ship was searched from stem to stern, but no stowaway was found. Then the captain did that which no other captain would have done. When night and the middle watch came around again, he took the second mate and went forward among the men. He scattered them about and gave them instructions, and promptly to the minute the carpenter appeared. This time he showed up forward and walked aft, and at a word from the captain all rushed upon him. They found no substance. As they knocked together and some of them fell to the deck the thing disappeared aft, as if going down into the cabin.

Now, here was a situation. That there was a ghost aboard even the captain could not doubt. He owned right up to the men that it was a ghost, but at the same time kept the creeps away by stating that the spook showed no desire to harm any one.

There was no scare among the men. There was never a night of the rest of the voyage that the ghost did not show up, and by the time we reached port it had come to be looked upon as almost one of the crew. There was a chance for the superstitious to talk about Friday and No. 13 and all that, but there was no such talk among us. I believe that a crowd of lawyers, doctors or merchants would have exhibited more nervousness than did our crew of sailors. It got so that they finally threw their caps at the specter and asked for a light for their pipes.

The solution of the mystery was not less curious. We had not yet discharged all our cargo when a fearful odor became plain, and when the last barrel and box went out we traced the source and ripped off some of the flooring. Between two of the ribs we found the decaying corpse of a ship carpenter, whose skull had been smashed in by a blow from a hammer. The ghostly thing was taken ashore and an inquest held. There were buttons on the clothing, and a true description was taken, and no one doubted that a murder had been committed. On the run back to Liverpool there was no ghost. The finding of the body had laid it. The case was placed in the hands of the police, and you may remember what happened. The name of the murdered man was John Walpole, and a fellow workman named Charles Saunders was arrested for the crime. He confessed at once. As the two had knocked off for luncheon they fell into a dispute about a woman, and, driven to desperation by taunts of the other, Saunders seized his hammer and gave him a fatal blow. As the two were alone in the bows of the ship, then about ready for launching, he shoved the body over against a rib and nailed on flooring enough to cover it. Walpole was missed by the foreman, but was supposed to have gone off on a spree. That was the confession, and it brought about Saunders' death on the gallows, and no ghost was ever seen aboard of the Friday afterward. You won't believe that we saw a ghost, but as the discovery of the remains of the murdered man and the hanging of Saunders are matters of public record you can't very well get around them.

Tame Crow's Pranks.

He was a fat, helpless baby crow. We named him Tom, and he grew like the proverbial weed. His prankish propensities came more and more into evidence as the summer wore by. Some bright objects, such as teaspoons, thimbles and the scalloped tins called patty pans, had to be jealously guarded. But despite the noisy protests of the cook the patty pans continued to disappear.

At last I found the new use to which Master Tom had put these coveted articles. I had been awakened several mornings at an unusually hour by a slight tinkling, jingling noise, proceeding apparently from the tin covered veranda roof just outside my window.

On one occasion I fancied I heard Tom's peculiar low chuckle of amusement. Stealing noiselessly to the window, I peeped out. Sure enough, there were Tom and the patty pans. Seizing one in his beak, he would fly up about five or six feet, then drop it. The glitter of the tin as it fell through the bright sunshine and its clatter as it struck the roof seemed to afford him the most exquisite amusement, for he repeated the performance a dozen times or more, ending, as he heard the housemaid open the front door, by neatly packing his shining toys into an angle of the roof, where they had heretofore escaped notice.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Reading Character by the Nose.

"You can almost tell a person's character from the nose alone," remarked a scientist. "All great men have great noses. The Greek nose, which has no protuberance, but is straight, argues great sense of aesthetics, of beauty, but no character and no power of contention.

"Large nostrils show courage. People of fearless disposition breathe fully and freely. All the fiercer animals have dilated nostrils. The drooping nostril shows histrionic talent. If the nose also droops, it denotes a tragic power, and if only the nostril capacity is marked for the interpretation of comedy.

"Where the nose is thin at the bridge it shows generosity, while a nose that is thick at the bridge argues acquisitiveness. When it is tiptilted, like the petal of a flower, the person is inquisitive. A projecting nose argues a disposition to investigate. It is ahead of the person, as it were, and wants to scent out things."

The Theater.

Sir Squire Bancroft, in a lecture on the stage in London, said that when he was a boy he scraped up many a shilling to go into the pit to see Phelps act at Sadler's Wells theater and Charles Kean at the Princess, with both of whom he subsequently played as a young country actor. These stolen visits he regarded as not the least part of his education, and therefore his advice to all was, "Go and see Shakespeare acted whenever you get the chance."

PALE, WEAK WOMEN.

ZOA PHORA, TRUE TONIC FOR WORN-OUT BROKEN-DOWN WOMEN OR SHOP GIRLS WHO ARE ON THEIR FEET ALL DAY - TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

GIVES NEW STRENGTH, TINGLES THE NERVES, QUICKENS THE BLOOD, BRIGHTENS THE MIND, PUTS THE BLOOM OF PERFECT HEALTH ON THE CHEEKS AND CURES ALL WEAKNESSES OF WOMEN.

Zoa Phora is the only true tonic for women. It revives them, revitalizes their nerves, tones up their stomachs, brightens their eyes, and gives to their body the elasticity and buoyancy of youth. If you suffer from female weakness, leucorrhea, suppressed or painful menses, falling of the womb, displacements, flooding, ulceration, laceration, weak or lame back, disordered liver or stomach,

MRS. FRANK P. SCOTT,
Redman, Mo.

sick kidneys, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous headache, or highly nervous condition of the body or mind, if your face is pale or your skin rough, your hair falling out you should take the great tonic Zoa Phora at once. Whether it be caused by disease, neglect, change of life, preparation to become a mother, or the period of budding maidenhood, Zoa Phora is the one great tonic remedy that will always cure, strengthen and revivify. "With heartfelt thanks I send my testimonial for Zoa Phora as the greatest strengthening tonic ever known for women, and I hope that my words of praise will reach every suffering woman, and convince her that it is the tonic that she needs, for it is indeed rightly named 'Woman's Friend.' I was troubled for eight years with nervous headache and worn out feeling. Several doctors treated me but all failed to help me. Zoa Phora did me more good than all the doctors and their medicines, for it cured me completely of all my female weaknesses and nervous troubles. I will gladly answer all inquiries, for I believe that every woman should know of the wonderful woman tonic Zoa Phora.—Mrs. Frank P. Scott, Redman, Mo."

Get a dollar bottle of Zoa Phora at the nearest drug store, or the Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., will send it to you prepaid on receipt of price. It is no experiment, as hundreds of grateful women testify daily. Our lady physician is always glad to answer questions. Do not hesitate to write for information.

We will be glad to send you a trial bottle free upon receipt of 10c to cover cost of postage and packing. Address Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

PLUMBING.
STEAM AND GAS FITTING.
ELECTRIC WIRING.
GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

No. 101 Calhoun Street.

'Phone 207.

Of fifty-six glaciers observed in 1897 thirty-nine were found to be decreasing, while five were stationary and twelve were increasing.

AWAIT THE OPENING OF BATTLE

(Continued from First Page.)

the fundamental law of the organization."

"Will Mr. Compers be here today?"

"That you will have to get from him," he said.

"Will there be any surprises today?" was the next question put to him, but this he refused to answer.

Mr. Shaffer gave out today notice that there will be a monster mass meeting held at New Castle, Pa., on Saturday afternoon and said he would be there if nothing prevented him.

PREDICTS SURPRISES.

Secretary John Williams was seen after his arrival at the headquarters, but said that there was nothing new and nothing to give out.

He predicted that there would be surprises in store for the people before a week had gone by.

B. I. Davis, editor of the Amalgamated Journal, and one of the association's national officers, speaking on the same subject, observed:

"If this strike gets started right it is likely to expand to proportions not now suspected. You need not be surprised, in such event, to hear of trouble in the Carnegie mills."

Secretary Williams, of the Amalgamated association, said he could not say whether President Compers, of the American Federation of Labor, would be here today or not. If he came it would only be as an advisory, as the association had everything in their own hands. He also stated that there would be a meeting of the Clark's mill men tomorrow night, at which President Shaffer would address the strikers. When the latter left for lunch at noon, he said there was nothing new.

STEAL MARCH ON STRIKERS.

Already such a move was made at Clark's plant in this city this morning and consternation reigned among the strikers in the Lawrenceville district this morning when they learned that Capt. Louis T. Brown, general superintendent of the mill, had stolen a march on them and started up the ten and twelve-inch mills. A few of the strikers were around the plant early and when they saw the two mills in operation they were speechless with surprise and hurried away to inform their companions.

Soon many of them were seen flocking to the works to witness the sight for themselves, as they could hardly believe their fellows. It was true, nevertheless. The mills started at the regular hour this morning with about 100 men and boys, and Captain Brown says the entire plant will be running before the end of the week.

NO TROUBLE TO GET MEN.

When interviewed this morning Captain Brown said:

"We had no trouble whatever in securing men. Of those that went to work this morning, some are old men and some are new men. We have many applications on hand and will send out word today to those to whom we can give employment just when to report for duty. The twenty-inch mill has been running steadily since the strike began, the men operating this one refusing to go out with the strikers. Everything is running along smoothly and we expect no trouble whatever."

About the entrance many men were found who said they were seeking work.

THE CARNEGIE MILLS.

In regard to the upper and lower Union mills of the Carnegie company, located at Thirty-third and Twenty-ninth streets, Captain Brown, who has these mills also under his supervision, said they were running along quietly and he does not expect the men to go out on Saturday, when President Shaffer's order goes into effect. He said the lower mill was not organized by the Amalgamated, and at neither of the mills has there been any indication that the men would strike.

Everything is very quiet around all the mills. The strikers around Clark's mill are very orderly and say they will make no attempt to get the men out that went to work this morning, nor will they molest them in any way.

RUMOR OF DETECTIVES.

A report was circulating in Lawrenceville this morning that two detectives were watching for any trouble about the Clark mill, but it could not be verified.

At Painter's mill, on the south side, and the Lindsay & McCutcheon mill, in Allegheny, everything was very quiet. Only a few strikers were around to watch for any attempt to start the works.

At the Pennsylvania Tube works, Second avenue, which, it is said, will be affected by the strike order, everything was running along smoothly and the management said there was not the least indication that the men would strike. They have heard no talk among the men and expect no trouble.

AT M'KEESPORT.

A McKeesport dispatch says:

"The strike order was received with quiet satisfaction by a majority of the skilled men at the tube work, and as the Amalgamated and Federation of Labor control almost all of the skilld workmen, the plant will close on Saturday night.

"Great excitement was caused here this morning by the discovery by the strikers that yesterday evening after dusk six car loads of pig iron had been run into the W. Dewees Wood mill. The movement escaped the observation of the pickets, who were expecting nothing of the kind. The introduction of the iron is a sinister indication and the men fear that Manager Samuel M. Cooper is about to carry out his threat of last week and start the mill non-union.

"The pickets and patrols are being doubled again and agents in nearby towns, especially Vandergrift, warned to look out for the departure of men for this plant.

"It is feared that an attempt to start the mill will surely result in trouble, as the strikers have always threatened it, and the traditions of this town of many strikes are such that strike-breakers do not receive much consideration."

NOT VIEWED WITH ALARM.

The steel manufacturers generally do not view the strike with alarm. The combine officials preserve the same reticence shown from the beginning of the trouble, but privately commented upon it, refusing to be quoted.

One prominent manufacturer said that he was very sorry that President Shaffer had taken the step. He said that he felt sorry for the men, but that he believed the strike would speedily end and that at its conclusion there will be no Amalgamated association to worry the manufacturers in the future. He said that there was no tension in the mills on the part of the company. Another said it would be a fight to the finish and he did not think the negotiations will be reopened.

"In the National Steel company," he said, "I do not expect them to close any mills except the bessemer plant and rolling mills at New Castle and Mingo Junction. At New Castle the strike will make 2,000 men idle and at Mingo Junction about 1,500. They can probably throw into idleness between 15,000 and 16,000 men in Chicago, Joliet and Milwaukee. I do not think they can get out more than 20 per cent. of the 30,000 men in the National Tube company."

FEARS SYMPATHY STRIKES.

One other manufacturer said that his only fear was the customary sympathy of working men for working men. He said that in a strike of such proportions and for such a cause no one can tell the outcome until the strike order is actually effective. He feared the strike would be more extensive than any are now willing to admit.

W. P. Corey, president of the Carnegie Steel company, the National Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company, refused to make any comment on the threatened extension of the strike. This has always been the policy of Andrew Carnegie and Mr. Corey was one of Mr. Carnegie's young partners.

CARNEGIE MILLS VITAL.

The effect of President Shaffer's order on the employes of the Carnegie Steel company is being watched with interest. It is generally understood that the mills of the Carnegie company are depended upon by the United States Steel corporation to keep the strike from closing down its business. The plants are so extensive, the men so thoroughly nonunion, the products so varied and of such a nature that they can be but little affected by the refusal of union men in other trades to handle them, that the situation seems to be pretty well in the hands of the United States Steel corporation so long as they are kept running.

In recognition of this the Amalgamated association is making desperate attempts to break down the bulwarks of non-unionism in these mills.

Organizers are at work at Homestead, Duquesne, Braddock and the upper and lower mills in this city and the Amalgamated people claim to have made many converts in these non-union strongholds.

FAILED TO ORGANIZE MEN.

Since the great strike of 1892 three unsuccessful attempts have been made to organize the Homestead workers. A mass meeting of the workmen of the upper and lower mills will be held tomorrow night, when President Shaffer will address the men and endeavor to induce them to join the association. The union men who are arranging the meeting say they will close the mills when the strike assumes its new proportions Saturday night.

The action of President Shaffer in giving the men until Saturday night to work before entering on a strike has given the corporation officials an opportunity of canvassing the situation. It is stated that every foreman will be instructed to ascertain the sentiments of every man under his charge. This will be tabulated by mills and districts, so that before next Saturday night the president of the corporation will know how each man in the employ of the corporation stands.

A rumor was current today that an effort will be made to keep some of the workmen from striking by offering them an advnce in wages. It is doubtful whether this will be done so late in the day.

GO TO WELLSVILLE.

A Scottsdale, Pa., dispatch says:

"This morning fifteen skilled mill workers left here for Wellsville to go to work in the mill at that place. As inducements to go as strike-breakers roughers have been promised positions as rollers, catchers are to be given positions as roughers, and pair heaters advanced to sheet heaters. The places of those leaving are being filled by persons living here and work is going on uninterrupted. Organizers are here trying to induce the Old Meadow men to join the strike."

EXCITEMENT AT LEECHBURG.

A Leechburg, Pa., dispatch says:

"There was great excitement in the Kiskiminetas valley this morning when it became known that President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, had sent out the call for a general strike to begin Saturday night. Early morning trains to Hyde Park, now the storm center of the strike in the Kiskiminetas valley, brought many men from non-union plants up and down the valley. They did not come to work, but to look over the situation. Many conferred with strike leaders and Organizer James, of the Amalgamated association here, says one thousand men in the valley will quit work Saturday night.

"Conditions at the Hyde Park plant, which was opened Monday, were about the same as at the start. Many union men rode in on this morning's trains with the non-union workmen and talked the matter over with them. It is claimed by strike leaders that quite a few of the men who started to work today were turned back. Burgess Rich, of Hyde Park, a famous roller and strike leader, with 'Squire William Fiscus, another roller and strike leader, as well as the two town constables, also strikers, are taking turns patrolling the town, but they find no disorder."

QUIET AT WELLSVILLE.

A Wellsville, Ohio, dispatch says:

"Wellsville is very quiet today and there is no semblance of trouble of any kind. The plant is now working six mills. The news of President Shaffer's strike order was received last night. It will not affect Wellsville in the least, unless it is enlarged so as to take in the allied trades. Eighteen men are expected here from Scottsdale, Pa., this afternoon. Their arrival will put every mill in the plant to working on full turn."

IN PARTIAL OPERATION.

When word was received at the Amalgamated headquarters that Clark's mill was in partial operation, Vice President Gibson Hurried to the scene. When he returned he said only one striker had gone back to work and the rest were negroes. Where they came from he could not say, but supposed that they were brought into the city last night. He denied Captain Brown's statement that two mills were in operation and said only one was running. He said the starting of the mill would have no effect upon the strikers. They were not discouraged and no effort would be made to get the men out that were now working. Concerning the upper and lower Carnegie mills, he asserted that when the order went into effect on Saturday it would be found that both mills would be tied up, regardless of what the owners say.

SCHWAB WAS SURPRISED.

New York, Aug. 7.—The World says:

Charles M. Schwab expressed surprise when a reporter told him about midnight that President Shaffer's strike order named August 10 as the date for extending the great steel battle.

President Schwab was seen on his return to his apartments in the Lorraine. He had spent the evening in conference with J. Pierpont Morgan.

"I am sorry to hear it," Mr. Schwab said when given the details of President Shaffer's strike order. He seemed greatly surprised at the date of the order, but said he was not at liberty to discuss the matter.

NEW PEACE INFLUENCES.

New York, Aug. 7.—The Commercial Advertiser says:

"As far as can be learned no communication has been received by J. P. Morgan & Co., or by any of the steel companies here from the labor leaders since the conference of Saturday last. Peace, however, may not be far away after all. It is learned that independent influences are at work, which may surprise everybody within the next few days. Mr. Morgan will not say a word, but it is believed in some quarters that he has received important communications from persons strong enough and independent enough to bring about a settlement before Shaffer's order to strike takes effect. Those who know Mr. Morgan say that he will welcome any move that will hasten the end of the controversy, providing the fundamental objections he urged on Saturday last are respected. That something is being done in the direction of amity is apparent from the manner of the steel men here and the course of the steel stocks on the exchange."

AT CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 7.—The general strike order issued by President Shaffer was received here early today by Vice President Ward, of the Amalgamated association advisory board.

Immediately upon the receipt of the order Mr. Ward sent out a call for a meeting of all members of the organization in Cleveland for 10 o'clock this mrouing. At this meeting, which was largely attended, the strike order was read and plans discussed for carrying out the instructions of President Shaffer.

No further attempt was made today to resume operations at the plant of the American Tin Plate company. The officials of the company declared however, that the plant would be running within a very short time. It is reported that the company will endeavor to secure non-union men.

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Massillon, Ohio, Aug. 7.—President Jenkins, of the local branch of the Amalgamated association, says the men of the local mill will not strike. "We have signed a contract for a year," said he, "and we cannot possibly cease wor—." The local mill is owned by the Republic Iron and Steel company.

NOT ASKED TO MEDIATE.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Governor Gage has not yet been requested to act as mediator in the great strike now on in this city. The city federation has extended the strike so as to include the ports of Benicia and Redwood City. The San Francisco cycle board of trade has undertaken the task of enlisting all the retail dealers' associations of the city in a united effort to bring about a compromise. The labor leaders, however, state that the struggle is not likely to be ended for some time. A mass meeting to consider the situation has been called for tomorrow night.

The Broadway Delicatessen, 140 Broadway, will have its first grand souvenir day Thursday, Aug. 8.

Within a few weeks the Germans of Mexico City collected $30,000 for a German schoolhouse, to be built there.

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EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SURGEON.
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GLASSES ADJUSTED.
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THERE MAY BE TWENTY CASES

NEW CHARGES OF FORGERY AGAINST JAMES M. KEY.

Developments Make Andrews Banker's Plight Still More Serious

—But $82 in the Bank.

Andrews, Ind., Aug. 7.—In the light of recent developments it now seems probable that President James M. Key, of the defunct Commercial bank of Andrews, who was arrested Monday morning, will have to face an aggregate of twenty charges of forgery.

In making these, it is alleged, he used the names of many of the most prominent business men and farmers in Huntington and other counties. The notes, which are claimed to be forgeries, range in amount from $100 to $2,000, and the aggregate to date is something like $15,000, with many other notes to be examined, and the surities investigated. The transactions cover a period of more than two years. It appears that Key aspired to run a chain of banks after the manner of Zimri Dwiggins some years ago, and was interested in the banking business in Andrews, Cromwell, Avilla, Bunker Hill and Denver. From each of these he put out paper on which he borrowed right and left. The people in these several places seem to have had the utmost confidence in him, and there was no hesitancy in depositing in his numerous banks.

Among the persons and firms said to have been victimized are the American Savings and Trust company, of Chicago, for $1,700; the Indianapolis Capital National bank, for $2,300 ;the Paddock Hodge Grain company, of Toledo, for $1,500, and numerous other but smaller amounts. On the alleged forged paper are the names of H. W. Leach, W. E. Nichols, Ladd & Taylor, T. L. Mills, S. L. Woodbeck, Milton Woodbeck, C. O. Fisher, Noah Fisher, John Leedy and numerous other business men and farmers.

Receiver A. C. Wilkerson, who was appointed by the court to take charge of the wrecked bank, found a total of but $82 in cash on hand, and no entries on the books to show where thousands of dollars in cash had gone.

MIDDLETOWN BREEZES.

Merl Williams, formerly of this place but now of Winimac, Ind., has been visiting here for the past week.

The base ball nine of the primary school played the Hoagland junior nine Saturday. They retrieved the loss of the high school players, who were defeated by Hoagland last fall. They deserve praise for their splendid victory over the Hoagland champions.

Mrs. Nannie Whitner, of Okarche, Okla.; Mrs. Mary Hartzell, of New Haven, and Mr. and Mrs. McMaken, of Sand Point, visited the Hartzell family Sunday.

James Ruhl will return from Angola next Saturday. All the boys and girls will be glad to see our "Boden" again.

Rev. I. J. Bicknell, of Monroeville, took dinner with Simon Somers and family Sunday.

Miss Carrie Van Horn is employed at the residence of Elias Hartzell.

Charles Busse, of Milan township, is doing general farm work for Charles Mailand this summer.

Many of our young people attended the social at Poe Saturday evening. Among those that attended were Misses Estelle Neireiter, Clyde Van Horn and Amanda and Sophia Kaiser, also many boys, but too numerous to mention.

August Grodrian and wife spent two days last week at their daughter's residence, Mrs. Brewer. Brewer & Grodrian carry off the plum with the largest crop of wheat in this vicinity. They had over 800 bushels.

Threshing is holding full sway among the farmers. Henry Mailand, Ernst Kaiser, Simeon Vaughn, John Dennis and M. Rauner have threshed since last publication of items.

Mrs. Brown and son, Ralph, of Fort Wayne, are guests of Frank Hubler and family.

Mr. Archa Rauner, of Summit City, spent Sunday in the country.

Gravel hauling has begun from the Wyss gravel pit.

Master Marlot Somers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Somers, of Fort Wayne, came very near drowning at the residence of John Dennis Monday afternoon. A poor covering over a cistern was the cause of the accident. Had it not been for the bravery of John Gibson, a thresher, who was near and who instantly plunged into the cistern, the little one's life might not have been saved.

Messrs. Leo Hartzell, Melville Neireiter and Harley Somers attended church at Antioch Sunday evening.

As Elsworth Ruhl was going to church Sunday evening a rear wheel of his buggy broke down, leaving him slide into the ditch by the roadside. Luckily he sustained no injuries.

A TRUE FISH STORY.

The Peculiar Adventure of a Wedding Ring.

"About the queerest fish story I know of," said a highly truthful looking man—indeed, he was a clergyman—"happened to me at a little lake in Wisconsin, where I used to summer with my family. One day my wife was out in our boat with a party of friends. She was letting her hand trail in the water, without thinking about its shrinking effect, and when she finally took her hand in her wedding ring was gone. The lake was deep at that point, and although we made considerable effort to recover the ring it was not found.

"Naturally it worried her a good deal, and the next year she would not go back to the same place, nor did we go the following year, but the third year we went there again, and one day I was in the woods about a mile from the lake with my boy, trying to get a shot at some denizen of the forest or other. As we went peering around among the trees to get a squirrel we had seen I noticed something shining on a twig of a tree about 25 feet from the ground. I sent my boy up after it, and when he came back I was more than astonished to find that the shining thing was my wife's wedding ring.

"How it ever got there was a mystery at first, but I was not a believer in fairies and that sort of thing, so I began to investigate for material causes. The top of the tree had deadened, and with a suspicion in my mind I sent my boy up to see what signs might be above the green boughs. He called down to me presently that there were remains of a fishhawk's nest in the forks of the tree, and, putting this and that together, I came to the conclusion that the hawk had caught the fish that had gobbled up my wife's ring in the lake and had taken it to the nest for the young hawks. They didn't care for jewelry and had left that part of the fish in the nest, from which, as the nest was blown to pieces by the wind and beaten by the storms, the ring had dropped out and by chance had caught on the twig where I found it. In any event, if that was not the way it got there, how did it? For it surely was there, and my wife is wearing it today."—Exchange.

FLOWER AND TREE.

A single leaf of the orange tree, carefully planted, will often take root and grow.

Seven-year-old ten plants yield four ounces of leaven apiece, or 700 pounds of ten to the acre.

New Zealand has in its edelweiss a plant differing but slightly from the famous Swiss variety.

An oak tree at 100 years averages 42 inches in diameter, a larch 40 inches, an elm 50 inches and a yew 9 inches.

A white pine tree 20 years old ought to be about 25 feet high, and at 30 or 40 years of age it ought to measure about 90 feet.

The pest of British Columbia forests is a plant called the devil's club. It has spikes which, when they enter the flesh, break off and produce poisoned wounds, which fester.

Wore His Old Hat Home.

They were talking about getting bald. "Men wear their hats too much," the doctor was saying. "I have noticed that a great many business men wear them in their offices. The head should be kept bare as much as possible." "My partner always wear an old straw hat around the store," replied a Market street merchant. "He wears this in winter as well as in summer, or at least he did until last winter, when he had an experience that cured him of it.

"One very cold afternoon he left the office early, and as he walked briskly through the street he noticed in a rather absentminded way that he was attracting considerable attention. People turned and looked after him and laughed. It was not until he had walked five or six blocks that he realized what it all meant. He met a lady of his acquaintance, and when he went to raise his hat he found that he was still wearing the old straw one, having forgotten to change it when he left the office. Fortunately there was a hat store near by, and he went in and bought one more suitable to the season."—Philadelphia Record.

The London (England) County council has voted to send a tramway manager and electrical engineer to investigate street railways, especially the "shallow underground lines" of the Boston system, which it is proposed to construct in London.

Peruna, 75c; Castoria 25c.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, 75c.
Swamp Root, 38 and 75c.
Mennen's Talcum Powder, 19c.
Cuticura Soap, 20c; Salve, 38c.
Doan's Pills or Salve, 38c.
Fellow's Hypophosp, $1.12.
Harlem Oil, 5c.
Hostetter's Bitters, 75c.
Mellen's Food, 38 and 60c.

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Greene's Nervura, 75c.
Mile's Anti-Pain Pills, 19c.
Omega Oil, 38c; Sozodent, 57c.
Paine's Celery Compound, 75c.
Stuart's Tablets, 19c, 38c and 75c.
Graves Tooth Powder, 15c.
Sulphur and Salts, pound, 5c.
Lincoln, Garfield and Lane's Tea, 19c.
Cascarets, 8c, 19c and 38c.
Alcocks Porous Plasters, 2 for 25c.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves.

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder." We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. Dr. W. O. Abbott, editor of the Chicago Clinic says: "It is a grand preparation; I am using it constantly in my practice." All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Samples sent FREE, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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Valparaiso and Chicago..	* 2 30 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago..	* 3 50 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago	* 4 55 am	* 9 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.	* 6 30 am	* 3 25 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.	* 6 30 am	* 5 25 am
Mansfield and Lima	*11 31 pm	*11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg.	*11 31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.	* 7 36 am	*10 30 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.	*12 15 pm	*12 30 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg.	12 40 pm	* 3 25 am
Plymouth and Chicago..	* 4 10 pm	* 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline	* 7 05 am	* 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.	* 9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg & Phila.	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago.	*10 15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 25 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY.
In effect June 30, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.	
*For Grand Rapids and north	11 55 p m
" " " "	5 50 a.m
" " " "	4 15 p.m
From Richmond arrive	3 40 p.m
SOUTH BOUND.	
*For Richmond and Cincinnati	1 45 a.m
" " " "	5 30 a.m
" " " "	11 30 p.m
From Grand Rapids arrives	6 00 p.m

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16TH, 1901

Going West.		Going East.
8:50 a. m.	Daily.	8:55 a. m.
9:37 a. m.	Daily.	6:20 a. m.
5:40 p. m.	Daily.	11:45 a. m.
9:20 p. m.	Daily.	4:30 p. m.
11:00 p. m.	Sunday only.	7:30 a. m.

From Peru daily, arrive, 9:20 a. m.
From Toledo, ex. Sunday, arr, 8:05 p. m.
Telephones—Home-Bell, No. 6.

Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway

DEPART. .

No. 2 Mail and Express	7 20 a.m
No. 4 passenger	7 00 p.m
No. 6 Mixed	2:15 p.m
No. 32 Local freight	8 00 a.m

ARRIVE

No. 31 Local freight	5 30 p.m
No. 5 Mixed	11 00 a.m
No. 3 Mail and Express	3 50 p.m
No. 1 Passenger	10 55 a.m

Trains 1 and 4 Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Nos. 31 and 32 carry passengers.

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All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on three trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

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EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 8	1 50
Nickel Plate Express, No. 6	3 15
Eastern Express, No. 4	7 35
Local Freight	12 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 3	2 50
Western Express, No. 1	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 5	4 15
Local Freight	17 05

Daily except Sunday. Depart 9 A. M. Depart 2 P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

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For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. S. & M. S. TIME CARD, In effect June, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
250 Express and Mail	11 25 a.m
402 Local Freight	2 50 p.m
410 Express and Mail	8 50 p.m
Northbound.	Depart.
403 Local Freight	6 40 a.m
247 Express and Mail	11 55 a.m
159 Express and Mail	4 00 p.m

All trains daily except Sunday.

L. E. & W. RY.—TIME TABLE.

In Effect Sunday, April 28.

South Bound.	Depart
No. 175 Local Freight, except Sunday	5 30 a.m
No. 41 Express and Mail, except Sun	7 10 a.m
No. 43 Express and Mail, except Sun	4 25 p.m
No. 45 Express and Mail, Sunday only	6 40 p.m
North Bound.	Arrive
No. 40 Express and Mail, except Sun	11 40 a.m
No. 174 Local Freight, except Sunday	4 40 p.m
No. 42 Express and Mail, except Sun	10 25 p.m
No. 44 Express and Mail, Sunday only	10 15 a.m

NEWS OF THE DIAMOND.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Grand Rapids	56	40	.583
Dayton	52	43	.547
Fort Wayne	52	45	.536
Toledo	47	42	.528
Matthews	50	45	.526
Wheeling	44	46	.489
Marion	39	56	.411
Columbus	36	59	.379

Two out of three from Dayton is not so bad after all and is considerably better than most of the locals expected of "Doggie's" team. Yesterday's victory made it three out of five for Fort Wayne on the trip, and that is doing pretty well for being away from home. Now come two games with Columbus, which should be easy money but for the fact that Fort Wayne almost invariably falls down to the tailenders. Mullin pitched for the Railroaders yesterday and after the first inning it looked as though it was all off, the Old Soldiers laying up treasures to the tune of three in that first round; in the fourth they made another and were four to the good, inasmuch as Fort Wayne had not been doing anything with Dayton's pitcher and never scored until the sixth. In the sixth, however, is when business commenced and Mr. Jones, the gentlemanly artist in the box, got stubbed in the solar plexus with such vehemence that four runs were trundled in before the side was declared out. In the next inning some more things happened to Mr. Jones and the game was safe. For Fort Wayne the hits all came in pairs and nobody led at bat. It looks, too, as though Hardesty is soon due to play a game without an error. Errors in the field every game are an expensive luxury to the club. Following is the score:

FORT WAYNE.

	A.B.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nattress, ss	4	2	2	3	0
Hardesty, cf	5	2	3	0	1
McCann, lf	4	2	0	1	0
Thornton, 1b	4	2	8	0	0
Bobb, 3b	3	0	1	1	0
F. Miller, 2b	4	0	0	2	0
G. Miller, rf	4	2	2	0	1
Fuller c	4	0	9	1	0
Mullin p	4	0	1	2	1
Totals	36	10	*26	10	3

DAYTON.

	A.B.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Smith, cf	5	1	4	1	0
Wheeler, 3b	5	1	1	2	2
A. Miller, lf	3	0	0	0	0
Myers, 1b	4	0	8	0	0
Gochnauer, ss	3	1	2	0	0
Grosart, rf	4	2	3	0	1
Burns, 2b	4	1	3	1	0
Cross, c	3	1	6	0	0
Jones, p	2	1	0	1	0
‡Coggswell	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	34	9	27	5	1

‡Burns out, hit by ball.
*Batted for Jones in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ft. Wayne	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0—5
Dayton	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—4

Two-base hit—Gochnauer. Three-base hits—Smith, Grosart, Nattress. Home run—Nattress. Sacrifice hit—Jones. Stolen bases—A. Miller, Wheeler, Thornton. First base on balls—Off Jones, 1; off Mullin, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Jones, 1; by Mullin, 1. Struck out—By Jones, 3; by Mullin, 9. Passed balls—Cross, 2. Umpire—Mullane. Time—2:00. Attendance—350.

OTHER ASSOCIATION GAMES

GRAND RAPIDS, 1; TOLEDO, 7.

Grand Rapids, Ind., Aug. 7.—Toledo fell upon Bailey hard in the first inning yesterday. After that both pitchers ere effective. Score:

G. Rapids	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Toledo	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—7

Batteries—Bailey and Zalusky; Pardee and Graffius. Hits—Grand Rapids, 5; Toledo, 12. Errors—Grand Rapids, 2; Toledo, 2.

MARION, 3; MATTHEWS, 2.

Marion, Ind., Aug. 7.—Marion won out in a pretty eleven-inning contest yesterday afternoon. Granninger's pitching was the feature. Score:

Marion	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—3
Matthews	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Batteries—Granninger and Kellner; Case and Williams. Hits—Marion, 10; Matthews, 6. Errors—Marion, 4; Matthews, 2. Umpire—Hornung. Attendance—200.

COLUMBUS, 21; WHEELING, 7.

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—Columbus hit the ball in all directions yesterday and won literally in a walk. Umpire Latham was barred from the grand stand by order of the Columbus base ball club. Score:

Columbus	0	0	1	0	5	0	7	5	3	—21
Wheeling	1	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	— 7

Batteries—Wagner and Zinram; Mason and Needham. Hits—Columbus, 24; Wheeling, 10. Errors—Columbus, 4; Wheeling, 5. Umpires—Quinn and Killen. Attendance—500.

GAMES TODAY.

Fort Wayne at Columbus.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	50	33	.602
Philadelphia	50	37	.575
St. Louis	49	37	.570
Brooklyn	45	42	.517
Boston	42	42	.500
New York	36	44	.450
Cincinnati	35	50	.412
Chicago	36	58	.383

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Cincinnati, 2; Chicago, 6.
Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
Pittsburg, 8; St. Louis, 1.

GAMES TODAY.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
New York at Brooklyn.
Philadelphia at Boston.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	57	31	.645
Boston	49	34	.590
Baltimore	49	39	.557
Detroit	45	30	.536
Philadelphia	38	43	.469
Washington	34	45	.430
Cleveland	33	51	.393
Milwaukee	34	56	.378

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Milwaukee, 4; Detroit, 8.
Philadelphia-Washington—rain.
Baltimore-Boston—rain.

GAMES TODAY.

Chicago at Detroit.
Milwaukee at Cleveland.
Boston at Baltimore.
Washington at Philadelphia.

BASE BALL BREVITIES.

Fort Wayne stands tie with Dayton for fifth place on the league batting average list, with a percentage of .262, a gain of five points.

Pitcher Jack Harper, of St. Louis, with Fort Wayne last year, will be united in marriage to Miss May Dockery, of Oil City, Pa., within a few weeks and his team mates are getting up a big purse for the occasion.

Manager Donovan, of St. Louis, has a string on "Farmer" Horns, of Grand Rapids, but if that aspiring young twirler doesn't show up better than he has been lately his chances of landing in the big league are slim.

Outfielder White threw his bat into the crowd at Marion Sunday, and the Matthews management concluded that he was a dangerous man and released him. The bat struck a small boy, knocking out four of his front teeth.

The Cincinnati papers are of the opinion that Pitcher Guese is not fast enough and they are asking why he was taken in place of Sutthoff, who is a pitcher possessing some talent. Guese may be looking for a job before long.

Umpire Bill Smink took umbrage at an article in a Grand Rapids paper and sallied forth to smite the writer. The newspaper man smote Smink smartly and the big fellow concluded that it was healthier to let the newspapers alone.

Fort Wayne plays at Columbus today and tomorrow and should win both games without much difficulty. Then they come home for a long series and it can be confidently predicted that when the series closes they will be in the hunt for the streamer in earnest.

The Columbus management is dissatisfied with the work of Umpire Arlie Latham, and has notified President Meyer that he will not be allowed to officiate at Neil park again this season. Latham has been giving good satisfaction elsewhere, and no other complaint has been made of his work. Anyway, a tail end club never has much use for an umpire, no matter who he may be.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may 8eod&w

COLLINGWOOD.

The Misses Surfus entertained a number of guests in honor of the Misses Evelyn Mommer and Margery Monahan, of Fort Wayne, with a conundrum party. Those present were: Misses Emma Barrett, Dora Garman, Hattie Flanigan, Opha Carnahan, Lizzie Rowley, Maud Howey and Messrs. Charles Surfus, Carl Rowley, Orange Barrett and Harry Surfus. The evening was pleasantly spent in games and music. Miss Anna Surfus and Miss Margery Monahan gave a cake walk, accompanied by the pianist, Miss Evelyn Mommer. First prize in the conundrum contest was awarded to Miss Maud Howey, of Leo, and the consolation prize was awarded to Miss Opha Carnahan, of Collingwood. Cake and ice cream were served.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—September wheat today opened a shade to 1@1¼c lower at 70c to 69⅞c under the influence of easy cables. The corn strength started shorts to covering, and the price was run up to 70⅜c during the first hour. Local receipts were 233 cars, 61 of contract grade. Northwest receipts were 120 cars, against 177 last week and 246 a year ago.

Predictions of frost in the northwest and heavy seaboard clearances added strength to the market. September advanced to 71⅛c and closed strong, 1@1⅛c over yesterday, at 71⅛@71¼c.

There was a fair demand for corn due partly to light receipts. September opened ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher at 56⅛c to 56⅜c and advanced early to 57¼c. Receipts were 60 cars.

The close was firm, ⅜c higher, at 53⅜c.

Oats were quiet but steady with corn. September opened ⅛c down at 34⅛c under local liquidation, but soon steadied and rallied to 34⅞c. Receipts were 220 cars.

Provisions were easy on liberal hog receipts. September pork opened 10@12½c lower at $13.85@13.87½; September lard 2½c down at $8.60, and September ribs a shade higher at $7.82½.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—Aug., 70¼c; Sept., 71⅛@71⅛c; Oct., 72⅛c; Dec., 73¼c; Jan., 76⅛c.

Corn—Aug., 56¼c; Sept., 57⅜c; Oct., 58⅜@58⅞c; May, 60¾c.

Oats—Aug., 34½c; Sept., 34⅞c; Oct., 35⅛@35⅝c; May, 37⅝c.

Pork — Aug., $13.72½; Sept., $13.82½; Oct., $13.92½; Jan., $14.80@14.82½.

Lard—Aug., $8.55; Sept., $8.57½; Oct. $8.62½@8.65; Dec., $8.60; Jan., $8.62½.

Ribs—Aug., $7.07½; Sept.,$7.77½; Oct., $7.82½@7.85; Jan., $7.07½.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.63; No. 1, $1.61; Sept., $1.56; Oct., $1.51½.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Butter—Market steady; creamery, 14½@20c; dairies, 13@16½c.

Cheese—Market steady; twins, 9¼@10c; young Americas, 10½@10⅝c; daisies, 10½@10⅝c.

Eggs—Market firm, 14@14½c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 25,000, including 375 Texans; beef steady, others 15c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.40@6.40; poor to medium, $4.00@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.00; cows, $2.75@4.50; heifers, $2.25@4.85; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.25@4.30; calves, $4.50@5.50; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts today, 33,000; tomorrow, 24,000; left over, 4,812. Market 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.70@5.95; good to choice heavy, $5.90@6.10; rough heavy, $5.50@5.80; light, $5.70@5.90; bulk of sales, $5.80@5.90.

TOLEDO MARKETS.

Toledo, O., Aug. 7.—Wheat—Market active, higher; cash and Aug., 71⅛c; Sept., 72½c; Dec., 74½c.

Corn—Market active, strong; cash, 56⅜c; Sept., 57½c; Dec., 58c.

Oats—Market active, firm; cash, 35½c; Sept., 35c; Dec., 36c.

Rye—57c.

Cloverseed—Cash and Oct., $6.22½.

Oil—Market unchanged.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 5 cars; market steady for good to prime; Texas steers, $4.20@4.25; veals dull; 100 head sale, $4.25@6.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 12 cars sale; heavy, $6.12½@6.15; yorkers, good weights, $6.00@10.00; pigs, $5.60@5.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Offerings, 3 cars; top lambs, $5.40@5.50; fancy, $5.75; wethers, $4.10@4.30.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, Aug. 7.—The issuance of the general strike order by the Amalgamated association was without much effect on the prices of the United States Steel stocks, the common and preferred losing only ⅜ each on sales of 6,000 and 5,000 shares respectively. The general market as slightly mixed, but changes either way were not important outside of Rock Island, which opened off 1⅜, but recovered 1½ on the next transaction.

Trading became semi-stagnant, but the tone was firmed for a time and active stocks made small gains.

Sugar was marked up two points against the shorts, but other industrials were neglected. Offerings of the United States Steel issues were well taken during the first half hour and their opening losses were wiped out.

They dropped to the lowest again when Sugar, St. Paul, Manhattan, New York Central and Union Pacific were depressed a point each.

Wild reports of dissatisfaction among mine workers caused some selling of the coal roads and Reading declined 1 and Delaware and Hudson 1½. Lackawanna slumped 7½ on one transaction. General Eelectric fell 3½. The market otherwise showed a hardening tendency, the earlier low point influenced purchases for both accounts and some good recoveries were made.

St. Lawrence and Adirondack advanced 3½. United States Steel common got back to 40, the highest of the day, but the preferred hugged 89, the lowest.

Lake Erie and Western, common and preferred, made sensational rises of 8 and 10 points respectively. Iowa Central, common and preferred, were also 2½@4½ higher. Other stocks declined on realizing, led by Missouri Pacific, which lost a point.

The United States Steel stocks were relatively better sustained than other leaders and after a trivial setback rallied again. The market in the final dealings was almost at a standstill, but there was some improvement in prices again and the closing was firm.

A rise to 53⅝ in Southern Pacific and a return to the highest by St. Paul and Atchison infused additional firmness to the railroads. United States Steel reached 40¼ and the preferred 89½. The latter soon got enough stock to lower ⅜. Lake Erie and Western advanced 2¾ and the preferred 4 points.

While the general volume of business was small, there was a good demand for prominent stocks, notably Atchison and St. Paul, which sold 1½@1½ respectively above yesterday's close. Union Pacific was also carried sharply upwards, touching 95½, as compared with 93¾, the early lowest. St. Lawrence and Adirondack increased its gain to 6⅝. United States Steel, common and preferred, were taken in moderate amounts and sold at 40½ and 90 respectively.

Bonds were dull and irregular.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 7.—Flour—Receipts, 13,300 bbls; sales, 3,450 pkgs; state and western market ruled firm and more active; winter straights, $3.30@3.50.

Wheat—Receipts, 236,350 bush; sales, 3,000,000 bush; market developed activity and a good advance on heavy covering, large clearances and frost rumors. Sept., 75 3-16@76 1-16c; Oct., 75½@76⅝c; Dec., 77⅞@78¼c; May, 80⅝@81⅝c.

Rye—Market quiet; state, 55@56c, c. i. f. New York car lots; No. 2, western, 60c. f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 110,000 bush; sales, 215,000 bush; market was active and higher on the wheat advance and covering. Sept., 60¼@61⅛c; Dec., 61¼@62¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 76,400 bush; market was firm with corn; track white, state, 40@49c; track white, western, 40@49c.

Beef—Market quiet.

Pork—Market easy.

Lard—Market dull; prime western, steamed, $8.90.

Butter—Receipts, 5,548 pkgs; market steady; state dairy, 14@19c; creamery, 16@20½c; western, June factory, 15@15½c; imitation creamery, 14@17½c.

Cheese—Receipts, 2,358 pkgs; market quiet; fancy large colored, 9½c; fancy large white, 9⅝c; fancy small colored, 9¾c; fancy small white, 9⅞@9⅝c.

Eggs—Receipts, 5,270 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16@18c; western, candled, 12@16½c; western, uncandled, 8@8½c.

Sugar—Raw, quiet; fair refining 3 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-32c; molasses sugar, 3 5-16c; refined, quiet; crushed, $5.85; powdered, $5.45; granulated, $5.35.

Coffee—Market steady; No. 7 Rio, 5½c; nominal.

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, Aug. 7.—Money on call steady at 2¼ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady to firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅞@4.88 for demand and at $4.85½@4.85½ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85; silver certificates unquoted; bar silver, 58⅝c; Mexican dollars, 46c.

THE BOND MARKET.

New York, Aug. 7.—Government bonds steady:

U. S. Refunding 2s registered	107⅜
U. S. Refunding 2s coupon	107⅜
U. S. 3s registered	108½
U. S. 3s coupon	108½
U. S. 4s registered (new)	137
U. S. 4s coupon (new)	137
U. S. 4s registered (old)	113
U. S. 4s coupon (old)	113
U. S. 5s registered	107¾
U. S. 5s coupon	107¾

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 7.—Flour—Spring wheat, $3.75@4.00; winter, per bbl., $3.50@3.75; Graham, $1.75 per cwt.; buckwheat, $2.00 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.10@1.25 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.00 per cwt.

Chop Feed—$1.00 per cwt.
Wheat—Old, 68c.
Wheat—New, 64c.
Corn—Yellow, 47c; mixed, 45c.
Oats—Old, 30c; new, 30c.
Rye—New, 50c.
Rye—Old, 50c.
Timothy Seed—$1.80 bu.
Cloverseed—$5.50@6.00.
Barley—35@45c.
Oil Meal—$1.40 per cwt.
Flax Seed—$1.25.
Hides—Green, 6½c; salted, 8c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9c.
Calf Hides—Salted, 10c.
Beeswax—25@26c.
Wool—Unwashed, 17c.
Wool—Washed, 25c.
Bran—Ton, $16.00.
Shorts—$16.00.
Middlings—Ton, $16.00.
Pork—On foot, $5.40@5.50.
Pork—Dressed, $6.35.
Cattle—$3.75@4.50.
Sheep—3½c lb.
Lambs—4½c lb.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—Old, $8.00@8.00; new, $5.00@6.00.
Clover—$5.00@6.00.
Mixed—$7.00@8.00.
Wheat Straw—$5.00@6.00.
Oat Straw—$5.00@6.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Country, 15@16c.
Butter—Creamery, 22c.
Eggs—10c.
Lard—8c lb.
Chickens—Old, 7@8c.
Chickens—Dressed, 9@10c.
Spring Broilers—10@12c.
New Potatoes—$1.00@1.05 bu.
Honey 14@15c.
Apples—60@75c bu.
Onions—35@40c bu.

SAND POINT AND VICINITY.

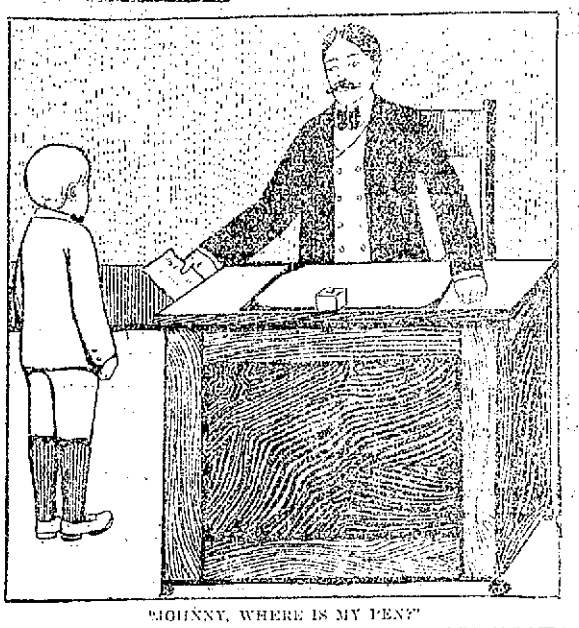
The ice cream social at Fairfield school house Saturday night was well attended. Quite a large sum of money was cleared.

Prof. Hyatt was a visitor on Sand Point lately and wishes to organize a swimming school. The young people who are interested will meet at school house No. 5 Tuesday night.

Christian Endeavor met in the church Sunday evening, the floor at the usual meeting place having been torn out. A large number were present, and all seem satisfied with the work the society is doing.

Little River Grange procured rural free delivery route No. 5 for the people of this community, also saved the roads last winter by seeing that the road laws were enforced. Now some people seem inclined to break up the organization. It's another case of killing the goose that laid the golden eggs, and some one will undoubtedly see the mistake after it is too late.

A PUZZLE PICTURE.



"JOHNNY, WHERE IS MY PEN?"

SHE WANTED TO KNOW.

Miss Vanner—I just received a letter from my cousin in England.
Miss Murich—Indeed! Was it written in English or American?

Kodaks M. L. JONES 12 W. WAYNE ST.

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS,

Rubber Hose,
Lowe Bros. Paint,
Washing Machines
and Wringers, and a
Complete Line of Hardware.

H. PFEIFFER & SON,

9 E. Columbia Street.

Phone 484.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

No such thing as "summer complaint" where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for every looseness of the bowels.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker

and Embalmer.

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

Our Shoe Rule.

What about Dry Goods store shoes?

The rule that governs our shoe department is the same general rule that directs all our store methods. The best that money can buy for as little cost as circumstances permit. That is the secret of our shoe prices.

Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK

Shoes for Women.

Ease, Elegance, Durability. | Queen Quality

Shoes, - - $3.00
Oxfords - - $2.50

Queen Quality

OXFORDS

$2.50

Kibo Kid, Light Flexible Sole.

Leather Louis XV. heel.

Exact Reproduction of this Style shoe.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Authorized Sole Agents for Fort Wayne.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,

Has removed his office to the West rooms

OVER PELLENS & POLSTER'S DRUG STORE.

Office Phone—185 Main.
Residence Phone—469 Main or 254 Bell.

Attention, Bargain Lovers!

I have made money for others, why not for you? Call and see me about the following property, which I offer for sale:

Eight room house and good sized lot, west end; price $1,700.

Seven-room brick, in good condition, west end; price $1,800.

Ten-room modern house, steam heat, full size lot, asphalt street, alley brick, all clear, west end; price, $6,000.

Six room house in Bloomingdale, asphalt pavement, all clear; price, $1,650.

Five-room house, West DeWald, three blocks from Calhoun; price, $1,650.

Seven-room house, full size corner lot, East Creighton avenue, near Hanna; price, $1,500.

Eight room house, new, lot 36x140, on Pontiac, near Lafayette; price, $1,500.

Val. C. Rocholl,

23 Court Street. Phone 49, Main.

YOUNG WOMEN
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.

Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper 5:30 to 6:40.

A CREDITABLE RUN

WABASH TRAIN TRAVELS 242 MILES IN 250 MINUTES.

EFFECTS OF STRIKE HERE

CONSUMERS OF BOILER STEEL MAY FEEL IT.

AN AFFLICTED BROTHERHOOD

DEATH MAKES NINE CALLS UP ON THE TRAINMEN.

Master Mechanic G. S. McKee, of the Wabash, is in receipt of the particulars of a fast run made over the Chicago-Detroit division of the system one week ago last Monday and which is causing no little interest up in that part of the country. The train was a special of four cars, carrying a number of delegates to the Baptist Young People's union convention at Chicago on their way home. No effort at speed was made west of Clark Junction, but from the latter place to Detroit the train reeled off the miles at a rate that did credit to the man at the throttle. From Clark Junction to Detroit is exactly 242.4 miles and the train covered the distance in exactly 250 minutes, including a stop at Ashley to change engines and stops each at Adrian and Kingsbury to take water. The first part of the trip, Chicago to Ashley, engine 420, with Engineer D. J. Carlisle at the throttle, pulled the train, and the latter part of the distance engine 174, with Engineer F. A. Davis at the throttle, pulled it. A record of the trip shows the continuous runs as follows: Kingsbury to Ashley, 85.9 miles, in 93 minutes, an average of 55.42 miles per hour; Alvordton Junction to Adrian, 26.9 miles, in 30 minutes, an average of 53.80 miles an hour; Adrian to Delray, 54.8 miles, in 51 minutes, an average of 64.24 miles per hour; Clark Junction to Delray, 242.4 miles, in 250 minutes, an average of 58.18 miles per hour. Both engines were of the class F pattern.

MAN KILLED AT MENDON.

Conductor Thomas Malone and Engineer C. Rehling, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, are at Mendon, Mich., today attending a coroner's inquest over the remains of Jabez Huff. The deceased sat down upon the railway tracks Monday night and fell asleep, and Grand Rapids train No. 8 struck and killed him. At the scene of the accident there is a sharp curve, which prevents a good view of the tracks from the cab, and the engineer did not see the sleeping man until too late to stop the train. Huff was upwards of sixty years old and was a veteran of the civil war.

TWO SLIGHT WRECKS.

Foreman George Ebner, of the Pittsburg wreck crew, and his gang, were a pretty busy party this morning. At the east yards a loaded car was upset in some manner and had to be picked up and its contents reloaded, and just as this task was completed there came a call for the car to go to Monroeville. At that place the wheels of two cars had left the rails. The wreck crew set out for the scene, but only got about half way, when a message called them back. The trainmen had put the wheels back on the rails. The loss was trifling in both accidents.

STRIKE MAY EFFECT THIS CITY.

The great strike of the steel makers will have its effect upon Fort Wayne, though not to the extent of putting many men out of employment, it is hoped. Much of the boiler steel used at the factories and railway shops in the city is made by the Illinois Steel company and that firm may shut down its mills and stop manufacturing boiler plate for awhile. Most of the Fort Wayne establishments, including the Bass works, are pretty well supplied with material of this kind at present, however, and would probably not be seriously inconvenienced for a month or two, but if the strike is a long one, its effects will be a serious matter to the Fort Wayne consumers of the products of the mills whose men may go on strike.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

President John Dalman, of the Pennsylvania Athletic association, says the grand stand seats will be free next Saturday afternoon to all spectators at the field day sports. This is a courtesy a little out of the ordinary and one which the public will greatly appreciate. Many of the tickets to the grounds have been placed in the hands of the advertisers in the program paper of the day and will be distributed by them to their patrons. This is also somewhat of an innovation in the way of admission to a most interesting event and it will meet the approval of all who contemplate attending the sports. It was hoped that a tug-of-war contest between the Caledonians and a team from the electric light works could be arranged, but the matter was not brought to the attention of the management of the athletic events in time to include it in the list. The invitation to merchants to contribute to the list of prizes has met with a most liberal response and the list is about complete. The Sentinel will probably publish the names of the donors tomorrow.

PHILIP HESS PROMOTED.

Philip J. Hess, of the Pittsburg machine shop, has received a letter informing him of the fact that his son, Philip Hess, jr., has received a call from the master mechanic of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern road to a position with that company, and the young man is now in St. Louis to look into the matter, and it is quite likely that he will accept the offer. Young Hess stated that he did not know what his title would be, but he has reason to believe that he will be very close to the master mechanic. Philip Hess is only twenty-five years old, but he has the ability to fill any position in the mechanical department of a railroad. He learned the machinist trade in the Pittsburg shops, coming out of his apprenticeship at the outbrake of the war with Spain. He enlisted in the naval department and was a machinist on the St. Paul, an auxiliary cruiser, and witnessed some stirring scenes at Havana and other Cuban ports. At the close of the war Mr. Hess was for awhile in the government naval yards, then in the Pennsylvania shops in this city for a short time and later employed on the Grand Trunk road.

DEATH BUSY IN RANKS.

Probably no organization in this city has been visited by the death messenger during the seven months of the present year more frequently than has Fort Wayne lodge No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and no order has been more prompt to meet its death claims than this one. The list of deceased members for the term covered by the seven months contains nine names, as follows: J. T. York, C. J. McNally, W. M. Glessop, Frank Burk, R. H. Myton, A. J. Stevens, F. C. Krudop, W. R. Bell and G. H. Petgen. The last seven named carried $1,200 insurance each and J. T. York carried $400. McNally, because of an accident previous to joining the order, was barred from the insurance privilege. In addition to these liabilities the Brotherhood paid to J. P. Kelley, F. J. Galigher and T. C. Schultz $1,200 each on account of losing a hand or foot. This foots up a total of $12,400, an average of $1,714 per month.

THE PETGEN FUNERAL.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will officiate at the funeral of their deceased brother, G. H. Petgen, which takes place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from the house and at 9:30 o'clock from the Cathedral. The Brotherhood will assemble at the hall at 8 o'clock and march to the house in a body. All sister lodges are invited to attend.

HAD HIS BACK INJURED.

While handling a big bumper beam at the Pittsburg tank shop yesterday G. L. Lowns was thrown against a vice with considerable force and sustained painful injuries to his back and side. The wounds are mostly internal and their extent cannot be determined for a day or two, though it is not believed they are very serious.

OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

Pittsburg, Aug. 7.—E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west, announced today that J. M. Harris, now district passenger agent at Columbus, Ohio, had been appointed assistant general passenger agent, with headquarters at Cincinnati, to succeed E. Rockwell, resigned. The appointment goes into effect September 1.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Pittsburg Engineer C. A. Prince is taking a lay off to attend to some business.

After an illness of three weeks, Pittsburg Freman C. B. Reynolds has reported for duty.

Bellevue Gazette: "Brakeman C. B. Ewing has moved his family to this place from Fort Wayne."

Caller Charles Keller, of the east yards, has returned from a visit with relatives and friends at Marion, Ind.

Blacksmith John Rupp, of the Pittsburg shops, has returned from Toledo, where he visited friends a week.

Boilermaker J. Haudenchild, of the Pittsburg shops, resumed work this morning. He had his back sprained last week.

Mrs. Fred Geerken, wife of the well known machinst at the Pittsburg shops, is quite badly afflicted with erysipelas of the arms.

Engineer W. M. Barden is today attending a reunion of Mrs. Barden's family at the old home in Mendon, Mich.

General Manager J. J. Wood, of the Fort Wayne Electric company, has photographs of the new building taken this morning.

Machinist Nick Eichhorn, of the Wabash shops, has gone to Ashley to do clerical work for awhile, in place of a man who is sick.

Passenger Conductor John Donivan, of the Pittsburg, is taking a little recreation this week. He went to Pittsburg last night.

Col. R. G. Thompson, of the Wabash, expects a big crowd from Toledo next Sunday. The Wabash has an excursion from that city on that day.

James Murray, foreman of the Wabash boiler department, has returned from Indianapolis. He left his sister slightly improved, though still quite sick.

Conductor C. W. Bushey, who was working for Conductor C. K. Dryden, of Bellevue, has returned to the city and to his former run on the Nickel Plate.

There was a train load of dressed beef through the city last night over the Nickel Plate. The meat is en route to the seaboard for shipment to Europe.

Gen. Supt. Charles Watts, of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, passed through the city in his private car this morning, en route to Chicago.

Z. T. Heffner, a car builder at the east shops, received an ugly gash in one of his legs yesterday. He was engaged in cutting stakes, when the tool glanced.

Conductor J. R. Meyers, of the Nickel Plate, has recovered from his recent illness and is on duty again. He resides in Bellevue, but runs in and out of Fort Wayne.

Conductor P. S. Sullivan, who was sick, and Conductor C. F. Thomas, who was off duty looking after some private affairs, resumed their duties on the Pittsburg yesterday.

Henry Meyers, of 18 Oaks street, returned from Monessen, Pa., this morning. He was engaged several days in doing some work at that place for the Bass works.

Engine 53, from the eastern division of the Nickel Plate, passed through the city yesterday en route to the Stony Island shops, where it will receive general repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kline have gone to Fostoria, Ohio, to spend two weeks with relatives. That city was the former home of the couple. Mr. Kline is a Nickel Plate fireman.

Clerk H. A. Philley, of Road Foreman Colmey's office, at the Pittsburg, who is taking a vacation, has returned from Somersville, Ohio, where he visited relatives a few days.

The railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian association at Philadelphia, connected with the Philadelphia and Reading railway, will erect new buildings at a cost of $30,000.

Dean Norris, who is to resume his old position at the car shop office of the Pittsburg, is taking a brief vacation before resuming those duties. He left this morning for Buffalo.

George Baldwin, the draughtsman, has returned from New York, where he went ten days ago to visit his father and mother. He resumed his duties at the Bass works this morning.

Operator George I. Worth, of the Pennsylvania, is taking a ten days' vacation, which will be devoted to a visit with his relatives in Sandusky, Ohio, and possibly a short visit at Buffalo.

W. A. Gore, a dispatcher for the Lake Erie and Western, has been advanced to chief train dispatcher. Mr. Gore was until recently train master of the Chicago and Southwestern, and located at Muncie.

Nickel Plate Brakeman T. H. Gallivan, who had been visiting his old home on the Indianapolis division of the Lake Erie and Western road, has returned to the city and resumed his duties on the road.

The Baltimore and Ohio is negotiating for a tract of ground at Connellsville, Pa., for contemplated large repair shops. The buildings will be larger and of more elaborate character than any on the system.

W. Sudebrink and H. S. Seigmond, of the Pittsburg shops, are taking a lay off to attend to some private affairs. Charles Petgen, of the machine shop, is off duty on account of the death of his brother.

Louis Flaugh, a former resident of Roanoke, Ind., has taken a position as blacksmith helper at the Pittsburg shops. For some months he was similarly employed in the Baltimore and Ohio shops at Garrett, Ind.

The stockholders of the Monon will hold their annual meeting at Indianapolis on September 18, at which time some action will probably be taken looking to the building of a line from Indianapolis to connect with the main line and reach coal fields in southwestern Indiana.

The net earnings of the Chesapeake and Ohio for the year ending June 30 show an increase over the preceding year of $1,080,030. The Hocking Valley road shows an increase of $91,912, the Wabash an increase of $287,811, and the Toledo, Peoria and Western an increase of $7,376.

F. D. Underwood, recently elected president of the Erie, has recommended for that road the accounting and auditing system developed by James J. Hill, of the Great Northern. It is stated that five other eastern railway officials are investigating the methods pursued, and may adopt the Great Northern system.

Master Mechanic H. J. Horstmann, of the Bass Foundry and Machine works, left last night for New York, to look after some business for the company. Before returning home he will visit his old home in New Jersey.

George C. Ropa, of the laboratory of the electric works, is very ill with inflammatory rheumatism. Last night he was considered to be in a dangerous condition, but this morning he was somewhat better. Mr. Ropa was taken ill the latter part of June.

Andrew Ryan, jr., of the Olds Wagon works, met with a painful accident Monday. While running to catch a ball, he fell and his left index finger was half severed by a broken beer bottle. The unfortunate man is a son of Andrew Ryan, the well known blacksmith at the Pittsburg shops.

In June, as shown by the Railroad Gazette, there were 211 accidents on railways in the United States and Canada, in which sixty-seven persons were killed and 241 injured. Of those killed forty-four were employes nineteen passengers and four trespassers. Of those injured 126 were employes, 111 passengers and four trespassers.

Mrs. David O'Rourke, of Lima, Ohio, and Mrs. L. Boseker, of Chicago, daughters of Engineer and Mrs. W. L. Scott, have returned to their respective homes after a visit with their parents. Mr. O'Rourke is a conductor on the Lake Erie and Western road and Mr. Boseker occupies a similar position on the Illinois Central road.

The Jackson & Sharp car works last week completed two fine cars for King Alphonso, of Spain. One is a drawing room coach and the other a dining car. Each car is thirty feet long, being considerably shorter than the sizes used in this country. They are furnished inside with mahogany, and the drawing in the king's coat of arms. The cars are elaborately furnished.

General Passenger Agent Crane, of the Wabash, says that while the line between Toledo and Montpelier will be completed in November no attempt will be made to do any passenger business over it before next spring or summer. The company may run a mixed train or two to accommodate local patrons, but no through passenger business will be touched until the road is in perfect condition.

Leary Lichtenwaller has resigned his position in the transformer department of the electric works to accept a better position with the Allen Electric company, in Philadelphia. He left for that city today. Henry Bandau also resigned his position at the electric works to take one with the Rensman people, on Superior street. William Rossington resigned his position in the laboratory to engage in other work.

The employes of the Kerr Murray works are going to have another excursion and have selected the 18th inst as the date and Maxinkuckee the excursion point. The Nickel Plate is the route chosen. William DeHart, Louis Schwartzkopf and Henry Crush have been appointed a committee of arrangements, and they will be able to make more definite announcement concerning the affair in a few days. The last excursion of the employes was given in July to Rome City.

ONE TOT SLAYS ANOTHER.

Tuckerton, N. J., Aug. 7.—During the temporary absence from home of their parents, the children of H. E. Hanly, of this place, secured a revolver, and Ethel, aged 9, shot and killed her brother, Elmer, aged 5 years. The 38-calibre bullet entered and passed entirely through the boy's head.

RACES ARE POSTPONED.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 7.—The grand circuit trotting races announced for today on the Fort Erie track, have been postponed until tomorrow on account of rain.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FREE TICKETS.

Admission tickets to the field day sports given by the Pennsylvania company employes at Centlivre park August 10, can be had free of charge with any purchase at
3-tf THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

NO SUMMER DRESS

Looks quite so stylish as those made by G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 East Berry street. Full line of samples. 27-tf

Mercury AND Potash

Everybody knows that Mercury is a dangerous medicine even when administered in very small doses, and few constitutions can stand it for any length of time.

Potash produces inflammation of the stomach and bowels, and a dangerous form of dyspepsia and often chronic diarrhœa follow its use.

Now, the doctors will tell you if you have Contagious Blood Poison you must take these minerals for two years or longer; first, a course of Mercury, and when your teeth get so sensitive and sore that you can't eat, and the gums have a spongy, unnatural appearance, you are told to stop and a change to Potash is made. When the stomach rebels you are put on Mercury again, and so on *ad infinitum*, or until the system becomes so thoroughly saturated with these poisonous drugs that the most disgusting sores break out on the body, the bones become diseased, and the muscles and joints are racked with the most torturing pains. Mercury and Potash drive the eruptions and blotches from the skin, but the virus remains in the blood and the reappearance of the old symptoms and the occasional sore mouth show that the poison is still active, and you can never hope to completely eradicate it by this method of treatment.

S. S. S. is the only antidote for this destructive virus, and an infallible remedy for this peculiar poison. It destroys and eradicates every particle of the poison, and makes the blood as healthy and pure as before the disease was contracted.

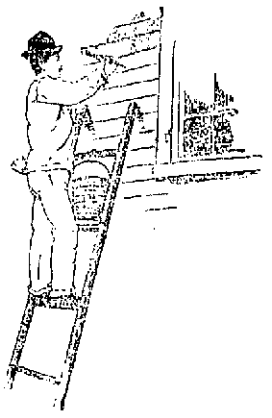
When I was about twenty-one years of age, or eighteen years ago, I contracted Blood Poison in a bad form, and am satisfied that the rapid progress the disease was making would soon have made me a life-long invalid or ended my life. As my system came under the influence of S. S. S., the sores, splotches and pimples gradually disappeared and soon no evidence of the disease was left. I am now thirty-nine years old, and have seen no signs of it during the past eighteen years. S. S. S. does all you claim for it. WM. EMERSON, Pevely, Mo.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and we offer $1,000 for proof that it contains any mineral ingredient whatever. The general health improves as the Specific purges the system of impurities, and as new, rich blood begins to flow in the veins the unsightly sores and other evidences of blood poison disappear; strength returns and you are forever rid of this loathsome disease.

Our Home Treatment Book on Contagious Blood Poison tells you all about the symptoms, different stages, etc., of this disease. We will mail you a copy free.

If you need advice or special directions, write our physicians; it will cost you nothing and may hasten your cure. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO, ATLANTA, GA.

HAPPER'S
IMPORTED PERFUMED
TALCUM POWDER
PRICE 25 CENTS
ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INFANTS and ADULTS.
The HAPPER TALCUM POWDER is manufactured from FRENCH purified talcum, rendered antiseptic and chemically pure and delicately perfumed. Endorsed by the highest medical authorities as the perfection of sanitary powder.
C. HAPPER & COMPANY, Findlay, Ohio, U.S.A. IMPORTERS
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS



If You Use.....

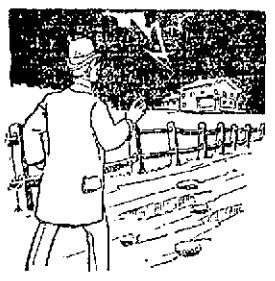
Sherwin Williams Mixed Paint....

when you paint your house you will not only have the most durable job that money can buy, but the cheapest. S. W. P. covers 600 square feet to the gallon. Figure with us.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

THE RELIABLE HARDWARE AND PAINT HOUSE.

38 and 40 E. Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.



It May be Your House

which will be the next to be destroyed by fire, lightning, windstorm, cyclone or tornado.

Many people neglect the protection that is afforded by an insurance policy in a reliable company.

BE WISE IN TIME—Don't risk it any longer. Let me explain my policies, including life accident, sick and accident, Plate Glass.

G. W. BOERGER,
'Phone 192 Main.

Going Out of Business.

ELGIN WATCHES.

A few of our many bargains.

Ladies' gold-filled Watches, with Elgin movements, $6.25; worth $12.00.

Gents' gold-filled, with Elgin movements, $10.00; worth $16.00.

Ladies' nickel Watches, $4.00; worth $7.00.

A fine line of 8-day Mantel Clocks, $5.00; worth $10.00.

A fine line of Ladies' and Gents' gold-filled Chains from $1.00 up. You cannot afford to miss this opportunity, as you will never again buy them at these prices.

P. SHERZINGER,

78 Calhoun Street.

....RURODE'S....

Sell and Repent

That is the watchword now. Positive orders have been given all lingering lines of summer goods to move and that quickly. The spur of greatly reduced prices will hasten their going. We offer values now that will please your purse.

Clearing Out in Wash Goods.

We have just placed on our counters some fresh new things in wash goods which will be sold in connection with our regular stock, at prices much less than value.

Printed Lawns, in choice styles, 50 pieces to choose from, 4½C YARD.

Dimities, choice in design and quality, early season price 10c a yard, NOW 6C YARD.

Fine Dimities and Lawns, desirable in style and coloring, worth 10c and 12½c a yard, NOW 8 1-3C A YARD.

Lawns, Dimities and Batistes, all good styles, down from 15c and 20c to 12½C A YARD.

Satine Foulards, Embroidered Tissues and imported Novelties, that were 45c and 50c, reduced to 30C A YARD.

Imported Scotch Ginghams, fine in quality and in stylish patterns, down from 40c, 50c and 65c to 25C, 35C AND 50C A YARD.

Here's Coolness and Comfort AT LITTLE COST.

Our entire stock of Shirt Waists has been divided into four lots and priced at 23C, 48C, 69C AND 98C.

Shirt Waist Suits, some choice styles, that were $5.00 and $5.50, NOW $3.00 EACH.

Shirt Waists, plenty of time to wear them yet at these prices. $6.00, $7.00 and $7.50 Suits NOW $4.00 EACH.

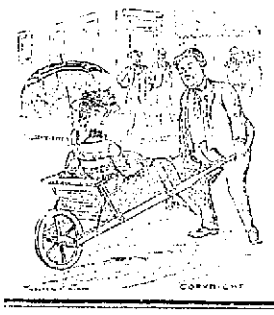
All our fine summer costumes in Silks, Lawns and Dimities, correct in style and handsomely trimmed, to be closed out at less than half price.

Light Summer Wrappers, Dressing Sacques and Children's Wash Dresses, some choice styles still left, go at HALF FORMER PRICES.

All Parasols at HALF PRICE.

August FASHIONS are Here. Call and Ask for a Copy.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.



CALL AROUND AND BRING YOUR WIFE

if you are thinking of purchasing a home or building lot, for I know I can offer you something choice and desirable at prices and terms that will enable you to secure real estate with little cash. There is nothing in this section that is worth showing that isn't on my books.

Louis F. Curdes,

PIXLEY-LONG BLOCK.

DO YOU WANT WORK?

We have the following positions open, as well as hundreds of other ones:

Girls for housework; no office charges.

A chef, engineer, houseman, dining room girls, chambermaids, scrub women for hotel work.

1,000 laborers and teamsters for railroads in Minnesota, Iowa, Dakota.

We have a poultry farm of 40 acres 3 miles from city for sale or exchange.

Ladies in need of reliable help can secure them here.

Advertising, Employment and Business Bureau,

128 CALHOUN ST.

Suite 1.

A. Hattersley & Son,

PLUMBERS,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTERS,

48 E. MAIN ST.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

Have you seen the 1901 catalogue of the International Business College? If not you are not familiar with the best Indiana has to offer in the line of Business Education, Shorthand or Penmanship.

Over 200 of our pupils placed in positions during the past year.

FALL TERM.

Day and night school begins Tuesday, Sept. 3rd.

A postal will bring our catalogue.

Mrs. W. F. Heath and Robert Parmelee, of Danville, Ill., who were here attending the funeral of Mrs. Parmelee, have returned home.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION. Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 5 Per Cent. Interest on stock. LOANS MONEY at Low Rates, Is a friend to rich and poor. Assets $600,000

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

FOR MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes $3.50. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

W. L. Douglas sells more $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5.00 and $6.00 shoes, and are just as good in every way.

Sold by 93 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and shoe dealers everywhere. Trade upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere for $4.00. By custom depart- ment will make your feet as they will equal hand-sewed custom made shoes in style, fit and wear. Take measure of inside of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy medium or light sole. Illustrated catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Fast Color Eyelets and Buttons Always Blank Hooks used.

FORT WAYNE: 80-82 Calhoun St.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 7, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office	173
Editorial Rooms	650

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Forecast for Indiana—Fair and cooler tonight and Thursday; northerly winds.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The temperature today in Fort Wayne was as follows:

	Degrees.
6 a. m.	58
7 a. m.	62
8 a. m.	67
9 a. m.	72
10 a. m.	74
11 a. m.	77
12 m.	80
1 p. m.	84
2 p. m.	86

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Frank B. Housh, of Boston, is the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Taylor.

Miss Blanche Poland has taken a position as stenographer in the office of the Journal-Gazette.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Pickard, of Chicago, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Pickard, have returned home.

W. H. Blodgett, correspondent of the Indianapolis News, was a visitor in the city yesterday, on his way to Avilla.

The Social Aid society will have a picnic at Robison park tomorrow, instead of today, as was originally intended.

Architect Henry Meyer is preparing plans for a ten-room residence for H. C. Planger, to be erected in the east end.

The Knights and Ladies of Honor will give an old time barn dance and social at the home of O. P. Carter, 138 Holman street.

The Misses Grace Kabisch and Matilda Morsch will spend Saturday and Sunday the guests of Miss Jennie Braun, of Wallen.

The engagement of Miss Ida Oppenheim, daughter of Mrs. Pauline Oppenheim, to Isaac Florsheim, of Chicago, is announced.

The ladies of Grace Reformed church will give their monthly supper in the church parlors Thursday evening from 5:30 to 9:30.

The Home Missionary Society of St. John's Lutheran church will meet Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. John Buelink, 69 Hugh street.

Contractor J. M. Henry has begun excavations for the erection of a handsome residence for P. J. Anspach, at the corner of Jefferson and Fulton streets.

The Hibernian Rifles will give their last exhibition drill at the ice cream social to be given by the ladies of the Precious Blood church Friday evening at 111 Cass street.

The officials of Westminster Presbyterian church have decided to hold Sunday school in the morning at 9:30 during this month, while there are no morning services.

Miss Hulda L. Hanker has gone to New York city to study under the famous "Alvieve" ballet master of the Grand Opera house of the Lenox conservatory of stage and fancy dancing.

The Walther league will give a summer night's festival at the Barr street school grounds on Friday evening. The Walther league orchestra will furnish the musical program, which will include a cornet solo by ex-Mayor Scherer and several numbers will be added by the Eintracht double quartet.

James M. Kane returned this morning from McKeesport, Pa., where he was at the bedside of his daughter, Mrs. John K. Skelly, wife of the leading dry goods merchant of that city. Yesterday Dr. Albert Stengel, the noted specialist, who holds a chair in the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, was called in consultation, and pronounced Mrs. Skelly's illness to be abscess of the liver and that she had a fighting chance of recovery after an operation.

MICHIGAN WHORTLEBERRIES. MICHIGAN PEACHES AND LOMBARD PLUMS.

Michigan Peaches, 25c basket.
Michigan Whortleberries, 12½c qut
Lombard Plums, 8c qut.
Elberta Peaches, 45c basket.
Fancy Tomatoes, 35c basket.
Nice Apples, 25c and 35c pk.
Large Watermelons, 20c each.
Indian River Pines, 15c each.
Gem Melons, 30c basket.
California Peaches, Plums and Pears.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Attend the Band Concert and Rathbone Sisters' Social at Market Square tonight.

FANCY BRASS GOODS.

Advance sale of Brass Clocks, Candle Sticks, Ink Stands and Photo Frames at one-third less than usual prices.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

M. L. Jones is visiting friends for a few days at Detroit and Toledo.

Miss Claire Dryer, of Terre Haute, is in the city to spend the summer.

The ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. will hold its regular meeting this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Heit will go to Clear Lake on Saturday to spend two weeks.

John Ferguson and family leave next week to attend the Pan-American exposition.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Carpenter, 181 Clinton street, Friday afternoon at 2:30.

Miss Julia Foellinger left yesterday for Saginaw, Mich., to spend a month with her sister there.

Rev. and Mrs. Otto Ungemach, of Cleveland, Ohio, are in the city the guests of Professor Ungemach.

The Misses Mabel Sites and Martha Diether have returned from a week's visit with Miss Stella Hunter at Rome City.

Miss Agnes Miller, a graduate of the International Business College, has taken a position as stenographer in the offices of the Fox bakery.

W. H. Braun was in Monroeville yesterday superintending a contract for electrical fixtures in the new residence of Banker Niezer, of that town.

Henry Kramer has taken a position as bookkeeper in the offices of Pickard Bros. Mr. Kramer is a graduate of the International Business College.

Mrs. M. J. Maroney is at home from Detroit, where she attended the national convention of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent legion as a delegate from the Fort Wayne society.

Hon. Mark Hopkins, of St. Clair, and Frank T. Wolcott, of Jackson, Mich., were in the city yesterday on business connected with the Hicks Gold and Silver Extraction company.

Mr. and Mrs. William Neumeier left this morning for a stay at Baker City, Ore., in the hope of benefitting Mrs. Neumeier's health. Her husband is a pressman for the Fort Wayne Freie Presse.

J. F. Nelson, of this city, was a passenger on the Baltimore and Ohio limited train which ran into an open switch at Napanee at 7:15 o'clock last night. Mr. Nelson escaped injury. The particulars of the wreck are told in a telegram published elsewhere in The Sentinel.

Fred Willson left today for Grand Forks, N. D., to resume his position with the Grand Forks Herald. He has been spending a number of months at home recuperating his impaired health. His brother, Ralph Willson, who has been at Grand Forks, will now return home.

Jacob Cook, of St. Joe township, one of the pioneer residents of Allen county, is reported lying at the point of death. Mr. Cook is upwards of 80 years of age and has resided in this county over half a century. Several months ago he suffered a stroke of paralysis from which he never entirely recovered. A second stroke was sustained yesterday and the recovery of the aged gentleman is scarcely expected.

FRESH MICHIGAN WHORTLEBERRIES DOWN TO 12½C QT.

Fresh Michigan Blackberries, 10c quart.
Fresh Michigan Peaches, 25c basket.
Fresh Sweet Gem Melons, 5c and 8c each.
Large Watermelons, 25c and 30c each.
Fancy Cooking Apples, 25c and 30c peck.
Large Michigan Celery, 20c bunch.
Home Grown Tomatoes, 8c lb.
Jersey Oleomargarine, 15c lb.
Mondamin Creamery Butter, 25c lb
Field day ticket free with each dollar purchase.

GREATEST GROCERY CO.
Opp. Post Office. Phones 315-378.

ATTENTION B. OF R. T.

Members of Fort Wayne lodge, No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, are requested to meet at the hall at 8 o'clock Friday morning to attend the funeral of our late brother, George H. Petgen, which will take place at 9 o'clock from the house and at 9:30 o'clock from the Cathedral. All sister lodges are invited to attend.

By order of
7-2t THE COMMITTEE.

Delicious Ruby Sap at all soda fountains. 3-7-10

MEN, IN HOT WEATHER,

Like cool clothing. See the fine line of suitings carried by G. Schmidt, 57 East Berry street. 27tf

Pickled Pigs' Feet, Pickled Beets, Potato Salad, Cottage Cheese and all the delicacies of the season at the Broadway Delicatessen, 140 Broadway.

$14.50 SEASHORE EXCURSION

From Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines, Thursday, August 8th. Choice of Atlantic City, Cape May and eight other popular resorts. Return limit 12 days. For details apply to John E. Ross, Ticket Agent. 31-A2-5-7

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

This is bill day in the commissioners' court.

George A. Jewell has commenced suit in the superior court against C. B. Woodworth et al. to recover on notes; demand, $300.

The Archer Printing company has commenced suit against Walter Langtry and A. L. Bond on account; demanding $500.

Henry F. Franke has commenced foreclosure proceedings against Maurice and Elizabeth Goldberger; demand, $300.

In the case of J. L. McKee vs. Burt Ross, tried in Franke's court, an appeal has been taken and the transcript was filed today.

Lillian Hankins has commenced divorce proceedings against George Hankins. The suit is filed in the circuit court.

Ex-Sheriff Clausemeyer is reported seriously ill at his home with appendicitis. An operation may have to be resorted to.

FOR VENETIAN NIGHT.

A well attended meeting of Rome City cottagers was held last evening in the parlors of Spring Beach hotel, and preliminary arrangements for the Venetian night, to be given the latter part of the month at the resort, were made. J. F. Wing was chairman of the meeting, and A. L. Randall was secretary. A committee consisting of Louis Fox, J. B. Harper, J. M. Landenberger and E. H. McDonald was appointed to confer with the officials of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railway, and secure their co-operation in making the event a success. Another meeting has been called for Saturday evening, at which the above committee will present a report. The celebration this year will include many new and unique features, and the illuminations will be unusually beautiful. It is probable that the City band will be engaged to furnish music, and they will occupy a float in the center of the lake. The date of the celebration will be definitely decided on at the meeting Saturday night, providing the report of the committee is favorable.

APPLIED FOR PATENT.

Patent Attorney W. G. Burns is the inventor of a device for the convenience of people who wear shoes a size or two too small. It is in the form of a cone made of heavy paper and filled with a powder which he has named "foot puff" and the package is designed to sell for a small sum. When the use of the powder is necessary the point of the cone is cut off, and the powder can be sprinkled on the foot or in the shoe. The device is simple and convenient, and Mr. Burns expects that a patent will be granted him very soon.

HOAGLAND.

Everyone is in better spirits—the weather is cooler.

Prof. A. W. Hamilton is spending a few days of his vacation as the guest of Marion Smalls.

Mrs. Brown and son, Ralph, of Fort Wayne, were the guests of Mrs. Nettie Hubler last week.

Rev. J. H. Miller preached a very instructive sermon to a large audience Sunday evening.

Owen Miller and family, of Kendallville, are spending their vacation with their parents.

Charles Houser has a position in the electric light works in Fort Wayne.

The Misses Wallace, of McDonald, Pa., were visiting Rev. English's sisters last week.

Dr. J. L. Smith, Rev. Murray and Messrs. John Youse, Bert Somers and Cal Lipes are spending a few weeks' outing at Loon lake.

Mr. Frank Hake met with a serious accident last Friday. While fixing the roof of a barn on Hugh Kerr's place he lost his footing and fell to the ground, crushing the bones of the left ankle.

Rev. Bicknell, of Monroeville, filled Rev. Murray's pulpit Sunday evening.

The Hoagland Stars play the Decatur Reds next Saturday at Monroeville. Game called at 2:30.

The Germans have invented a new kind of glassware. This cloisonne glass, as it is called, is similar to stained glass, but is claimed to be superior. The design is prepared in double brass wires and the interstices are filled with small pieces of colored glass. This design is then mounted upon a large sheet of plain glass, to which it is firmly attached by means of a translucent cement. Another similar sheet of glass is then placed upon the top of the design in the same way, so that the colored glass is inserted between two sheets of glass.

What is believed to be the only case of a father succeeding his son in a judicial office is reported from Troup, Ga. Judge B. F. Longley, of the county court, was compelled to resign because of failing health, and was succeeded by his father, F. M. Longley, who was appointed by the governor. The new judge is sixty years old; his predecessor is eighty-three.

The Boston Store.

Sale of Ladies' Shirt Waists.

LOT I. Ladies White Shirt Waists at 25 cts.; reduced from 75 cts.
LOT II. Ladies' White Shirt Waists at 39 cts.; reduced from $1.00.
LOT III. Ladies' White Shirt Waists at 50 cts.; reduced from $1.25 and $1.50.
LOT IV. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists at 25 cts.; reduced from 50 and 75 cts.
LOT V. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists at 39 cts.; reduced from $1.00.
A lot of Ladies' Light Colored Wrappers at 69 cts.; reduced from $1.
A lot of Ladies' Light Colored Wrappers at 79 cts.; reduced from $1.25.
All Summer Dress Goods are sold at cost to close out.
Do your trading at the Boston Store, as you can always find many great BARGAINS there.

WM. HAHN & CO.,

THE BOSTON STORE.

NEW, ATTRACTIVE GOODS OF ALL KINDS FOR

U. S. Stamps,

Which are given by the most reliable and leading merchants in the city.

Any premium in the store for one book of U. S. STAMPS.

228 Calhoun Street.

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Fine cut flowers, palms, ferns and fancy foliage plants.

Decorations to please you.

Telephone and out-of-town orders receive prompt attention.

Pure Water...

Is as essential to good health as pure food. The health of a community depends largely upon its water supply. Typhoid fever is invariably caused by drinking water from running streams contaminated with sewage. We have arranged to meet the demand of the people for pure water by putting in a large stock of the best mineral waters obtainable, foreign and domestic, and are prepared to furnish you with a pure table water at small cost.

RANKE & NUSSBAUM

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Office and Residence, 55 West Wayne Street, FORT WAYNE.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heuer, formerly of this city, passed through Fort Wayne today on their return from Rochester, N. Y., to their home at St. Paul. They have been spending a vacation in the east.

Robison Park

High-Class Vaudeville

FOR WEEK COMMENCING AUGUST 4.

IMPERIAL JAPANESE TROUPE. Direct from the Mikado's domain. Performing wonderful feats of balancing and juggling.

BELLE WILLIAMS, Singer of Coon Songs.

AMMONS & WHITE In their dainty, refined singing sketch, "A Broken Vase."

NEXT WEEK Hilda Thomas & Company

Two performances daily—2:30 and 8:15 p. m.

Tickets on sale at A. C. Alter's Cigar Store.

—THE—

Citizens Trust Company,

Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.

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One Dollar AND UP.

LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

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CAPITAL, $200,000.00.

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